

Thermal Network Hybrid Pan & Tilt Camera

Web Operation Manual



Foreword

General






This user's manual (hereinafter referred to as "the Manual") introduces the characteristics, basic configurations, daily operation and maintenance of the thermal camera (hereinafter referred to as "the Camera"). Read carefully before using the device, and keep the manual safe for future reference. This manual is mainly for thermal hybrid pan & tilt cameras such as anti-corrosion hybrid speed domes, anti-corrosion hybrid pan & tilt cameras, hybrid pan & tilt cameras, explosion-proof hybrid pan & tilt cameras.

Ports

The Manual is mainly about on the web page, how to operate your Camera. For description of ports such as ports connection and ports debugging, contact technical staffs.

Safety Instructions

The following signal words might appear in the manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
 DANGER	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 WARNING	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
 CAUTION	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result.
 TIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.
 NOTE	Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.

Revision History

Version	Revision Content	Release Time
V2.0.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Updated "Configuring Heat Warning".Updated "Configuring IVS".	November 2023
V2.0.1	Updated "Playback".	March 2023
V2.0.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Updated some pictures in the document.Updated "Smart Thermal"	December 2022
V1.0.5	Updated "Temperature Measuring Settings".	June 2022
V1.0.4	Updated whole document.	March 2020

Version	Revision Content	Release Time
V1.0.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modified function of safety management. • Modified parameters of camera. • Updated some pictures in the document. • Added GDPR requirements. 	July, 2018
V1.0.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added Camera initialization. • Updated some pictures in the document. • Added description of reserved spots' input and output. • Added safety management. 	February, 2017
V1.0.1	Added "Cybersecurity Recommendations".	October, 2017
V1.0.0	First release.	January, 2017

Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect the personal data of others such as their face, fingerprints, and license plate number. You need to be in compliance with your local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures which include but are not limited: Providing clear and visible identification to inform people of the existence of the surveillance area and provide required contact information.

About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the manual and the product.
- We are not liable for losses incurred due to operating the product in ways that are not in compliance with the manual.
- The manual will be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related jurisdictions. For detailed information, see the paper user's manual, use our CD-ROM, scan the QR code or visit our official website. The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the electronic version and the paper version.
- All designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. Product updates might result in some differences appearing between the actual product and the manual. Please contact customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There might be errors in the print or deviations in the description of the functions, operations and technical data. If there is any doubt or dispute, we reserve the right of final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the manual (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and company names in the manual are properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if any problems occur while using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, we reserve the right of final explanation.

Statement

About the Manual

To simplify the description, the following conventions are made in this manual for common functions, names, and more.

- This manual is suitable for multiple models of products, and functions and pages vary from models.
- To protect personal privacy and security, personal information such as faces and license plates appearing in this document has been masked.
- To ensure the security of devices, the IP address, MAC address, serial number and other information appearing in this document have been masked.

About the Format

Format	Description	Example
>	Menu cascade.	Select Setting > Smart Thermal > IVS .
Bold	Page names, control names, specification terms, and more.	Click Add Excluded Area to draw an excluded area on surveillance image. Right-click to end drawing.

About the Icon/Button





















Icon/Button	Description
	Text box. You can enter numbers, letters, Chinese characters, symbols and other characters.
	Drop-down box. Click the icon to display the drop-down menu.
	Calendar. Click  , and then select the date as needed.
	Click the icon to select the corresponding item.  indicates that the item is selected. Click  to cancel the selection.
	Click the icon to select the corresponding item.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click /  to go to the previous or next page. • Click /  to go to the first or last page.
	Adjust the value. Click  /  or drag  to adjust the value.
	Click the button to save the configuration.
	Click the button to display the latest configuration.
	Click the button to restore the configuration to the factory configuration.

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1 Product Introduction

1.1 Overview

The Camera is based on requirements such as temperature measurement, fire prevention, safety protection and night vision. It can help you view videos, record videos of objects, measure temperature, warn the potential fire, track a cold/hot spot and analyze a special behavior. The Camera can be used in energy industry, transportation, building, power system, public security, government, enterprises, and other fields (such as science, education, culture and health). You can use the Camera alone or combine the Camera with other storage devices to provide solutions for intelligence city, production safety, safety protection of residential buildings and public area safety.

1.2 Features

- Safe and stable.
- With a full embedded system, this Camera can implement all-day monitoring in a stable way.
- A long detection distance.
- Wide monitoring range and long detection distance. Used for surveillance of wide range and long distance.
- Strong detection ability.
- With night vision ability, this Camera can clearly distinguish different objects in the dark and can tell camouflage and hidden objects.
- Strong anti-interference ability.
- This Camera can get rid of interference of light intensity under backlight or strong light environment.
- Adaptive capacity to complex environment.
- Applicable to such environment as smoke, smog, rain, snow, and dust which will block your eyes and is very confusing in colors.

This product can be used in various scenarios and the "small application scenarios" is used as an example here for detailed description. See Figure 1-1.

Figure 1-1 Application scenarios



1.3 Functions

Live

Table 1-1 Function description

Function	Description
Live	You can view both the visible images and thermal images. You can use thermal images to identify an object, and then use visible images to view more details of the object.
PTZ operation	For a PTZ camera, you can set the PTZ functions such as preset, tour, pattern, pan, PTZ speed, idle motion, starting action and time task, to enlarge the surveillance range and identify details of an object..
Voice intercom	For cameras with voice intercom function, you can talk indoors with a person near the outdoor monitor to facilitate problem solution.
Snapshot	During live view, you can capture an abnormal image for further check and handling.
Local recording	During live view, you can record abnormal images for further check and handling.
Reports	For cameras with the temperature measurement function, you can check the real-time temperature data of the monitoring area.
Real-time spot temperature measurement	For cameras with the temperature measurement function, you can check the real-time temperature data of any spot in the monitoring area.

Function	Description
Laser ranging	For cameras with the laser ranging function, you can measure the distance between the Camera and the object in the middle of the image.
Additional functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch video bit stream or streaming protocol. • The visible image will be adjusted to the relevant location when you zoom in or out the thermal image. • Mark information as needed in the surveillance image. • Check whether there is any alarm output. • Magnify part of the surveillance image. Or, scroll the mouse to zoom the whole surveillance image. • You can help the Camera focus manually on the web page. • Set a smart rule. When the rule is broken and an alarm is triggered, you can track the target manually. • Adjust display effect of the surveillance images. • Enable or disable the intelligent rule display.

Playback

Table 1-2 Description of playback function

Function	Description
Manual recording	When playing back a video, you can record the key information of the video for further check and handling.
Planned recording	After you set a recording plan, the system will automatically record as scheduled.
Video playback and download	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Play back a video to find some valuable video fragments. • Download the valuable video fragments for further judgment.
Picture playback	Play back images that you have captured to find something valuable.
Alarm linkage	When there is an alarm, the system will automatically link the corresponding channel to record videos.

Report

Follow certain rules such as time sequence to check history data of temperature stored in the Micro SD card of the Camera.

Alarm

- Set prompting mode (sound, for example) based on the alarm type.
- View alarm information.

Account Management

Table 1-3 Function description

Function	Description
Management of user group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add, modify or delete an account group. • Manage user permissions based on user groups.

Function	Description
User Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add, modify or delete a user account. • Set the user permissions.
Change password	Change users' password.

Peripheral Management

You can manage your camera's external devices such as heater, illuminator and wiper.

Smart Thermal

Table 1-4 Function description

Function	Description
IVS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both visible channel and thermal channel support intelligent rules, including tripwire and intrusion. • When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images. • Supports adding detection area and exclusion area.
Calling Behavior Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available in visible channel. • When the Camera detects calling behavior, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs linkage actions such as audio alarm, white light, sending email and recording.
Smoking Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available in visible channel. • When the Camera detects smoking behavior, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs linkage actions such as audio alarm, white light, sending email and recording.
Boat Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available in thermal channel. • When the Camera detects unexpected boat, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs linkage actions such as relay-out, sending email and recording.
Fire Warning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available in thermal channel. • When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as linkage video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Cold/hot spot tracking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only thermal channel can implement the cold/hot spot tracking operation. • Supports real-time display of the cold spot and hot spot by different colors on the live image. • When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Picture in picture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only visible channel can implement the picture in picture operation. • You can put the thermal image into the visible image.

Event

Table 1-5 Function description

Function	Description
Video detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">You can implement operation of motion detection and video masking detection.When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Audio detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Supports detection of input exception and mutation of acoustic intensity.When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Temperature alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">When temperature satisfies the alarm conditions of temperature testing rules, an alarm is triggered.When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as linkage video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Alarm settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The alarm is triggered when there is an alarm from external cameras.When there is an alarm, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, alarm output, sending email, PTZ operation and capturing images.
Abnormality	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Supports detection of SD card, network abnormality and illegal access.When there is SD card abnormality, network abnormality or illegal access, the system performs linkage actions such as video alarm output, and sending email.When there is an alarm of network abnormality, the system performs linkage actions such as video recording, and alarm output.

Temperature Measuring Settings

This function is available on select models.

Table 1-6 Function description

Function	Description
Temperature measuring rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Supports measuring average temperature, maximum temperature and minimum temperature of spot, line, polygon and ellipse's.Supports outputting alarm based on different conditions.Supports setting different alarm output conditions to different objects that need to be measured.

Function	Description
Temperature contrast	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Supports temperature contrast of different objects that needs to be measured. ● Supports outputting alarm based on different conditions. ● Supports setting different alarm output conditions to different temperature contrast rules.
Heat map	Supports outputting real-time heat map information. Then, you can do the further analysis through the heat map tools.
Additional functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Supports enabling or disabling temperature testing rules. ● Supports enabling or disabling isotherm. ● Supports enabling or disabling color code articles.

2 Configuration Flow

For the device configuration flow, see Figure 2-1. For details, see Table 2-1. Configure the device according to the actual situation.

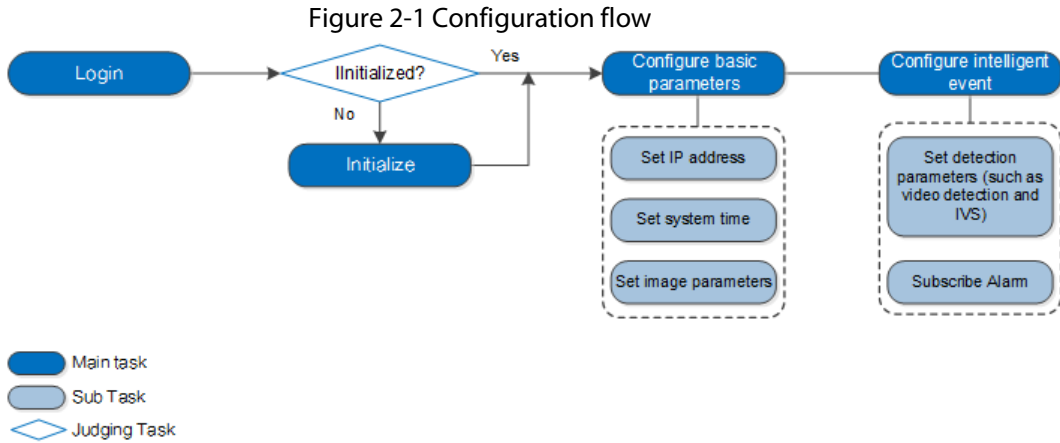


Table 2-1 Description of flow

Configuration		Description	Reference
Login		Open IE browser and enter IP address to log in to the web interface, The camera IP address is 192.168.1.108 by default.	"3.3 Logging in to Web Page"
Initialization		Initialize the camera when you use it for the first time.	"3.1 Initializing Camera"
Basic parameters	IP address	Change IP address according to network planning for the first use or during network adjustment.	"3.2 Changing IP Address"
	Date & time	Set date and time to ensure the recording time is correct.	"6.5.1.2 Configuring Date & Time"
	Image parameters	Adjust image parameters according to the actual situation to ensure the image quality.	"6.1.1 Configuring Camera Conditions"
Intelligent Event	Detection rules	Configure the necessary detection rules, such as video detection and IVS.	"5 AI function"
	Subscribe alarm	Subscribe alarm event. When the subscribed alarm is triggered, the system will record the alarm on the alarm tab.	"4.5.2 Subscribing Alarm Information"

3 Basic Settings

3.1 Initializing Camera

Initialize your Camera and set the user password when you are logging in for the first time or after you have restored your camera to default settings. Initialize the Camera by ConfigTool or through web page. This section takes web for example.




- Ensure your Camera IP address (192.168.1.108 by default) and the IP address of your computer are in the same network segment.
 - To secure the Camera data, keep admin password well after initialization and modify it regularly.
- Step 1** Open a browser, enter the Camera default IP address in the address bar, and then press Enter.

Figure 3-1 Initializing camera

Step 2 Set the login password for admin account.

Table 3-1 Password setting description

Parameter	Description
Password	Enter your password and enter it again to confirm it.
Confirm Password	 Use strong password. The password must consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower case, number, and special character (excluding ' ' ; : &).
Email Address	Enter an email address to reset password when you forget it.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

3.2 Changing IP Address

Change the Camera IP address and ensure it is fitted to the actual network segment to get the Camera access network.

You can change one or several IP addresses through ConfigTool. You can also log in to the web to change IP addresses.

3.2.1 Changing One IP Address

When there are only a few cameras or the login passwords of the cameras are different, change one IP address at one time. The chapter uses logging in to web page to change IP addresses as an example.

Step 1 Log in to the Camera web page.

Step 2 Select **Setting > Network > TCP/IP**.

Figure 3-2 TCP/IP

The screenshot shows the 'TCP/IP' configuration page. The 'Easy4ip' tab is active. The 'Host Name' field contains 'TPCDome'. The 'Ethernet Card' dropdown is set to 'Wire(Default)'. The 'Mode' section has 'Static' selected with a radio button. The 'MAC Address' field is empty. The 'IP Version' dropdown is set to 'IPv4'. The 'IP Address' field contains '192 . 168 . 0 . 1'. The 'Subnet Mask' field contains '0 . 0 . 0 . 0'. The 'Default Gateway' field contains '1 . 0 . 0 . 1'. The 'Preferred DNS' field contains '223 . 5 . 5 . 5'. The 'Alternate DNS' field contains '223 . 6 . 6 . 6'. A checkbox labeled 'Enable ARP/Ping to set IP address service' is checked. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 3 Configure TCP/IP parameters.

Table 3-2 TCP/IP parameters

Parameter	Description
Host Name	Give your Camera a name (TPCDome, for example) to help others, (a router operator, for example), know the camera information such as shape information—dome thermal camera.
IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway	Enter the three item values according to the actual network segment.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet Card, Mode, MAC Address, IP Version, Preferred DNS and Alternate DNS	Leave them as default.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

3.2.2 Changing Several IP Addresses

When there are several cameras and the login passwords of cameras are the same, you can change several IP address at the same time through the ConfigTool.

Prerequisites

- You have obtained the installation package of ConfigTool. To obtain the installation package, consult technical support staffs.
- You have connected the camera with the computer with ConfigTool installed.

Procedure

Step 1 Click .

Step 2 Click **Search Settings**.

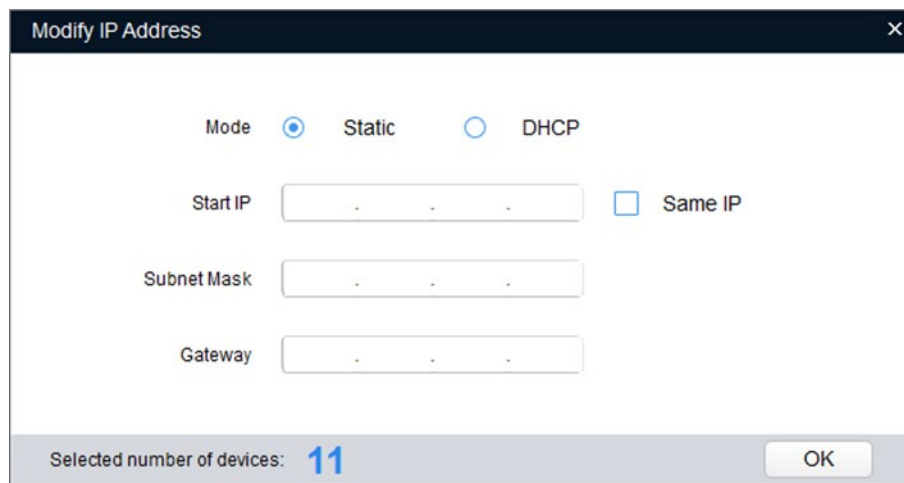
Step 3 Set the network segment of the Camera, admin and password. Then click **Save**.
After the search, the system displays the cameras that have been searched.



The user name and password are both admin by default.

Step 4 Select the cameras whose IP addresses need to be changed and click **Batch change IP**.

Figure 3-3 Change IP address



Step 5 Select the mode of IP address based on the actuality.

- DHCP mode: When there is a DHCP server in the network, set the **Mode** as **DHCP** and the Camera obtains IP addresses from the DHCP server automatically.
- Manual mode: Set **Mode** as **Static** and enter **Starting IP**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway**. Then, IP addresses of Cameras are incrementally modified from the start IP address.



Select the **Same IP** checkbox, the IP address of the selected devices will be set to the same

one. You can use this function when setting the IP addresses to default in batches.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

3.3 Logging in to Web Page

After you have changed the IP addresses, you can log in to the web page of the Camera through a browser to operate, configure and maintain the Camera.

To log in to the Camera successfully, make sure that the computer connected to the Camera satisfies the following requirements.

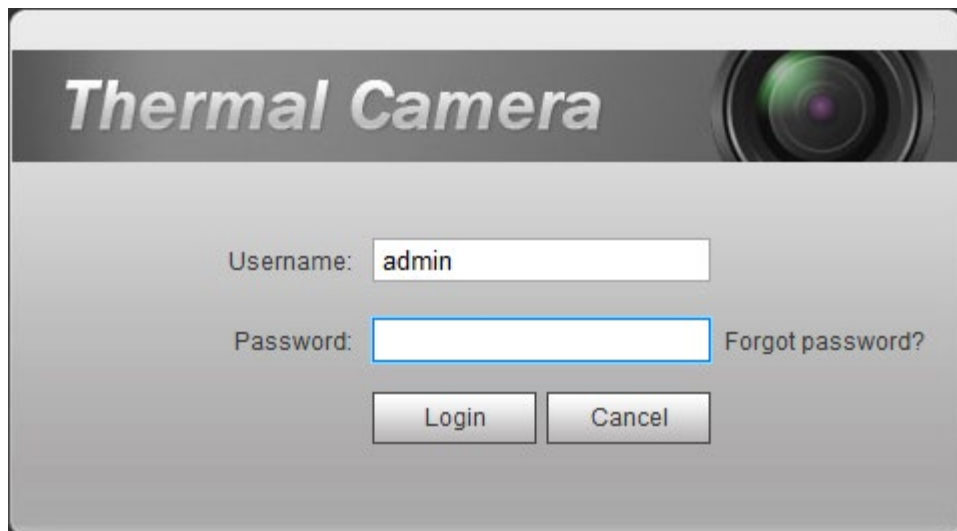
Table 3-3 Recommended PC configuration

PC items	Recommended configuration
Operation system	≥ Windows 7
CPU	≥ Intel core i3
Graphics card	≥ Intel HD Graphics
Storage	≥ 2GB
Display	≥ 1024 × 768 Resolution
Browser	Internet Explorer 9/10/11

Procedure

Step 1 Open the browser, enter the IP address in the address bar, and then press Enter.

Figure 3-4 Login



Step 2 Enter username and password, and click **Login**.



- The user is admin by default. The password is the one that was configured during initialization.
- It will prompt you to install plug-in for the first system login. Please download and install plug-in according to the prompt.
- Functions might vary from different cameras.

Related Operations

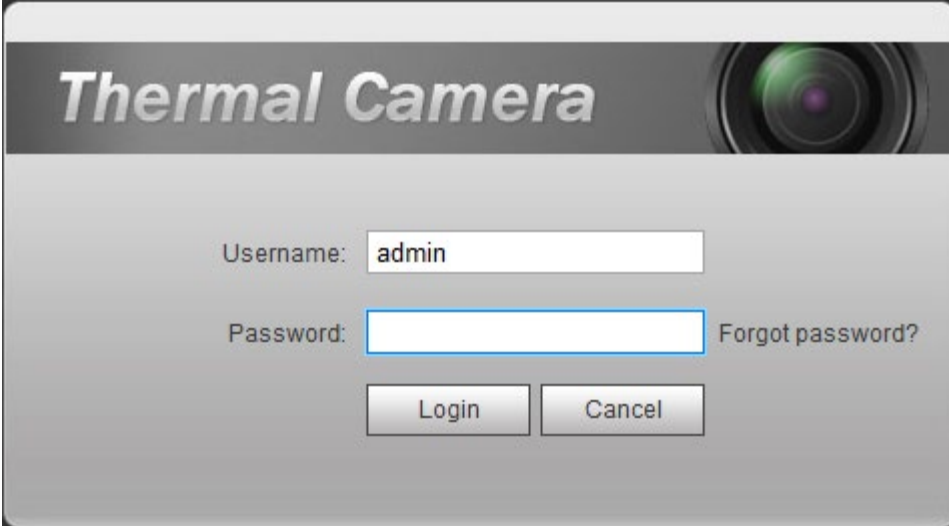
Click **Logout** on the upper right corner to exit the page.

3.4 Resetting Password

If you forget the password, you can use the reserved e-mail address to achieve password resetting.

Step 1 Open IE browser, type the camera IP, and then press Enter.

Figure 3-5 Logging in the Camera



Step 2 Click **Forgot Password?**

Figure 3-6 Reset the password (1/2)



Step 3 Reset the password.

Scan the QR code, and the security code will be sent to the email address that you have configured. Type the security code.



- Reset the password in time when you receive the security code, because the security

code will be invalid within 24 hours.

- If you get security codes twice but do not use them, when you get the security code for the third time, the system will prompt failure. To solve this problem, you need to restore your Camera to default settings or wait 24 hours to get a new one.

Step 4 Click **Next**.

Figure 3-7 Resetting the password (2/2)

Reset the password(2/2)

Username: admin

Password:

Use a password that has 8 to 32 characters, it can be a combination of letter(s), number(s) and symbol(s) with at least two kinds of them.
(please do not use special symbols like * ; : &)

Confirm Password:

Step 5 Enter a new password and confirm it.

The password is made up of characters for 8–32 digits and the password must contain two of the three forms (number, letter, and the common characters. '、"、;、:、& are not included.) You should obey the prompt of the password's security level and set a password with high security level.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

The login page is displayed.

4 Daily Operation

4.1 Live



Cameras of different models might have different functions.

On the **Live** page, you can do operations to the real-time surveillance images such as viewing, capturing images and recording videos.



- Image channel with a box around is the one that you have selected. All your operations are valid only to this channel.
- Double-click an image channel and the image channel is displayed in a full video display area. Double-click the image channel again and the channel will be displayed in a full screen. Right-click the full-screen image and the image returns to its previous state.

4.1.1 Introduction to Live Page

Click the **Live** tab.

Figure 4-1 Live page

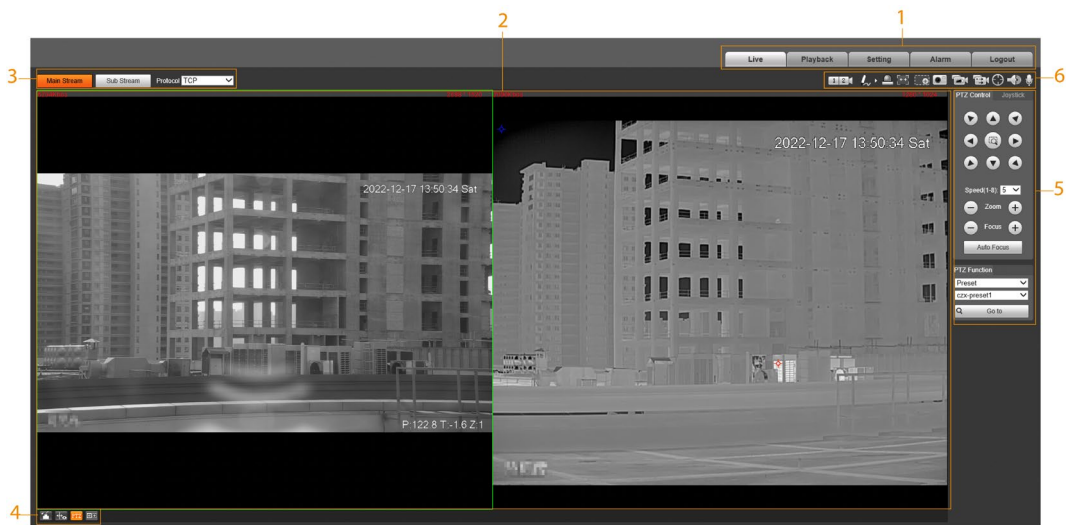


Table 4-1 Description of function bar

No.	Name	Description
1	System menu	Click each function tab in the system menu to go to the corresponding page.
2	Live view	Displays the real-time monitoring image.

No.	Name	Description
3	Encode bar	Select the bit stream type and streaming protocol when viewing a video. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main Stream: It has large bit stream value and image with high resolution, but also requires large bandwidth. This option is normally used for storage and surveillance. • Sub Stream: It has small bit stream value and smooth image, and requires little bandwidth. This option is normally used to replace main stream when bandwidth is not enough. • Protocol: A network transmission protocol, supports TCP (Transmission Control Protocol), UDP (User Datagram Protocol) and Multicast.
4	Live view function bar	For functions and operations on live view. For details, see "4.1.2 Function Bar".
5	PTZ control	For details of PTZ control, see "4.2 PTZ".
6	Adjustment bar of video window	Supports adjusting clarity of video images, displaying intelligent rules, zooming with focusing at the same time, checking real-time reports. See "4.1.3 Window Adjustment".

4.1.2 Function Bar

Figure 4-2 Live view function



4.1.3 Window Adjustment

Figure 4-3 Window adjustment



4.1.3.1 Image Adjustment

Adjust brightness, contrast, hue and saturation of video images on the web page.


Click  and the **Image Adjustment** page is displayed at the right side of the live page.

Figure 4-4 Image adjustment page

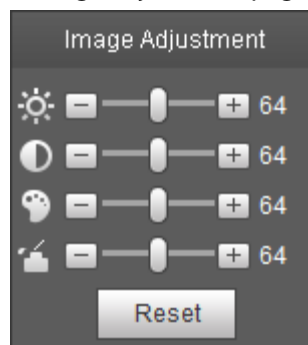








Table 4-2 Image adjustment configuration

Icon	Function	Description
	Brightness	Adjusts the overall image brightness, change the value when the image is too bright or too dark. The bright and dark areas have equal changes.
	Contrast	Change the value when the image brightness is proper but contrast is not enough.
	Hue	Makes the color deeper or lighter. The default value made by the light sensor is recommended.
	Saturation	Adjusts color depth. This value does not change the overall image brightness.
	Reset	Click the icon to reset brightness, contrast, hue and saturation to their default values.

4.1.3.2 Display of Rule Information

You can control whether rule information is displayed on the live page. The rule information is displayed by default.

After configuring the AI functions, click , and then select the **Enable** checkbox to display rule information and detection box; select the **Disable** checkbox to hidden the rule information and detection box.

4.1.3.3 Zoom and Focus





Zooming and focusing functions are only available on motorized vari-focal Cameras.

Adjust focal length of the lens to zoom in or out surveillance images; adjust optical back-focus of the lens to improve clarity of the video image.

Click , and the zooming and focusing page is displayed at the right side of live page.

- Select the visible channel and you can zoom, focus and change the aperture.
- Select the thermal channel and you can zoom and focus.

Table 4-3 Zoom and focus description

Parameters	Description
Variable focal length	Click  or  , and adjust the optical back focal length of thermal channel to make images clearer.
Auto focus	Auto focus.

4.1.3.4 Optical Axis Calibration

Used only for calibrating the Camera lens when the Camera is being debugged in the factory. You do not need to operate this function.

4.1.3.5 Real-time Reports

Records the changes of the average temperature of the spot, lines and area that you have selected within the configured time. This function is available on Cameras with the temperature measurement function.

Prerequisites

You have configured the temperature measurement rules. For detailed operation, see "5.2.6.1 Configuring Temperature Measuring Rules".

Procedure

Step 1 Click .

Step 2 Select the temperature measurement program and set the time period.
The real-time temperature change is displayed.

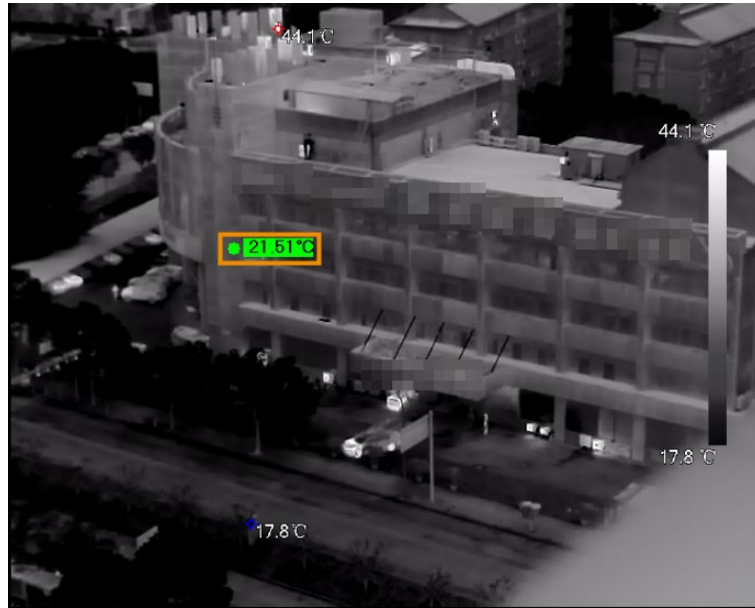
Figure 4-5 Temperature recording area



4.1.4 Real-time Spot Temperature Measurement

This function is available on Cameras with the temperature measurement function.
Click any spot on the video image, and the real-time temperature of this spot is displayed.

Figure 4-6 Real-time spot temperature measurement



4.1.5 Laser Ranging

This function is available on the cameras with the laser ranging function.

WARNING

- The laser can cause permanent damage to human eyes and skin within safe distance. Keep the Camera a safe distance away from humans while installing or operating the device.
- Laser radiation can ignite flammables. Do not directly expose objects (excluding scattered or absorber) to the laser beam, and do not place volatile flammables (such as alcohol) in the working area of laser radiation products, to avoid producing laser beams or fire caused by sparks from high voltage discharge.



Mind the distance during laser ranging. Less than 50 m will result in a damaged laser.

- Laser ranging does not perform well to those objects (such as glass and marble) with strong reflection ability. During laser ranging, select those objects with rough surface as your target.
- Do not use the distance measurer to measure the distance of targets that are within 50 m of the laser. The laser can permanently damage the device.

Log in to the web page, and then click **Start Ranging**. The Camera starts to measure the distance from the object in the middle of the image to it (as indicated with the red cross sign).

4.2 PTZ

4.2.1 Configuring Protocol

If you want to use the external devices (such as network keyboard, NVR) to control the Camera, you

need to set the protocol to connect them to the Camera.

4.2.1.1 Configuring Network PTZ

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Protocol > Network PTZ**.

Step 2 Select the protocol that is matched with the Camera.

Figure 4-7 Configure network PTZ

Step 3 Click **Save**.

4.2.1.2 Configure Analog PTZ


Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Protocol > Analog PTZ**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Figure 4-8 Configure analog PTZ

Step 3 Configure the parameters.

Table 4-4 Description of analog PTZ configuration

Parameter	Description
Address	The IP address of the Camera.
Baud Rate	Select the baud rate of the external PTZ camera.  Set the baud rate same with that of the controlling camera; otherwise you cannot control the external PTZ camera through the Camera.

Parameter	Description
Data Bit	It is 8 by default.
Stop Bit	It is 1 by default.
Parity	It is NONE by default.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

4.2.2 Configuring PTZ Functions

Select **Setting > PTZ > Function**.

The thermal image is displayed by default. Click  or  to switch the image between the thermal and visible images.

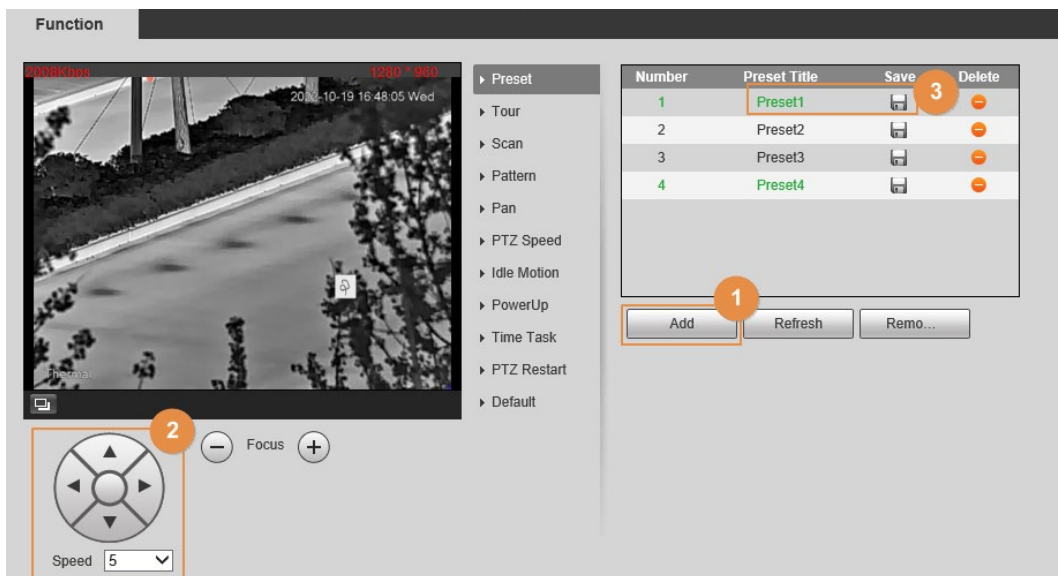
4.2.2.1 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.


Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function**.


Figure 4-9 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click .

Related Operations

- Click  to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

4.2.2.2 Configuring Tour

Tour means a series of movements that the Camera makes along several presets.

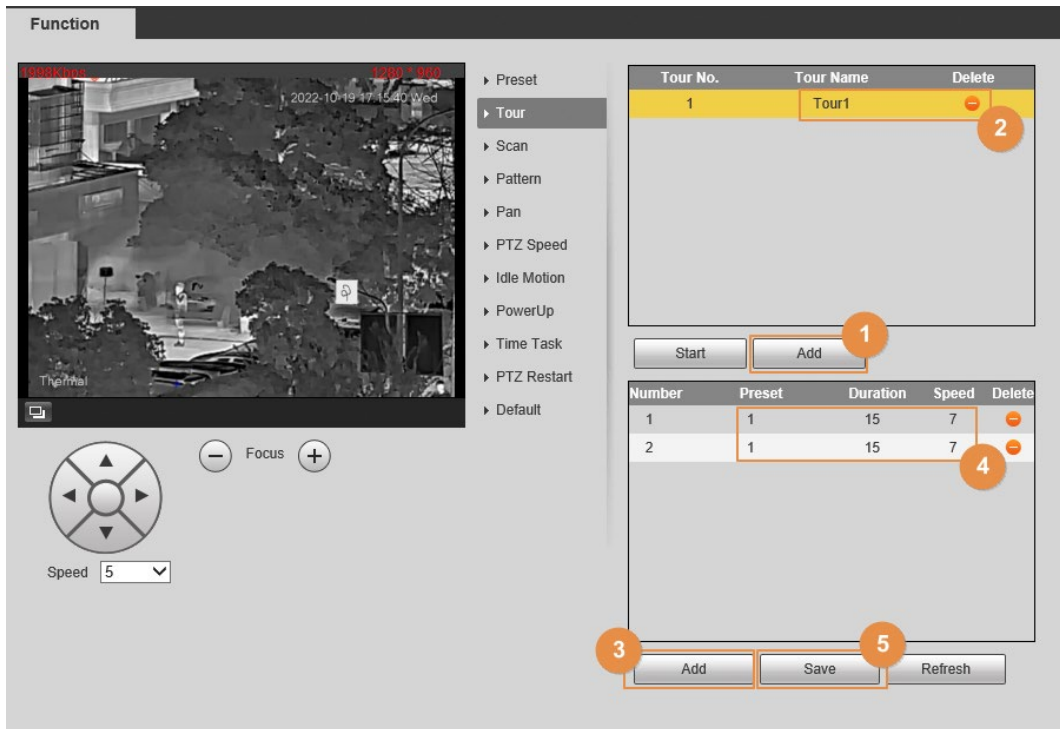
Prerequisites

You have configured several presets.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Tour**.

Figure 4-10 Tour



Step 2 Configure tour.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a tour.
- 2) Double-click the touring name that you have added to modify it.
- 3) Click **Add** to add a preset.
Click repeatedly to add several presets.
- 4) Double-click to select a preset. And double-click to configure the lasting time.
- 5) Click **Save**.

Step 3 Select a tour and click **Start** to start camera tour.

Click **Stop** to stop the tour.



If you operate the PTZ during the tour, the tour will stop.

Related Operations

Click  to delete a tour or a preset.

4.2.2.3 Configuring Scan

Scan means the Camera moves horizontally at a certain speed between the configured left and right limits.

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Scan.**

Step 2 Configure scan.

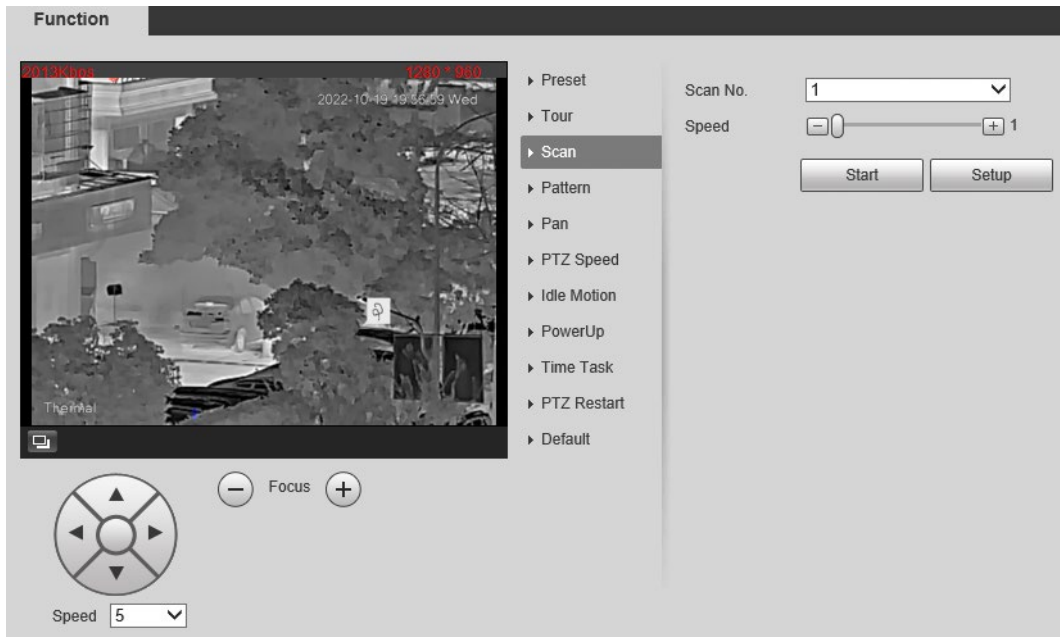
1) Select a **Scan No.** and set its **Speed.**

2) Click **Setup.**

Buttons of **Set Left Limit** and **Set Right Limit** are displayed.

3) Operate the PTZ control panel and rotate the Camera to a left border that you want and click **Set Left Limit**; rotate the Camera to a right border that you want and click **Set Right Limit.**

Figure 4-11 Scan



Step 3 Select a **Scan No.** and click **Start** to start the scan.

Click **Stop** to stop the scan.

4.2.2.4 Configuring Pattern

Pattern means a recording of a series of operations that you make to the Camera, and when pattern starts, the camera performs the operations repeatedly. The operations include horizontal and vertical movements, zoom and preset calling. Record and save the operations, and then you can call the pattern path directly.

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Pattern.**

Step 2 Configure pattern.

1) Select a **Pattern No.**

2) Click **Setup.**

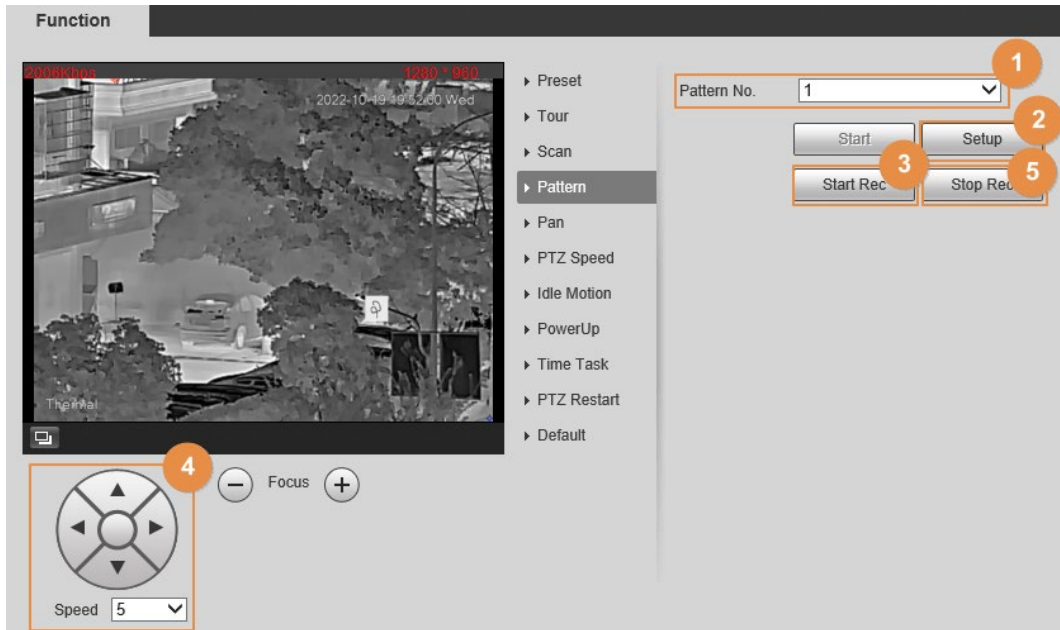
Buttons of **Start Rec** and **Stop Rec** are displayed.

3) Click **Start Rec.**

4) Operate the PTZ control panel and adjust the direction of the Camera, zoom and focus.

5) Click **Stop Rec.**

Figure 4-12 Pattern



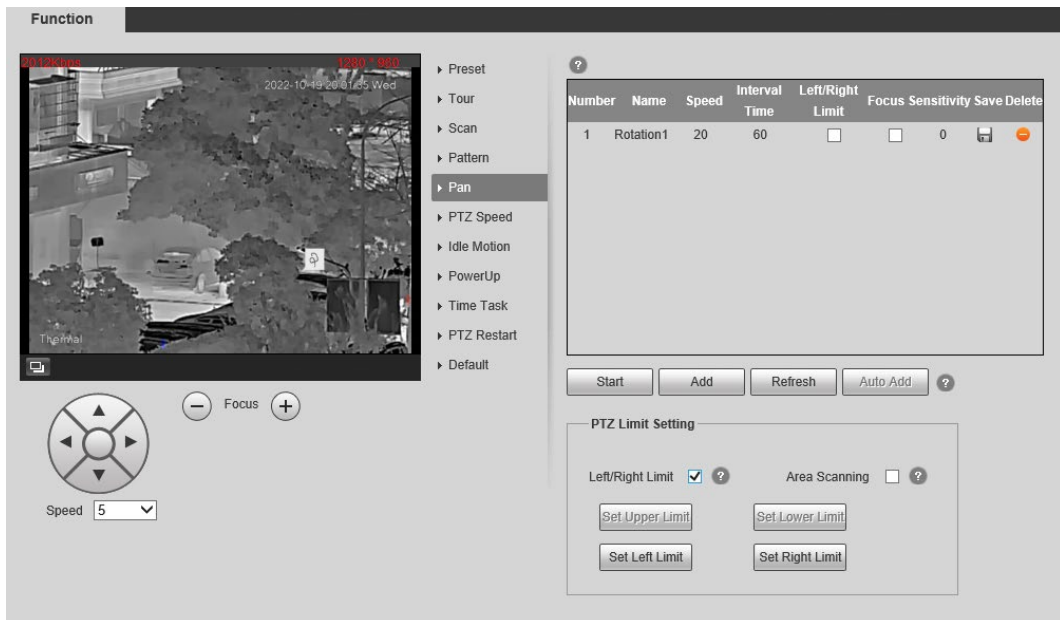
- Step 3** Select a **Pattern No.**, and click **Start** to start the pattern.
Click **Stop** to stop the pattern.

4.2.2.5 Configuring Pan

Enable Pan, the Camera can realize continuous 360° horizontal rotations at a certain speed.

- Step 1** Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Pan.**

Figure 4-13 Pan



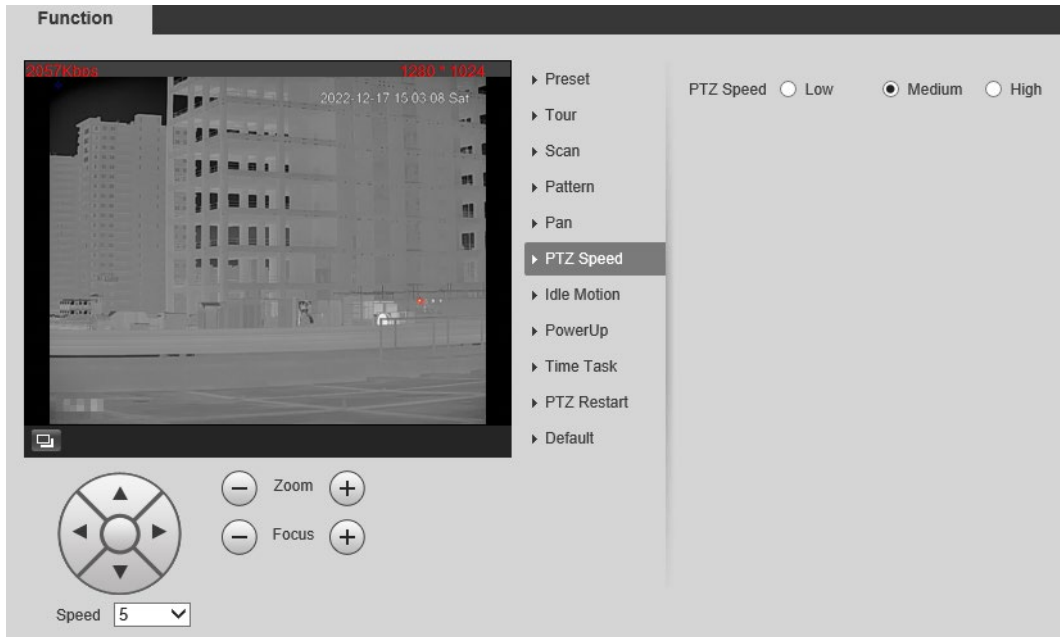
- Step 2** Set the pan speed, and then click **Start** to start the pan.
Click **Stop** to stop the pan.

4.2.2.6 Configuring PTZ Speed

PTZ speed means the rotation speed of the PTZ camera during touring, pattern, or auto tracking.

- Step 1** Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > PTZ Speed.**

Figure 4-14 PTZ speed



Step 2 Select from **Low**, **Middle** and **High**. The configuration takes effect immediately.

4.2.2.7 Configuring Idle Motion

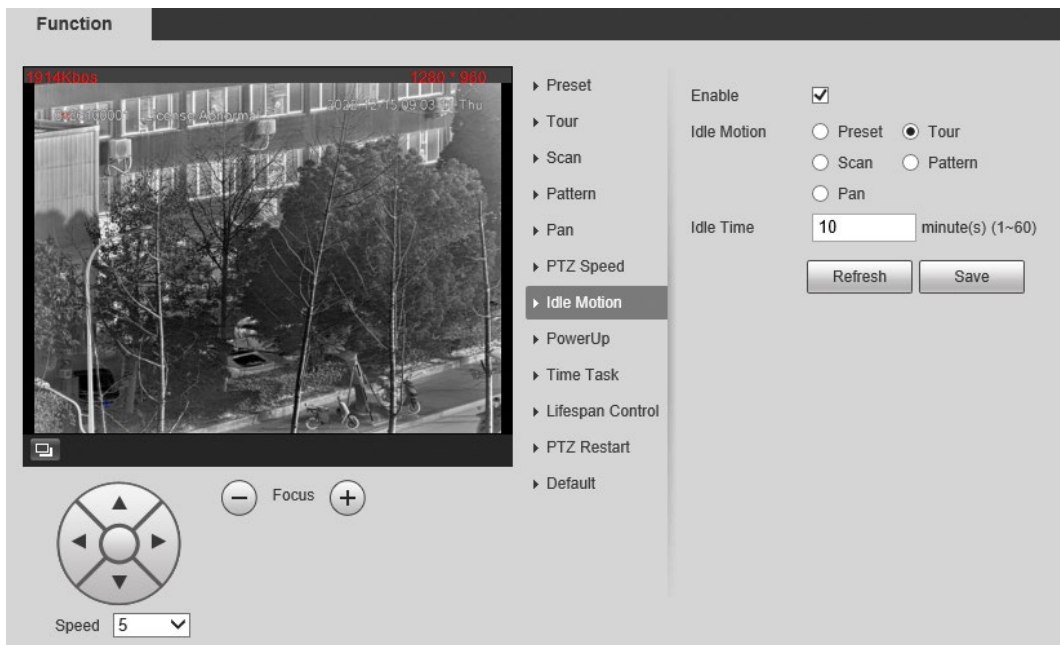
Idle motion means that the PTZ camera implements the operation which is configured in advance when it does not receive any valid command within the set time.

You have configured preset, tour, scan and pattern before configuring idle motion.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Idle Motion**.

Figure 4-15 Idle motion



Step 2 Configure idle motion.

- 1) Select the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 2) Select an idle motion and set idle time.

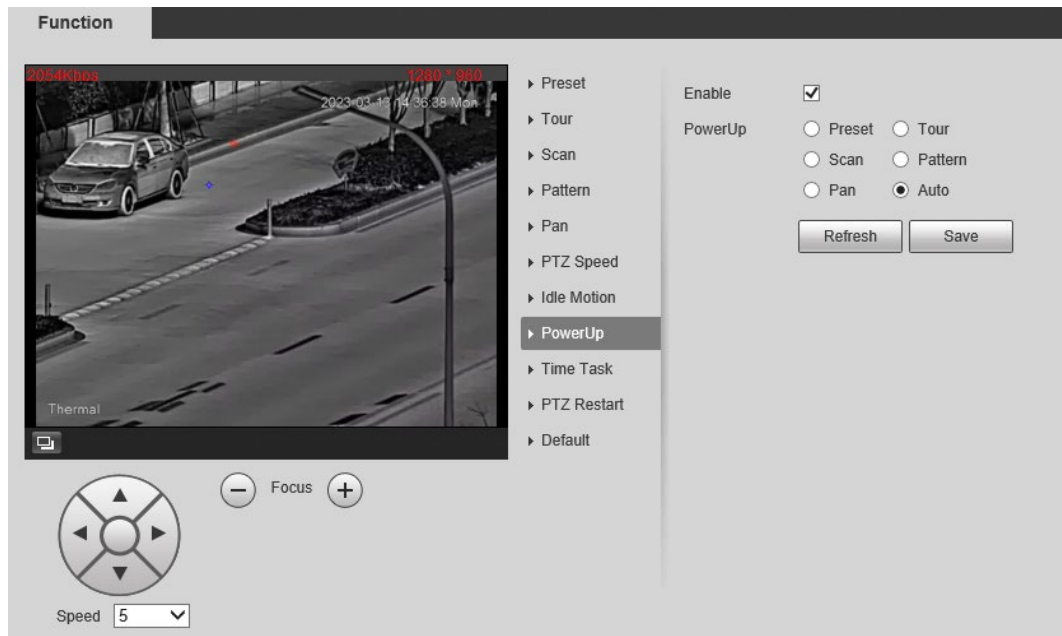
3) Click **Save**.

4.2.2.8 Configuring Power Up

After setting Power up motion, the Camera will perform the configured motion after it is powered on.

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Power Up**.

Figure 4-16 Power up



Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Select the **Power Up** actions.



Select **Auto** and the PTZ will continue to implement the action before the power is off.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

4.2.2.9 Configuring Time Task

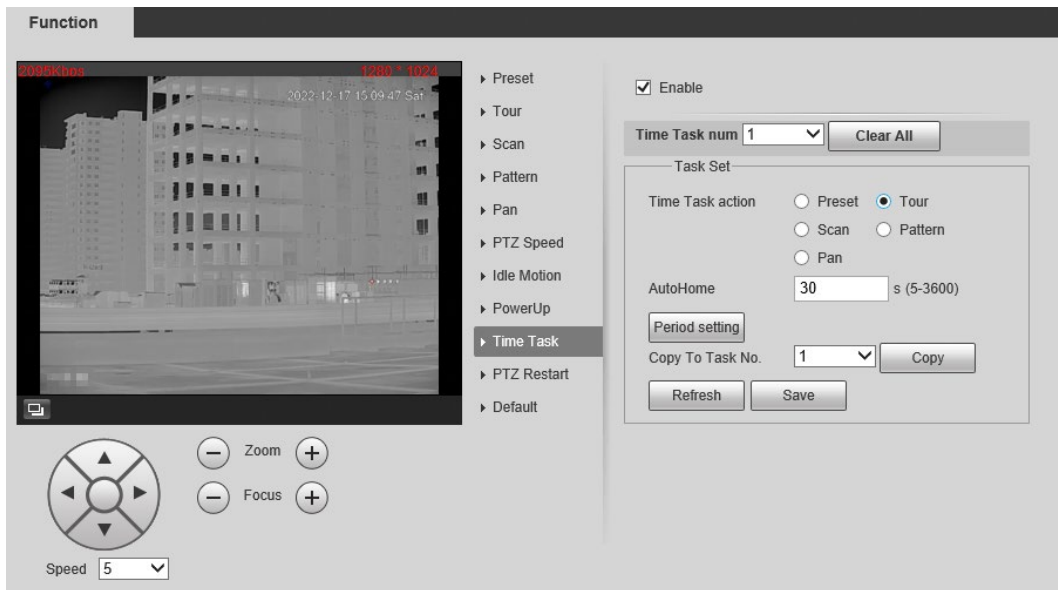
After setting time task, the Camera performs the motions during the configured period.

You have configured preset, tour, scan and pattern before configuring time task.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Time Task**.

Figure 4-17 Time task



Step 2 Configure time task.

- 1) Select the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 2) Select a number in **Time Task num**.
- 3) Select a time task action from **Preset, Tour, Scan** and **Pattern**.



When you set **Preset** as a time task action, the **Action Number** box is displayed. You can select the action number as needed.

- 4) In the **AutoHome** box, set the time for the camera to return to its previous condition.



Auto home time: Time for the Camera to return to its previous condition and continue the time task when the time task is interrupted by manual operation.

- 5) Click **Period Setting** to set the detailed period for a time task.
- 6) Click **Save**.

Step 3 (Optional) Copy a time task.

Copy task information that you have configured to other tasks.

- 1) Select a time task number that you have already configured.
- 2) In **Copy To Task No.**, select a task number to be configured.
- 3) Click **Copy**.
- 4) Click **Save**.

4.2.2.10 Restarting PTZ

- Step 1** Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > PTZ Restart**.

Figure 4-18 PTZ restart



Step 2 Click **PTZ Restart**, and then PTZ restarts.

4.2.2.11 Default



Be careful when doing this operation. It will restore the Camera to default configuration, and result in data loss.

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function > Default**.

Figure 4-19 Default



Step 2 Click **Default**.

All your PTZ configurations are restored to the default ones.

4.2.3 Calling PTZ

Click **PTZ** on the **Live** page, and the PTZ configuration panel is displayed. You can control PTZ and call PTZ function.

4.2.3.1 PTZ Control

You can rotate the Camera, zoom image, and adjust iris through PTZ control or virtual joystick. Before using the **PTZ Control** panel, you need to set the PTZ protocol by selecting **Setting > PTZ > Protocol**.

Figure 4-20 PTZ control

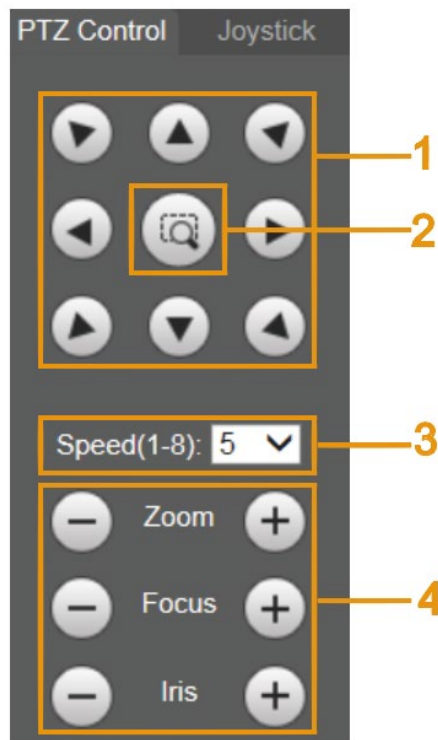


Table 4-5 Parameter description

No.	Function	Description
1	Direction button	There are 8 directions: up, down, left, right, upper left, upper right, lower left, and lower right.
2	Position	Provides quick positioning function. Draw a box on the live view with the mouse, and then the PTZ rotates to and focuses on the selected area rapidly.
3	Speed	The changing speed of PTZ direction. The higher the value, the faster the speed.
4	Zoom, focus and iris	Click + to increase the value, and click - to decrease the value.

4.2.3.2 Joystick

You can drag the middle button to simulate joystick operations to control device rotation. Speed, zoom, focus, and iris configurations are the same as that of **PTZ Control** panel.

Figure 4-21 PTZ control panel



4.2.3.3 PTZ Functions

Call the configured PTZ functions on the live page. The PTZ supports multiple functions. On the live page, click **PTZ**, and then select a function. Click **Start** or **Q Go to** to start using the function, and then click **Stop** to stop using the function. Before calling the function, configure PTZ functions first. For details, see "4.2.2 Configuring PTZ Functions".

Figure 4-22 PTZ functions



Table 4-6 Description of PTZ function

Parameter	Description
Scan	Select Scan from the list, enter a scan number, and then click Start to start the scan; click Stop to stop the scan.
Preset	Select Preset from the list, enter a preset number, and then click Go to . The PTZ will rotate to the preset position.

Parameter	Description
Tour	Select Tour from the list, enter a tour number, and then click Start to start the tour; click Stop to stop the tour.
Pattern	Select Pattern from the list, enter a pattern number, and then click Start to start the pattern; click Stop to stop the pattern.
Assistant	Reserved for special requirements. If necessary, enable this function under the guidance of professionals.
Pan	Select Pan from the list, and then click Start to start the pan; click Stop to stop the pan.
Go to	Select Go to from the list, enter horizontal angle value, vertical angle value and zoom, and then click Go to . The Device will turn to the position that you want.
Wiper	Set the wiper of the Camera. Click Once to enable the wiper function.

4.3 Playback

This section introduces playback related functions and operations, including video playback and picture playback.

4.3.1 Prerequisite

- Before playing back video, configure record time range, record storage method, record schedule and record control. For details, see "6.3.1.1 Configuring Record Plan".
- Before playing back picture, configure snapshot time range, snapshot storage method, and snapshot plan. For details, see "6.3.1.2 Configuring Snapshot Plan".
- If you want to store videos and pictures in an SD card, make sure that you have inserted the SD card in the Camera.

4.3.2 Playback Page

Click the **Playback** tab.

Figure 4-23 Video playback

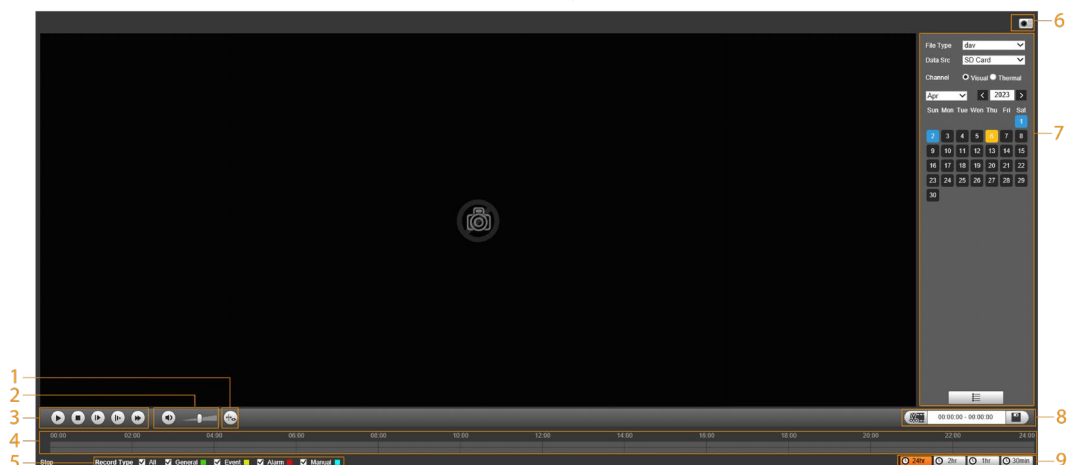













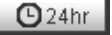


Figure 4-24 Picture playback



Table 4-7 Playback page description

No.	Function	Description
1	Rules Info	<p>Click , intelligent rules and object detection box are displayed. It is enabled by default.</p> <p> Rules Info is valid only when you enabled the rule during recording.</p>
2	Sound	<p>Controls the sound during playback.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> : Mute mode. : Vocal state. You can adjust the sound.
3	Play control bar	<p>Controls playback.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> : Click the icon to play back recorded videos. : Click the icon to stop playing back recorded videos. : Click the icon to play the next frame. : Click the icon to slow down the playback. : Click the icon to speed up the playback.
4	Progress bar	<p>Displays the record type and the corresponding period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click any point in the colored area, and the system will play back the recorded video from the selected moment. Each record type has its own color, and you can see their relations in Record Type bar.
5	Record/Snapshot Type	<p>Select the record type or snapshot type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Record type includes General, Event, Alarm, Manual. Snapshot type includes General, Event, Alarm.
6	Assistant	<p>Click the icon to capture one picture of the current video, and it will be saved to the configured storage path.</p>
7	Playback video	<p>You can select the file type, data source, and record date.</p>
8	Video clip	<p>Clip a certain recorded video and save it. For details, see "4.3.4 Clipping Video".</p>

No.	Function	Description
9	Time format of progress bar	Includes 4 time formats:     . Take  as an example, the whole progress stands for 24 hours.

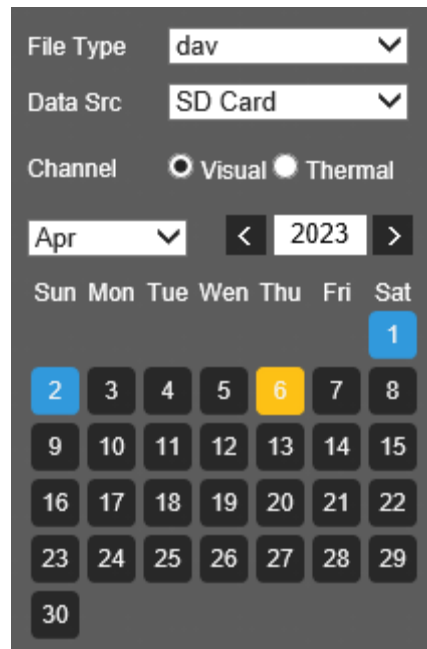
4.3.3 Playing back Video or Picture

This section introduces the operation of video playback and picture playback. This section uses video playback as an example.

Step 1 Select **dav** from the **Record Type** drop-down list and **SD card** from the **Data Src** drop-down list.

Select **jpg** from **Record Type** drop-down list when playing back pictures, and you do not need to select data source.

Figure 4-25 File type selection



Step 2 Select the channel as needed.

Step 3 Select the record type in **Record Type**.

Figure 4-26 Record type selection



Step 4 Select the month and year of the video that you want to play.



Those dates with blue color indicate there were videos recorded in those days.

Step 5 Play video.


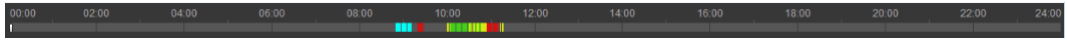
- Click  in the control bar.
The system plays the recorded video of the selected date (in the order of time).
- Click any point in the colored area on the progress bar.
The playback starts from that moment.

Figure 4-27 Progress bar





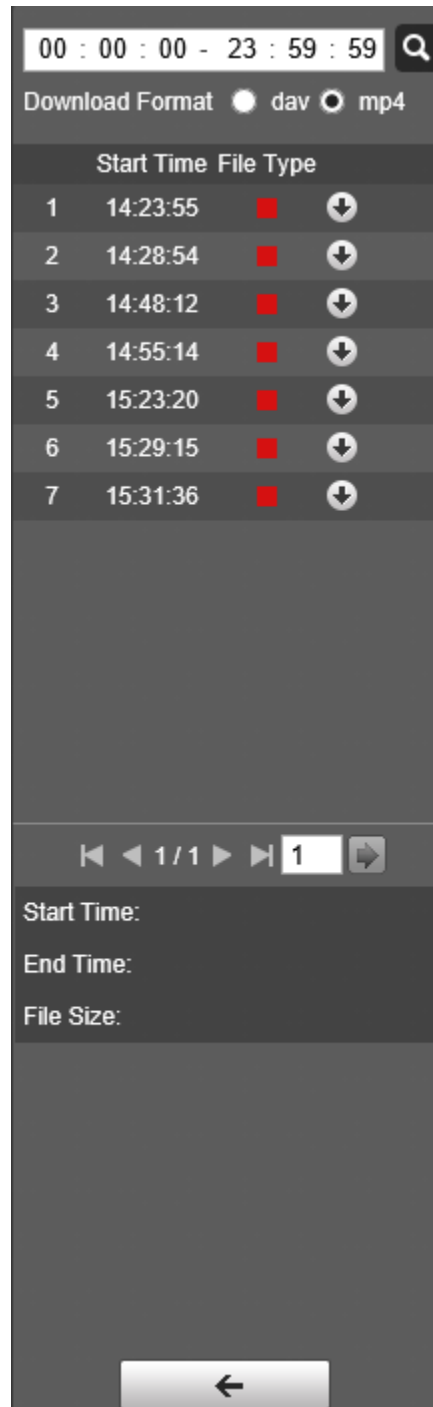

- Click , the video files of the selected date will be listed. Enter the start time and end time, and then click  to search all files between the start time and end time. Double-click the file in the list, and the system plays the video and displays file size, starting time, and ending time.

Figure 4-28 Playback file list



4.3.4 Clipping Video

- Step 1 Click the **Playback** tab.
- Step 2 Click , the video files of the selected date are listed.

Step 3 Select **dav** or **mp4** in **Download Format**.



If you select **dav**, the rule information can be displayed when playing back the video.



Step 4 Click on the progress bar to select the start time of the target video, and then click .

Figure 4-29 Clip video



Step 5 Click again on the progress bar to select the end time of the target video, and then click .

Step 6 Click  to download the video.

The system will prompt that you cannot download the file and play back at the same time.

Step 7 Click **OK**.

The playback stops and the clipped file is saved in the configured storage path. For the configuration of storage path, see "6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path".

4.3.5 Downloading Video or Picture

Download video or picture to a defined path. This section uses downloading video as an example.



- Playback and downloading at the same time is not supported.
- Operations might vary with different browsers.
- For details of viewing or setting storage path, see "6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path".

Step 1 Click the **Playback** tab.

Step 2 Select **dav** from the **Record Type** drop-down list and **SD card** from the **Data Src** drop-down list.

Select **jpg** from **Record Type** drop-down list when playing back pictures, and you do not need to select data source.

Step 3 Click , the video files of the selected date are listed.

Step 4 Select **dav** or **mp4** in **Download Format**. Click  next to the file to be downloaded.

The system starts to download the file and save it to the configured path. When downloading pictures, you do not need to select the download format.

4.4 Reports

You can follow certain rules such as time sequence, and check history data of temperature stored in the Micro SD card.

- You have configured the temperature measurement rules (including spots, lines and area). For details, see "5.2.6.1 Configuring Temperature Measuring Rules".
- You have inserted a SD card to the Camera.



This function is only available on some select models.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Report** tab.
- Step 2** Set the conditions for searching and click **Search**.
The searched temperature data is displayed.

Figure 4-30 History report



4.5 Alarm

You can select alarm type as needed. When the selected alarms are triggered, the system would record detailed alarm information at the right side of the page.



Function of different Cameras might vary.

4.5.1 Introduction to Alarm Types

Table 4-8 Alarm type description

Alarm Type	Description	Condition
Motion detection	An alarm is triggered when a moving object is detected.	You have enabled motion detection. For details, see "5.1.3.1 Configuring Motion Detection".
Disk full	An alarm is triggered when the free space in the SD card is lower than the configured percentage.	You have enabled detection to lack of SD card storage space. For details, see "5.1.6.1 Configuring SD Card Abnormality".
Disk error	An alarm is triggered when there is SD card error or abnormality.	You have enabled detection to SD card storage space. For details, see "5.1.6.1 Configuring SD Card Abnormality".

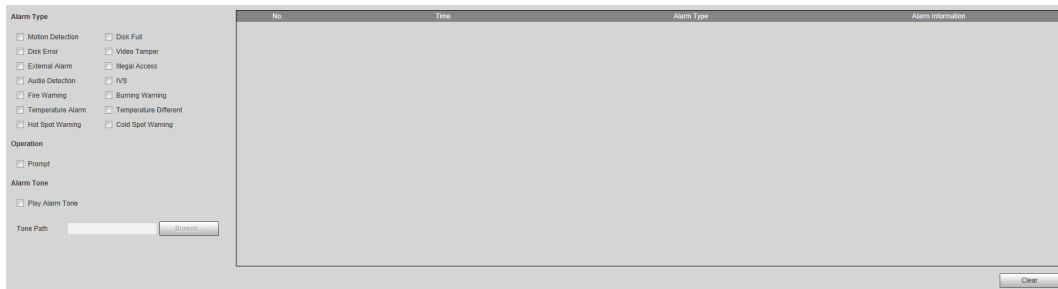
Alarm Type	Description	Condition
External alarm	An alarm is triggered when there is an alarm from external Camera.	There is an alarm input port and the external alarm is enabled. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".
Illegal access	An alarm is triggered when the login password has been wrongly entered for more than the set times.	You have enabled detection to illegal access. For details, see "5.1.6.3 Configuring Illegal Access".
Audio detection	An alarm is triggered when there is an audio input error.	You have enabled detection to audio errors. For details, see "5.1.4 Configuring Audio Detection".
Smart thermal	An alarm is triggered when the IVS, call detection, smoking detection or boat detection is triggered.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You have enabled IVS. For details, see "5.3 Configuring IVS". You have enabled call detection. For details, see "5.4 Call Detection". You have enabled smoking detection. For details, see "5.5 Smoking Detection". You have enabled boat detection. For details, see "5.6 Boat Detection".
Heat warning	An alarm is triggered when a fire point is detected.	You have enabled fire alarm. For detailed operation, see "5.7 Configuring Heat Warning".
Temperature alarm	When temperature satisfies alarm conditions stipulated by temperature testing rules, an alarm is triggered.	You have enabled temperature alarm. For detailed operations, see "5.2.6.1 Configuring Temperature Measuring Rules".
Temperature difference alarm	When temperature difference satisfies alarm condition you have set, an alarm is triggered.	You have enabled temperature comparison alarm. For detailed operations, see "5.2.6.2 Configuring Temperature Contrast".
Hot spot alarm	When temperature of a hot spot satisfies alarm condition you have set, an alarm is triggered.	You have enabled hot/cold spot tracing. For detailed operations, see "5.8 Configuring Hot Trace".
Cold spot alarm	When temperature of a cold spot satisfies alarm condition you have set, an alarm is triggered.	

4.5.2 Subscribing Alarm Information

You can enable alarm prompts and define alarm sound according to your preference.


Step 1 Click the **Alarm** tab.

Figure 4-31 Alarm



Step 2 Select an alarm type.

Step 3 Select **Prompt**, and the system prompts and records alarm information as needed.

- If you are not on the **Alarm** page when alarm events that you have subscribed are triggered,  is displayed on the **Alarm** tab and the alarm information will be recorded. Click the **Alarm** tab, and the sign disappears.
- If you are on the **Alarm** page when the selected alarm is triggered, there will be detailed alarm information displayed at the right side of the page.

Step 4 Select the **Play Alarm Tone** checkbox, and then select an audio file.

System would play the audio file that you have selected, when alarm events that you have subscribed are triggered.



Click **Clear** to remove all the alarm information.

5 AI function

5.1 Event

5.1.1 Alarm Linkage

When the configured alarm is triggered in the configured arming period, the system will alarm. Pages might vary with different models.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Event** > **Alarm**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.





Step 3 Configure the parameters of alarm linkage.



Figure 5-1 Alarm linkage

The screenshot shows a configuration page for alarm linkage. It features several sections, each with a checked checkbox and a set of parameters. The 'Enable' section includes 'Period' (Setting button), 'Anti-Dither' (input field with value 5, range s (0~100)), and 'Area' (Setting button). The 'Record' section includes 'Record Delay' (input field with value 10, range s (10~300)). The 'Relay-out' section includes 'Alarm Delay' (input field with value 10, range s (10~300)). The 'Send Email' section is unchecked. The 'Audio Linkage' section is unchecked and includes 'Play Count' (input field with value 3, range (1~10)), 'File' (dropdown menu with value alarm.wav), and 'Warning Light' (unchecked). The 'Warning Light' section includes 'Mode' (dropdown menu with value Flicker), 'Flicker Frequency' (dropdown menu with value Medium), 'Duration' (input field with value 10, range s (5~30)), and 'Period' (Setting button). The 'Snapshot' section is checked. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Table 5-1 Description of alarm linkage parameters

Parameter	Description
Relay-in	Select the external alarm device.
Period	Set arming periods. For details, see "5.1.2 Setting Period".
Anti-Dither	After the anti-dither time is configured, the system only records one motion detection event in the period.
Sensor Type	Select NO (normally open) or NC (normally closed) according to the sensor type of external alarm device.

Parameter	Description
Record	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Record: Select the channel number. The system can link record channel when an alarm event occurs. ● Record Delay: After alarm, the system stops recording after an extended time period according to the configured time.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To use the record linkage function, configure record plan for motion detection alarm and enable auto recording in record control. For details, see "6.3 Storage". ● For the configuration of storage path, see "6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path".
Relay-out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Relay-out: When an alarm is triggered, the system can automatically link with relay-out device. ● Alarm Delay: When alarm delay is configured, the alarm continues for an extended period after the alarm ends.  <p>Before enabling this function, make sure that you have connected alarm devices (such as light and siren) to the Camera.</p>
Send Email	<p>When an alarm is triggered, the system will automatically send an email to users.</p>  <p>Email linkage takes effect only when SMTP is configured. For details, see "6.2.7 Configuring SNMP".</p>
PTZ	<p>Select the checkbox, activation and the number. When an alarm is triggered, the system links PTZ to do operations.</p>  <p>Configure the PTZ function before enabling this function. For details, see "4.2 PTZ".</p>
Audio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The system broadcasts alarm audio file when an alarm event occurs. ● Play mode: Select and configure Play Duration and Play Count according to the play mode. ● File: Select Setting > Camera > Audio > Alarm Audio to set alarm audio file.

Parameter	Description
Warning Light	<p>When an alarm is triggered, the system can automatically enable the warning light.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mode: The display mode of the warning light when an alarm is triggered. It includes Normally on and Flicker. When setting Flicker as the mode, you need to set the flicker frequency.  <p>For the Camera with red and blue alarm light, you can only select Flicker in Mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Duration: After setting warning light duration, the warning light is turned off after an extended time of period after an alarm. It is 5 seconds–30 seconds. • Period: The period for using warning light. When an alarm triggered during the configured period, the system links warning light. For the configuration, see "5.1.2 Setting Period".
snapshot	<p>After snapshot linkage is configured, the system can automatically alarm and capture images when an alarm is triggered.</p>  <p>For the configuration of storage path, see "6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path".</p>

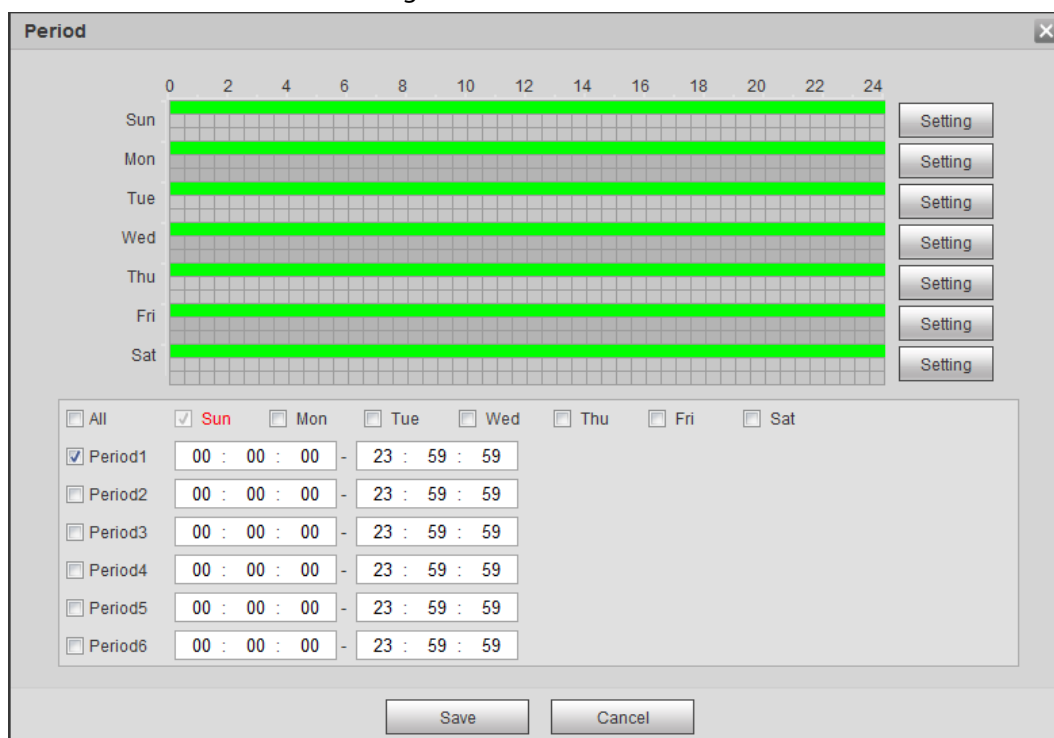
Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.2 Setting Period

Set arming periods. The Camera only performs corresponding linkage action in the configured period.

Step 1 Click **Setting** next to **Period**.

Figure 5-2 Period



Step 2 Set arming periods. Alarms will be triggered in the time period in green on the timeline.

- Method one: Directly press and drag the left mouse button on the timeline.
- Method two: Enter an actual time period.
 1. Click **Setting** next to a day.
 2. Select a time period to be enabled.
 3. Enter the start time and end time of a time period.



- ◇ Select **All** or the checkboxes of some days to set the time period of multiple days at one time.
- ◇ You can set 6 time periods per day.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

5.1.3 Configuring Video Detection

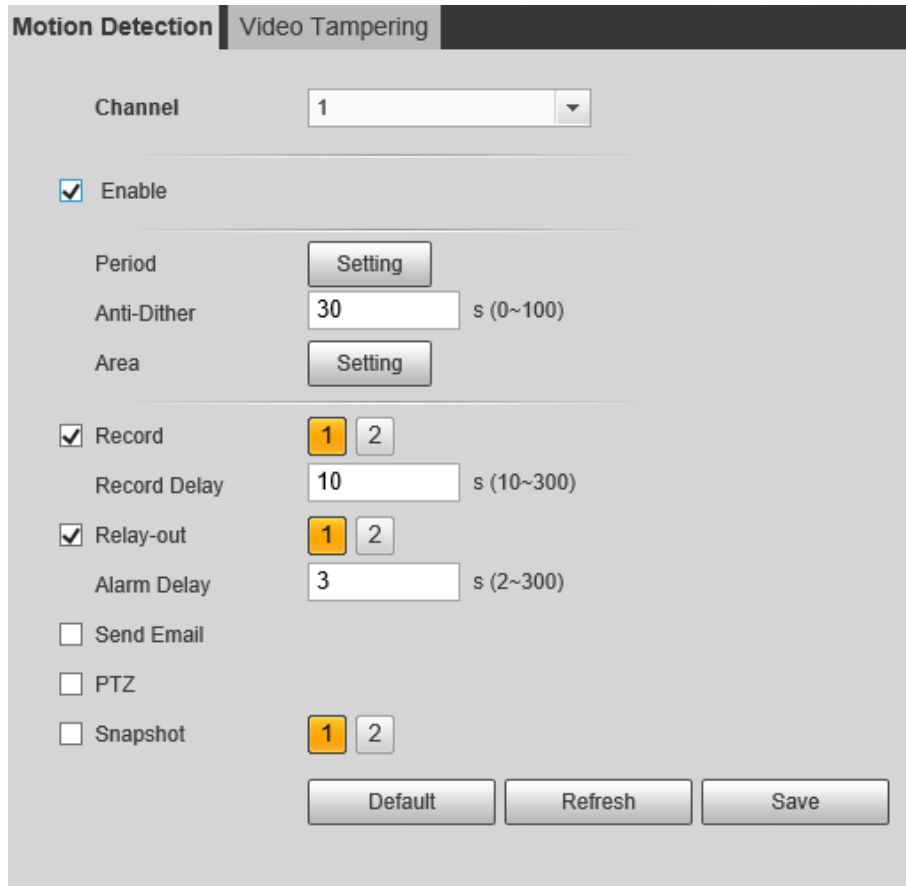
Check whether there are considerable changes on the video by analyzing video images. In case of any considerable change on the video (such as moving object, fuzzy image), the system performs an alarm linkage.

5.1.3.1 Configuring Motion Detection

When the moving object appears on the image and its moving speed reaches the preset sensitivity, the Camera performs an alarm linkage.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Event** > **Video Detection** > **Motion Detection**.

Figure 5-3 Motion detection

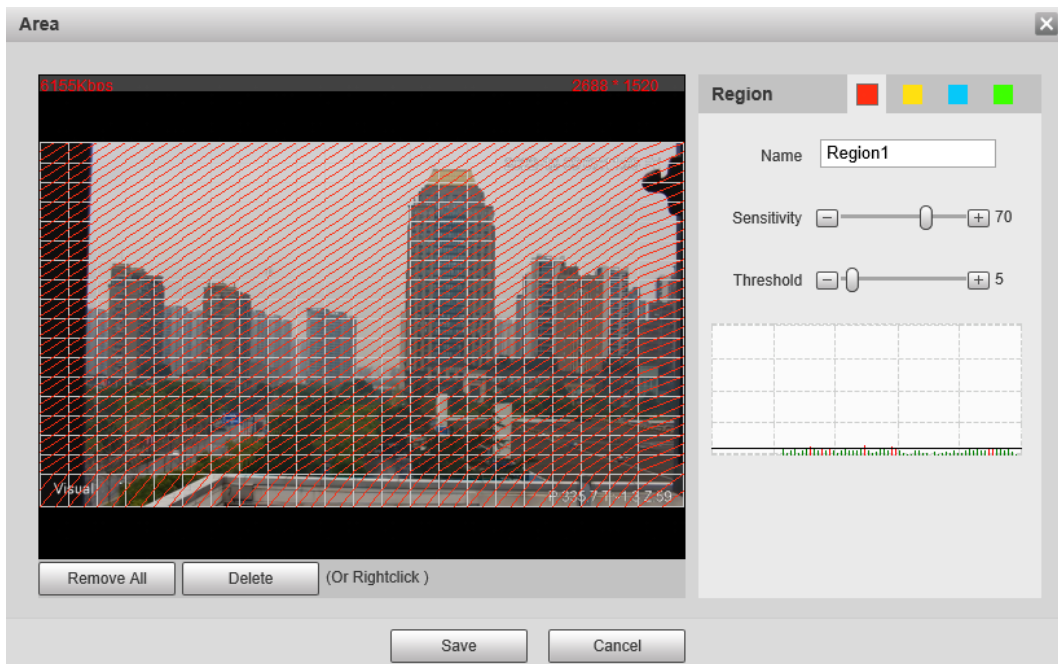


Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.


Step 3 Configure a motion detection area.

- 1) Click **Setting** next to **Area**.

Figure 5-4 Area configuration



- 2) Select a color and set the region name. Select an effective area for Motion Detection in the image and set **Sensitivity** and **Threshold**.

- Select a color from  to set different detection parameters for each

region.

- Sensitivity: Sensitive degree of changes. The higher the sensitivity is, the easier the alarm is triggered..
- Threshold: Effective area threshold for Motion Detection. The smaller the threshold is, the easier the alarm is triggered.
- The whole video image is the effective area for Motion Detection by default.
- The red line in the waveform indicates that the Motion Detection is triggered, and the green one indicates that there is no motion detection. Adjust sensitivity and threshold according to the waveform.

3) Click **Save**.

Step 4 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.1.3.2 Configuring Video Tampering

When the lens is covered or video output is mono-color screen caused by light and other reasons, the Camera performs alarm linkage.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Event** > **Video Detection** > **Video Tampering**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Figure 5-5 Video tampering

The screenshot shows the 'Video Tampering' configuration page. It features a 'Motion Detection' tab and a 'Video Tampering' tab. The 'Video Tampering' tab is active. The settings are as follows: 'Enable' is checked; 'Period' has a 'Setting' button; 'Record' is checked with a '1' button and a '2' button; 'Record Delay' is set to 10 s (10~300); 'Relay-out' is checked with a '1' button and a '2' button; 'Alarm Delay' is set to 3 s (2~300); 'Send Email' is unchecked; 'PTZ' is unchecked; 'Snapshot' is unchecked with a '1' button and a '2' button. At the bottom, there are 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save' buttons.

Step 3 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.4 Configuring Audio Detection

When vague voice, tone change, or sound intensity rapid change is detected, the Camera performs

alarm linkage.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Audio Detection**.

Step 2 Configure parameters of audio detection.

- Input abnormal: Select the **Enable Input Abnormal** checkbox, and the alarm is triggered when the system detects abnormal sound input.
- Intensity change: Select the **Enable Intensity Change** checkbox and then set **Sensitivity** and **Threshold**. The alarm is triggered when the system detects that the sound intensity exceeds the configured threshold.
 - ◇ It is easier to trigger the alarm with higher sensitivity or smaller threshold. Set a high threshold for noisy environment.
 - ◇ The red line in the waveform indicates audio detection is triggered, and the green one indicates no audio detection. Adjust sensitivity and threshold according to the waveform.

Figure 5-6 Audio detection settings

Audio Detection

Input Abnormal

Intensity Change

Sensitivity

Threshold

Period

Anti-Dither Sec. (0~100)

Record

Record Delay Sec. (10~300)

Relay-out

Alarm Delay Sec. (10~300)

Send Email

PTZ

Snapshot

Step 3 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage"

and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.5 Configuring Temperature Alarm

When the temperature meets the defined alarm condition, an alarm is triggered and the Camera performs alarm linkage.

Prerequisites

You have configured the temperature measurement rules. For details, see "5.2.6 Configuring Temperature Measurement Parameters".



This function is available on models with the temperature measurement function.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Temperature Alarm**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Configure the threshold of temperature alarm in **Setting > Temperature > Rule > Parameter**. The Camera will perform alarm according to the configuration.

Figure 5-7 Temperature alarm

Temperature Alarm

Enable

Period

Anti-Dither Sec. (0~100)

Record

Record Delay Sec. (10~300)

Relay-out

Alarm Delay Sec. (10~300)

Send Email

PTZ

Snapshot

Step 3 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.6 Configuring Abnormality

Abnormality includes SD card, network, illegal access, burning warning, high humidity alarm, and security exception.



The "No SD Card", "SD Card Error" and "Capacity Warning" events are available only on models that support SD card.

5.1.6.1 Configuring SD Card Abnormality

In case of SD card abnormality, the system performs alarm linkage. The event types include **No SD Card**, **Capacity Warning**, and **SD Card Error**.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > SD Card**.

Step 2 Select the event type from the **Event Type** drop-down list, and then select the **Enable** checkbox to enable the SD card detection function.

When setting **Capacity Warning** as **Event Type**, set **Capacity Limit**. When the remaining space of SD card is less than the configured value, an alarm is triggered.

Figure 5-8 SD card

The screenshot shows the configuration page for SD Card abnormality. At the top, there are tabs for 'SD Card', 'Network', 'Illegal Access', 'Burning Warning', 'High Humidity Alarm', and 'Security Exception'. The 'SD Card' tab is active. Below the tabs, there are several settings: 'Event Type' is a dropdown menu currently showing 'No SD Card'; 'Enable' is a checked checkbox; 'Relay-out' is a checked checkbox with two input fields containing '1' and '2'; 'Alarm Delay' is a text input field containing '10' followed by 's (2~300)'; and 'Send Email' is an unchecked checkbox. At the bottom of the form, there are three buttons: 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 3 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.6.2 Configuring Network Abnormality

In case of network abnormality, the system performs alarm linkage. The event types include **Disconnection** and **IP Conflict**.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Network**.

Step 2 Select the event type from the **Event Type** drop-down list, and then select the **Enable** checkbox to enable the network detection function.

Figure 5-9 Network

The screenshot shows the 'Network' configuration page. At the top, there are tabs for 'SD Card', 'Network', 'Illegal Access', 'Burning Warning', 'High Humidity Alarm', and 'Security Exception'. The 'Network' tab is active. The configuration includes: 'Event Type' set to 'Disconnection'; 'Enable' checked; 'Record' checked with a value of '1' in a yellow box and '2' in a grey box; 'Record Delay' set to '10' s (10~300); 'Relay-out' checked with a value of '1' in a yellow box and '2' in a grey box; and 'Alarm Delay' set to '10' s (2~300). At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 3 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.1.6.3 Configuring Illegal Access

If the password is continuously wrongly typed and the mistakes have reached the maximum that you have configured, an alarm will be triggered and linked activities will be executed.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Illegal Access**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Figure 5-10 Illegal access

The screenshot shows the 'Illegal Access' configuration page. At the top, there are tabs for 'SD Card', 'Network', 'Illegal Access', 'Burning Warning', 'High Humidity Alarm', and 'Security Exception'. The 'Illegal Access' tab is active. The configuration includes: 'Enable' checked; 'Login Error' set to '5' time (3~10); 'Relay-out' checked with a value of '1' in a yellow box and '2' in a grey box; 'Alarm Delay' set to '10' s (2~300); and 'Send Email' unchecked. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 3 Set **Login Error**.

If you consecutively enter a wrong password more than the configured value, the account will be locked.

Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.1.6.4 Configuring Burning Warning

When the lenses are watching directly towards the sun and face the potential burning, an alarm will be triggered, and the Camera will automatically turn to other positions to avoid.



This function is available on select models.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Burning Warning**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Configure **Sensitivity** and **Energy Threshold**.

Figure 5-11 Burning warning

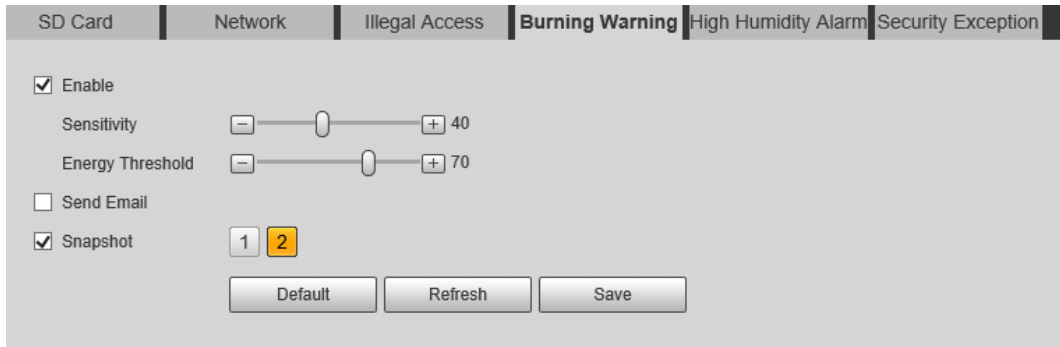


Table 5-2 Description of burning warning parameters

Parameter	Description
Sensitivity	Sensitivity for the Camera to recognize whether the lenses are watching towards the sun. The larger the value is, the easier the Camera will be to recognize the sun.
Energy Threshold	Filters the targets with low temperature. The larger the value is, the harder the alarm will be triggered.

Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.1.6.5 Configuring High Humidity Alarm

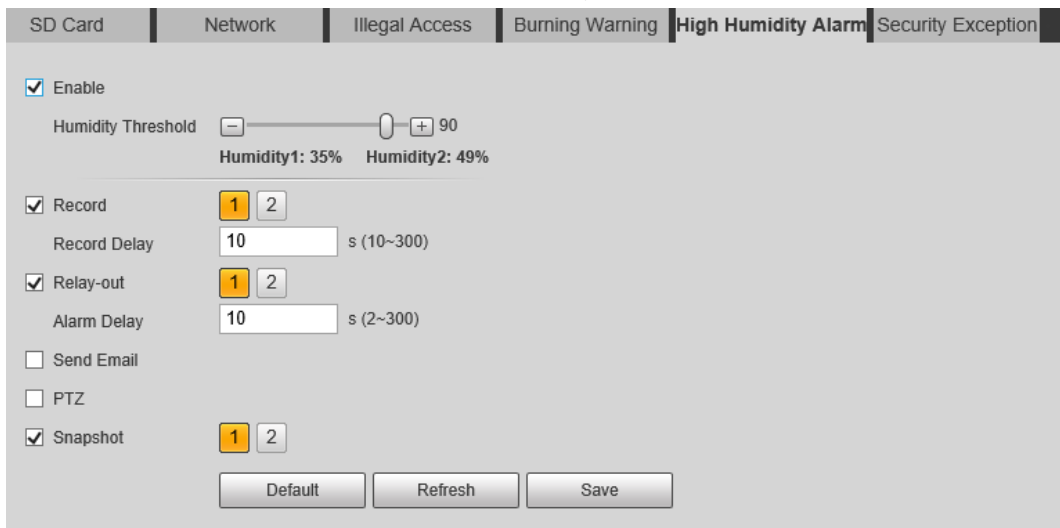
When the humidity in the Camera is detected too high, the Camera performs alarm linkage actions.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > High Humidity Alarm**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Set the humidity threshold.

Figure 5-12 High humidity alarm



Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.1.6.6 Configuring Security Exception

When a hostile attack is detected, the Camera performs alarm linkage.

- Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Security Exception**.
- Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.
- Step 3 Set the humidity threshold.

Figure 5-13 High humidity alarm



- Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".
- Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.2 Temperature Measurement



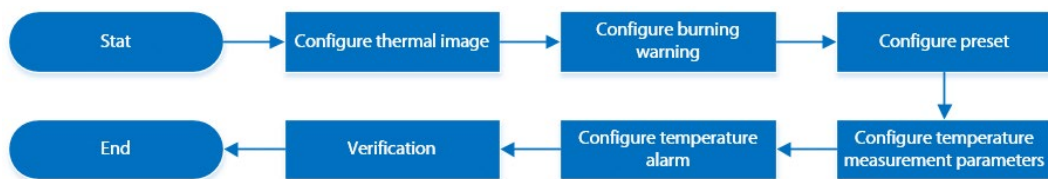
This function is available on the models with the temperature measurement function.

5.2.1 Note

- We recommend that the measuring distance is shorter than 50 m. Long-distance measurement will affect the measurement accuracy because of the humidity and transmissivity of atmosphere, reflection of the sun and heat source.
- For small targets, we recommend you install the Camera facing to the target.

5.2.2 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-14 Configuration Flow



5.2.3 Configuring Thermal Image

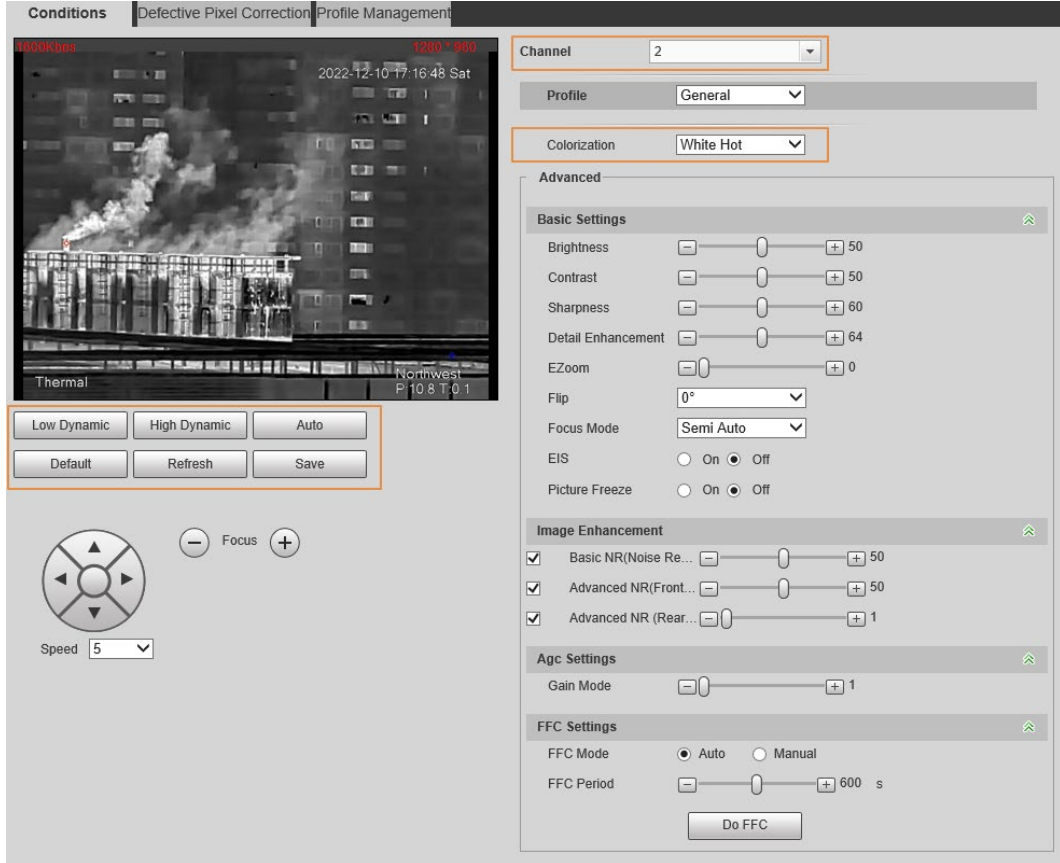
Configure a specific scenario where you use the Camera, including indoor scenario, outdoor scenario, and adaptive scenario. You can select a scenario as needed, and configure and check the scenario.

- Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.
- Step 2 Select **2** in **Channel**.
- Step 3 Select the scenario.
Select the image mode according to the environment. It is **Auto** by default.

We recommend you select **Low Dynamic** for indoor environment, and **High Dynamic** for outdoor environment (stand out the details). When you select **High Dynamic** and the details are not clear, you can adjust the threshold of **Sharpness** and **Detail Enhancement**, but the noise will be larger.

Step 4 Select the colorization.


Figure 5-15 Thermal image page





Step 5 Configure advanced parameters.

Table 5-3 Description of Parameter lens

Classification	Parameter	Description
Basic Settings	Brightness	Changes the value to adjust the picture brightness. The larger the value is, the brighter the picture will be, and the smaller the darker. The picture might be hazy if the value is configured too large.
	Contrast	Changes the contrast of the picture. The larger the value is, the more the contrast will be between bright and dark areas, and the smaller the less. If the value is set too large, the dark area would be too dark and bright area easier to get overexposed. The picture might be hazy if the value is set too small.
	Sharpness	Changes the sharpness of picture edges. The larger the value is, the clearer the picture edges will be. If the value is set too large, picture noises are more likely to appear.

Classification	Parameter	Description
	Detail Enhancement	Stands out the details of the target. The larger the value is, the more obvious the details will be.
	EZoom	Enlarges the thermal image according to the zoom time that you have configured.
	Mirror	Select On , and the picture will be displayed with left and right side reversed.
	Flip	<p>Changes the display direction of the picture, see the options below.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 0°: Normal display. ● 90°: The picture rotates 90° clockwise. ● 180°: The picture rotates 90° counterclockwise. ● 270°: The picture flips upside down. <p> For some models, please set the resolution to be 1080p or lower when using 90° and 180°. For details, see "6.1.2 Configuring Video Parameters".</p>

Classification	Parameter	Description
	Fusion Mode	<p>Displays the image with the gray scale information of the visible channel, and marks temperatures with color palettes, which makes the image of the thermal channel clearer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Original: Displays the image of the thermal channel. ● Warm Color: Combines the data of the visible channel and the thermal channel, and displays the image in warm color. ● Cold Color: Combines the data of the visible channel and the thermal channel, and displays the image in cold color. ● Fusion Rate: It ranges from 0 to 100. The larger the value, the larger the proportion of the visible channel. ● Dual-lens Calibration Adjustment: You can adjust the misaligned images through direction keys. ● Speed: The moving speed of the lens when adjusting the image. <p> To get a better fusion effect, keep the distance 3 m between the Camera and the targets.</p>
Image Enhancement	Basic NR (Noise Reduction)	<p>Compares one frame to the next and removes any oddity that does not appear in each frame.</p> <p>The larger the value is, the fuzzier the image will be.</p>
	Advanced NR (Front Module)	<p>Removes the grainy fuzzy appearances of low light images, will handle moving objects without leaving tails behind, and in low light, it makes an image clearer and sharper.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Advanced NR (Front Module): The module handles noise reduction. ● Advanced NR (Rear Chip): The back-end program handles noise reduction. <p> Generally, you can select Basic NR (Noise Reduction) and Advanced NR (Front Module). If the image is not clear, select Advanced NR (Rear Chip), and configure the parameters.</p>
	Advanced NR (Rear Chip)	

Classification	Parameter	Description
Agc settings	Auto Gain	The larger the gain value, the more unstable the image.
	Gain Mode	Low-temperature mode and high-temperature mode are contained.
FFC Settings	FFC Mode	Method of correcting the shutter. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: According to the switch period that you have configured, the shutter will be corrected regularly. • Manual: Correct the shutter by yourself.
	FFC Period	You can configure this parameter only when FFC Mode is set to be Auto . Adjust time gap of correcting the shutter automatically.
	Do FFC	Click Do FFC to trigger the shutter correcting for this time.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

5.2.4 Configuring Burning Warning

When the lenses are watching directly towards the sun and face the potential burning, an alarm will be triggered, and the Camera will automatically turn to other positions to avoid.



This function is available on select models.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Burning Warning**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Configure **Sensitivity** and **Energy Threshold**.

Figure 5-16 Burning warning

Table 5-4 Description of burning warning parameters

Parameter	Description
Sensitivity	Sensitivity for the Camera to recognize whether the lenses are watching towards the sun. The larger the value is, the easier the Camera will be to recognize the sun.
Energy Threshold	Filters the targets with low temperature. The larger the value is, the harder the alarm will be triggered.

Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.2.5 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function**.

Figure 5-17 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click

Related Operations

- Click to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

5.2.6 Configuring Temperature Measurement Parameters

Configure temperature measurement rules and when alarm conditions are met, an alarm will be triggered.

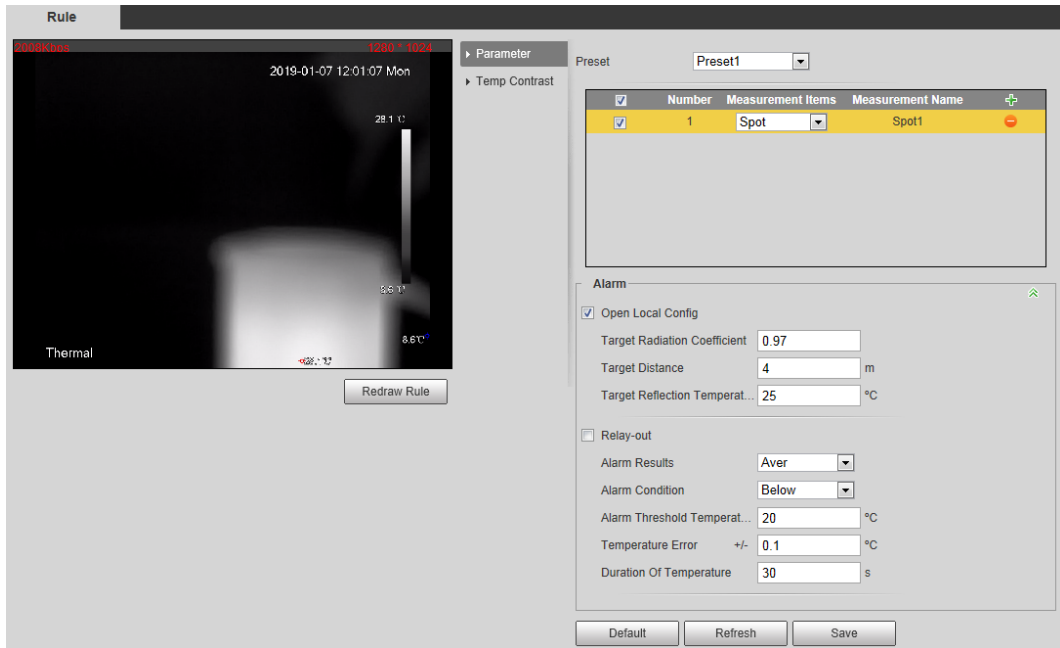
5.2.6.1 Configuring Temperature Measuring Rules

You can set multiple regular temperature measurement rules, including spot, line, polygon, rectangle and ellipse. Based on the configured temperature measurement rules, you can calculate the temperature of each spot according to the gray value of each pixel in the regular area, and the


maximum temperature, minimum temperature and average temperature will be displayed.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Temperature > Rule > Parameter.**

Figure 5-18 Parameter



Step 2 Configure temperature measurement parameters.

- 1) Select the preset.
- 2) Click  to add a rule.
- 3) Double-click the added rule to select measurement items and edit the measurement name.
- 4) Draw the rules.

Select **Measurement Items** as **Spot**, and you can click a position on the surveillance image and a spot is formed.

Select **Measurement Items** as **Line, Rectangle** or **Ellipse**, and you can hold the left mouse button to draw rules that you need on the surveillance image.

Select **Measurement Items** as **Polygon**, and you can hold the left mouse button to draw rules that you need on the surveillance image. Right-click to end your drawing.



- You can draw 12 rules at most.
- Select a rule that you have drawn and click **Redraw Rule**. Then you can delete the rule and draw a new one.


- 5) Select the **Open Local Config** checkbox and configure parameters.

Table 5-5 Description of local configuration parameter

Parameters	Description
Target Radiation Coefficient	Radiation coefficient of targets that are shot by this Camera. It ranges from 0.5 to 1.
Target Distance	Distance from the Camera to targets that are shot. It ranges from 0 m to 10000 m.
Target Reflection Temperature	Temperature of targets that are shot by this Camera. It ranges from -50 °C to +327.7 °C.

- 6) Select the **Relay-out** checkbox and configure the parameters.

Table 5-6 Description of relay-out parameter

Parameter	Description
Alarm Results	<p>The display items of temperature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select Measurement Items as Spot, and average temperature and temperature slope will be displayed. • Select Measurement Items as Line, Rectangle, Ellipse or Polygon, and maximum/minimum/average temperature, temperature slope and temperature difference are displayed.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temperature difference refers to the difference between maximum and minimum temperatures under rules you have set. • Temperature slope refers to the change rate of the average temperature with the configured rules.
Alarm Condition	Set alarm conditions, covering Below, Match and Above .
Alarm Threshold Temperature	It ranges from -40 °C to +550 °C. You can set this value when you select Alarm Results as Max, Min, Aver, or Temperature Difference .
Temperature Slope	The temperature difference in each minute. Ranges from -600 °C/min to +600 °C/min. You can set this value when you select Alarm Results as Slope .
Temperature Error	Set a temperature error value and if the alarm threshold temperature or temperature slope is within the value that you have set, alarms will still be triggered. It ranges from -10 °C to +10 °C.
Duration of Temperature	You can set the duration of abnormal temperature after which alarms will be triggered. It ranges from 0-1000 s.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

You can view temperature changes under the rules that you have configured.

5.2.6.2 Configuring Temperature Contrast

Compares temperature of the selected spots, lines or area and displays comparison results on the live page.

Prerequisites

You have configured at least two temperature measurement rules. For details, see "5.2.6.1 Configuring Temperature Measuring Rules".

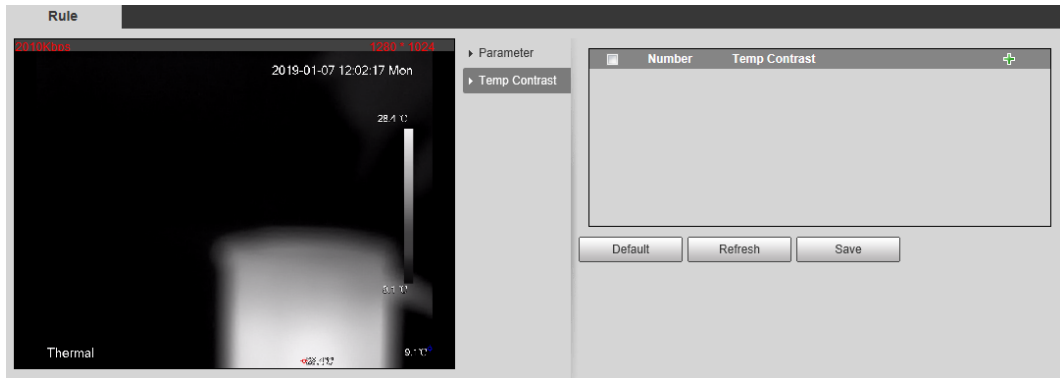
Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Temperature > Rule > Temp Contrast**.

Step 2 Set temperature contrast rules


1) Click  to add a temperature contrast rule.

Figure 5-19 Add temperature contrast rules



- 2) Double-click to add a temperature contrast rule.
- 3) Set alarm parameters.

Table 5-7 Description of temperature contrast parameters

Parameter	Description
Alarm Results	<p>You can select from the following three options to determine a standard of triggering an alarm.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Average temperature: Compares average temperatures of two rules. ● Maximum temperature: Compares maximum temperatures of two rules. ● Minimum temperature: Compares minimum temperatures of two rules. <p> When one of the two rules refers to a spot, both maximum temperature and minimum temperature are actually average temperature.</p>
Alarm Condition	Contains Lower , Matched and Higher .
Alarm Threshold Temperature	Temperature of triggering an alarm. It ranges from 0–550 °C.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

On the live image, you can view temperature contrast results of the select objects.

5.2.6.3 Configuring Global Setup

After enabling the temperature measurement rules, the configured rules take effect, and the rules are displayed on the live view.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Temperature > Global Setup**.

Step 2 Configure the global setup parameters.

Figure 5-20 Global setup

Table 5-8 Parameter description of global setup

Parameter	Description
Temperature Switch	Select the checkbox to enable this function.
Temperature Unit	Includes °C and °F.
Relative Humidity	Relative humidity of environment. Ranges from 0RH–100%RH.
Atmospheric Temperature	Temperature of our environment. Ranges from –50 °C to 327.7 °C.
Target Radiation Coefficient	Set Radiation coefficient of targets that are shot by this Camera. Ranges from 0.5–1.
Target Distance	Distance from the Camera to targets that are shot. Ranges from 0 m–10,000 m.
Target Reflection Temperature	The temperature radiation of the objects around the target. It reflects to the Camera through target surface to affect the test results.
Advanced	Configure the Isotherm function as needed. For details, see "5.2.9 Isotherm".

Step 3 Click **Save**.

Result

After successfully configuration, you can view the results on the live view.

Figure 5-21 Temperature switch



5.2.7 Configuring Temperature Alarm

When the temperature meets the defined alarm condition, an alarm is triggered and the Camera performs alarm linkage.

Prerequisites

You have set the temperature measurement rules. See "5.2.6 Configuring Temperature Measurement Parameters" for detailed operation.



This function is available on models with temperature measurement function.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Temperature Alarm**.
- Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.
Configure the threshold of temperature alarm in **Setting > Temperature > Rule > Parameter**. The Camera will perform alarm according to the configuration.

Figure 5-22 Temperature alarm

Temperature Alarm

Enable

Period

Anti-Dither Sec. (0~100)

Record

Record Delay Sec. (10~300)

Relay-out

Alarm Delay Sec. (10~300)

Send Email

PTZ

Snapshot

Step 3 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.2.8 Verification

After configuration, enable **Temperature Alarm**, **Prompt**, and **Play Alarm Tone**. When an alarm is triggered, the Camera prompts and records alarm according to the actual situation.

Step 1 Click the **Alarm** tab.

Step 2 Select **Temperature Alarm**.

Figure 5-23 Alarm

Alarm Type

Motion Detection Disk Full

Disk Error Video Tampering

External Alarm Illegal Access

Audio Detection IVS

Heat Burning Warning

Temperature Alarm Temperature Different

Temp Early Warning Hot Spot Warning

Cold Spot Warning Security Exception

Operation


Prompt

Alarm Tone

Play Alarm Tone

Tone Path

Step 3 (Optional) Select **Prompt**, and the system prompts and records alarm information as needed.

- If you are not on the **Alarm** page when alarm events that you have subscribed are triggered,  is displayed on the **Alarm** tab and the alarm information will be recorded. Click the **Alarm** tab, and the sign disappears.
- If you are on the **Alarm** page when the selected alarm is triggered, there will be detailed alarm information displayed at the right side of the page.

Step 4 (Optional) Select the **Play Alarm Tone** checkbox, and select an audio file.

System would play the audio file that you have selected, when the subscribed alarm events are triggered.



Click **Clear** to remove all the alarm information.

5.2.9 Isotherm

Stands out the temperature range of the image.

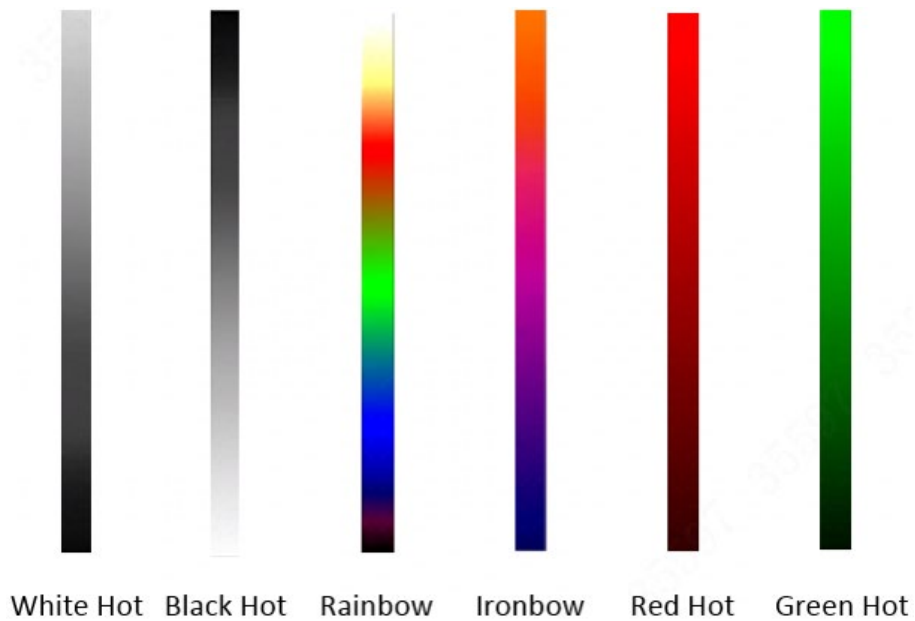
- Isotherm: Used to highlight an object in images of high brightness. Isotherm is based on median temperature, with highest temperature and lowest temperature as its range. The part of an object whose temperature is higher than min limit temperature will be represented in a bright color and the part of an object whose temperature is lower than min limit temperature will be represented in a black/white color. After enabling Isotherm, you have to make sure that min limit temperature \leq max limit temperature \leq ceiling temperature \leq saturation temperature.
- Color Code: Enable this function, and a color code is displayed on the right side of surveillance images to show the change of color between minimum temperature and maximum temperature.

The Camera is equipped with a color palette. Different from the traditional palette, the palette can correspond to the temperature, and different colors correspond to different temperature ranges. Different temperature ranges are displayed in different colors, thus realizing the isotherm display function. There are two types of palettes for displaying different temperatures. You can determine which type of palette to use by the color bars in the image.

Colored palettes

All the colors in the selected palette are used to color the image, but they cannot highlight the temperature. The vertical color bar in the image displays the selected palette.

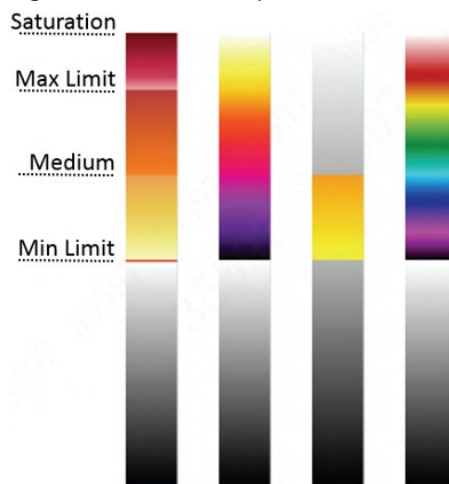
Figure 5-24 Colored palettes



Isotherm palettes

The isotherm palette can be used to isolate the predetermined temperature. The vertical color bar in the image displays the selected palettes and the input temperature standard. When exceeding the configured temperature standard, the target will be highlighted according to the configured color of the tone.

Figure 5-25 Isotherm palettes



For example, you have configured temperature limit for the target, all areas with temperature exceeding this configured threshold will be highlighted with specific colors. After receiving the alarm, you can quickly determine the alarm source through the isotherm image.

Figure 5-26 Isotherm



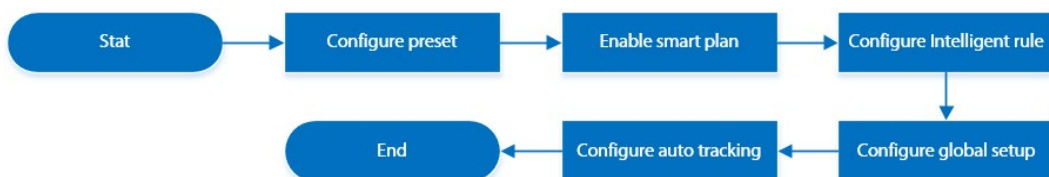
5.3 Configuring IVS

5.3.1 Scene-Selecting Requirements

- The target should occupy no more than 10% of the whole image.
- The target size in the image should be no more than 10×10 pixels. The size of abandoned object in the image should be no less than 15×15 pixels (CIF image). The target height and width should be no more less than a third of the image height and width. The recommended target height is 10% of the image height.
- The brightness difference of the target and the background should be no less than 10 gray levels.
- The target should be continuously present in the image for no less than 2 seconds, and the moving distance should be larger than its width and no less than 15 pixels (CIF image) at the same time.
- Reduce the complexity of surveillance scene as much as you can. Intelligent analysis functions are not recommended to be used in scene with dense targets and frequent illumination change.
- Avoid areas such as glass, reflective ground, water surface, and areas interfered by branch, shadow and mosquito. Avoid backlight scene and direct light. Control image proportion of objects that are with high relative ambient temperature.

5.3.2 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-27 Configuration Flow



5.3.3 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **PTZ** > **Function**.

Figure 5-28 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click

Related Operations

- Click to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

5.3.4 Configuring Smart Plan

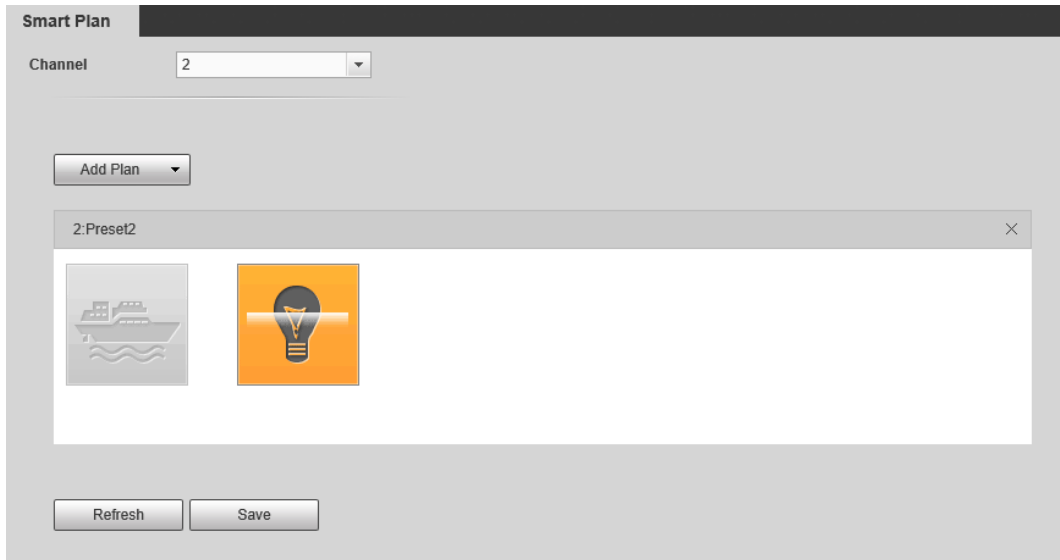
You need to enable smart plan before intelligent rules function.



We recommend white hot or black hot for IVS. For details see For example, you have configured temperature limit "6.1.1.2 Configuring Thermal Image".


Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Smart Thermal** > **Smart Plan**.

Figure 5-29 Smart Plan



Step 2 Select a preset in **Add Plan**.

A solution corresponding to presets is displayed.

Step 3 Click  on the **Smart Plan** page.

You might need to disable other smart plans before enabling it.



- The icon that you have selected will be lighted.
- Click the icon again to cancel the smart plan.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.3.5 Configuring Intelligent Rules

Set rule for IVS, including tripwire and intrusion.

Background Information

For the functions and applications of the rules, see Table 5-9. This section uses configuring tripwire as an example.

Table 5-9 Description of IVS functions

Rule	Description	Applicable Scene
Tripwire	When the target crosses tripwire from the defined motion direction, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs configured alarm linkages.	Scenes with sparse targets and no occlusion among targets, such as the perimeter protection of unattended area.
Intrusion	When the target enters, leaves, or appears in the detection area, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs configured alarm linkages.	

Procedure

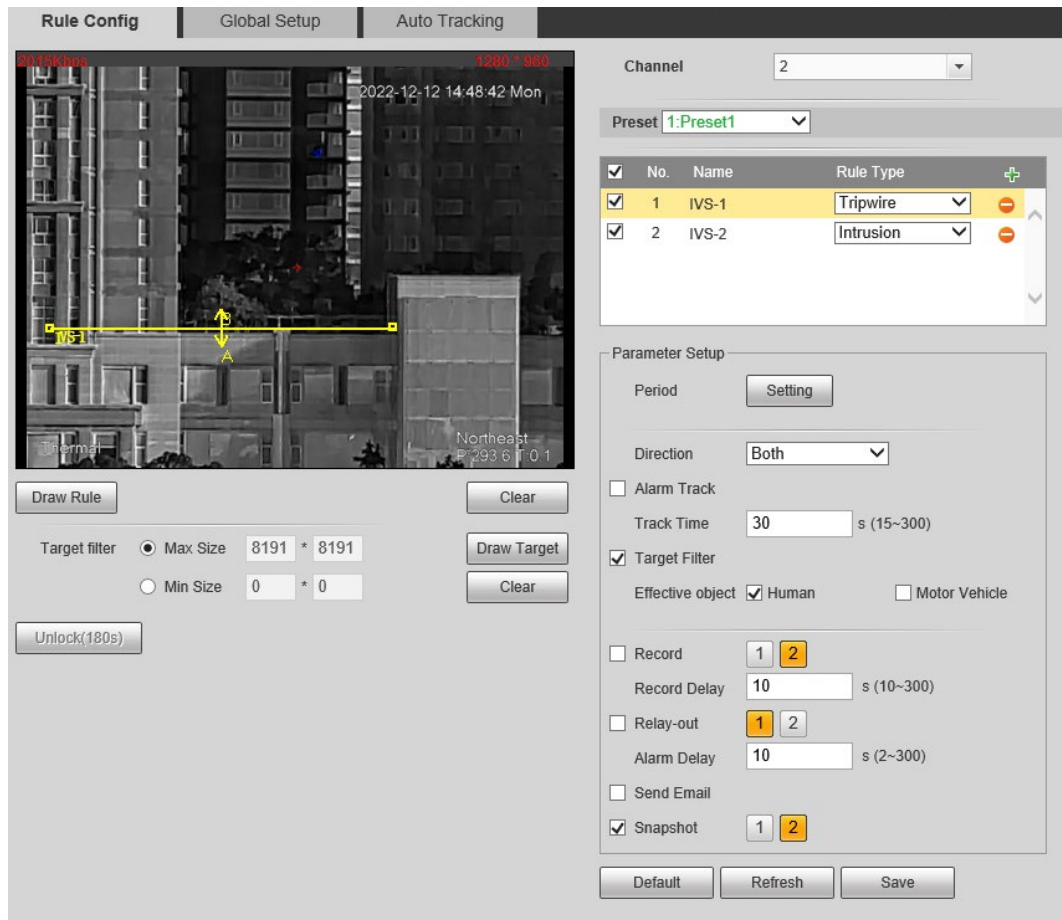
Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > IVS > Rule Config**.



After entering the **Rule Config** page, the PTZ locking function is automatically enabled.

The locking time is 180 seconds. During the locking period, you can only control the PTZ manually. Click **Unlock** at the lower-left corner of the **Rule Config** page to manually unlock the PTZ. Click again after unlocking to re-lock the PTZ.

Figure 5-30 Rule configuration



Step 2 Select the channel.

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the rule for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the rule for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Select the preset.



The preset with the smart plan enabled is green.

Step 4 Click **+** to add a rule.

Step 5 Double-click the added rule to edit the rule name, and select **tripwire** as the type.

Step 6 Click **Draw Rule** to draw a rule line in the image. Right-click to finish drawing. After finishing drawing, drag the ends of the line to adjust the detection areas.

- Tripwire: Draw a detection line.
- Intrusion: Draw a detection area.



Click **Clear** to delete the drawn rule.

Step 7 (Optional) Select **Max Size** or **Min Size**, click **Draw Target**, and then drag the corners of the filter box to make the box larger or smaller.



Click **Clear** to delete all drawn detection lines.

Step 8 Configure the parameters.

Table 5-10 Description of IVS parameters

Parameter	Description
Direction	Set the direction of rule detection. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When setting tripwire, select A->B, B->A, or A<->B.• When setting intrusion, select Enter, Exit, or Both.
Action	When setting intrusion action, select Appears or Cross .
Alarm tracking	Select Alarm Tracking to enable this function. When an alarm is triggered, the Camera automatically tracks the person or object that triggers the alarm. For details, see "5.3.7 Configuring Auto Tracking".
Track Time	Select Alarm Track and set the tracking time. When an alarm is triggered, the Camera automatically tracks the person or object that triggers the alarm. Tracking time is the duration that the Camera automatically tracks the object.
Target Filter	Select Target Filter to enable this function. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When you select Human as the alarm target, an alarm will be triggered when the system detects persons triggering the rule.• When you select Motor Vehicle as the alarm target, alarm will be triggered when the system detects vehicle triggering the rule.

Step 9 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 10 Click **Save**.

If you want to view the alarm details on the **Alarm** page, subscribe alarm information. For details, see "4.5.2 Subscribing Alarm Information".

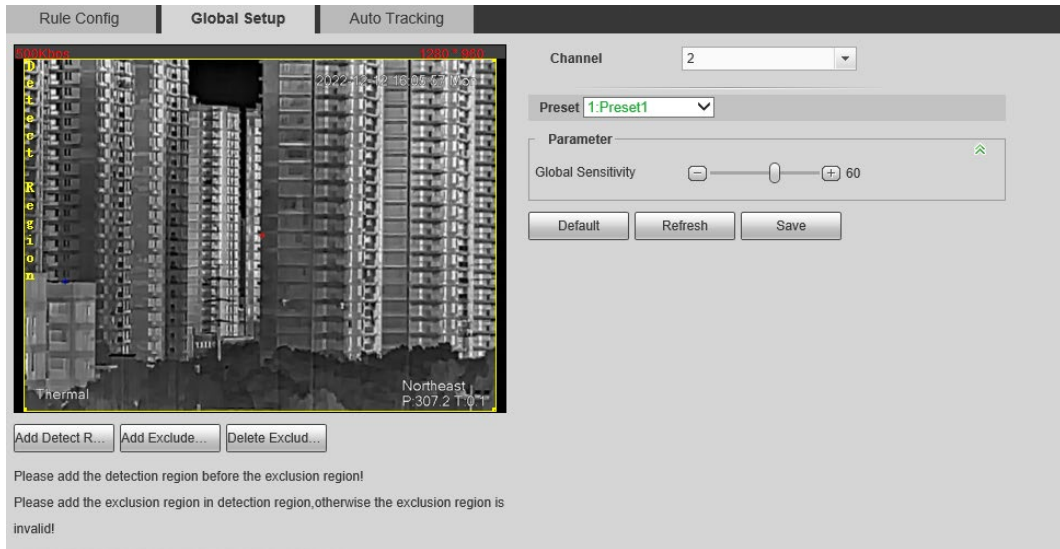
5.3.6 Configuring Global Setup

Configure global rules for IVS. You can draw the detection area and exclusion areas. When the configured rules are triggered in the detection areas (out of the exclusion areas), an alarm will be triggered. For the thermal channel, you can also configure the sensitivity.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > IVS > Global Setup**.

Figure 5-31 Global setup



Step 2 Select the channel.

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the rule for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the rule for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Select a preset in **Preset** bar.

The Camera turns to the position.

Step 4 Add detected area and excluded area.

- 1) Click **Add Detect Region** to draw a detected area on the image. Right-click to end drawing.



Click **Add Detect Region** again to re-draw.

- 2) Click **Add Exclude Region** to draw an excluded area on the monitoring image. Right-click to end drawing.



- Click **Delete Excluded Area** to delete the excluded area.
- An excluded area takes effect only when it has been drawn in the detected area.
- Multiple excluded areas can be drawn in the detected area.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.3.7 Configuring Auto Tracking

When an alarm is triggered in the detection region, the Camera automatically tracks the target triggering the alarm for a period.

Prerequisites

You have configured **Alarm Track** on the **Rule Config** page. For details, see "5.3.5 Configuring Intelligent Rules".

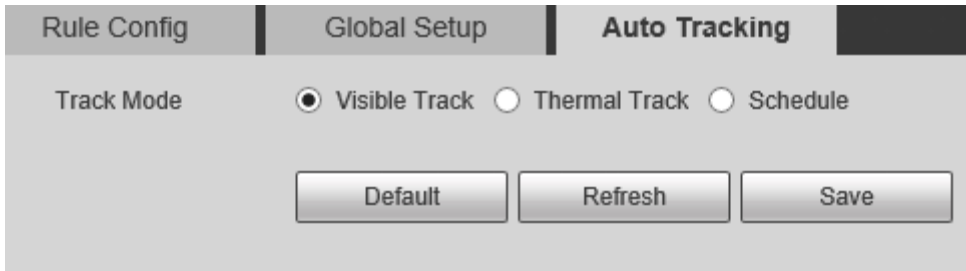
Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > IVS > Auto Tracking**.

Step 2 Select the tracking mode as needed.

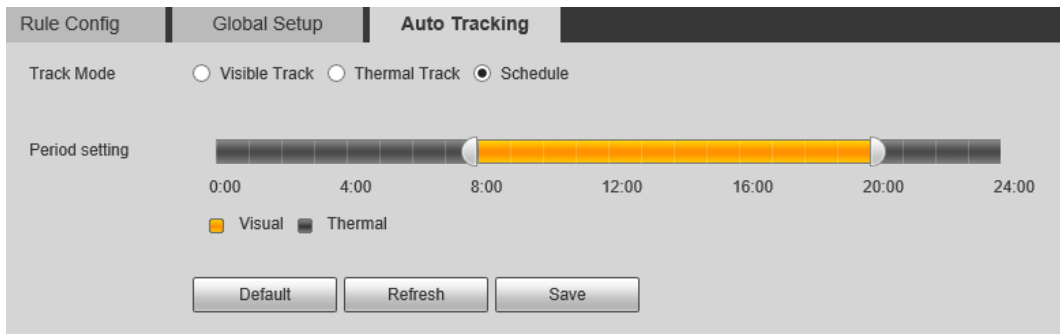
- Visible Track/Thermal Track: Select **Visible Track** or **Thermal Track**.

Figure 5-32 Auto tracking (1)



- Schedule: Select **Schedule**, and you can select the thermal or visible channel to track the target as need in different periods. For example, you can select the visible channel to track the target from 8:00 to 20:00, and the thermal channel to track the target from 20:01 to 8:00.

Figure 5-33 Auto tracking (2)



5.4 Call Detection

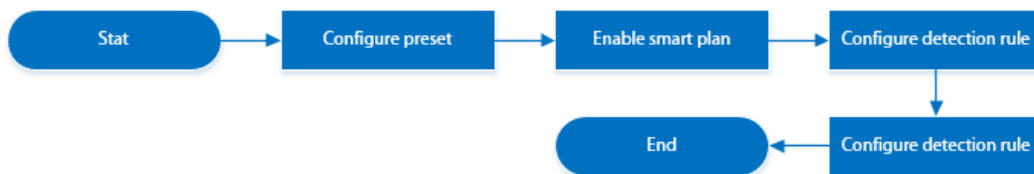
Configure call detection to help you monitor the calling behavior at locations such as gas stations. Once a calling is detected, alarm will be triggered.



This function is only available on the visible channel.

5.4.1 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-34 Configuration Flow



5.4.2 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select **Setting** > **PTZ** > **Function**.

Figure 5-35 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click

Related Operations

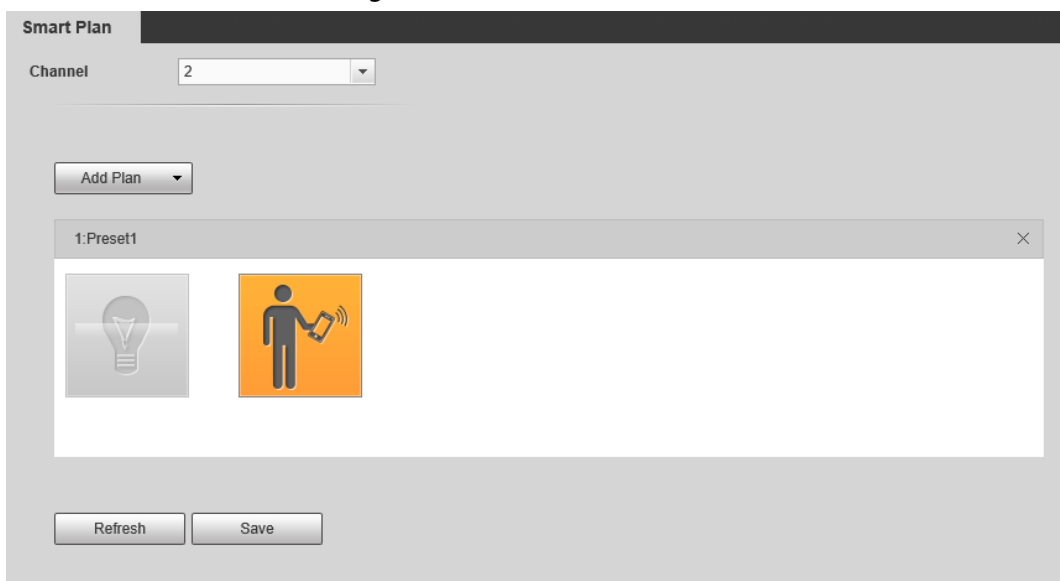
- Click to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

5.4.3 Configure Smart Plan

You need to enable smart plan before intelligent rules function.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Smart Plan**.


Figure 5-36 Smart Plan



Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Select a preset in **Add Plan**.

A solution corresponding to presets is displayed.

Step 4 Click  on the **Smart Plan** page.

You might need to disable other smart plans before enabling it.



- The icon you have selected will be lighted.
- Click the icon again to cancel the smart plan.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.4.4 Configure Call Detection

Configure the rule for calling in the visible channel. When a call action is detected, an alarm is triggered, and then the Camera performs linkages actions.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Call Detection**.

Step 2 Select the preset.



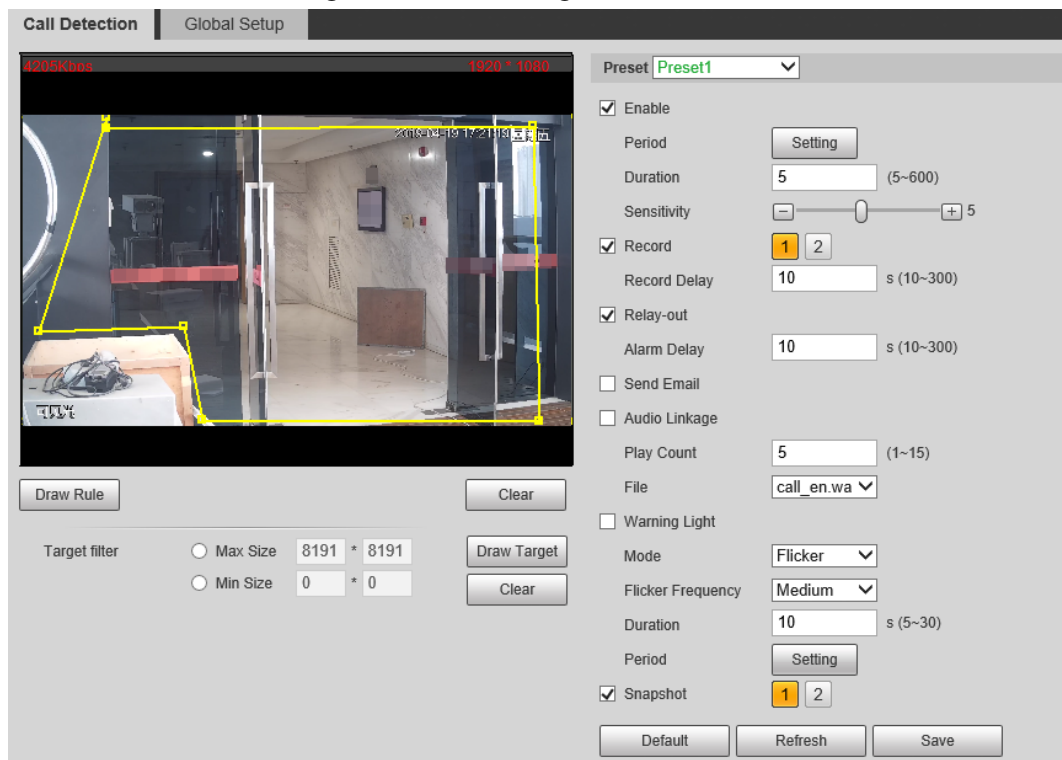
The preset with the smart plan enabled is green.

Step 3 Click **Draw Rule**, drag the corners of the rectangle to adjust the detection areas.



- The whole image is the detection area by default.
- Click **Clear** to delete the drawn rules.

Figure 5-37 Rule configuration



Step 4 (Optional) Select **Max Size** or **Min Size**, click **Draw Target**, and then drag the corners of the filter box to make the box larger or smaller.



Click **Clear** to delete all drawn detection lines.

- Step 5** Select **Enable**, and then set the interval and sensitivity.
- Interval: The time that calling behavior lasts. When the Camera detects the calling time beyond the configured value, an alarm is triggered.
 - Sensitivity: The larger the value is, the more sensitive the call detection is. However, setting the value too large might cause false alarm.
- Step 6** Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".
- Step 7** Click **Save**.

Result

According to the configured rules, when call action is detected in the detection area, an alarm is triggered, and the Camera performs linkage actions.

Click the **Alarm** tab on the main page, and then select **IVS**. When an alarm is triggered, you can view the details on the **Alarm** page.

5.4.5 Configuring Global Setup

Configure global rules for call detection. You can draw the detection area and exclusion areas. When the configured rules are triggered in the detection areas (out of the exclusion areas), an alarm will be triggered.

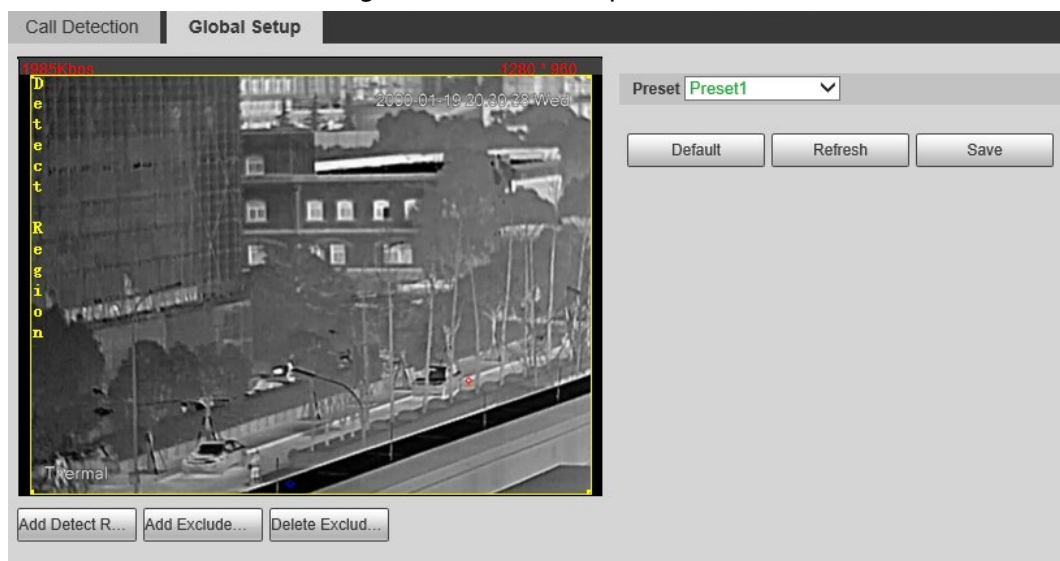
Procedure

- Step 1** Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Call Detection > Global Setup**.
- Step 2** Select the preset.



The preset with the smart plan enabled is green.

Figure 5-38 Global setup



- Step 3** Add detected area and excluded area.
- 1) Click **Add Detect Region** to draw a detected area on the image. Right-click to end

drawing.



Click **Add Detect Region** again to re-draw.

- 2) Click **Add Exclude Region** to draw an excluded area on the monitoring image. Right-click to end drawing.



- Click **Delete Exclude Region** to delete the excluded area.
- An excluded area takes effect only when it has been drawn in the detected area.
- Multiple excluded areas can be drawn in the detected area.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.5 Smoking Detection

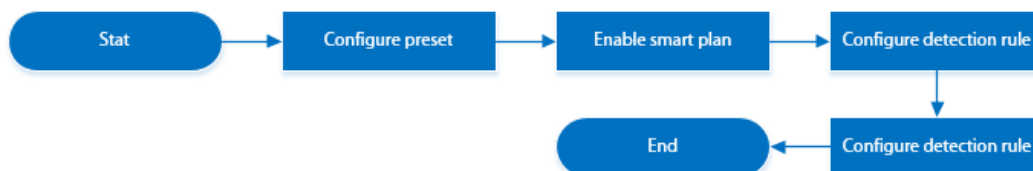
Configure global rules for smoking detection. You can draw the detection area and exclusion areas. When the configured rules are triggered in the detection areas (out of the exclusion areas), an alarm will be triggered.



This function is only available on the thermal channel.

5.5.1 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-39 Configuration Flow



5.5.2 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function**.

Figure 5-40 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click

Related Operations

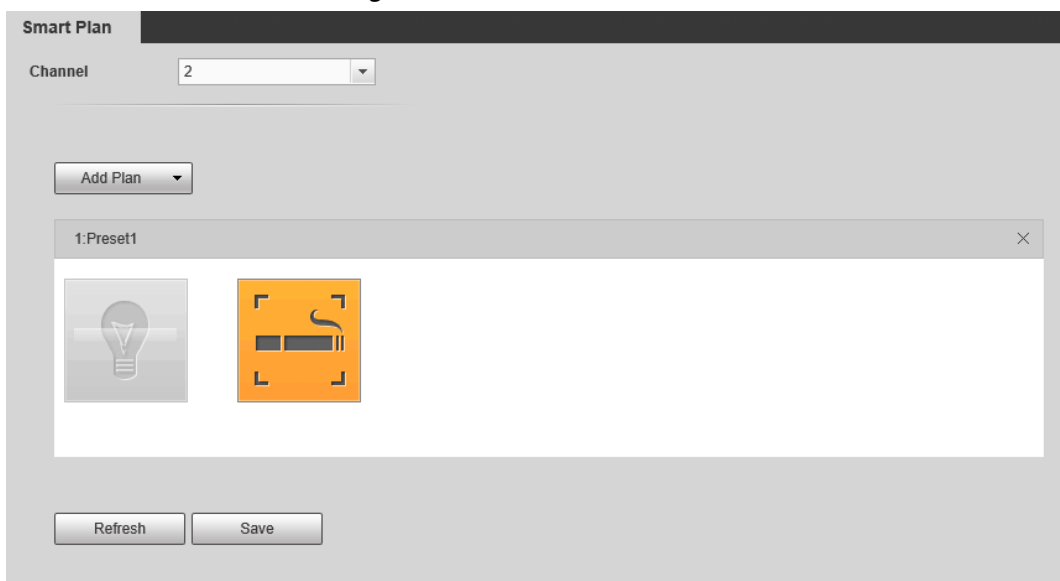
- Click to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

5.5.3 Configure Smart Plan

You need to enable smart plan before intelligent rules function.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Smart Plan**.

Figure 5-41 Smart Plan



Step 2 Select **2** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Select a preset in **Add Plan**.

A solution corresponding to presets is displayed.

Step 4 Click the icon  on the **Smart Plan** page.

You might need to disable other smart plans before enabling it.



- The icon you have selected will be lighted.
- Click the icon again to cancel the smart plan.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.5.4 Configure Smoking Detection

Configure the rule for smoking detection in the thermal channel. When a smoking action is detected, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs linkages such as recording, alarm output, sending email, and snapshot.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Smoking Detection**.

Step 2 Select the preset.



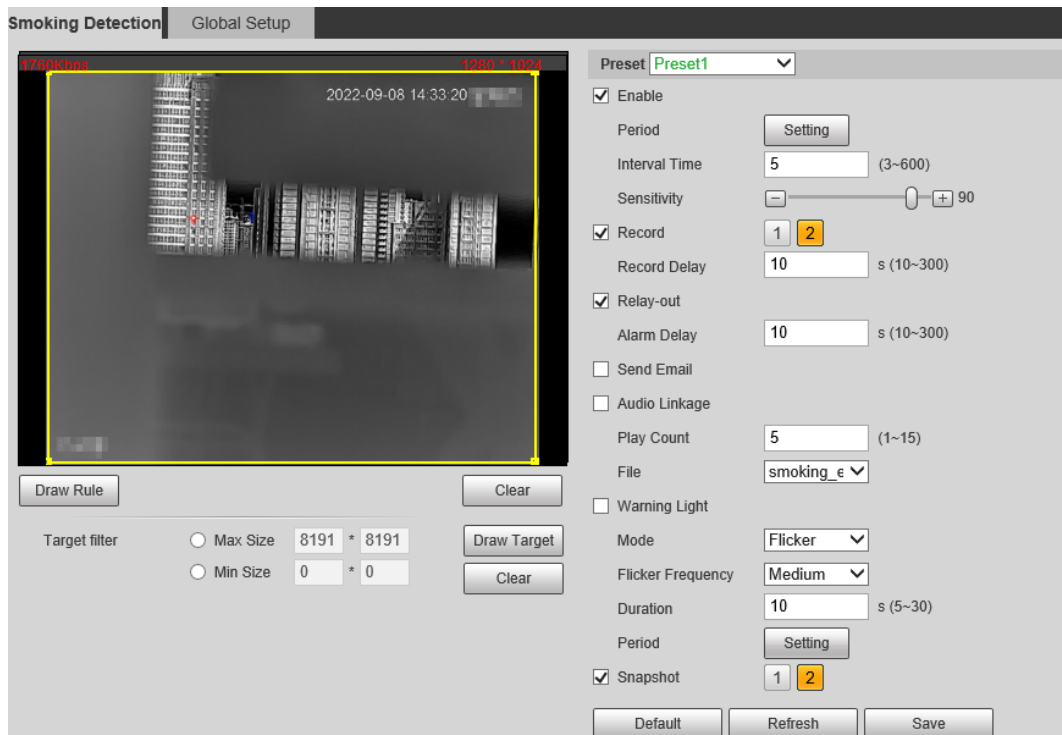
The preset with the smart plan enabled is green.

Step 3 Click **Draw Rule**, drag the corners of the rectangle to adjust the detection areas.



- The whole image is the detection area by default.
- Click **Clear** to delete the drawn rules.

Figure 5-42 Rule configuration



Step 4 (Optional) Select **Max Size** or **Min Size**, click **Draw Target**, and then drag the corners of filter box to make the box larger or smaller.



Click **Clear** to delete all drawn detection lines.

- Step 5** Select **Enable**, and then set the interval and sensitivity.
- Interval: The time that calling behavior lasts. When the Camera detects the calling time beyond the configured value, an alarm is triggered.
 - Sensitivity: The larger the value is, the more sensitive the call detection is. However, setting the value too large might cause false alarm.
- Step 6** Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".
- Step 7** Click **Save**.

Result

According to the configured rules, when call action is detected in the detection area, an alarm is triggered, and the Camera performs linkage actions.

Click the **Alarm** tab on the main page, and then select **IVS**. When an alarm is triggered, you can view the details on the **Alarm** page.

5.5.5 Configuring Global Setup

Configure global rules for smoking detection. You can draw the detection area and exclusion areas. When the configured rules are triggered in the detection areas (out of the exclusion areas), an alarm will be triggered.

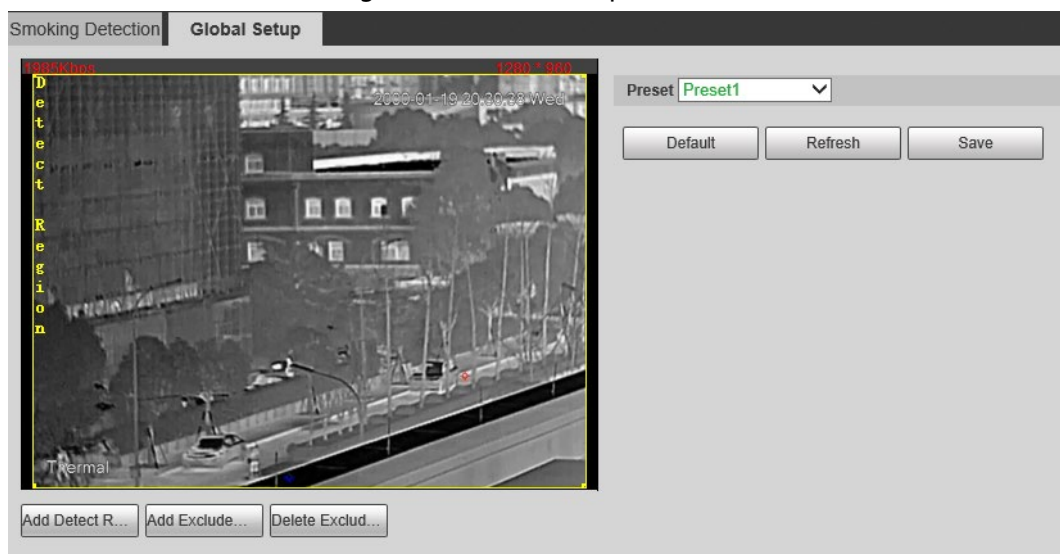
Procedure

- Step 1** Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Smoking Detection > Global Setup**.
- Step 2** Select the preset.



The preset with the smart plan enabled is green.

Figure 5-43 Global setup



- Step 3** Add detected area and excluded area.
- 1) Click **Add Detect Region** to draw a detected area on the image. Right-click to end drawing.



Click **Add Detect Region** again to re-draw.

- 2) Click **Add Exclude Region** to draw an excluded area on surveillance image. Right-click to end drawing.



- Click **Delete Exclude Region** to delete the excluded area.
- An excluded area takes effect only when it has been drawn in the detected area.
- Multiple excluded areas can be drawn in the detected area.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.6 Boat Detection

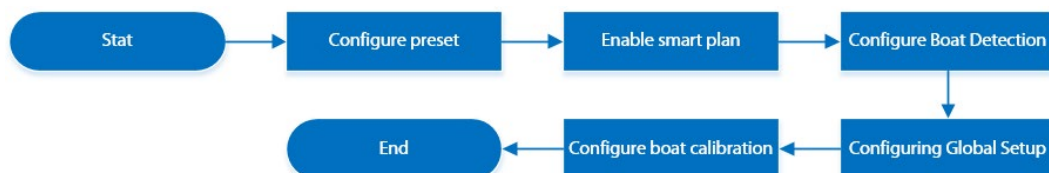
Detects boats in the detection area, and detects the boat parameters such as speed, height and distance. After configuring the rule, when a boat is detected crossing the rule line or area, an alarm is triggered, and the Camera performs linkage actions.

5.6.1 Note

- Install the Camera (with looking down) on a high point to avoid obstruction in the scanning range and direct sunlight. Ensure that there is no interference during device rotation and pitching. The recommended installation height is 10-40 m.
- We recommend angle steel tower for tower mount. Install the Camera on the top of the tower to avoid the obstruction from the tower. When installing on the side, the iron tower/wall will cause a detection blind area, which is not conducive to boat detection.
- The Camera should be installed horizontally to avoid the slope of the base, to ensure the accurate calibration function of the boat. We recommend you use two nuts and spring washers at each hole of the PTZ to make the tower steady, so that the Camera keeps horizontal.
- Make sure that the mounting surface can sustain at least 8 times the weight of the Camera and its mounting structural components. The heavy PTZ (the weight of bare machines is about 40–70 kg) should be installed on the installation plane that can sustain more than 1 T weight.

5.6.2 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-44 Configuration Flow



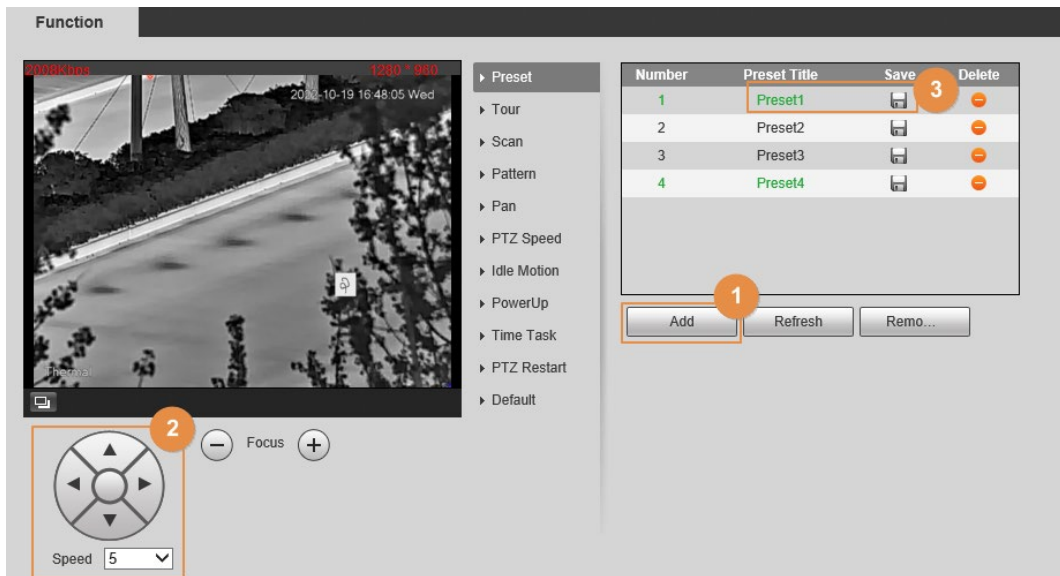
5.6.3 Configuring Preset

Preset means a certain position that the Camera can make quick orientation to. It includes PTZ pan and tilt angles, camera focus, and location.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ > Function**.

Figure 5-45 Preset



Step 2 Configure preset.

- 1) Click **Add** to add a new preset.
- 2) Operate the PTZ control panel to move the camera lens to a specific direction that you need.
- 3) Double-click **Preset Title** to modify the title of the preset.
- 4) click

Related Operations

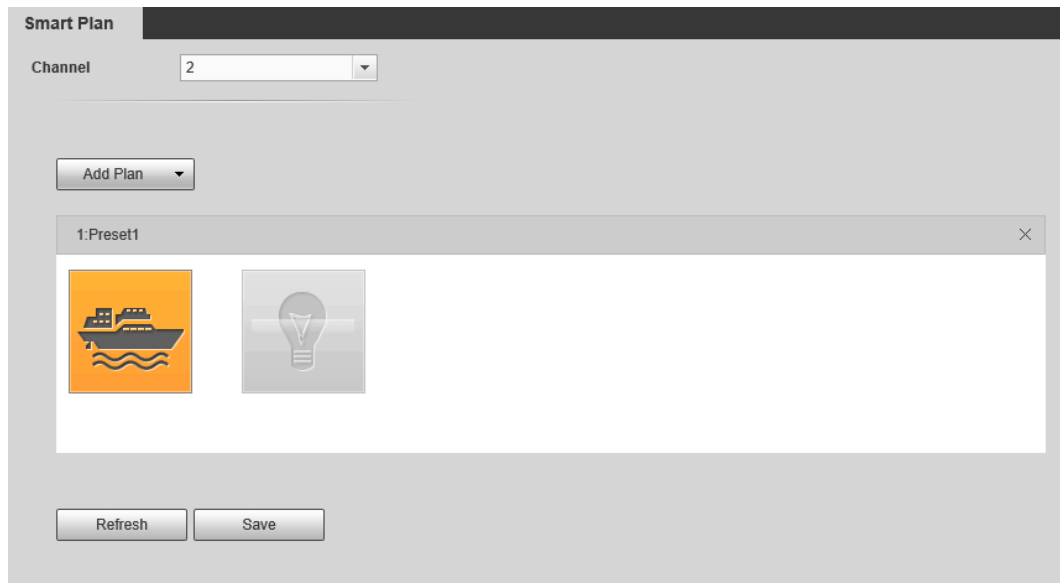
- Click to delete a preset.
- Click **Delete** to delete all the presets that you have added.

5.6.4 Configure Smart Plan

You need to enable smart plan before intelligent rules function.


Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Smart Plan**.

Figure 5-46 Smart Plan



Step 2 Select a preset in **Add Plan**.

A solution corresponding to presets is displayed.

Step 3 Click  on the **Smart Plan** page.

You might need to disable other smart plans before enabling it.



- The icon you have selected will be lighted.
- Click the icon again to cancel the smart plan.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.6.5 Configuring Boat Detection

Configure tripwire and intrusion and the linked actions.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Boat Detection > Boat Detection**.

Step 2 Select a preset.

Step 3 Add a detection rule. For details, see "5.3.5 Configuring Intelligent Rules".

- Tripwire: We recommend you select **Both** in **Direction**.
- Intrusion: This is the common function of boat detection. When setting the detection range, adjust the detection box to make it fit and cover the detection basin, to reduce false alarms caused by objects on the shore.

Step 4 Filter targets.

In the closed fishing project, 3-10 m fishing boats are usually used for illegal fishing, and the size of the target boat is relatively fixed. Using the target filtering function can reduce the false alarm caused by large boats passing normally.

Click **Draw Target** next to **Target Filter** to draw the filtering box for this rule on the image. Draw the filter box according to the actual boat size in the image. The target boat size is between the maximum size and the minimum size.

Figure 5-47 Boat Detection (tripwire)

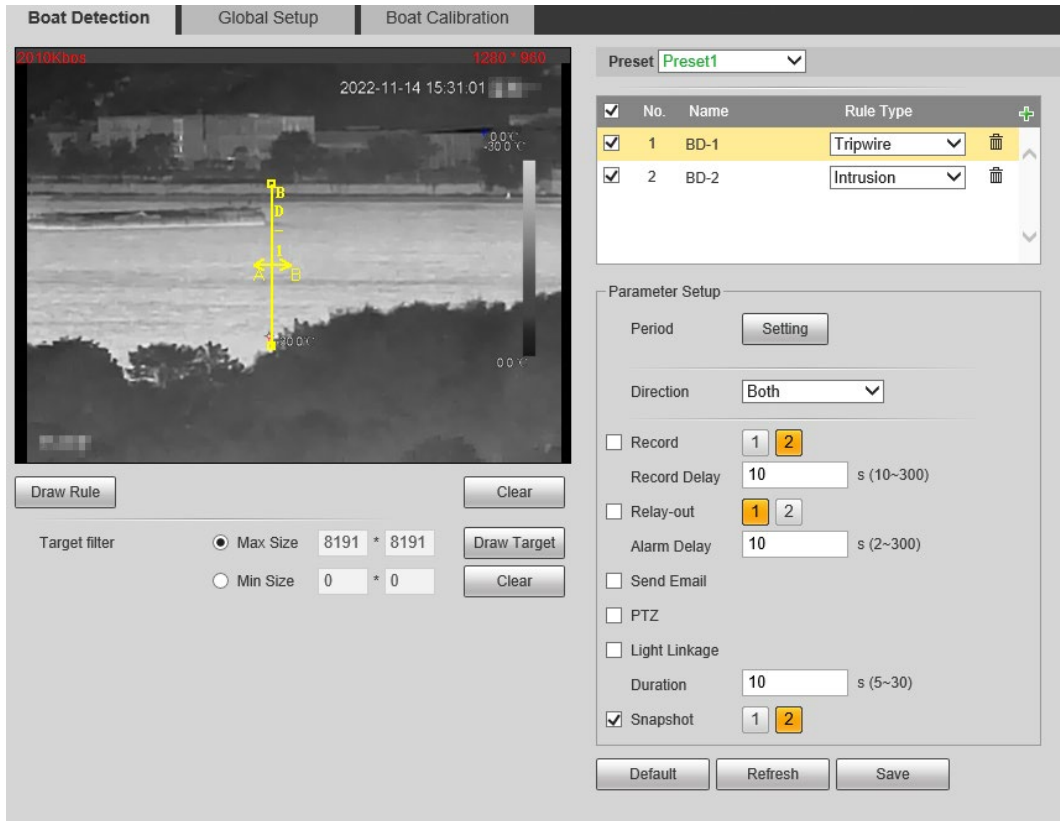
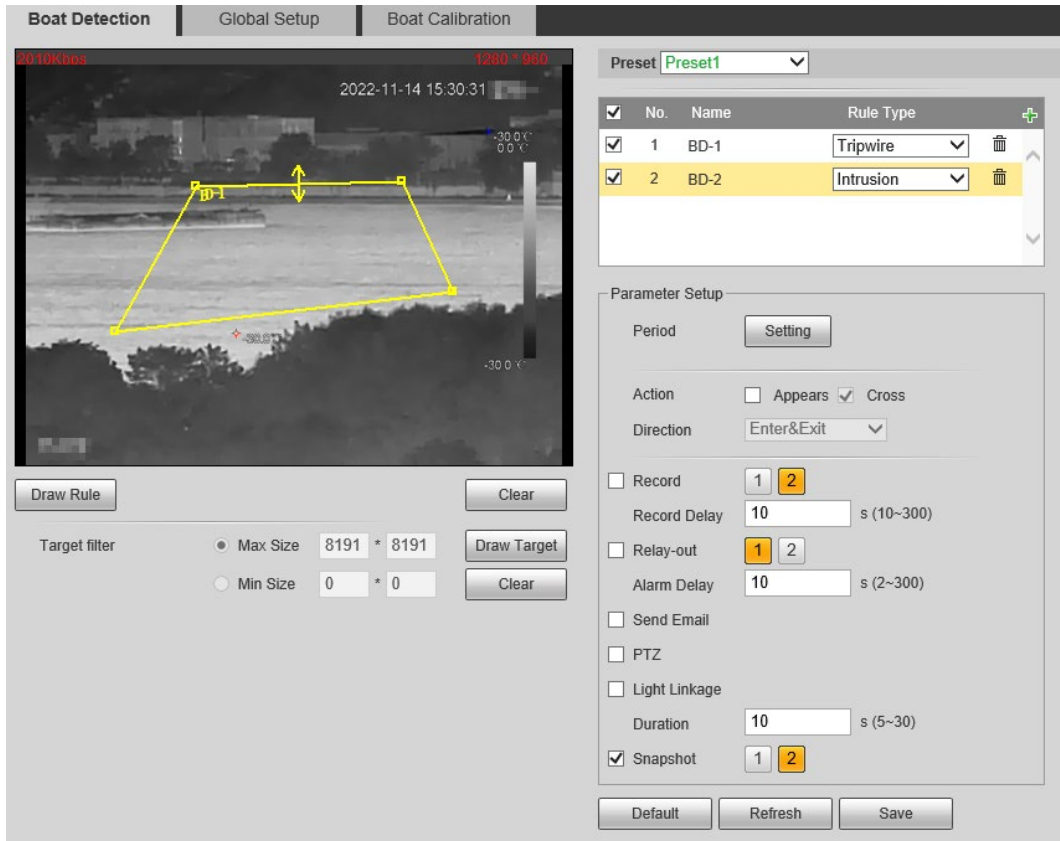


Figure 5-48 Boat Detection (intrusion)



Step 5 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 6 Click **Save**.

Result

According to the configured rules, when a boat is detected crossing the rule line or area, an alarm is triggered, and the Camera performs linkage actions.

Click the **Alarm** tab on the main page, and then select **IVS**. When an alarm is triggered, you can view the details on the **Alarm** page.

5.6.6 Configuring Global Setup

Enable the **Boat Info Display** function on the **Global Setup** page.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Boat Detection > Global Setup**.

Step 2 Select a preset.

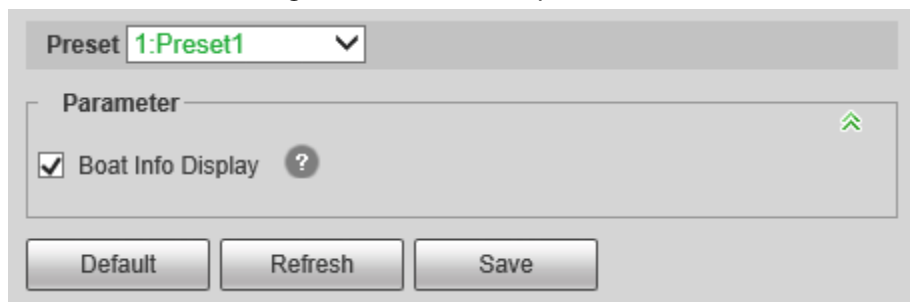
Step 3 Select the **Boat Info Display** checkbox, and configure the sensitivity.

Boat information such as length, height, distance and speed will be displayed on the live page.



Make sure that you have finished boat calibration; otherwise boat information such as length, height, distance and speed are displayed as 0. For details, see "5.6.7 Configuring Boat Calibration".

Figure 5-49 Global setup



5.6.7 Configuring Boat Calibration

According to calibrated ruler and its corresponding actual distance, determines the relationship between the two-dimensional image obtained by the device and the three-dimensional real object.

Prerequisites

Before calibration, make sure that you have selected the reference object with known length and parallel to the ground.

Procedure


Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Boat Detection > Global Calibration**.


Step 2 Select a calibration object, and configure the parameters.

1. Configure the installation height, calibration distance, and calibration object length.

Table 5-11 Parameter description

Parameter	Description
Installation Height	The distance between the Camera and the ground.

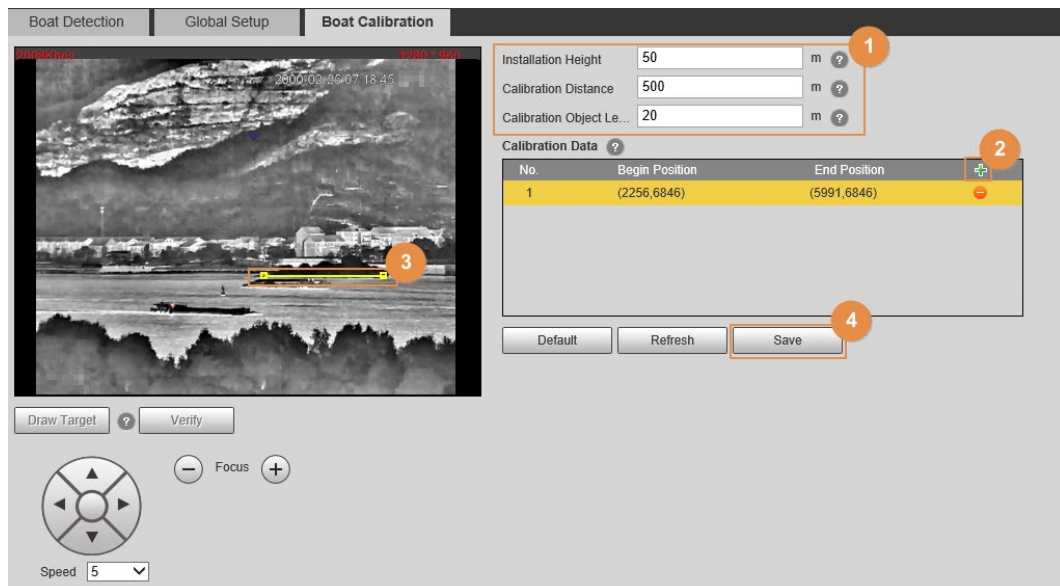
Parameter	Description
Calibration Distance	The distance between the Camera and the calibration object.
Calibration Object Length	The length of the object to be calibrated.  The calibration object can be a boat or any object on the horizontal plane with known length.

2. Click .
3. Calibrate on the image.
Calibrate the objects with known length from beginning to end.



- We recommend you add 8 pieces of calibration data.
- For Camera without zoom function, use a horizontal line to draw the calibration object from beginning to end to calibrate 8 pieces of data; for Camera with zoom function, draw the calibration object from beginning to end with the different zoom rates to calibrate 8 pieces of data.

Figure 5-50 Boat calibration



Step 3 Click **Save**.

5.7 Configuring Heat Warning

This function should be used with PTZ pan, and the coverage area is area that the thermal channel covers.

5.7.1 Note

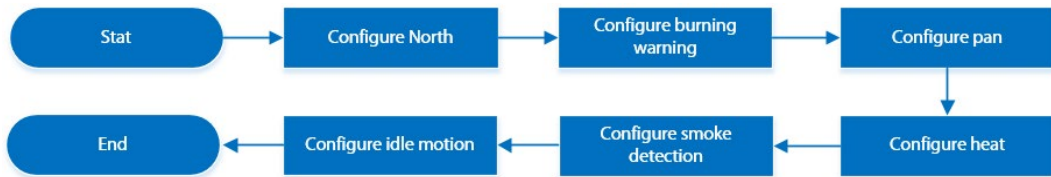
- Install the Camera (with looking down) on a high point to avoid obstruction in the scanning range and direct sunlight. Ensure that there is no interference in device rotation and pitching. The recommended installation height is 10-40 m.
- We recommend angle steel tower for tower mount. Install the Camera on the top of the tower to

avoid the obstruction from the tower. When installing on the side, the iron tower/wall will cause a detection blind area, which is not conducive to heat detection.

- The Camera should be installed horizontally to avoid the slope of the base, to ensure the accurate calibration function of the heat point. We recommend you use two nuts and spring washers at each hole of the PTZ to make the tower steady, so that the Camera keeps horizontal.
- Make sure that the mounting surface can sustain at least 8 times the weight of the Camera and its mounting structural components. The heavy PTZ (the weight of bare machines is about 40–70 kg) should be installed on the installation plane that can sustain more than 1T weight.

5.7.2 Configuration Flow

Figure 5-51 Configuration Flow



5.7.3 Configuring North

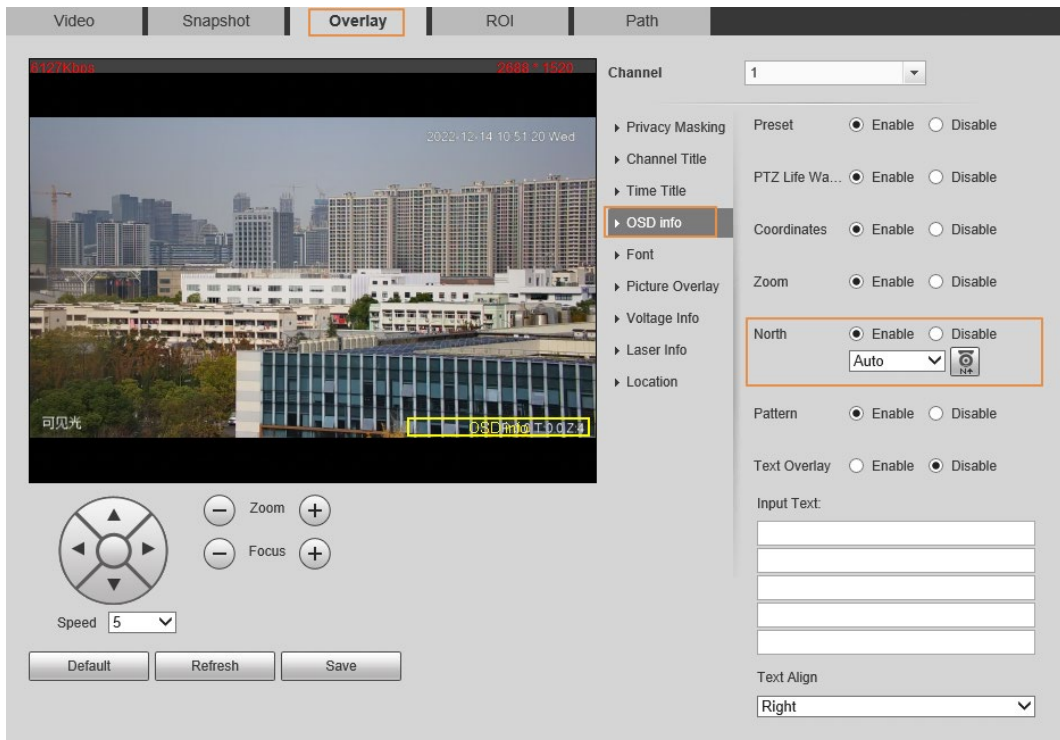
The north orientation of PTZ will affect the heat point positioning accuracy of the platform. The Camera supports automatic north orientation and manual north orientation.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click **OSD Info**.


Figure 5-52 OSD Info



Step 4 Select the **Enable** checkbox of **North**, and then configure north.

- **Auto**: Select **Auto**, and then click . The Camera rotates automatically. Click **Save** after

the Camera stops rotation.

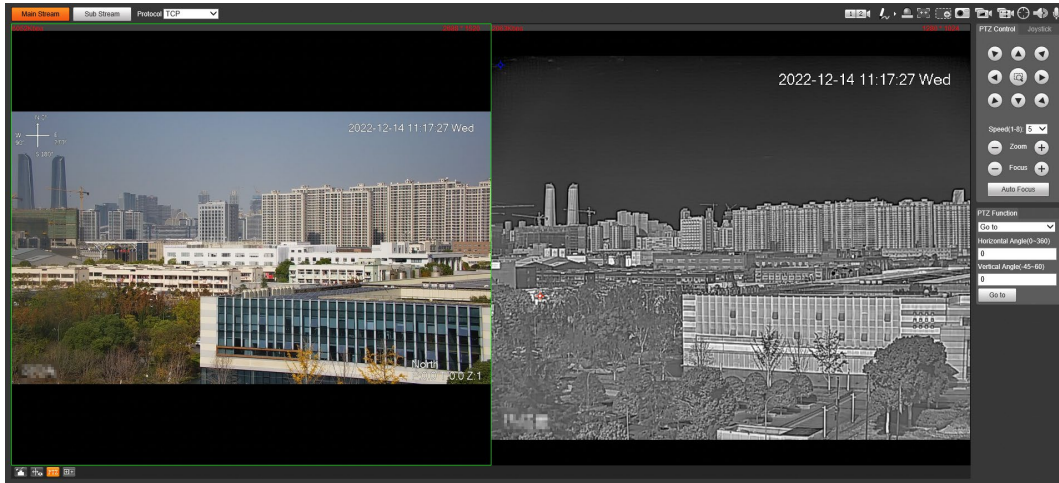
- Manual: Rotate the Camera lens to the north, select **Manual**, and then click .

Step 5 Verify North.

1. On the **Live** page, rotate the PTZ to any place, and then click **Go to**.
2. Enter 0 in **Horizontal Angle** and **Vertical Angle**.
3. Click **Go to**.

The Camera lens rotates to the North.

Figure 5-53 Verification



5.7.4 Configuring Burning Warning

When the lenses are watching directly towards the sun and face the potential burning, an alarm will be triggered, and the Camera will automatically turn to other positions to avoid.



This function is available on select models.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Event > Abnormality > Burning Warning**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Configure **Sensitivity** and **Energy Threshold**.

Figure 5-54 Burning warning

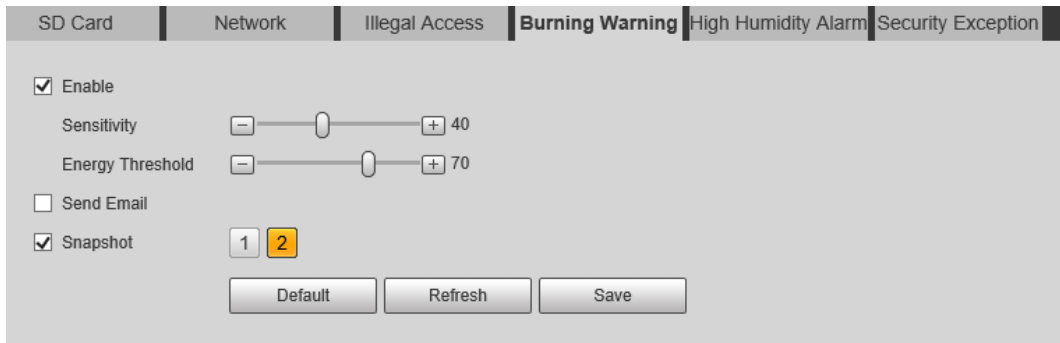


Table 5-12 Description of burning warning parameters

Parameter	Description
Sensitivity	Sensitivity for the Camera to recognize whether the lenses are watching towards the sun. The larger the value is, the easier the Camera will be to recognize the sun.

Parameter	Description
Energy Threshold	Filters the targets with low temperature. The larger the value is, the harder the alarm will be triggered.

Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.7.5 Configuring Pan

Enable pan, the Camera can realize continuous 360° horizontal rotation at a certain speed.

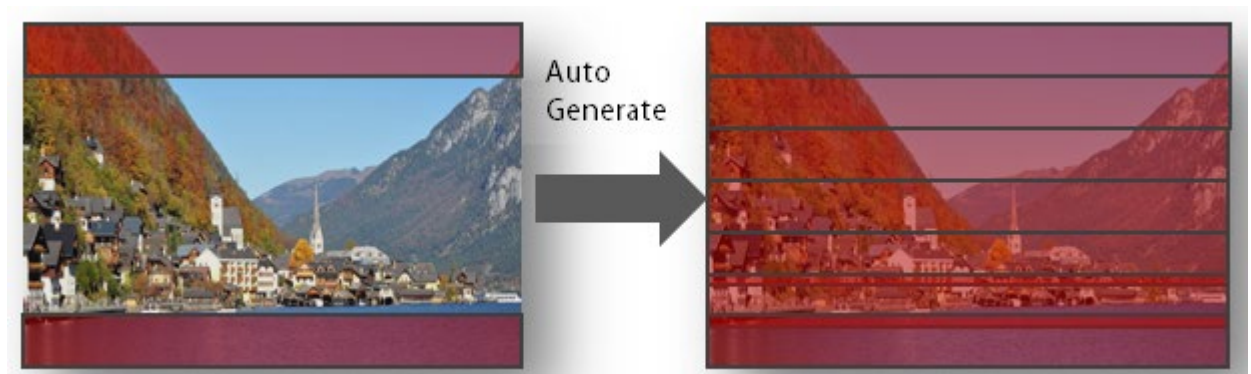
- The interval between pan circles should not be lower than the default value. High PTZ speed might cause missing alarm (see the table below for PTZ speed and time). The coverage area is area that the thermal channel covers. The recommended speeds offer reference for heat detection only; for smoke detection, make sure that the picture is not blurred during pan.

Table 5-13 PTZ speed and time

Device	PTZ speed	Time
Hybrid speed dome camera, mobile hybrid PTZ camera, multi-spectral PTZ camera	20	3'45"
	30 (recommended)	2'30"
	40	1'52"
Heavy PTZ camera	8	4'
	10 (recommended)	2'25"
	12	1'40"


- If you do not set limits, the PTZ can continuously pan 360°. We recommend you use 360° horizontal scanning for the forest fire prevention project. Multiple 360° pan circles can be set to cover the area to be detected.
- Set the left and right limits, and the PTZ pans between the limits.
- Set the scanning area, the PTZ does progressive scanning in the configured area.

Figure 5-55 Auto adding




Step 1 Select **Setting > PTZ Function > Pan**.

Step 2 Click the direction button to adjust the camera angle.

Step 3 Click **Add** to add a circle on the current angle. Double-click the name, speed, interval time or sensitivity to edit the corresponding content. Select the checkbox under **Left/Right Limit** to enable and set the left and right limits for the current cycle; select the checkbox under **Focus** to enable the focus function. Click  to save the configuration.

- Automatic adding: Add a pan circle at the top and bottom of the detection area

respectively, click , and then click **Auto Add**. The Camera automatically generates the pan circles between the two configured pan circles, covering the part between the top and bottom pan circles. This function is only available on some models.

- Generally, 30° pitch angle from far to near can cover most of the detection area. Configure it as needed.
- The pan circle at the top of the detection area is close to the horizon to avoid exposing the sky (to avoid sun burns). If there are hills, mountains and other areas higher than the horizon that need to be scanned, you need to add more circles, and set the left and right limits of single circle to cover them.

Step 4 (Optional) Set limits for PTZ.

The left and right limits are generally used to remove invalid areas such as the sky, to improve the inspection efficiency and reduce the risk of direct sunlight.

- Set left and right limit

When there are towers or walls that do not need to be scanned, you can set left and right limits for scanning.

 1. Select **Left/Right Limit**.
 2. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the left limit, and then click **Set Left Limit**.
 3. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the right limit, and then click **Set Right Limit**.

Figure 5-56 Global setting

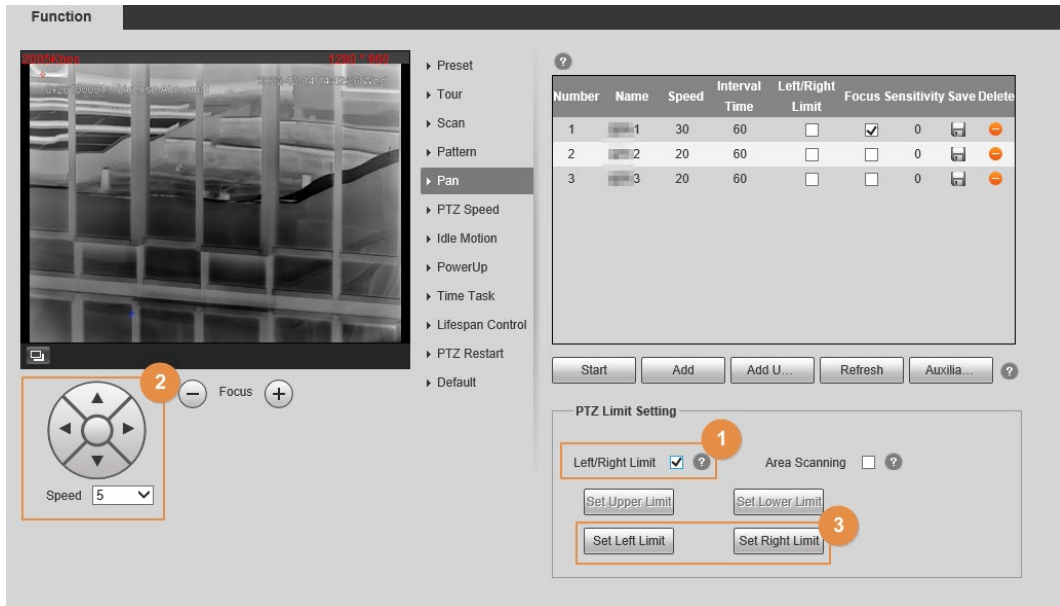
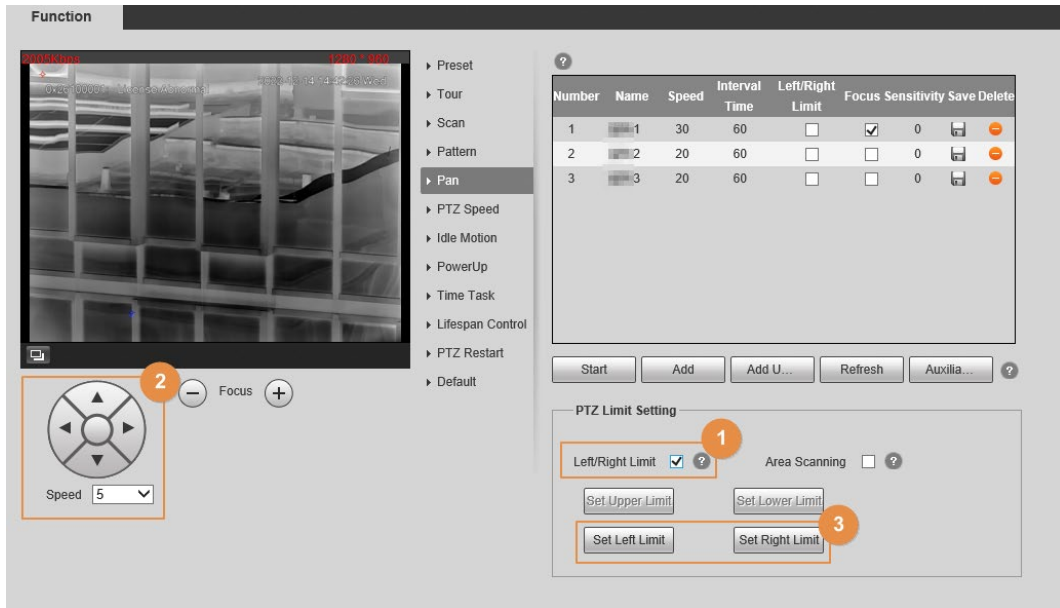


Figure 5-57 Circle setting



- Set area scanning
 - When you want the Camera to scan the specified area, you can set the area scanning.
 - 1. Select **Area Scanning**.
 - 2. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the upper limit, and then click **Set Upper Limit**.
 - 3. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the lower limit, and then click **Set Lower Limit**.
 - 4. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the left limit, and then click **Set Left Limit**.
 - 5. Click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the right limit, and then click **Set Right Limit**.

Step 5 Select the configured pan path, and then click **Start**.
Click **Stop** to stop the pan.

5.7.6 Configuring Heat

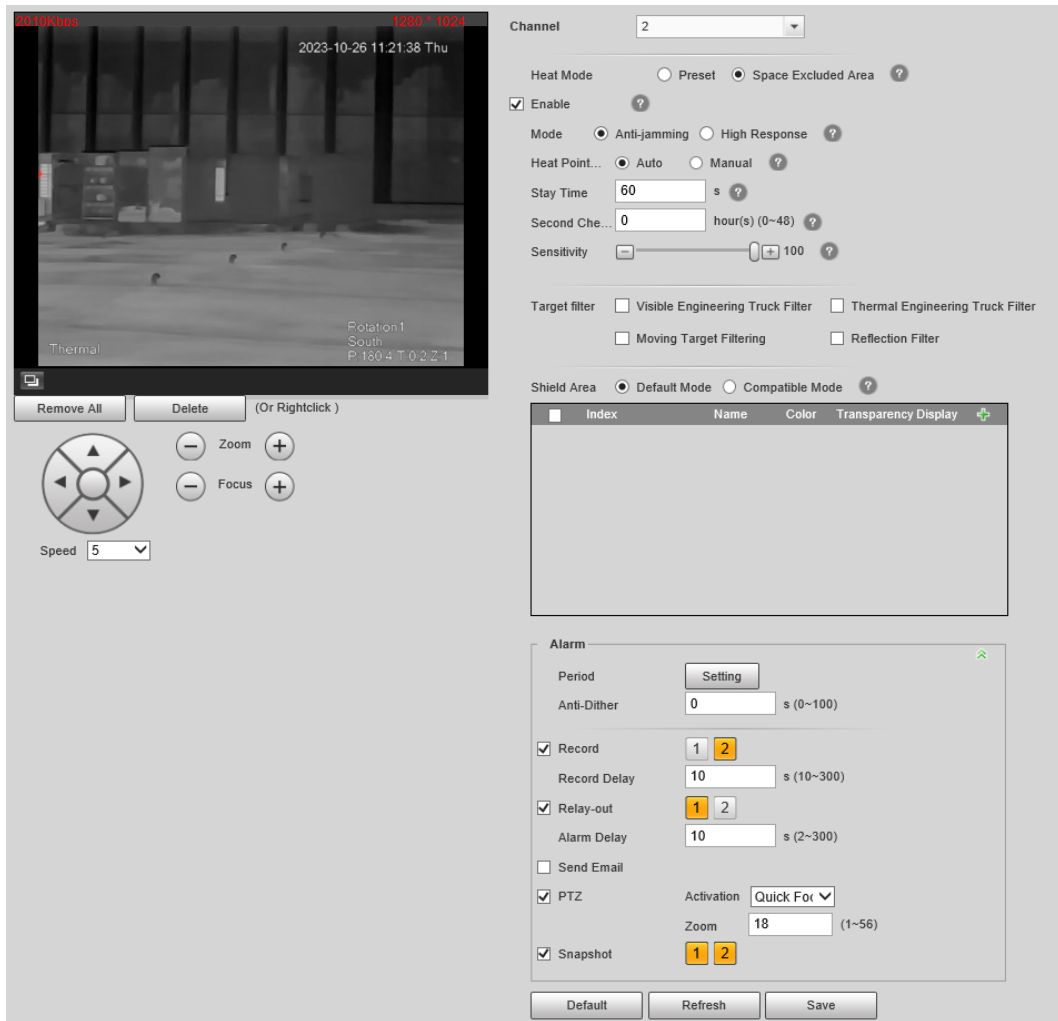
When the Camera detects a heat point, an alarm is triggered and then the Camera performs linkage actions. Heat mode includes preset and space excluded area.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Heat > Heat**.

Step 2 Select **2** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Select the heat mode, and configure the rule. **Space Excluded Area** is recommended.

Figure 5-58 Heat



- **Space Excluded Area:** Detects heat point during the PTZ rotation. This is the recommended.
 1. Select **Space Excluded Area** in **Heat Mode**.
 2. Select the **Enable** checkbox.
 3. Set the parameters.
 - ◇ **Mode:** When you select **Anti-jamming**, the Camera detects the suspected heat point several times. The detection accuracy is higher, but the detection speed is lower. When you select **High Response**, and the Camera detects heat point quickly, but the detection accuracy is lower.
 - ◇ **Heat Point Wait Mode:** When you select **Auto** and set the stay time to be 25 s, the PTZ stops working when a heat alarm is triggered, and will recover the operations after the alarm duration (25 s). When you select **Manual**, the PTZ stops working when a heat alarm is triggered, and will not recover the operations after the alarm duration.
 - ◇ **Second Check After:** Only one alarm is triggered by the same alarm source in the configured duration.
 - ◇ **Sensitivity:** The sensitivity of heat detection. The larger the value is, the higher the sensitivity is. We recommended 75–90. We recommend you track and test the value for a period, and adjust it according to the actual situation.



Heat point warning mode (**Anti-jamming** or **High Response**) is available for all detection areas.

5. (Optional) Filter targets.



When you select **Anti-jamming** in **Mode**, you can filter targets as needed.

- ◇ **Visible Engineering Truck Filter:** When engineering vehicles are working, the temperatures of chimney and engine are high, which might cause false alarms. Selecting checkbox can reduce false alarms caused by engineering vehicles and improve detection accuracy. This function is mainly used in scenes with good lighting conditions in the daytime.
- ◇ **Thermal Engineering Truck Filter:** When engineering vehicles are working, the temperatures of chimney and engine are high, which might cause false alarms. Selecting checkbox can reduce false alarms caused by engineering vehicles and improve detection accuracy. This function is mainly used in scenes with poor lighting conditions at night.
- ◇ **Reflection Filter:** The temperature of reflection caused by the smooth planes (such as glass or mirrors) is high, which might cause false alarms. Selecting the checkbox can reduce false alarms and improve detection accuracy.
- ◇ **Moving Target Filtering:** When the displacement of the target exceeds a certain distance, the system considers it as a moving target. When the temperature of the moving target exceeds the configured threshold, an alarm will be triggered. Selecting the checkbox can reduce false alarms caused by such targets and improve detection accuracy.

5. Set the shield area, and its sensitivity.

Manually configure shield areas to filter fixed false alarm sources, such as the chimney in residential area, family stove and other areas. In addition, high engine temperature might also cause false alarm in the areas where vehicles pass, such as roads, parking lots, gas stations, and these false alarms can also be filtered by setting shield areas. You can select default mode or compatibility mode for shield area, and both modes can take effect at the same time.



- ◇ Click  to add shield areas, and you can add 255 areas at most.
- ◇ Click  to delete the shield area.


● **Preset:** Detects heat points on the preset.

1. Select **Preset in Heat Mode**.
2. Select the configured preset.
The camera lens rotates to the select preset.
3. Select the **Enable** checkbox.
4. Select the heat point warning mode as needed.

When you select **Anti-jamming**, the Camera detects the suspected heat point several times. The detection accuracy is higher, but the detection speed is lower. When you select **High Response**, and the Camera detects heat point quickly, but the detection accuracy is lower.



Heat point warning mode is available for all detection areas. If you want the PTZ to detect heat point during the rotation, select **Anti-jamming**.

5. Select a color in , set the area name and sensitivity, and then drag the mouse on the image.
 - ◇ The higher the sensitivity is, the easier a heat alarm will be triggered.
 - ◇ The whole image is the detection area by default. You can draw multiple detection areas.

Step 4 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

5.7.7 Configuring Smoke Detection

5.7.7.1 Configuring Rule

After configuring smoke detection rule, when the visible channel detects smoke, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs linkages such as recording, alarm output, sending email, audio, alarm light, and snapshot.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Heat > Heat**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 4 Configure arming periods. For details, see "5.1.2 Setting Period".



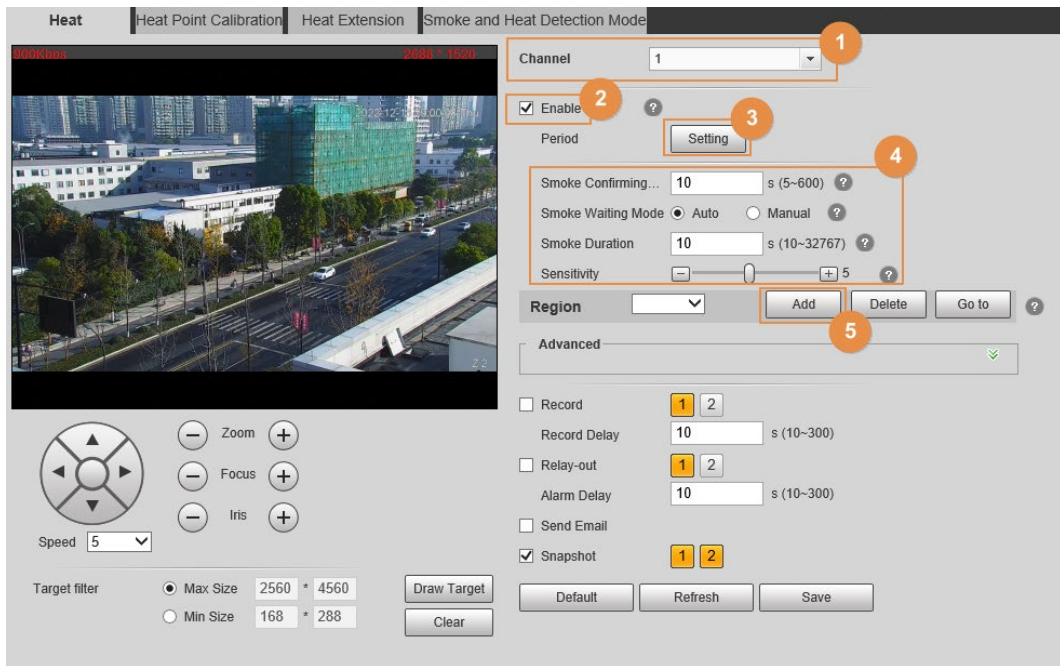
Smoke detection is not supported at night.

Step 5 Configure the parameters.

- **Smoke Confirming Time:** Time for confirming suspected smoke. For example, if you set the smoke confirming time to be 10 seconds, the PTZ will stop and confirm for 10 s when the camera detects suspected smoke during rotation. If it is smoke, the visible channel will confirm the target for the second time; if it is not smoke, the PTZ will continue to operate as the configured mode.
- **Smoke Waiting Mode:** When you select **Auto**, and set the **Duration Time** to be 10 s, the PTZ will stop scanning and alarm for 10 s when visible channel detects smoke, and then automatically continues scanning; When you select **Manual**, you need to click **Continue** on the **Live** page to continue the pan.
- **Sensitivity:** Configure the sensitivity according to the actual situation. We recommend you track and test the value for a period, and adjust it according to the actual situation (the higher the value, the easier the smoke will be detected.).
- Leave the advanced parameters as defaults.

Step 6 Click **Add** in **Region**, and draw an area on the image.

Figure 5-59 Smoke detection



The smoke detection exclusion area is mainly used to filter fixed false alarm sources such as factory chimneys.



You can filter false alarm sources through setting target size. For details, see [Step4](#) in "5.5.4 Configure Smoking Detection".

- You can draw 32 exclusion areas (yellow) at most, and 6 areas for each single image.
- You need to draw the exclusion areas on the visible channel.
- Make sure that the drawn rectangle is 1.2 times of the target size.

[Step 7](#) Configure alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage".

[Step 8](#) Click **Save**.

5.7.7.2 Configuring Smoke and Heat Detection Mode

[Step 1](#) Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Heat > Smoke and Heat Detection Mode**.

[Step 2](#) Select the smoke and heat detection mode. We recommend you select **Heat or Smoke**.

Figure 5-60 Smoke and heat detection mode

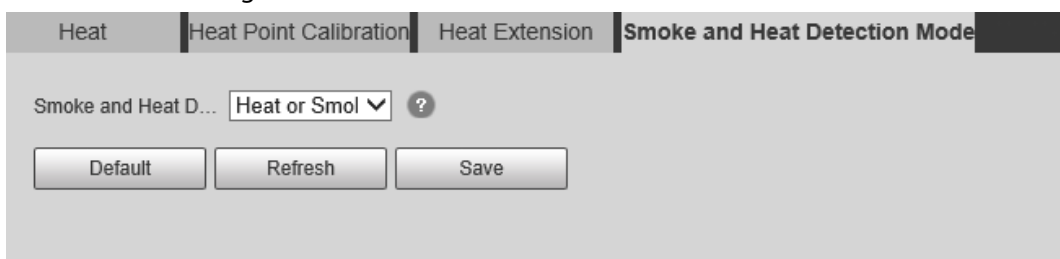


Table 5-14 Parameters of smoke and heat detection mode

Parameter	Description
Heat or Smoke	When the visible channel detects smoke or the thermal channel detects heat point, an alarm will be triggered.

Parameter	Description
Heat Only	When the thermal channel detects heat point, an alarm will be triggered.
Smoke Only	When the visible channel detects smoke, an alarm will be triggered.
Heat and Smoke	When the visible channel detects smoke and the thermal channel detects heat point at the same time, an alarm will be triggered.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

5.7.7.3 Verification

After configuration, enable **Heat**, **Prompt**, and **Play Alarm Tone**. When an alarm is triggered, the Camera prompts and records alarm according to the actual situation.


Step 1 Click the **Alarm** tab.

Step 2 Select **Heat**.

Figure 5-61 Alarm

The screenshot shows a configuration window for alarms. It is divided into three main sections: 'Alarm Type', 'Operation', and 'Alarm Tone'. Under 'Alarm Type', there are two columns of checkboxes. The 'Heat' checkbox is checked, while others like 'Motion Detection', 'Disk Full', 'Disk Error', 'Video Tampering', 'External Alarm', 'Illegal Access', 'Audio Detection', 'IVS', 'Security Exception', 'Burning Warning', and 'Voltage Unusual' are unchecked. Under 'Operation', the 'Prompt' checkbox is checked. Under 'Alarm Tone', the 'Play Alarm Tone' checkbox is checked. At the bottom, there is a 'Tone Path' text input field followed by a 'Browse...' button.

Step 3 (Optional) Select **Prompt**, and the system prompts and records alarm information as needed.

- If you are not on the **Alarm** page when alarm events you have subscribed are triggered,  is displayed on the **Alarm** tab and the alarm information will be recorded. Click the **Alarm** tab, and the sign disappears.
- If you are on the **Alarm** page when the selected alarm is triggered, there will be detailed alarm information displayed at the right side of the page.

Step 4 (Optional) Select the **Play Alarm Tone** checkbox, and select audio file.

System would play the audio file you have selected, when alarm events you have subscribed are triggered.



Click **Clear** to remove all the alarm information.

5.7.8 Configuring Idle Motion

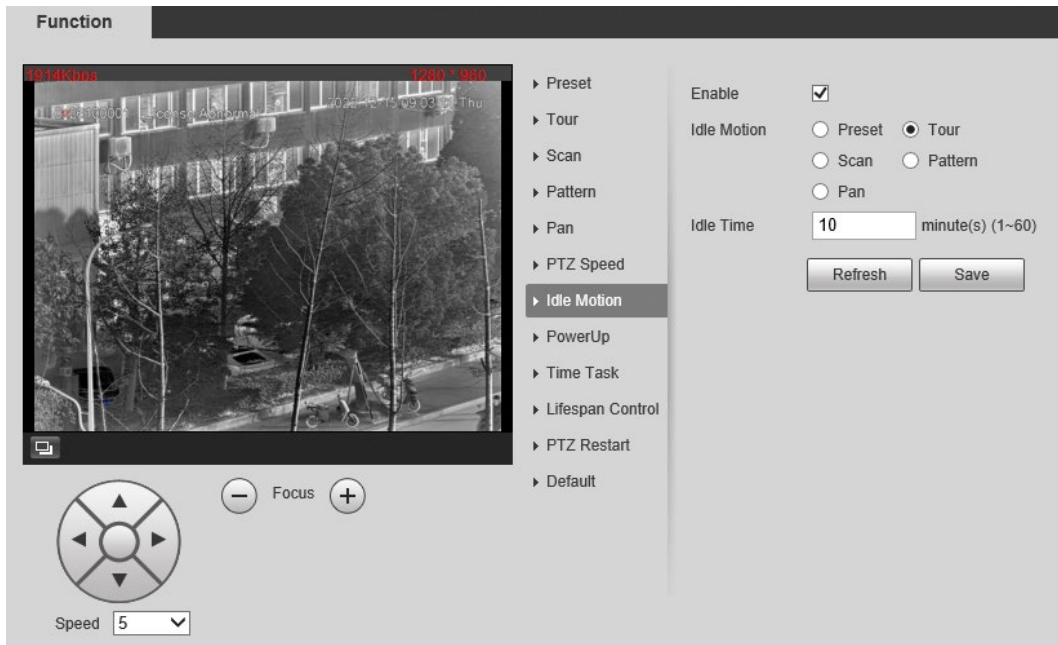
Idle motion means that the PTZ camera implements the operation which is configured in advance when it does not receive any valid command within the set time.

You have configured preset, tour, scan and pattern before configuring idle motion.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **PTZ** > **Function** > **Idle Motion**.

Figure 5-62 Idle motion



Step 2 Configure idle motion.

- 1) Select the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 2) Select an idle motion and set idle time.
- 3) Click **Save**.

5.7.9 Configuring Heat Point Calibration

Find the obvious point according to the installation position of the Camera, and then set the reference point and the calibration point. It is convenient to calculate the GPS position of heat point through the heat point location algorithm in case of fire in the future. This function should be used with a platform.

Prerequisites

- Select a point or object that can be easily identified on the ground as a reference point.
- When configuring reference points and calibration points, make sure that the camera resolution is consistent with the resolution of the device in use.
- During deployment, select four orientations to add reference points respectively (each reference point can be configured with up to five calibration points). The more points are added, the more

accurate the heat point positioning is.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Heat > Heat Point Calibration**.

Step 2 Add a reference point.

1. Click **+** in **Reference Point**.
2. Select the visible channel, and then click the direction button to rotate the camera lens to the reference point.
3. Double-click the reference point name, longitude, latitude and attitude to edit the corresponding content, and then click **☑**.

Figure 5-63 Add reference point



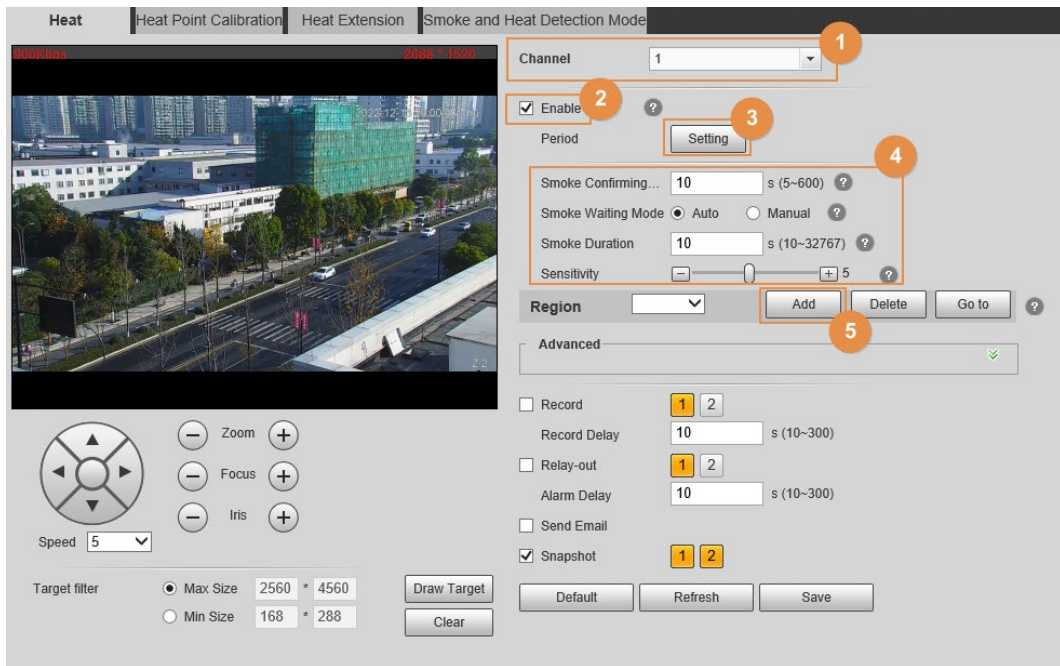
Step 3 Add a calibration point.

You can select the same reference point, rotate the PTZ (so that the reference points are at different positions on the image), and then calibrate multiple calibration points.

1. Select the added reference point in the **Calibration Point**.
2. Click **+** in **Calibration Point**.
3. Rotate the camera lens. Make sure that all reference points are on the image.
4. Mark the positions of reference points on both visible and thermal channels.
5. Click **Calibration Confirmed**.

The calibrated point is displayed in the list of **Calibration Point**.

Figure 5-64 Add calibration point



Step 4 Repeat **Step 1–Step 3** to add multiple reference points and calibration points.



After modifying the reference points, the corresponding calibration points will be cleared.

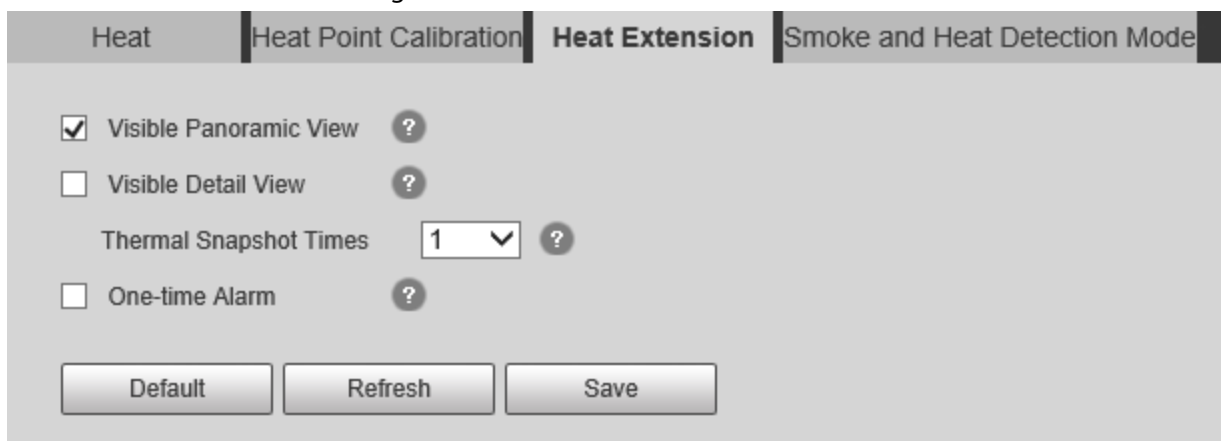
5.7.10 Configuring Heat Extension

Configure the snapshot type and times when the Camera detects a heat point. This function should be used with a platform.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Heat > Heat Extension**.

Step 2 Configure the parameters.

Figure 5-65 Smoke detection



Step 3 Click **Save**.

5.8 Configuring Hot Trace

After enabling **Cold Hot Spot**, spot with the highest temperature and spot with the lowest

temperature are displayed with different colors.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Smart Thermal > Hot Trace**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.



The pages might vary according to different models.

Figure 5-66 Hot trace (Security)

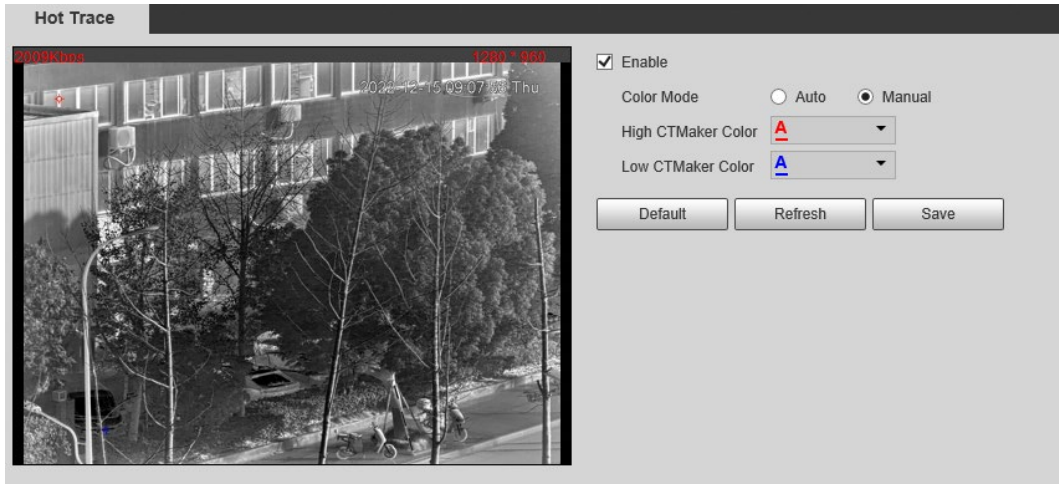
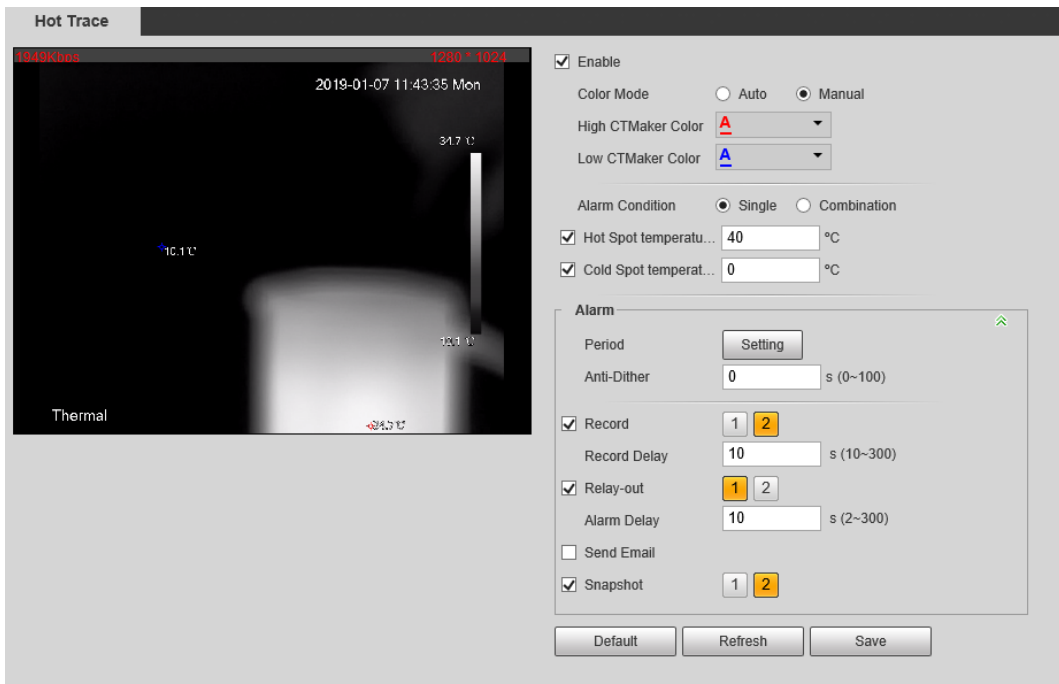


Figure 5-67 Hot trace (Radiometry)



Step 3 Configure the parameters.

Table 5-15 Parameters of hot trace

Parameters	Description
Color Mode	<p>Select a color for cold and hot spots.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto: The hot spot color is red, and the cold spot color is blue by default. Manual: You can customize the colors for the hot spot and cold spot.

Parameters	Description
Alarm Condition	<p>Conditions under which an alarm is triggered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Single <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◇ Select the Hot Spot temperature more than checkbox and when the highest temperature is larger than the configured temperature, an alarm is triggered. ◇ Select the Cold Spot temperature less than checkbox and when the lowest temperature is smaller than the configured temperature, an alarm is triggered. ◇ If you select both conditions above at one time, an alarm is triggered once any one condition is satisfied. ● Combination ● Only when the highest temperature is larger and the lowest temperature is smaller than the configured temperature, an alarm is triggered.
Anti-Dither	Only one event is recorded within the time that you have set.

Step 4 Configure arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "5.1.1 Alarm Linkage" and "5.1.2 Setting Period".

Step 5 Click **Save**.

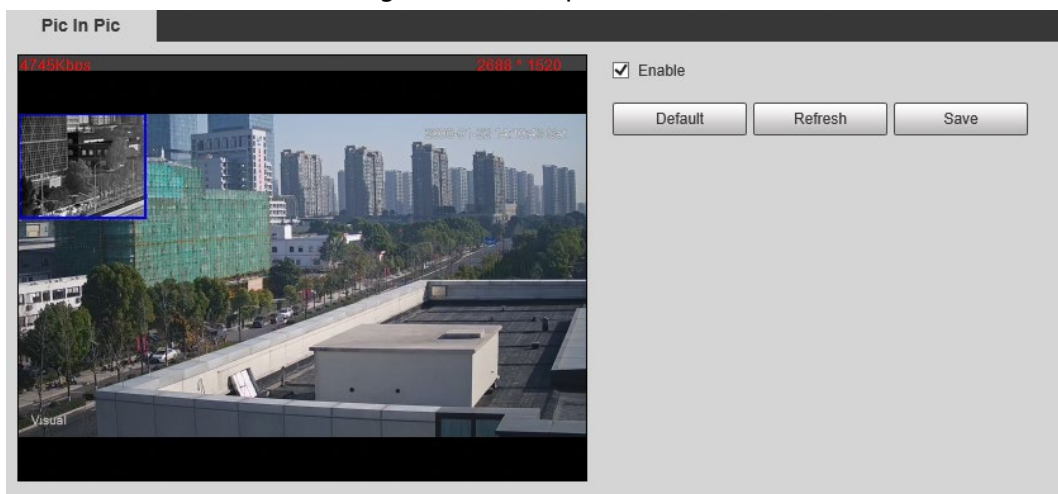
You can view the effect of hot trace on the **Live** page.

5.9 Configuring Pic in Pic

Overlays the thermal image on the visible image.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Smart Thermal** > **Pic in Pic**.

Figure 5-68 Pic in pic



Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Drag the corners the blue box to enlarge the box. Drag the box to adjust the its location.

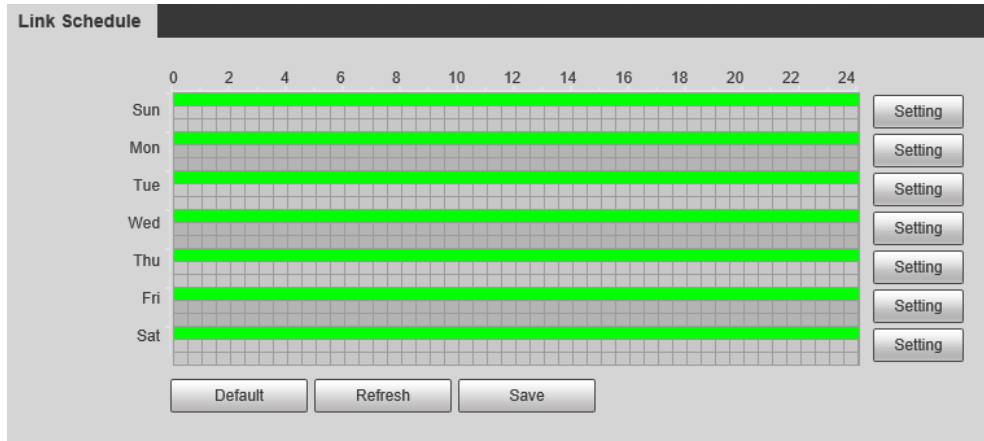
Step 4 Click **Save**.

5.10 Configuring Link Schedule

The hybrid linkage (**Quick Focus**) of PTZ linkage only takes effect in the configured period.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Smart Thermal** > **Link Schedule**.

Figure 5-69 Link schedule



Step 2 Click **Setting** next to a day.

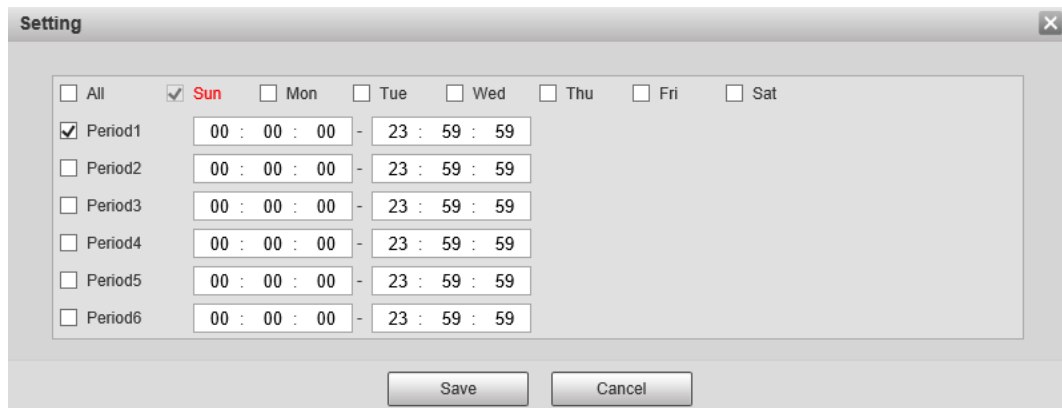
Step 3 Select a time period to be enabled.

Step 4 Enter start time and end time of a time period.



- You can set 6 time periods per day.
- Select **All** or checkboxes of some days to set the time period of multiple days at one time.

Figure 5-70 Period



Step 5 Click **Save**.

The **Link Schedule** is displayed.

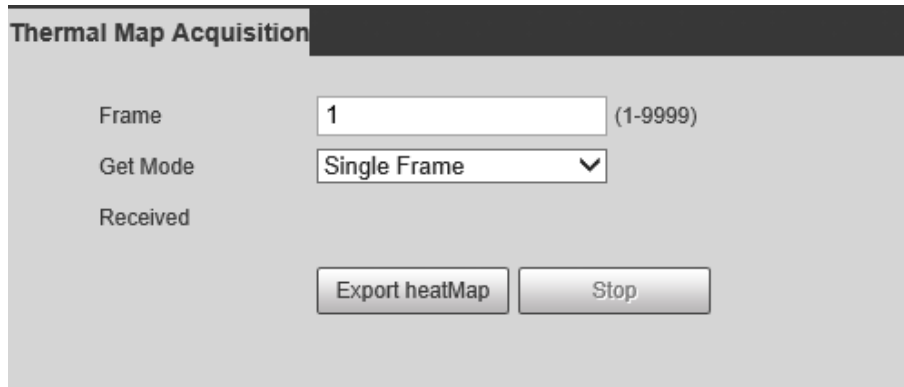
Step 6 Click **Save**.

5.11 Configuring Thermal Map Acquisition

Gets temperature of every pixel on thermal images, and you can export the heat map.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Smart Thermal** > **Thermal Map Acquisition**.

Figure 5-71 Thermal map acquisition



Step 2 Configure the parameters.

- **Frame:** The frame of the thermal map that you can acquire.
- **Get Mode**
 - ◇ **Single Frame:** Acquires thermal map by single frame. There is interval between the previous frame and next frame.
 - ◇ **Continuous:** Acquires thermal map by continuous frame. There is no interval between the previous frame and next frame.

Step 3 Export **Export heatMap**.

Gets the grayscale data and the data file required for temperature calculation according to a certain format, and analyzes and calculates the thermal image data through a special thermal imaging analysis tool on the PC to obtain the heat map and calculate the temperature of each pixel in the image. By analyzing the heat map, the functions such as temperature measurement according to the configured rules, temperature proportion statistics, temperature alarm, isotherm, pseudo color can be realized.

Thermal map files will be saved under the path that you have configured. For details, see "6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path".

5.12 Configuring Fusion Calibrate

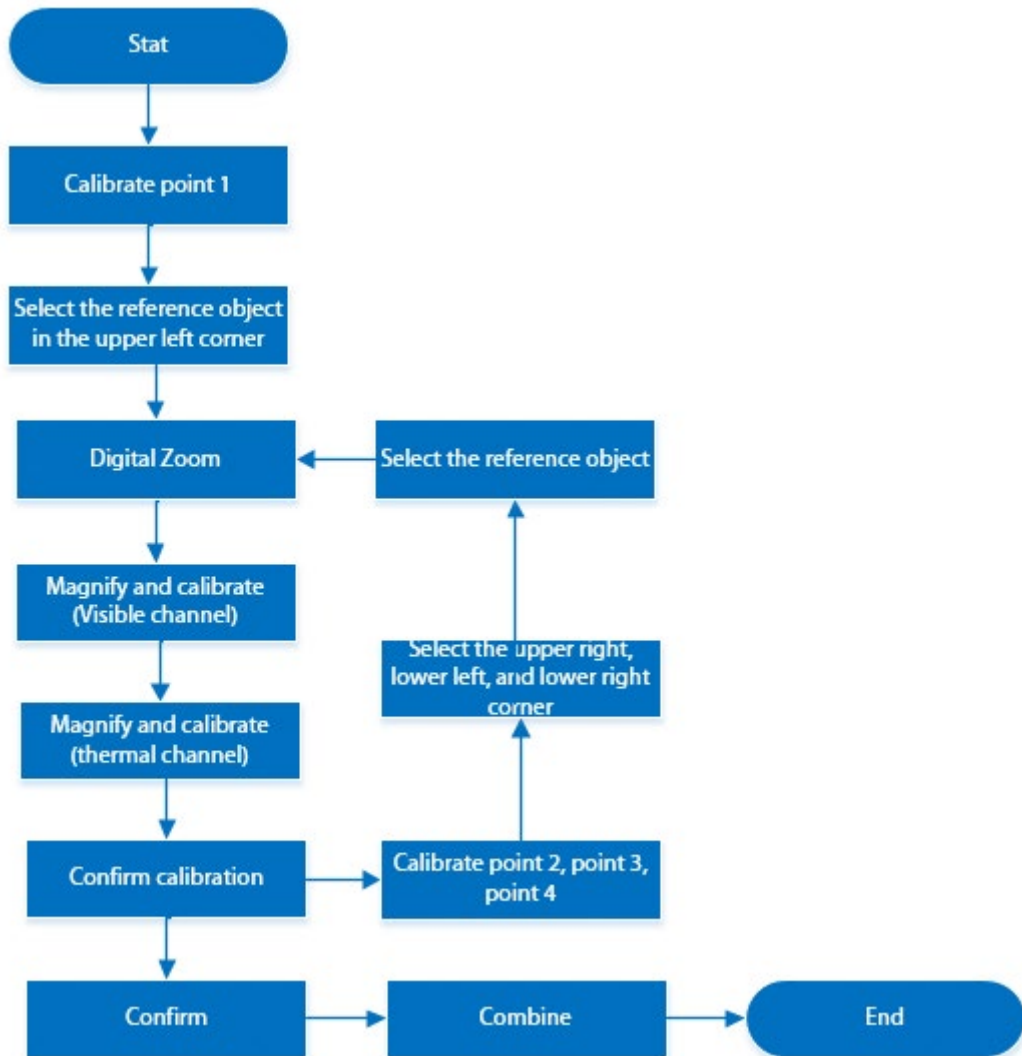
Calibrate the relative position between the thermal channel and the visible channel. If you want to use the function of engineering truck filtering or reflective filtering, do fusion calibration first.

5.12.1 Note

- Before calibration, disable the digital zoom and heat alarm functions, and stop all PTZ operations; otherwise, changes in the scene might impact the calibration results.
- Select a scene with various features.
- When you switch to the calibration page, and the visible channel will zoom automatically.
- Before calibration is completed, do not zoom manually.

5.12.2 Calibration Flow

Figure 5-72 Configuration Flow

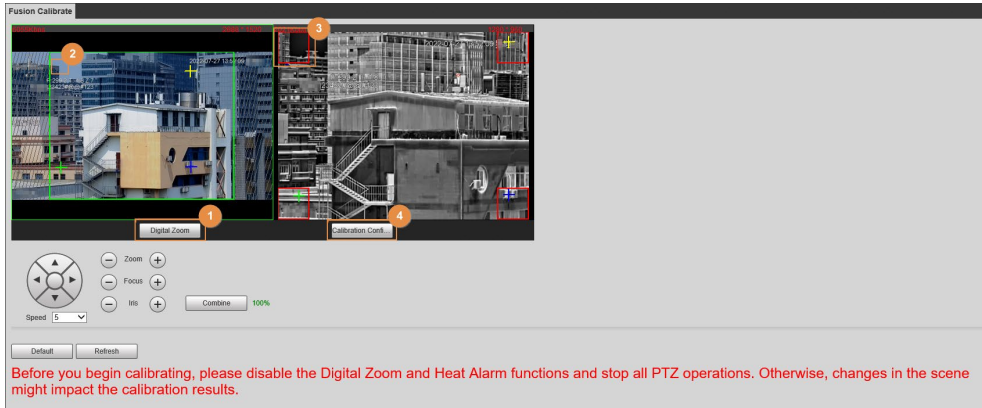


5.12.3 Calibration

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Smart Thermal** > **Fusion Calibrate**.

Step 2 Click **Point 1**.

Figure 5-73 Calibrate Point 1



Step 3 Click **Digital Zoom**, and then select the reference object in the upper-right corner on the visible image. Select the reference object to be magnified, and then click to add the calibration point.



Digital zoom can make the calibration point more accuracy.

Step 4 On the thermal image, select the reference object to be magnified, and then click to add the calibration point.

Step 5 Click **Calibration Confirmed** to finish the calibration of point 1.

Step 6 Repeat **Step 3–Step 5** to calibrate pint 2, point 3, and point 4.



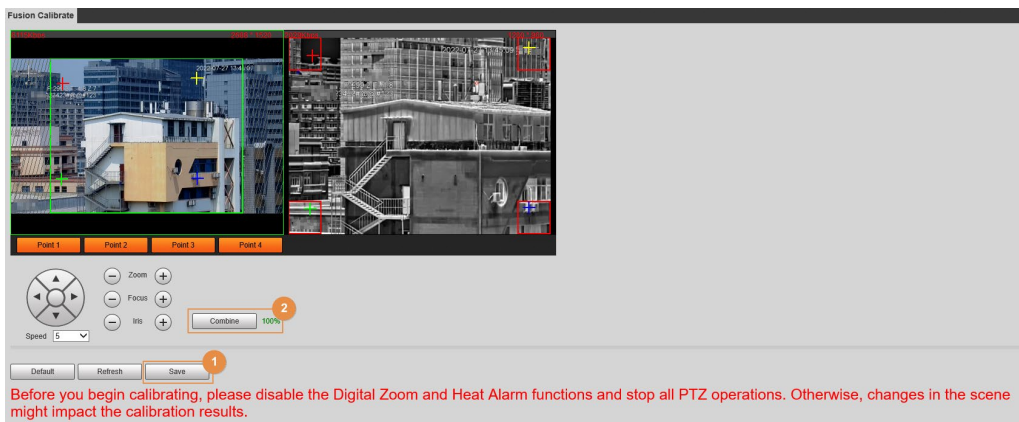
- Make the four calibration points in the red box.
- You can use the same reference object for the four calibration point through rotating the PTZ.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 Rotate the PTZ to a scene with obvious features, and click **Combine**.

The data acquisition progress bar is displayed. After the data collection is completed, the Camera will continue to combine, and next to the **Combine** button, the percentage will be displayed.

Figure 5-74 Calibration complete



6 Setting



- Functions of different Cameras might vary.
- Click **Default**, and the Camera is restored to default configuration. Click **Refresh** to view the latest configuration.

6.1 Configuring Camera

Configure the components of the Camera such as lens, video and audio to ensure proper surveillance.

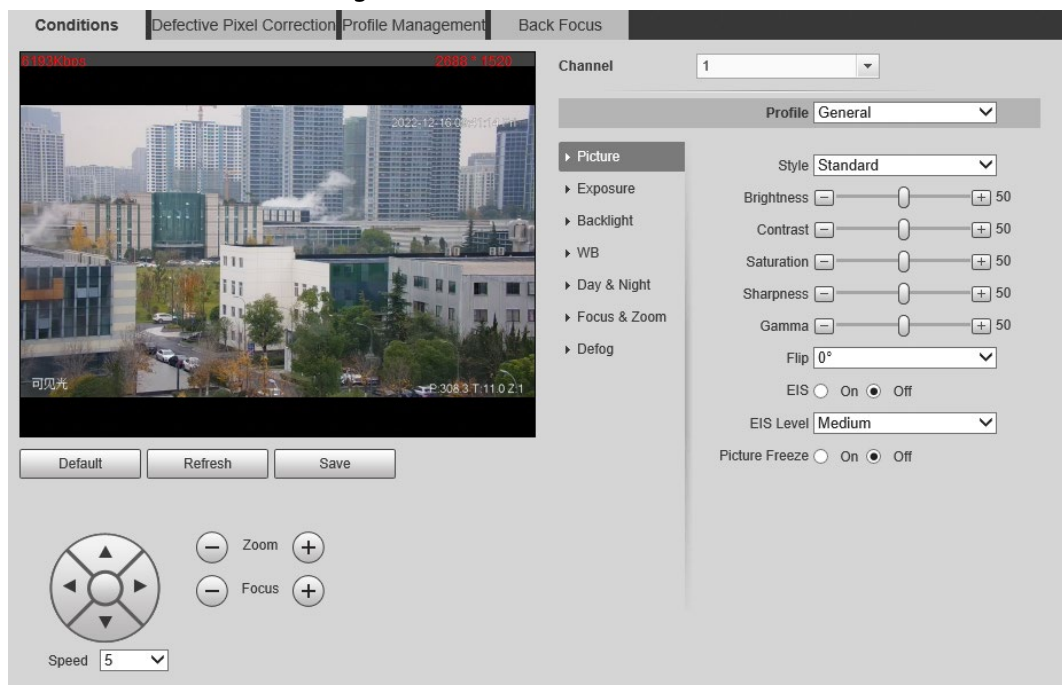
6.1.1 Configuring Camera Conditions

6.1.1.1 Configuring Visible Image

Configure the visible image of the Camera, and adjust the image parameters to achieve a better image effect.

Select **Setting** > **Camera** > **Conditions** > **Conditions**, select **1** in **Channel**, and configure the profile. For details, see "6.1.1.4 Configuring Profile Management".

Figure 6-1 Visible channel



6.1.1.1.1 Configuring Picture Parameters

You can configure the picture parameters including brightness, contrast, saturation, Chroma CNT, sharpness CNT and gamma.

- Step 1** Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.
- Step 2** Select **1** in **Channel**.
- Step 3** Click the **Picture** tab.
- Step 4** Configure picture parameters.

Figure 6-2 Picture

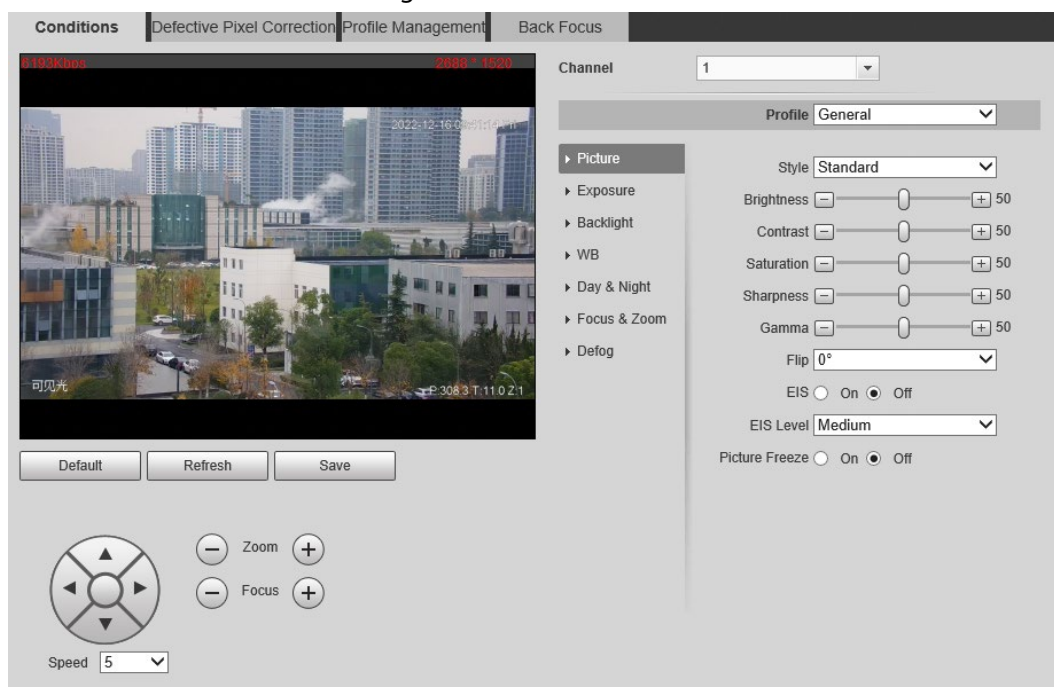


Table 6-1 Description of picture parameters

Parameter	Description
Style	Select display style of the video image, including Soft , Standard and Vivid .
Brightness	Changes the value to adjust the picture brightness. The bigger the value is, the brighter the picture will be.
Contrast	Changes the contrast of the picture. The bigger the value is, the more the contrast will be between bright and dark areas.
Saturation	Makes the color deeper or lighter. The bigger the value is, the deeper the color will be. Saturation value will not change image brightness.
Chroma CNT	Reduces the image color and prevents it from being too strong. The bigger the value, the better the effect.
Sharpness	Changes the sharpness of picture edges. The bigger the value is, the clearer the picture edges will be, and if the value is set too big, picture noises are more likely to appear.
Sharpness CNT	The bigger the value, the stronger the sharpness CNT.
Gamma	Changes the picture brightness and improves the picture dynamic range in a non-linear way. The bigger the value is, the brighter the picture will be.
Flip	In the Flip list, select 180° and the video image will be turned upside down. Select 0° and the video image returns to its primary condition.

Parameter	Description
Optical Dejittering	The lens vibration is sensed by the gyroscope sensor, and the corresponding compensation is calculated using the intelligent anti-shake algorithm. The movable parts inside the lens are driven to offset the vibration, which greatly reduces blurring of the image caused by the vibration.
Lens Lock	Select On to lock the lens.
Picture Freeze	When you call a preset, the image displays the preset location, not the rotation image.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.1.2 Configuring Exposure Parameters

Configure iris and shutter to improve image clarity.



Cameras with true WDR do not support long exposure when WDR is enabled in **Backlight**.

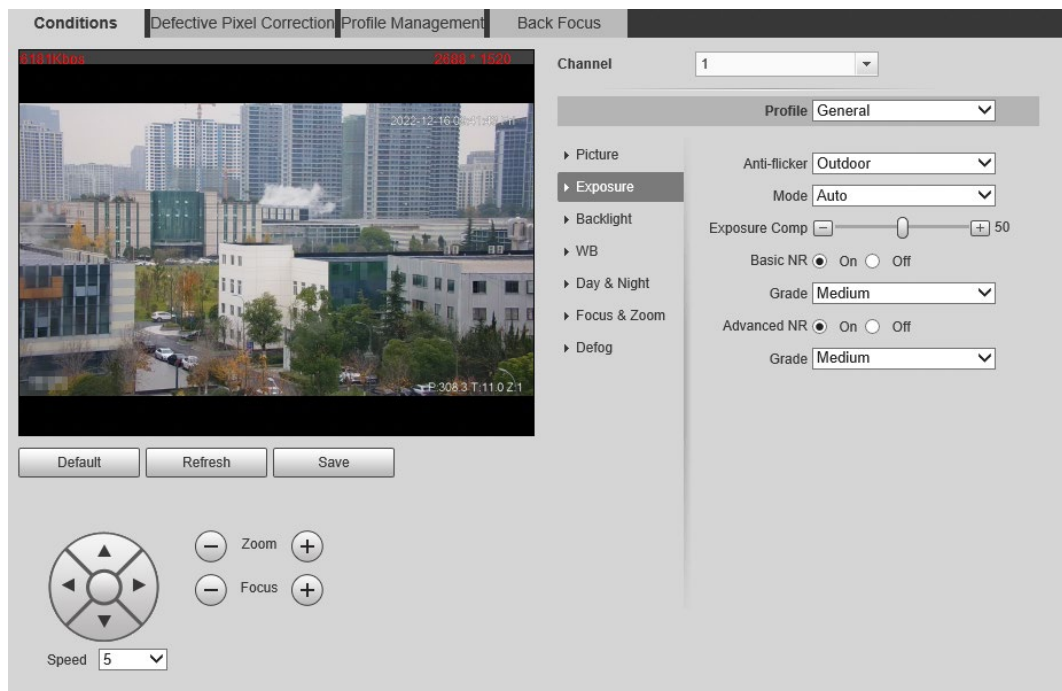
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **Exposure** tab.


Step 4 Configure exposure parameters.

Figure 6-3 Exposure



Parameters and its description in Table 6-2 are based on the condition that you have selected **Standard** as **Profile**.

Table 6-2 Description of exposure parameters

Parameter	Description
Anti-flicker	<p>You can select from 50 Hz, 60 Hz and Outdoor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50 Hz: When the electric supply is 50 Hz, the system adjusts the exposure according to ambient light automatically to ensure that there is no stripe appears. • 60 Hz: When the electric supply is 60 Hz, the system adjusts the exposure according to ambient light automatically to ensure that there is no stripe appears. • Outdoor: You can select any exposure mode as needed.
Mode	<p>Device exposure modes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: Adjusts the image brightness according to the actual condition automatically. • Aperture priority: The iris value is set to a fixed value, and the Camera adjusts shutter value then. If the image brightness is not enough and the shutter value has reached upper or lower limit, the system adjusts gain value automatically to ensure the image at ideal brightness. • Shutter priority: When the exposure range is normal, the system prefers the configured shutter range when auto adjusting according to the ambient lighting condition. If the image brightness is not enough and the shutter value has reached upper or lower limit, the system adjusts gain value automatically to ensure the image at ideal brightness. • Gain Priority: When the exposure range is normal, the system prefers the configured gain range when auto adjusting according to the ambient lighting condition. If the image brightness is not enough and the gain has reached upper or lower limit, the system adjusts shutter value automatically to ensure the image at ideal brightness. You can configure gain range to adjust gain level when using gain priority mode. • Manual: Configure gain and shutter value manually to adjust image brightness.
Iris	When selecting Manual or Aperture Priority as the Mode , you can configure the iris parameter.
Exposure Comp	When selecting Manual , Aperture Priority or Shutter Priority as the Mode , you can configure the exposure compensation parameter.
AE (Auto Exposure) Recovery	<p>Set a recovery time. After you adjust the shutter manually, the exposure mode will be restored to the default one after the time that you have set.</p>  <p>In the selection box of AE Recovery, you can select Off to turn off AE recovery.</p>
Gain	When selecting Gain Priority or Manual in Mode , you can set Gain. With minimum illumination, the Camera increases Gain automatically to get clearer images.

Parameter	Description
Shutter	When selecting Manual or Shutter Priority in Mode , you can set Shutter. Set the effective exposure time. The smaller the value, the shorter the exposure.
Basic NR	Select the On checkbox to enable this function. Aiming at single-frame image, 2D NR averages the pixel points (points that are with image noise) with other common pixel points to decrease the image noise and achieve an acceptable and good image display effect. The higher the grade, the better the noise suppression effect.
Advanced NR	Select the On checkbox to enable this function. Aiming at multiple-frame image, 3D NR handles information between two frames to reduce the image noise. The higher the grade, the better the noise suppression effect.
Grade	You can select the grade from Low , Medium , and High .

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.1.3 Configuring Backlight Parameters

You can select backlight mode from Off, BLC, WDR, and HLS.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Camera** > **Conditions** > **Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **Backlight** tab.

Step 4 Configure backlight parameters.



There might be a few seconds of video loss when the Camera is switching to WDR mode from other modes.

Figure 6-4 Backlight

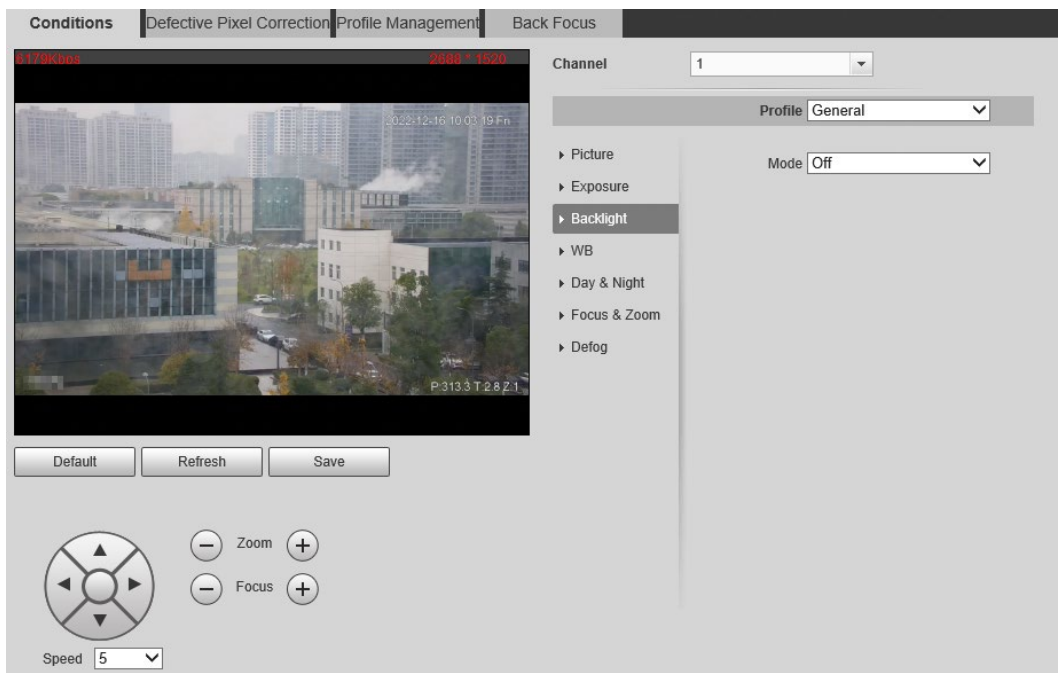


Table 6-3 Backlight mode description

Backlight Mode	Description
Off	Disable the backlight function.
BLC	The system adjusts exposure according to ambient lighting condition automatically to ensure the clarity of the darkest area.
WDR	The system dims bright areas and compensates dark areas to ensure the clarity of all the area.
HLS	The system constrains bright areas and reduces halo size to dim the overall brightness.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.1.4 Configuring White Balance Parameters

White balance function makes the image color display precisely as it is. When in white balance mode, white objects would always display white color in different environments.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **WB** tab.

Step 4 Configure white balance parameters.

Figure 6-5 White balance

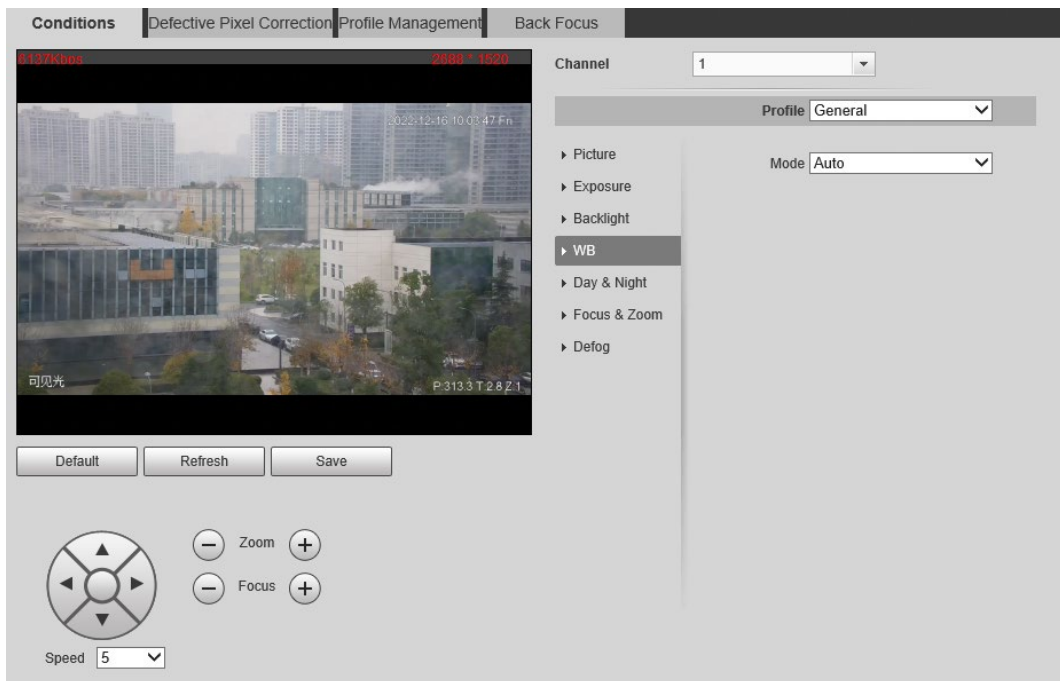


Table 6-4 White balance mode description

WB Mode	Description
Auto	The system compensates WB according to light condition to ensure color precision.
Outdoor	The system auto compensates WB to most outdoor environments with natural or artificial light to ensure color precision.
Manual	Configure red and blue gain manually; the system auto compensates WB according to color temperature.

WB Mode	Description
Natural	The system auto compensates WB to environments without artificial light to ensure color precision.
Street Lamp	The Camera will implement white balance to ensure precision and clarity of the video image.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.1.5 Configuring Day & Night Parameters

Configure the display mode of the image. The system switches between color and black-and-white mode according to the actual condition.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **Day & Night** tab.

Step 4 Configure day & night parameters.

Figure 6-6 Day & night

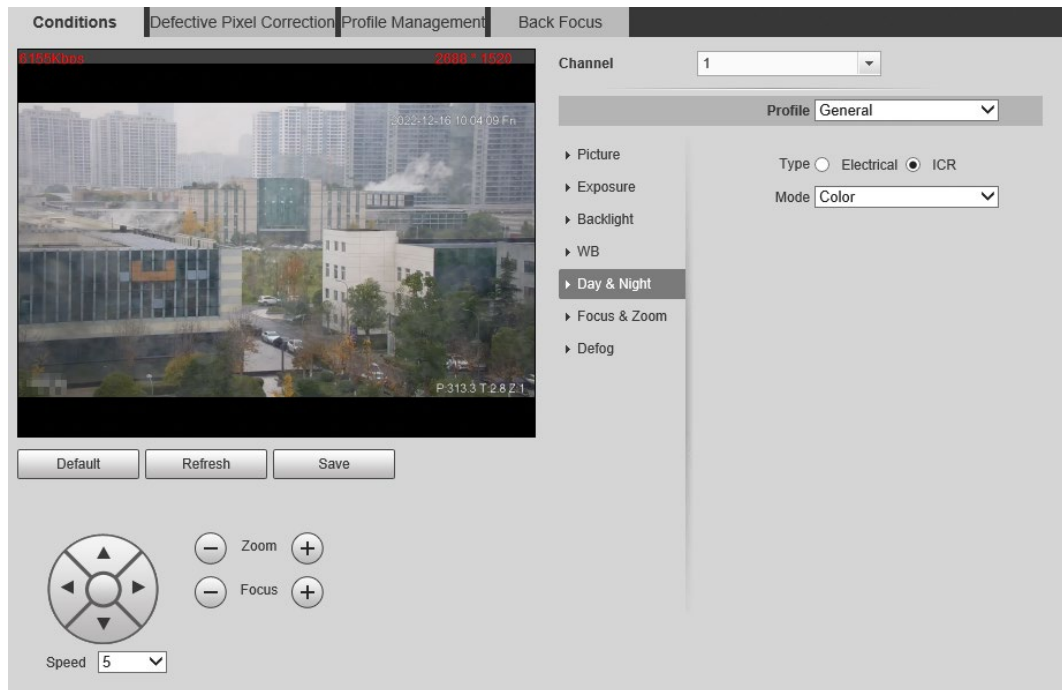



Table 6-5 Day & night mode description

Parameter	Description
Type	Select the type from Electrical and ICR .
Mode	<p>You can select camera display mode from Color, Auto and B/W.</p> <p> Day & night configuration is independent from profile management configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Color: The system displays color image. • Auto: The system switches between color and black-and-white display according to the actual condition. • B/W: The system displays black-and-white image.

Parameter	Description
Sensitivity	Select Auto as the Mode . Then you can configure this parameter. You can configure the camera sensitivity for switching between color and black-and-white mode.
Delay	This configuration is available only when you set Auto in Mode . You can configure the delay when the Camera switching between color and black-and-white mode. The lower the value is, the faster the Camera switches between color and black-and-white mode.

6.1.1.1.6 Configuring Focus & Zoom Parameters

Initializes lens to adjust zoom and focus.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **Focus & Zoom** tab.

Step 4 Configure the focus & zoom parameters.

Figure 6-7 Focus & zoom

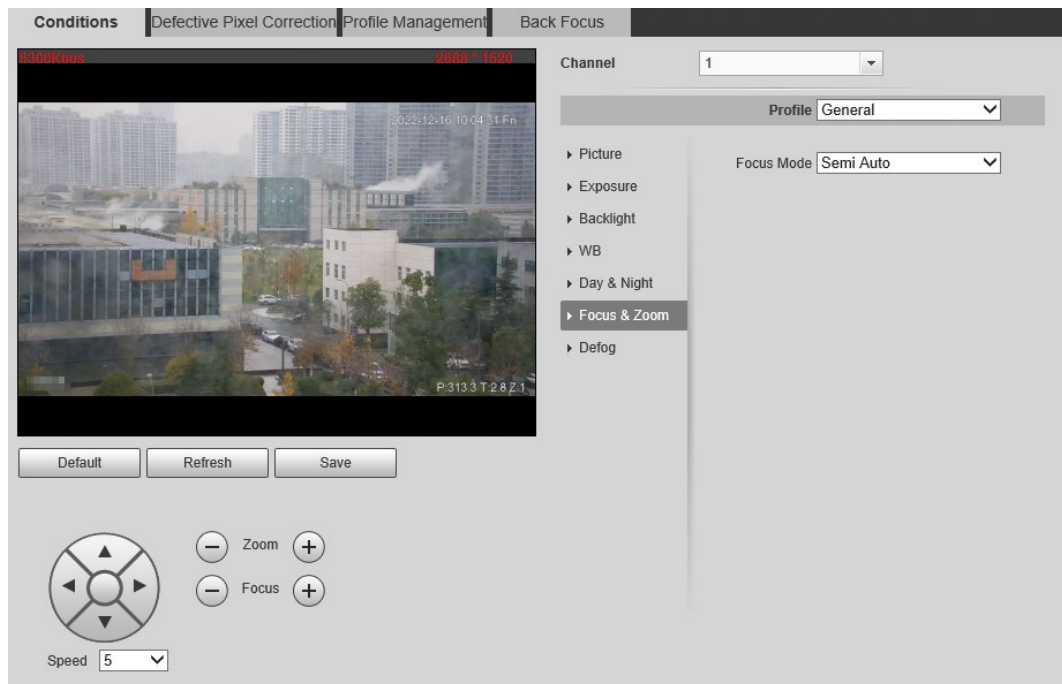






Table 6-6 Focus & zoom parameters

Parameter	Description
Digital Zoom	Select the On checkbox to enable it. You can use the digital zoom to continue the zooming operation even if the optical zoom is at the maximum value.
Zoom Speed	The larger the value, the faster the zooming operation.

Parameter	Description
Mode	The focusing mode of the Camera. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: When image moves or object changes in the scene, the Camera will focus automatically. • Semi Auto: Click  or  corresponding to Focus or Zoom, the Camera will focus. Calling preset, positioning accurately or rotating PTZ also will trigger focus. • Manual: You need to click  or  corresponding to Focus to adjust the focus.
Focus Limit	When the focus length is too short, the Camera will focus on the dome cover. Sets the shortest focus distance to avoid focusing on the dome cover. You can also change the focus speed by changing focus length.
Sensitivity	Select from High , Default and Low . When you select High , it will be easier for the Camera to focus.
Lens Initialization	Click Lens Initialization to initialize the lens. The system will clear the zooming and focusing data that you have set.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.1.7 Configuring Defog Parameters

The image quality is compromised in foggy or hazy environment, and defog can be used to improve image clarity.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

Step 3 Click the **Defog** tab.

Step 4 Configure the defogging settings.

Figure 6-8 Defog

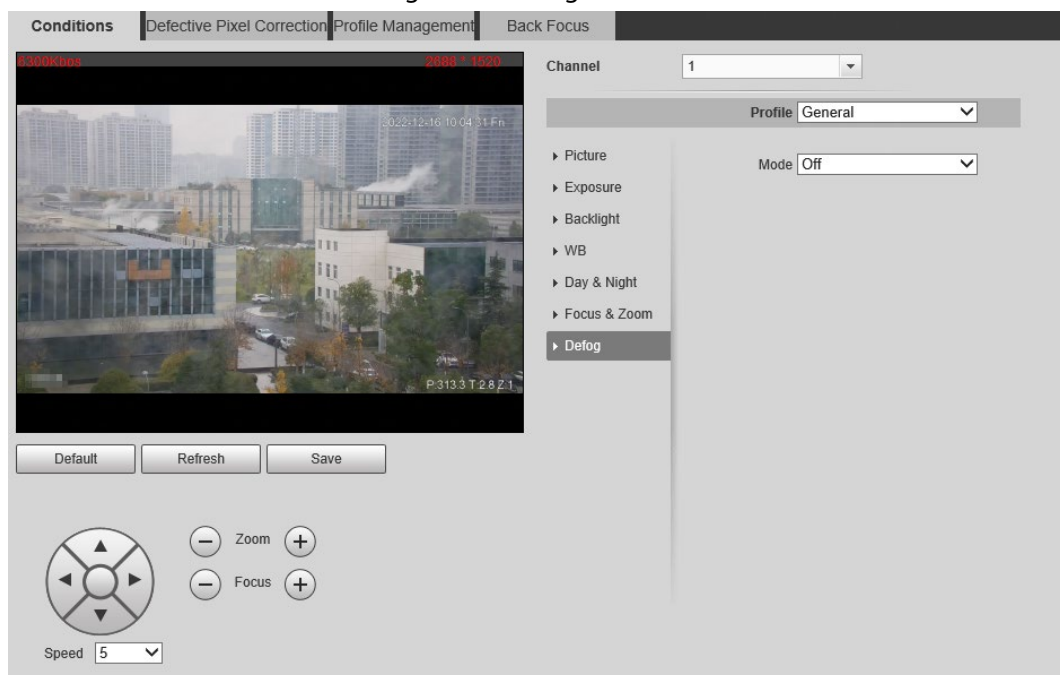


Table 6-7 Defogging settings description

Defogging Settings	Description
Auto	The system adjusts image clarity according to the actual condition.
Manual	Configure function intensity manually, and then the system adjusts image clarity accordingly. Set the intensity higher when the image is not clear.
Off	Defog function is disabled.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.2 Configuring Thermal Image

Configure a specific scenario where you use the Camera, including indoor scenario, outdoor scenario, and adaptive scenario. You can choose a scenario as needed, and configure and check the scenario.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Conditions**.

Step 2 Select **1** in **Channel**.

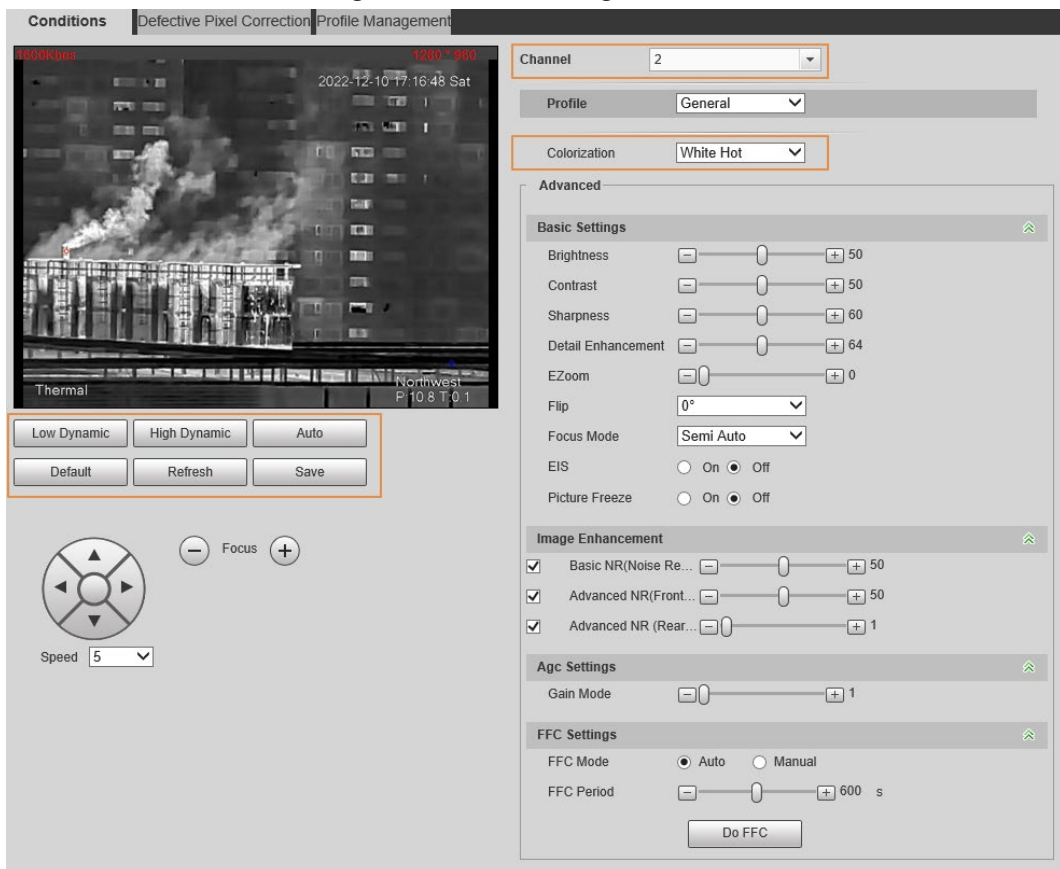
Step 3 Configure the profile. For details, see "6.1.1.4 Configuring Profile Management".

Step 4 Select the colorization and scenario.



The thermal image page might vary with different models.

Figure 6-9 Thermal image



Step 5 Configure lens parameters.

Table 6-8 Description of lens parameters


Parameter	Description
Scene Type	<p>Select the duplicate frame and set the frequently used video parameter as the user-defined scene. Or you can select the default scene and set the display of the thermal image.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Low Dynamic: Thermal images will be displayed based on the configuration of low dynamic scene. ● High Dynamic: Thermal images will be displayed based on the configuration of high dynamic scene. ● Auto: Thermal images will be displayed based on the configuration of auto scene ● None: Do not set the scene.
Profile	Normal, Day and Night can be selected.


Parameter	Description
Colorization	<p>Add color to the thermal image and use color to indicate the temperature. White Glow is the default color.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White glow: Lighter when the temperature is higher in gray image. ● Black glow: Lighter when the temperature is lower in gray image. ● Fusion: Color is concentrated on the range of purple- red-yellow. More purple when the temperature is lower and more yellow when the temperature is higher. ● Rainbow: Color is concentrated on the range of blue- green-red- yellow. Bluer when the temperature is lower and more yellow when the temperature is higher. ● Golden autumn: Color is concentrated on the range of red- yellow. Redder when the temperature is lower and more yellow when the temperature is higher. ● Midday: Color is concentrated on the range of blue- green-red- yellow. Bluer when the temperature is lower and more yellow when the temperature is higher. ● Iron oxide red: Its color range is similar to that of Midday, but its brightness is lower than Midday. ● Amber: It's mainly represented as brown. Brighter when the temperature is higher. ● Boulder: Color is concentrated on the range of purple - red- yellow- green- blue. More purple when the temperature is lower and bluer when the temperature is higher. ● The setting sun: Color is concentrated on the range of blue- red- yellow. Bluer when the temperature is lower and more yellow when the temperature is higher. ● Ice and fire: In color image, high temperature objects show red and low temperature objects show blue. Ice and fire is usually used to give a warning. ● Oil painting: Color is concentrated on the range of purple-blue- green- yellow-red. More purple when the temperature is lower and redder when the temperature is higher. ● Pomegranate: It is mainly represented as wine red. Brighter when the temperature is higher. ● Green jade: It is mainly represented as aquamarine. Brighter when the temperature is higher.


Step 6 (Optional) Configure the advanced parameters.

When the scene cannot meet the scene requirements, configure the advanced parameters manually.

Table 6-9 Advanced parameter description

Classification	Parameter	Description
Basic Settings	Brightness	Change the overall image brightness through linear mode. The bigger the value is, the brighter the image will be, and the smaller the darker.
	Contrast	Changes the contrast of the image. The higher the value is, the more the contrast will be between bright and dark areas, and the smaller the less. If the value is set too big, the dark area would be too dark and bright area easier to get overexposed. The image might be hazy if the value is set too small.
	Sharpness	Change the sharpness of image edges. The larger the value, the more obvious the image edge. Do not make the value too large to prevent image noise.
	DDE	Makes the details of the image clear. The bigger the value is, the clearer the details will be.
	Digital Zoom	Enlarge the thermal image according to the zoom time you have set.
	Mirror	Open the mirror image and the monitor image will reverse from left to right.
	Flip	Changes the display direction of the picture, see the options below. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0°: Normal display. • 90°: The picture rotates 90° clockwise. • 180°: The picture rotates 90° counterclockwise. • 270°: The picture flips upside down.  For some models, configure the resolution to be 1080p or lower when using 90° and 180°. For details, see "6.1.2.1 Configuring Video Streaming".

Classification	Parameter	Description
	Fusion Mode	<p>Displays the image with the gray scale information of the visible channel, and marks temperatures with color palettes, which makes the image of the thermal channel clearer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Original: Displays the image of the thermal channel. ● Warm Color: Combines the data of the visible channel and the thermal channel, and displays the image in warm color. ● Cold Color: Combines the data of the visible channel and the thermal channel, and displays the image in cold color. ● Fusion Rate: It ranges from 0 to 100. The larger the value, the larger the proportion of the visible channel. ● Dual-lens Calibration Adjustment: You can adjust the misaligned images through direction keys. ● Speed: The moving speed of the lens when adjusting the image. <p> To get a better fusion effect, keep the distance 3 m between the Camera and the targets.</p>
Noise Reduction	2D NR	<p>Compares one frame to the next and removes any oddity that does not appear in each frame.</p> <p>The larger the value is, the fuzzier the image will be.</p>

Classification	Parameter	Description
	3D NR	<p>Removes the grainy fuzzy appearances of low light images, will handle moving objects without leaving tails behind, and in low light, it makes an image clearer and sharper.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic 3D NR: The module handles noise reduction. • Advanced 3D NR: The back-end program handles noise reduction.  <p>Generally, you can select 2D NR and Basic 3D NR. If the image is not clear, select Advanced 3D NR, and configure the parameters.</p>
Gain settings	Auto Gain	The larger the gain value, the more unstable the image.
	Gain Mode	Low-temperature mode, high-temperature mode and auto mode are contained.
FFC Settings	FFC Mode	<p>Method of correcting the shutter.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: According to the switch period that you have configured, the shutter will be corrected regularly. • Manual: Correct the shutter by yourself.
	FFC Period	<p>You can configure this parameter only when FFC Mode is set to be Auto. Adjust time gap of correcting the shutter automatically.</p>
	Do FFC	Click Do FFC to trigger the shutter correcting for this time.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

6.1.1.3 Configuring Defective Pixel Correction

When there are a few defective pixels to be corrected, you can correct them manually.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Defective Pixel Correction**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Select the calibration mode. Generally, you can select **Picture**, and for the image with defective pixels that appears occasionally, select **Video**.


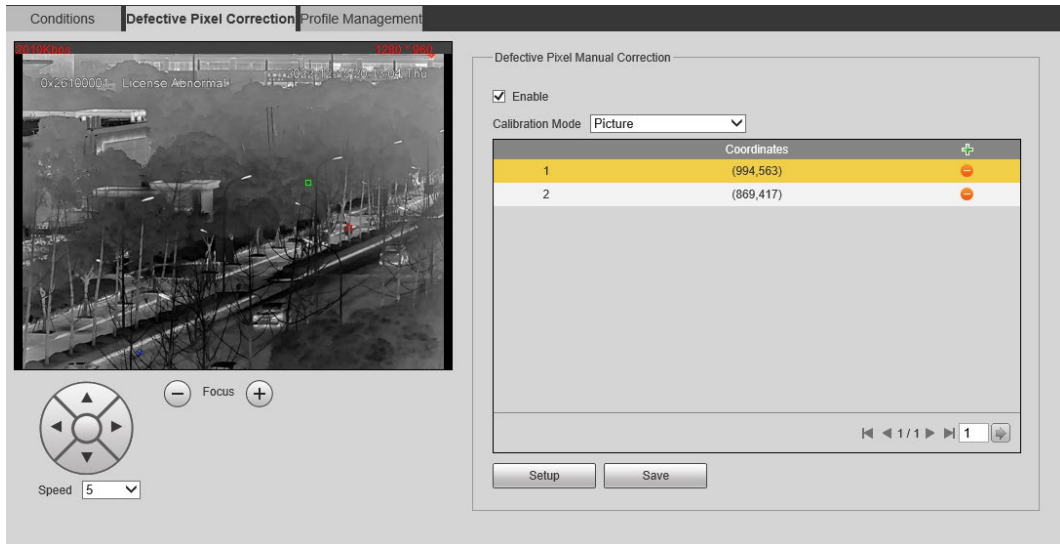


Step 4 Click  to add the point of Defective Pixel Correction.

Figure 6-10 Thermal image



- Step 5** Click a defective pixel on the image, and  is displayed near the defective pixel.
- Step 6** Roll the mouse wheel to zoom in the image.
- Step 7** Click the defective pixel again, and  overlaps the defective pixel.
- Step 8** Click **Calibration Confirmed**.
- Step 9** Click **Setting**.
- Step 10** Click **Save**.



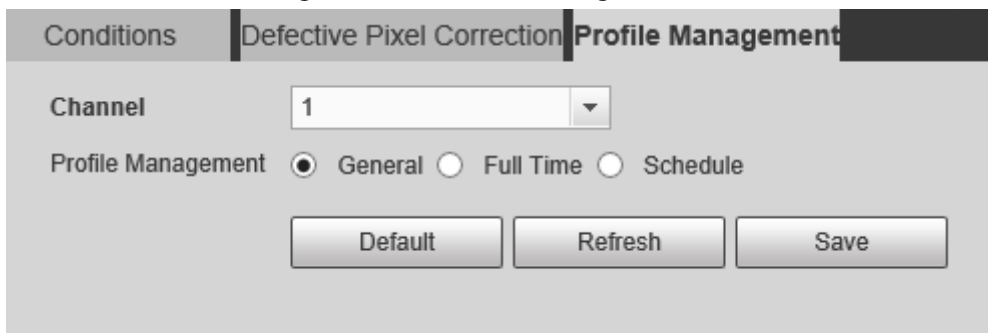
To correct multiple defective pixels at the same time, calibrate one defective pixel, repeat [Step1–Step8](#), and then do [Step9–Step10](#).

6.1.1.4 Configuring Profile Management

When configuring the profile management, you can select from **Normal**, **Full Time** and **Schedule**.

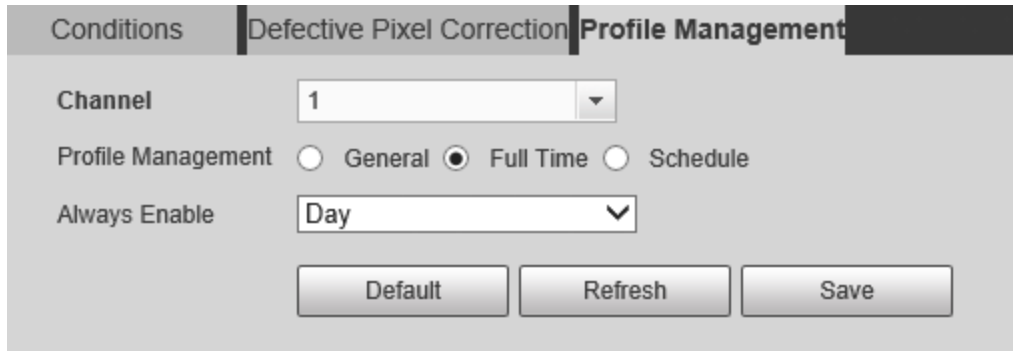
- Step 1** Select **Setting > Camera > Conditions > Profile Management**.
- Step 2** Select the channel.
 - Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the profile management for the visible channel.
 - Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the profile management for the thermal channel.
- Step 3** Configure profile management.
 - When **Profile Management** is set as **Normal**, the surveillance system works under normal configuration.

Figure 6-11 Common setting



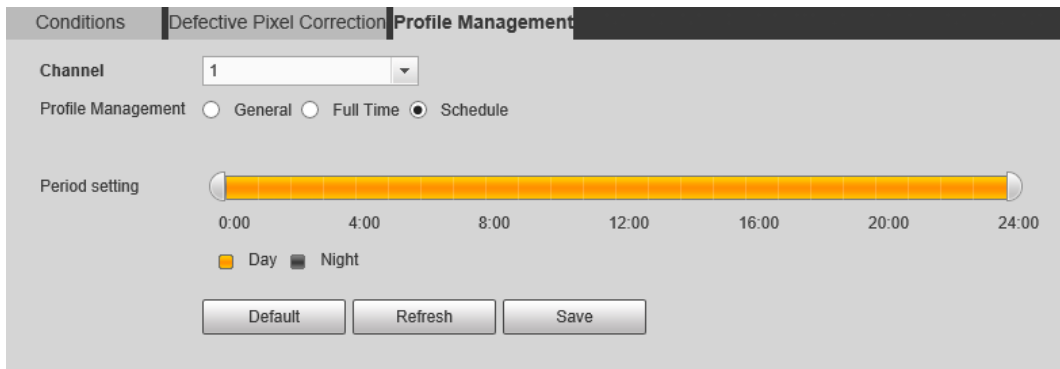
- When **Profile Management** is set as **Full Time**, you can select **Day** or **Night** as **Always Enable**, and the surveillance system works under **Always Enable**.

Figure 6-12 Full time setting



- When **Profile Management** is set as **Schedule**, you can drag the slide block to set certain time as Day or Night. For example, set 8:00–5:00 PM as day, and 0:00–8:00 and 18:00–24:00 as night. System works under corresponding configuration in different time.

Figure 6-13 Switching based on time



Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.1.2 Configuring Video Parameters

6.1.2.1 Configuring Video Streaming

Configure video stream parameters, such as compression, resolution, frame rate, bit rate type, bit rate, I frame interval, SVC, and watermark.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Video**.

Step 2 Select the channel.

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the video parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the video parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Configure video streaming parameter.

Figure 6-14 Video

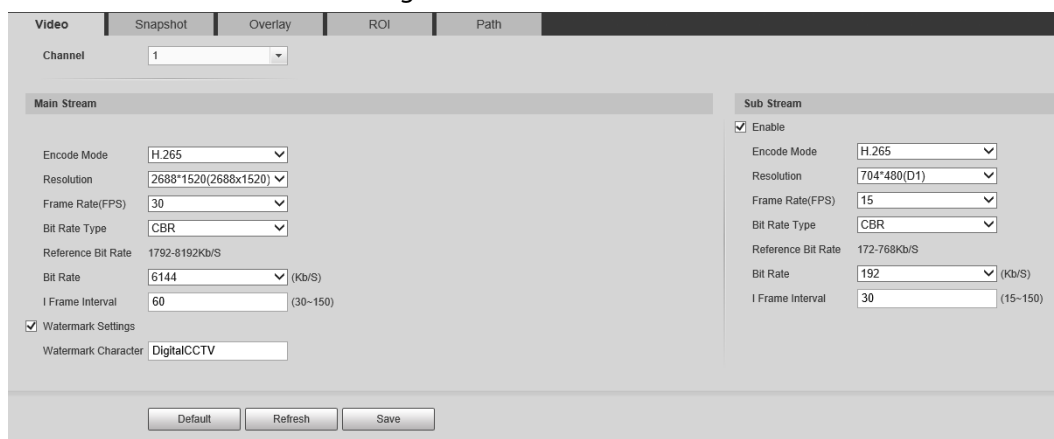




Table 6-10 Parameter description

Parameter	Description
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable sub stream (enabled by default). Enabling sub stream 1 and sub stream 2 at the same time are supported.
Encode Mode	Encode mode of video. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • H.264: Main profile encode mode. • H.264H: High profile encode mode. • H.264B: Baseline profile encode mode. • MJPEG: Under this mode, the higher streaming value is required to ensure the clarity of images. And we recommend you use the maximum streaming value that we have offered.
Resolution	The resolution of the video. The max resolution of different Cameras might be different.
Frame Rate (FPS)	The number of frame in one second of video The higher the FPS is, the clearer and smoother the video will be.
Bit Rate Type	You can select bit rate type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed: the bit rate changes little and keeps close to the configured bit rate value. • Changeable: the bit rate changes as monitoring scene changes.  <p>Bit rate type can only be set as Fixed when Encode Mode is set as MJPEG.</p>
Quality	This parameter can be configured only when the bit rate type is set as VBR .
Reference Bit Rate	According to resolution and frame rate that you have configured, we have offered you a reference bit rate value, which is also the best value that you can adopt.
Bit Rate	This parameter can be configured only when the bit rate type is set as Fixed . If you select the bit rate value according to Reference Bit Rate value , the streaming changes little and keeps close to the bit rate value you have selected. Select Customized and you can configure bit rate value manually.

Parameter	Description
Maximum Bit Rate	This parameter can be configured only when bit rate type is set as VBR . You can select the max value of the bit rate according to the reference bit rate value, and the bit rate changes with monitoring scenes, but the max bit rate keeps close to the value you set.
I Frame Interval	The number of P frame between two I frames, and the I Frame Interval range changes as FPS. It is recommended to set I Frame Interval twice as big as FPS.
SVC	Scaled video coding, able to encode a high quality video bit stream that contains one or more subset bit streams. The default value is 1, which means no layered coding.
Watermark Settings	Select the checkbox to enable watermark. Then you can check if the video has been tampered by verifying the watermark.
Watermark character	The default character is Digital CCTV.  You can configure at most 128 watermark characters which are composed of number, letter, underline and dash.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.2 Configuring Image Streaming

Configure parameters of image streaming which cover snapshot type/interval, image size/quality.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Snapshot**.

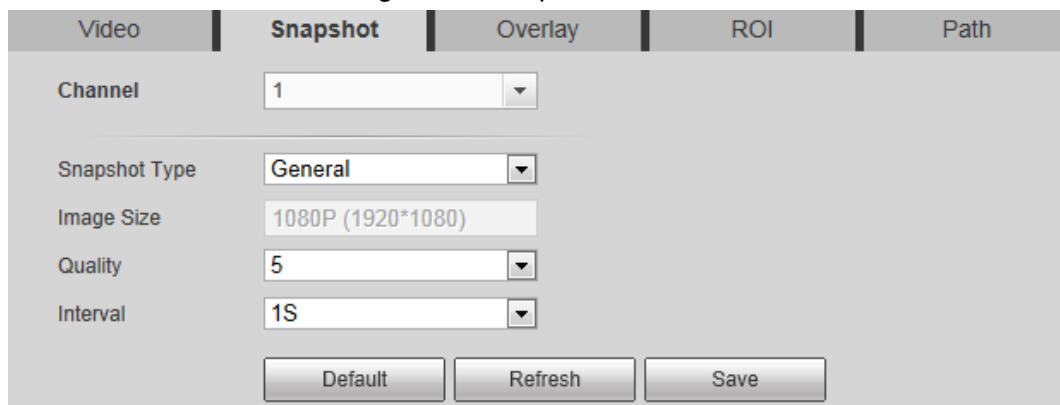
x

Step 2 Select the channel.

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the video parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the video parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Configure snapshot streaming.

Figure 6-15 Snapshot



Video	Snapshot	Overlay	ROI	Path
Channel	1			
Snapshot Type	General			
Image Size	1080P (1920*1080)			
Quality	5			
Interval	1S			
Default		Refresh		Save

Table 6-11 Parameter description

Parameter	Description
Snapshot type	You can select General or Event . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General means the system takes snapshot as scheduled • Event means snapshot functions when video\audio detection, event or alarm is triggered.
Image Size	The same resolution with main stream.
Quality	Snapshot quality. The bigger the value, the better the snapshot quality.
Interval	Snapshot frequency. Select Customized to manually configure snapshot frequency.
HeatMap in Jpeg	When you select channel 2, you can configure this parameter. Select the checkbox and snapshots of thermal images will carry the temperature-measurement information.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3 Configuring Video Overlay

Configure overlay information, and it will be displayed on the **Live** page.

6.1.2.3.1 Configuring Privacy Masking

You can enable this function when you need to protect the privacy of some area on the image.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click the **Privacy Masking** tab.

Step 4 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

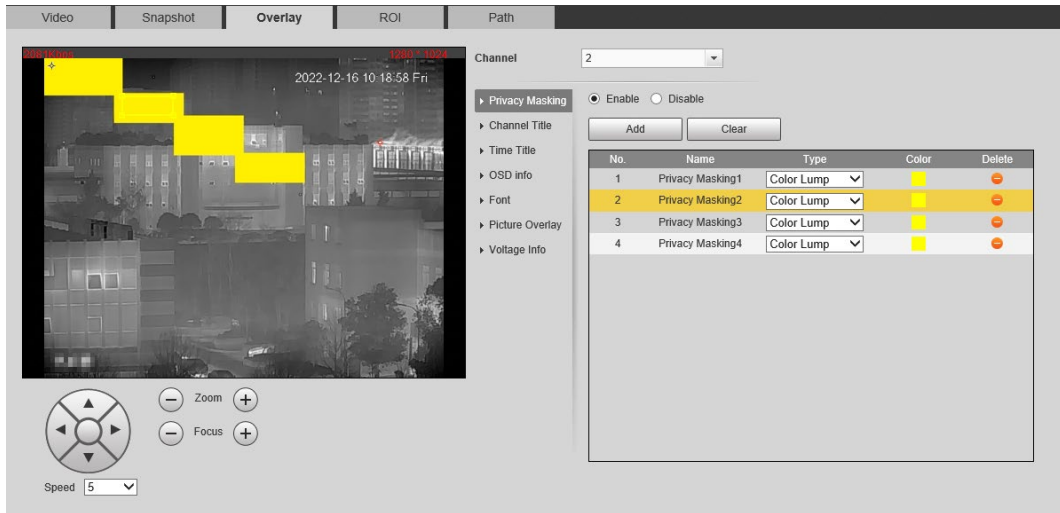
Step 5 Click **Add**. Double-click the block name to edit it, and click the color to select the block color.

Step 6 Draw a block on the image. You can drag the corner of the block to adjust the size and drag it to the place that you want to mask.



- You can draw four area boxes at most.
- Click **Remove All** to delete all the area boxes; you can also just select one box, and click **Delete** or right-click to delete it.

Figure 6-16 Privacy masking



Step 7 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.2 Configuring Channel Title

You can enable this function if you need to display Channel title in the video image.

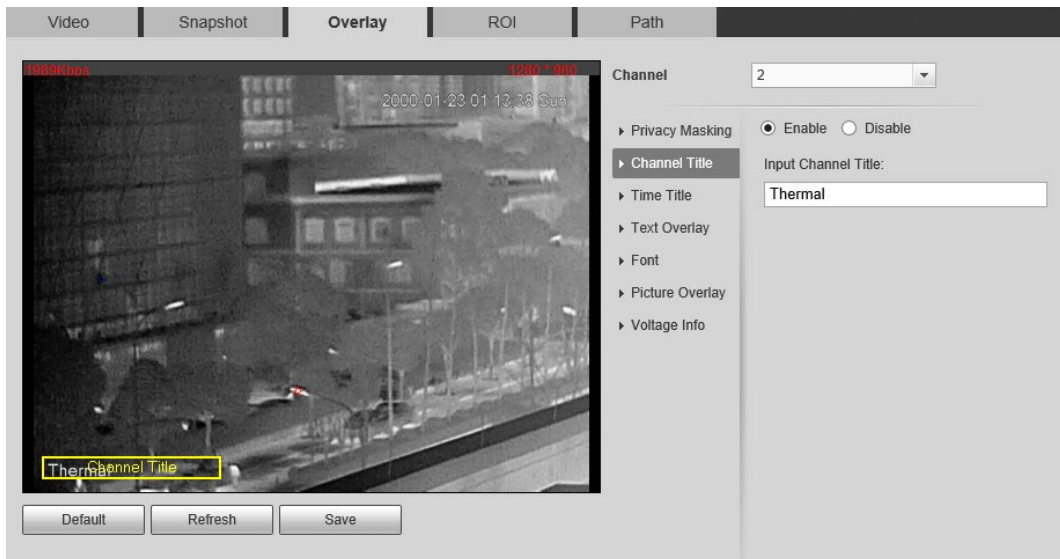
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click **Channel Title**.

Figure 6-17 Channel title



Step 4 Select the **Enable** checkbox, and then enter channel title. The title displays in the video image.



You can drag the **Channel Title** box on the video image with your mouse to adjust the location of the box.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.3 Configuring Time Title

You can enable this function if you need to display time on the video image.

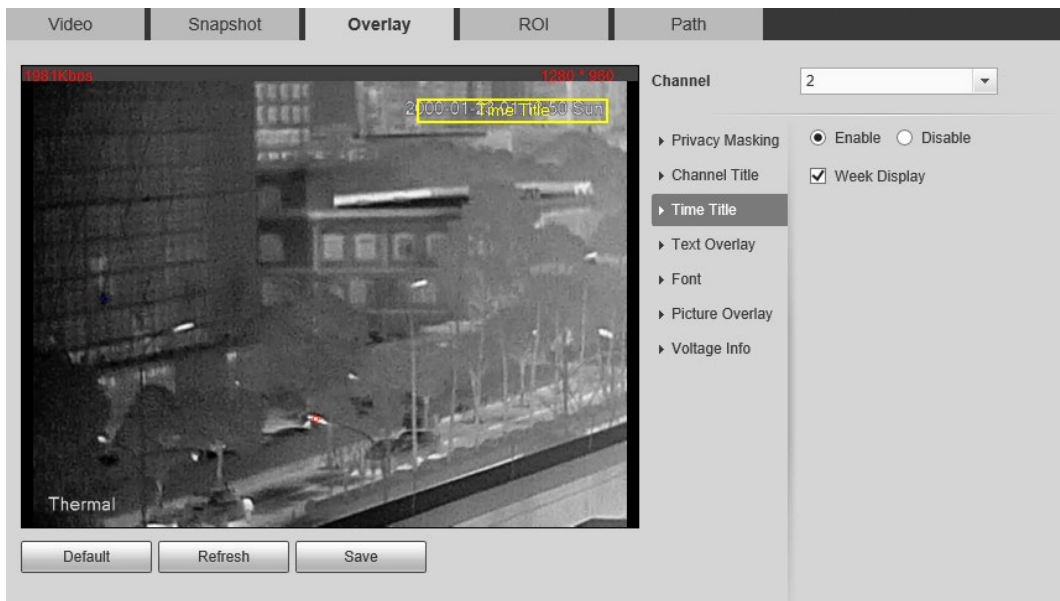
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click **Time Title**.

Figure 6-18 Time title



Step 4 Select the **Enable** checkbox, and the time is displayed on the video image.

Step 5 Click **Week Display**, and then the week information is displayed on the video image.



You can drag the **Time Title** box on the video image with your mouse to adjust the box's location.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.4 Configuring OSD Info

You can enable this function if you want to display preset title, temperature, PTZ life warning, coordinates, zoom, north direction, pattern, RS-485, battery information, and other information on the video image.

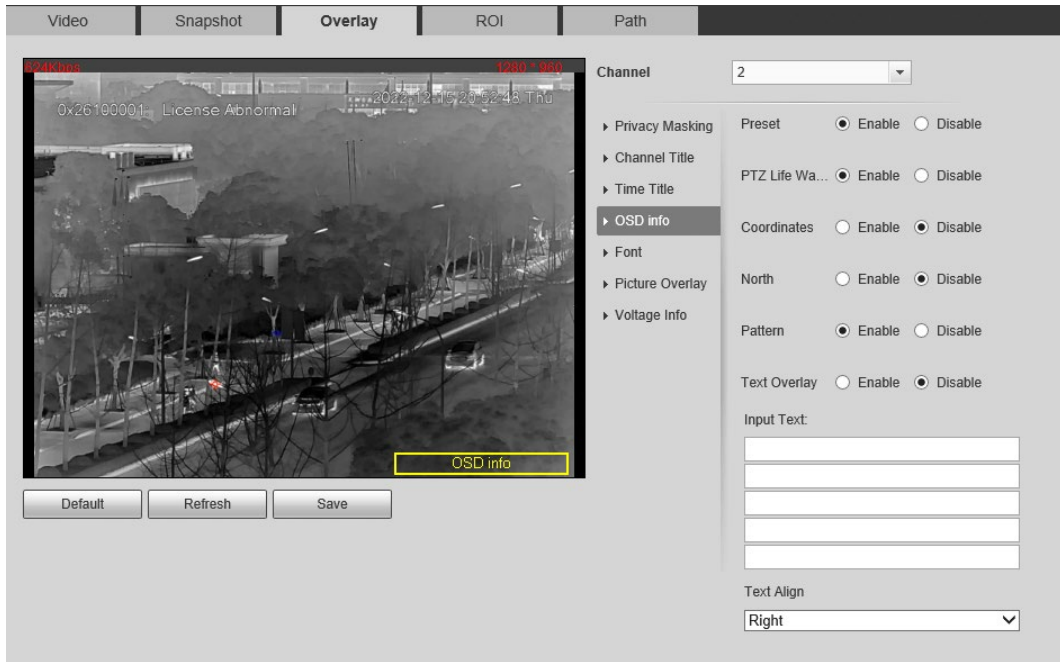
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > OSD Info**.

Step 2 Select the channel


- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click **OSD Info**.

Figure 6-19 OSD Info



Step 4 Configure OSD information.

Parameter	Description
Preset	Select the Enable checkbox, and the preset name is displayed on the image when the Camera turns to the preset, and it will disappear 3 s later.
PTZ Life Warning	When the PTZ lifespan is close to the threshold, a warning will be displayed on the video image. This OSD info is enabled by default.
Coordinates	Select the Enable checkbox, and the PTZ coordinates information is displayed on the image.
Zoom	Select the Enable checkbox, and the zoom information is displayed on the image. For example,  means 12× zoom rate.
North	Select the Enable checkbox, and the north direction is displayed on the image. For details, see "5.7.3 Configuring North".
Pattern	Select the Enable checkbox, and the pattern information is displayed on the image.
Text Overlay	Select the Enable checkbox, and then enter text. The text is displayed on the image.
Input Text	
Text Align	Set the alignment mode of the displayed information on the image.

Step 5 Move the OSD box to the position that you want on the image.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.5 Configuring Font

You can adjust size and color of the font on the video images based on your own needs.

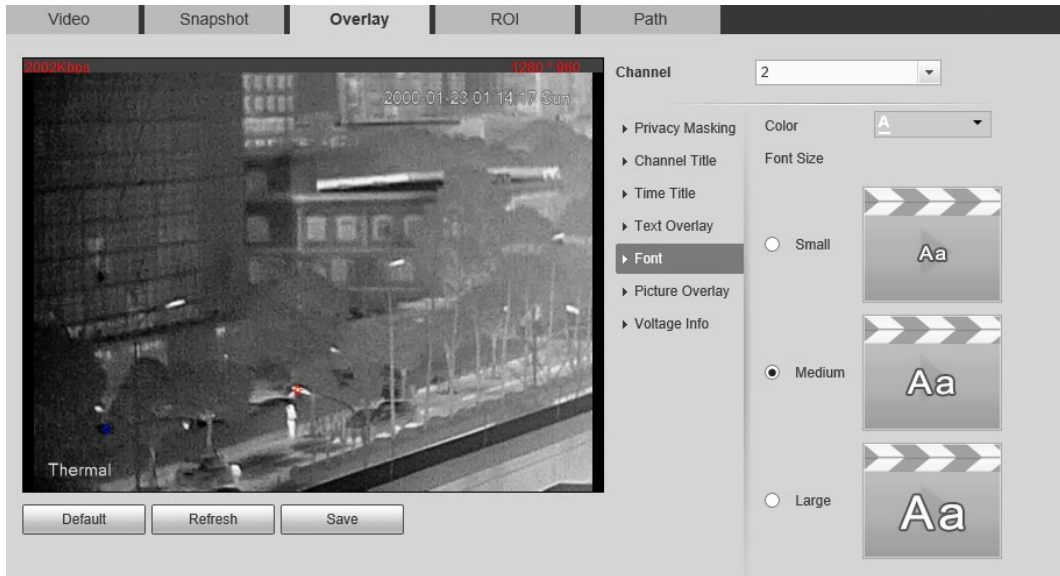
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click the **Font** tab.

Figure 6-20 Font setting



Step 4 Select color and size of the font as needed.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.6 Configuring Picture Overlay

You can enable this function if you need to display picture information on the video image.



Text overlay and picture overlay cannot work at the same time.

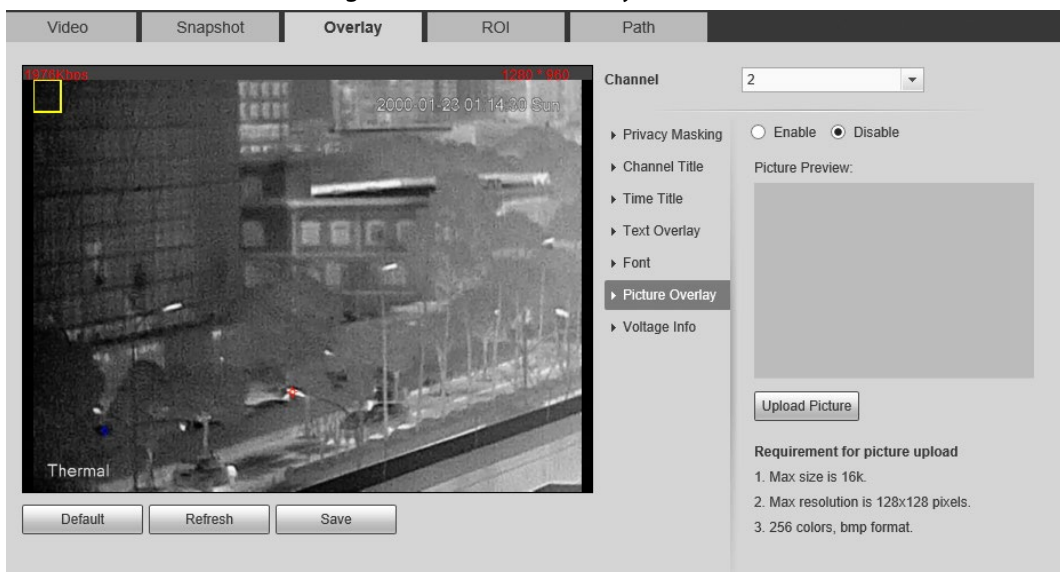
Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click the **Picture Overlay** tab.

Figure 6-21 Picture overlay



Step 4 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

You will be informed that OSD information is to be closed. Click **Save**.

Step 5 Click **Upload Picture**, and select a picture. The picture is displayed in video images.



You can drag the **Picture Overlay** box in the video image with your mouse to adjust the box's location.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.3.7 Configuring Voltage Information

After enabling this function, the voltage information will be displayed on the image when the camera voltage is abnormal.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Overlay**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Click the **Voltage Info** tab.

Step 4 Select **On**.

The picture overlay function will be disabled after the voltage information function is enabled.

Figure 6-22 Voltage information



Step 5 Click **Save**.

When the camera voltage is abnormal, the voltage information will be displayed on the image.

For example, for a Camera requires 12V voltage, when the voltage exceeds $\pm 15\%$, the abnormal voltage information will be displayed on the image, prompting the customer to check the voltage.

6.1.2.4 Configuring ROI

Select ROI in the image, and then the selected image would display with configured quality.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > ROI**.

Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 4 Hold the left mouse button to draw a ROI area on video images. You can also configure the display quality OF ROI.



- You can draw at most four ROI areas.
- Click **Remove All** to delete all the area boxes; you can also just select one box, and click **Delete** or right-click to delete it.

Figure 6-23 ROI page



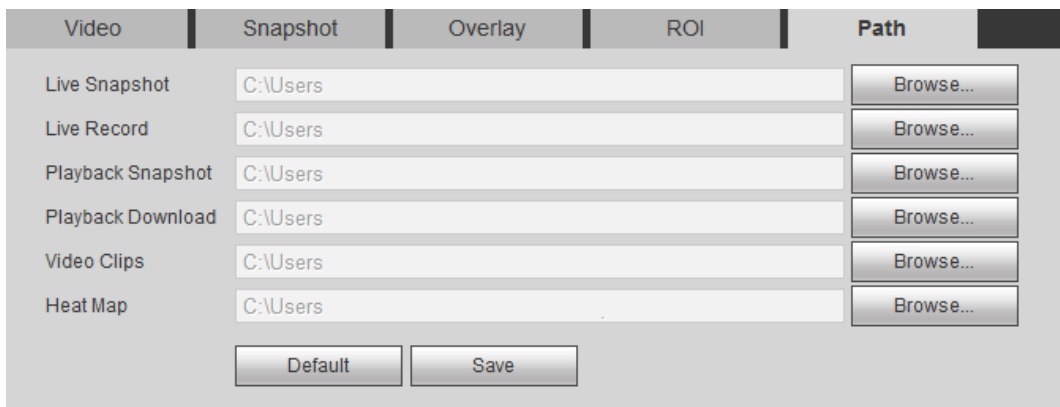
Step 5 Click **Save**.

6.1.2.5 Configuring Storage Path

Configure storage paths covering **Live Snapshot**, **Live Record**, **Playback Snapshot**, **Playback Download**, **Video Clips**, and **Heat Map**.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Video > Path**.

Figure 6-24 Storage path



Step 2 Click **Browse**, and configure storage paths of live snapshot, live record, playback snapshot,

playback download, video clips, and heat map.

Table 6-12 Storage path description

Path	Description
Live Snapshot	Live snapshot refers to the snapshot of live page. C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.
Live Record	Live record refers to the recorded video of live page. C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.
Playback Snapshot	Playback snapshot refers to the snapshot of playback page. C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.
Playback Download	Playback download refers to the downloaded video of playback page. C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.
Video Clips	Video clips refer to the clipped video of playback page. C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.
Heat Map	Heat map comes from the location Setting > Temperature . C:\Users\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot is the default path.



Administrator in the default path is the user account.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.1.3 Configuring Audio Parameters

Configure audio parameters covering **Encode Mode**, **Sampling Frequency**, **Audio in Type**, and **Noise Filter**.



Functions of different cameras might vary.



Step 1 Select **Setting > Camera > Audio**.

Figure 6-25 Audio

Step 2 Configure Audio parameters.

Table 6-13 Parameters

Parameters	Description
Enable	Audio can be enabled only when video is enabled. Enable Main Stream or Sub Stream , and the network stream is composed of both audio and video streams. If you do not select Main Stream or Sub Stream , then only video images are transmitted.
Encode Mode	You can select audio encode mode. G.711A, G.711Mu, and AAC are included. The configured audio encode mode applies to audio and intercom.
Sampling Frequency	Audio's sampling frequency. 8K and 16K are included.
Audioin Type	Two audio types are selectable. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LineIn: External audio input source is required. • Mic: External audio input source is not required.
Noise Filter	Enable this function, and the system auto filters ambient Noise.

Parameters	Description
Microphone Volume	Adjusts microphone volume.  This function is available on select models.
Speaker Volume	Adjusts speaker volume.  This function is available on select models.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.2 Configuring Network

6.2.1 Configuring TCP/IP

You can configure IP address, DNS (Domain Name System) server and so more according to network planning.

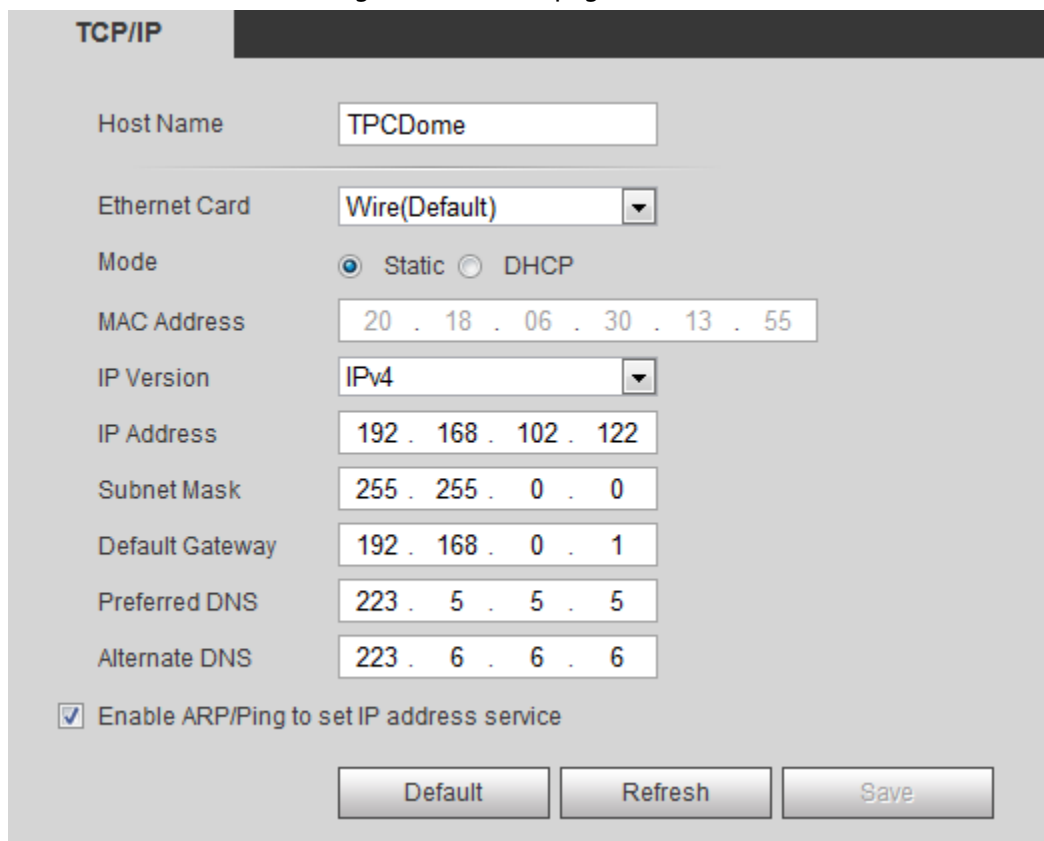
Prerequisites

You have connected the Camera to network.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > TCP/IP**.

Figure 6-26 TCP/IP page



TCP/IP

Host Name: TPCDome

Ethernet Card: Wire(Default)

Mode: Static DHCP

MAC Address: 20 . 18 . 06 . 30 . 13 . 55

IP Version: IPv4

IP Address: 192 . 168 . 102 . 122

Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Default Gateway: 192 . 168 . 0 . 1

Preferred DNS: 223 . 5 . 5 . 5


Alternate DNS: 223 . 6 . 6 . 6

Enable ARP/Ping to set IP address service

Default Refresh Save

Step 2 Configure TCP/IP parameters.

Table 6-14 TCP/IP parameters

Parameter	Description
Host Name	Enter the host name, 15 characters at most.
Ethernet Card	Wire (Default) is set by default.
Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Static: You need to manually configure IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway. • DHCP: Obtains IP address automatically. With DHCP enabled, IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway cannot be configured. You can check the current IP address whether the DHCP takes effect or not.
MAC Address	Host's MAC address, cannot be modified.
IP Version	Select IPv4 or IPv6.
IP Address	Enter the IP address and subnet mask according to your own needs.
Subnet Mask	 <p>All the IPv6 addresses will be validated, so ensure IP address and subnet mask are in the same network segment, which means the front parts of the IP address and the default gateway are the same one.</p>
Default Gateway	Configure it as needed, the default gateway must be in the same network segment with the IP address.
Preferred DNS	IP address of the preferred DNS.
Alternate DNS	IP address of the alternate DNS.

Parameter	Description
<p>Enable ARP/Ping to set IP address service.</p>	<p>Select the checkbox, get the camera MAC address, and then you can modify and configure the camera IP address with ARP/ping command. It is enabled by default. During restarting, you will have no more than two minutes to configure the camera IP address with a ping packet which has certain length. The server will be turned off in 2 minutes, or it will be turned off immediately after IP address configuration. If it is not enabled, the IP address cannot be configured with ping packet.</p> <p>A demonstration of configuring IP address with ARP/Ping.</p> <p>To obtain a free IP address, you need to ensure that the Camera and your PC are in the same LAN.</p> <p>Get MAC address from the Camera label.</p> <p>Open command editor on your PC and enter the following command.</p> <div data-bbox="614 667 1362 1294" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Windows syntax↵</p> <pre>arp -s <IP Address> <MAC> ↵ ping -l 480 -t <IP Address> ↵</pre> <p>Windows example↵</p> <pre>arp -s 192.168.0.125 11-40-8c-18-10-11↵ ping -l 480 -t 192.168.0.125↵</pre> <p>UNIX/Linux/Mac syntax↵</p> <pre>arp -s <IP Address> <MAC> ↵ ping -s 480 <IP Address> ↵</pre> <p>UNIX/Linux/Mac example↵</p> <pre>arp -s 192.168.0.125 11-40-8c-18-10-11↵ ping -s 480 192.168.0.125↵</pre> </div> <p>Restart through power or network.</p> <p>Check your PC command line. If there is information such as "Reply from 192.168.0.125...", you have done configuration successfully. Turn it off then.</p> <p>Enter http://(IP address) in the browser address bar to log in.</p>

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.2.2 Configuring Port

Configure the port numbers and the maximum number of users (includes web, platform client, and mobile phone client) that can connect to the device simultaneously.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Port**.

Figure 6-27 Port

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled 'Port'. It contains the following settings:

- Max Connection: 10 (range 1~20)
- TCP Port: 37777 (range 1025~65534)
- UDP Port: 37778 (range 1025~65534)
- HTTP Port: 80
- RTSP Port: 554
- HTTPS Port: 443
- 5000 Port: Enable Off

At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 2 Configure parameters.



- 0–1024, 1900, 3800, 5000, 5050, 9999, 37776, 37780–37880, 39999, 42323 are occupied for specific uses.
- Do not use the same value of any other port during port configuration.

Table 6-15 Port parameter description

Parameter	Description
Max Connection	The maximum number of users (web client, platform client or mobile phone client) that can connect to the Camera simultaneously, the value is 10 by default.
TCP Port	Port of transmission control protocol. The value is 37777 by default.
UDP Port	User datagram protocol port, the value is 37778 by default.
HTTP Port	HTTP communication port. The default value is 80. If you have modified the default value, when logging in through a browser, you need to add the latest port number to the end of IP address.

Parameter	Description
RTSP Port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 554 is the default port number. If you play live view through Apple's QuickTime or VLC, the following format is available. This function is also available for Blackberry. • When the URL format requiring RTSP, you need to specify channel number and bit stream type in the URL, and also user name and password if needed. • When playing live view with Blackberry smart phone, you need to turn off the audio, and then set the code mode to H.264B and resolution to CIF. • Username: admin, for example. • password • IP: your Camera IP. • Port: leave it if the value is 554 by default. • Channel 1: Channel number, starts from 1. For example, if you are using channel 2, then the channel=2. • Subtype refers to Bit stream type; 0 means main stream (Subtype=0) and 1 means sub stream (Subtype=1). <p>rtsp://ip:port/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=0</p>
HTTPS Port	Real Time Messaging Protocol. The port that RTMP provides service. It is 1935 by default.
HTTPS Port	HTTPS communication port. It is 443 by default.
5000 Port	The service port for Windows XP. It is Off by default.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

The configuration of **Max Connection** takes effect immediately, and others will take effect after restart the Camera.

6.2.3 Configuring PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet, is one of the protocols that device uses to connect to the internet. Get the PPPoE username and password from the internet service provider, and then set up network connection through PPPoE, the camera will acquire a WAN dynamic IP address.

- The Camera has connected to the network.
- You have gotten the account and password from Internet Service Provider.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > PPPoE**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox, and then enter the user name and password.



- Disable UPnP while using PPPoE to avoid possible influence.
- After making PPPoE connection, the camera IP address cannot be modified through web page.

Figure 6-28 PPPoE

Step 3 Click **Save**.

The successful prompt displays, and then the real-time WAN IP address is displayed. You can visit the Camera through this IP address.

6.2.4 Configuring DDNS

Properly configure DDNS, and then the domain name on the DNS server matches your IP address and the matching relation refreshes in real time. You can always visit the Camera with the same domain name no matter how the IP address changes.

Prerequisites

Check the DNS server types that the Camera supports.



- Third party server might collect your device information after DDNS is enabled.
- Register and log in to the DDNS website, and then you can view the information of all the connected devices in your account.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > DDNS**.

Step 2 Select the **Type** checkbox, and then configure the parameters as needed.

Figure 6-29 DDNS

Table 6-16 DDNS parameters

Parameter	Description
Type	See the name and web site of DDNS service provides below:

Parameter	Description
Address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "members.dyndns.org" is the IP address of Dyndns DDNS. • "dynupdate.no-ip.com" is the IP address of NO-IP DDNS. • "members.3322.org" is the IP address of CN99 DDNS.
Domain name	The domain name that you registered on the DDNS website.
User name	Enter the user name and password that you got from DDNS service provide. You need to register an account (with user name and password) on the DDNS service provides' website.
Password	
Update period	The update cycle of the connection between your Camera and the server. 10 minutes are set by default.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

Open your browser, and type the domain name into address bar. Press Enter. If a web page is displayed, the configuration is finished successfully.

6.2.5 Configuring SMTP

Configure **SMTP (Email)** parameter and enable email linkage. The system sends email to the defined address when the corresponding alarm is triggered.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > SMTP (Email)**.

Figure 6-30 SMTP (Email)



The screenshot shows the 'SMTP (Email)' configuration page. The title bar is 'SMTP (Email)'. The form contains the following elements:

- SMTP Server:** Text input field with 'none'.
- Port:** Text input field with '25'.
- Anonymity:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Username:** Text input field with 'anonymity'.
- Password:** Text input field with four black dots.
- Sender:** Text input field with 'none'.
- Authentication:** A dropdown menu showing 'TLS'.
- Title:** Text input field with 'Message' and a checked 'Attachment' checkbox.
- Mail Receiver:** A text input field that is empty, with '+' and '-' buttons to the right.
- Health Mail:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Update Period:** A text input field with '60' and the label 'Sec.(1~3600)'.

At the bottom of the form, there are four buttons: 'Test', 'Default', 'Refresh', and 'Save'.

Step 2 Configure the parameters to be configured.

Table 6-17 SMTP (Email) parameter description

Parameter	Description	
SMTP Server	SMTP server address	 For details, see Table 6-18.
Port	The port number of the SMTP server.	
Username	The account of SMTP server.	
Password	The password of SMTP server.	
Anonymous	Select the checkbox, and the sender's information is not displayed in the email.	
Sender	Sender's email address.	
Encryption Type	Select from None , SSL and TLS .  For details, see Table 6-18.	
Subject	Enter maximum 63 characters in Chinese, English, and Arabic numerals. Click + to select title type, including Device Name , Device ID , and Event Type , and you can set maximum 2 titles.	
Attachment	Select the checkbox to support attachment in the email.	
Receiver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Receiver's email address. Supports 3 addresses at most. After entering the receiver's email address, the Test button is display. Click Test to test whether the emails can be sent and received successfully. 	
Health Mail	The system sends test mail to check if the connection is successfully configured. Click the checkbox and configure the Sending Interval , and then the system sends test mail as the set interval.	

For the configuration of major mailboxes, see Table 6-18.

Table 6-18 Description of major mailbox configuration

Mailbox	SMTP server	Authentication	Port	Description
gmail	smtp.gmail.com	SSL	465	You need to enable SMTP service in your mailbox.
		TLS	587	

Step 3 Click **Save** to save the configuration.

Step 4 Click **Test** to test whether the email works normally.

6.2.6 Configuring UPnP

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a protocol that establishes mapping relation between local area and wide area networks. This function enables you to visit local area device through wide area IP address.

Prerequisites

- Make sure that the UPnP service is installed in the system.
- Log in to the router, and configure WAN IP address to set up internet connection.
- Enable UPnP in the router.
- Connect your Camera to the LAN port of the router.
- Set IP address of your router as that of your Camera, or select DHCP to obtain IP address

automatically.

Procedure


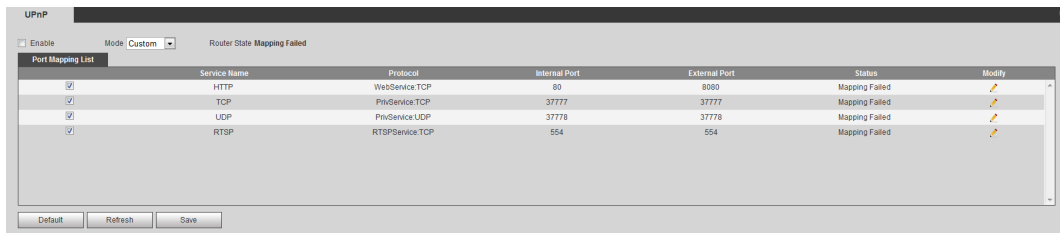
- Step 1** Select **Setting > Network > UPnP**.
- Step 2** Select the **Enable** checkbox.
- Step 3** Select the mode, and service name in the port mapping list.
UPnP can be classified as custom mode and default mode.
- Select **Custom**, click , and then you can change external port as needed.
 - Select **Default**, and then the system finishes mapping with unoccupied port automatically, and you cannot edit mapping relation.

Figure 6-31 UPnP



- Step 4** Click **Save**.
Type "`http://external network IP address: external port number`" to access Cameras in Intranet whose ports correspond to your router.

6.2.7 Configuring SNMP

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol), which can be used to enable software such as MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser to connect to the Camera and manage and monitor the Camera.

Prerequisites

- Install SNMP monitoring and managing tools such as MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
- You can contact technical support for the MIB file that matches the current version.

Procedure

- Step 1** Select **Setting > Network > SNMP**.

Figure 6-32 SNMP (1)

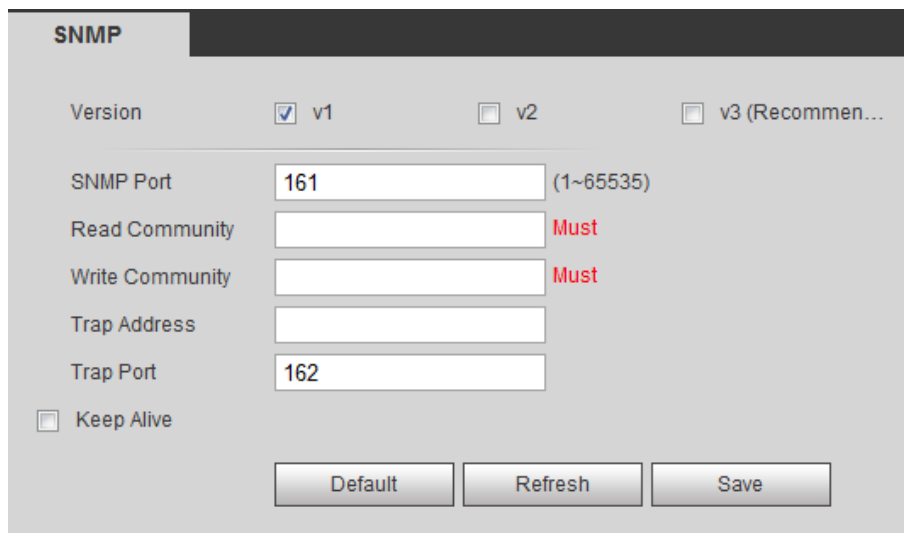


Figure 6-33 SNMP (2)

Step 2 Select SNMP version to enable SNMP.


- Select **V1**, and the system can only process information of V1 version.
- Select **V2**, and the system can only process information of V2 version.
- Select **V3**, and then **V1** and **V2** become unavailable. You can configure username, password and authentication type. It requires corresponding username, password and authentication type to visit your device from the server.





Using **V1** and **V2** might cause data leakage, and **V3** is recommended.

Step 3 In **Trap Address**, enter the IP address of the PC that has MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser installed, and leave other parameters to the default.

Table 6-19 SNMP parameter description

Parameter	Description
SNMP Port	The listening port of the software agent in the device.
Read Community, Write Community	The read and write community string that the software agent supports.  You can enter number, letter, underline and dash to form the name.
Trap Address	The target address of the Trap information sent by the software agent in the device.

Parameter	Description
Trap Port	The target port of the Trap information sent by the software agent in the device.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox, and then set the period. During the configured period, the system checks whether the camera is online.
Read-only Username	Set the read-only username accessing device, and it is public by default.  You can enter number, letter, and underline to form the name.
Read&Write Username	Set the read/write username access device, and it is private by default.  You can enter number, letter, and underline to form the name.
Authentication Type	You can select from MD5 and SHA . It is MD5 by default.
Authentication Password	It should be no less than 8 digits.
Encryption Type	It is CBC-DES by default.
Encryption Password	It should be no less than 8 digits.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

Result

View device configuration through MIB Builder or MG-SOFT MIB Browser.

1. Run MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
2. Compile the two MIB files with MIB Builder.
3. Load the generated modules with MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
4. Enter the IP address of the device that you need to manage in the MG-SOFT MIB Browser, and then select version to search.
5. Unfold all the tree lists displayed in the MG-SOFT MIB Browser, and then you can view the configuration information, video channel amount, audio channel amount, and software version.



Use PC with Windows and disable SNMP Trap service. The MG-SOFT MIB Browser will display prompt when alarm is triggered.

6.2.8 Configuring Bonjour

Enable this function, and the OS and clients that support Bonjour would find the Camera automatically. You can have quick visit to the Camera with Safari browser.

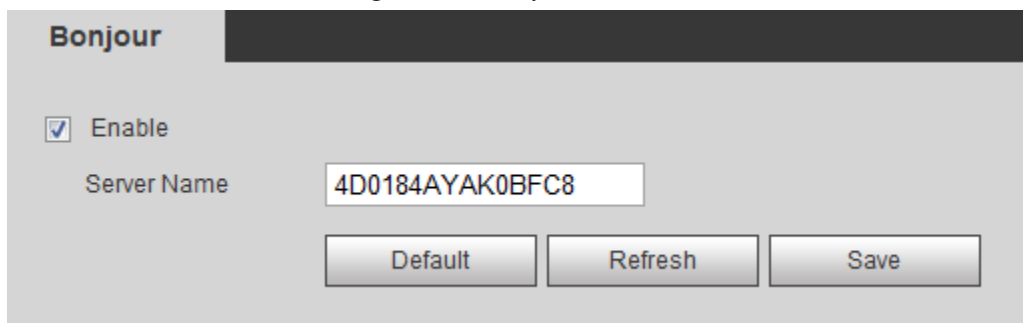


Bonjour is enabled by default.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Bonjour**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox, and then configure the server name.

Figure 6-34 Bonjour



Step 3 Click **Save**.

Result

In the OS and clients that support Bonjour, follow the steps below to visit the network camera with Safari browser.

1. Click **Show All Bookmarks** in Safari.
2. Enable **Bonjour**. The OS or client automatically detects the network cameras with Bonjour enabled in the LAN.
3. Click the camera to visit the corresponding web page.

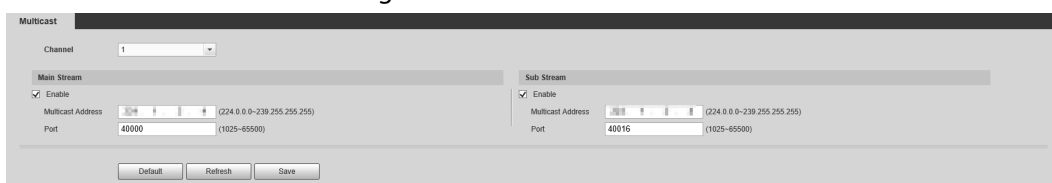
6.2.9 Configuring Multicast

When multiple users are viewing the device video image simultaneously through network, it might fail due to limited bandwidth. You can solve this problem by setting up a multicast IP (224.0.1.0–238.255.255.255) for the Camera and adopt the multicast protocol.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Multicast**.

Figure 6-35 Multicast



Step 2 Select the channel

- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Select **Enable**, and then enter IP address and port number.

Table 6-20 Multicast

Parameter	Description
Multicast Address	The multicast IP address of Main Stream/Sub Stream is 224.1.2.4 by default, and the range is 224.0.0.0–239.255.255.255.
Port	The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40000; Sub Stream1: 40016; Sub Stream2: 40032 , and all the range is 1025–65500.

Step 4 Click **Save**, and the login page is displayed. The configuration finishes.

Result

On the **Live** page, select **RTSP** in **Multicast**, and then you can view the video image with multicast protocol.

6.2.10 Configuring Auto Registration

After you enable this function, when the Camera is connected into Internet, it will report the current location to the specified server which acts as the transit to make it easier for the client software to access the Camera.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Auto Register**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Set auto registration parameters.

Figure 6-36 Auto registration

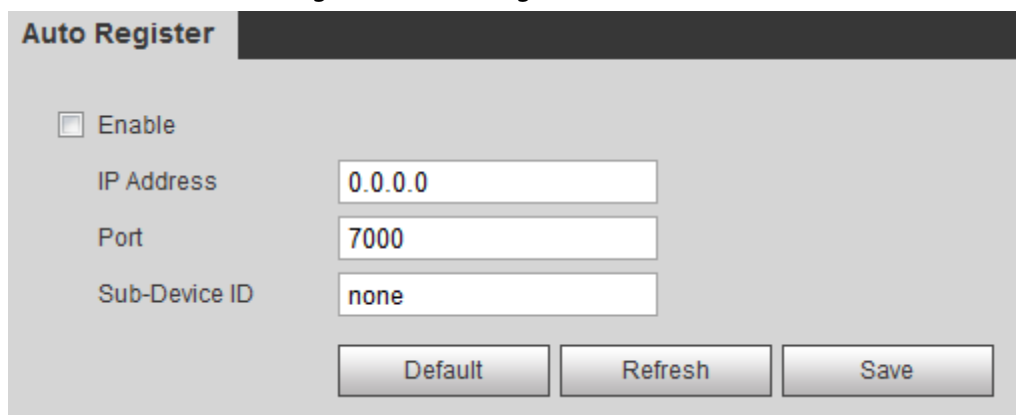


Table 6-21 Auto registration parameter description

Parameter	Description
IP Address	IP address or domain name to which the camera transmits its location.
Port	The port for auto registration.
Sub-Camera ID	Your Camera ID given by the server.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.2.11 Configuring 802.1X

802.1X can control the Camera's access to LAN.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > 802.1x**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Set 802.1x parameters.

Figure 6-37 802.1x

Table 6-22 Parameters of 802.1x

Parameter	Description
Authentication	PEAP (protected EAP protocol).
Username	The username that was authenticated on the server.
Password	Password of your username.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.2.12 Configuring QoS

You can solve problems such as network delay and congestion with this function. It helps to assure bandwidth, reduce transmission delay, packet loss rate, and delay jitter to improve experience.

0–63 means 64 degrees of priority; 0 for the lowest and 63 the highest.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > QoS**.

Step 2 Set QoS parameters.

Figure 6-38 QoS

Table 6-23 QoS parameter description

Parameters	Description
Real-time Monitor	Configure the priority of the data packets that used for network surveillance. 0 for the lowest and 63 the highest.
Command	Configure the priority of the data packets that used for configure or checking.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.2.13 Platform Access

6.2.13.1 P2P

P2P (peer-to-peer) technology enables users to manage devices easily without requiring DDNS, port mapping or transit server.

Scan the QR code with your smart phone, and then you can add and manage more devices on the mobile phone client.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Access Platform > P2P**.

- When P2P is enabled, remote management on device is supported.
- When P2P is enabled and the device accesses to the network, the status shows online. The information of the IP address, MAC address, device name, and device SN will be collected. The collected information is for remote access only. You can cancel the **Enable** selection to reject the collection.

Figure 6-39 P2P



Step 2 Log in to mobile phone client and tap **Device management**.

Step 3 Tap + at the upper-right corner.

Step 4 Scan the QR code on the **P2P** page.

Step 5 Follow the instructions to finish the settings.

6.2.13.2 ONVIF

The ONVIF verification is enabled by default, which allows the network video products (including video recording device and other recording devices) from other manufacturers to connect to your device.



ONVIF is enabled by default.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Access Platform > ONVIF**.

Step 2 Select **On**.

Figure 6-40 ONVIF

P2P | **ONVIF** | RTMP

Authentication On Off

Default Refresh Save

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.2.13.3 RTMP

Through RTMP, you can access the third-party platform (such as Ali and YouTube) to realize video live view.



- RTMP can be configured by admin only.
- RTMP supports the H.264, H.264 B and H.264H video formats, and the AAC audio format only.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Network > Access Platform > RTMP**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.



Make sure that the IP address is trustable when enabling RTMP.

Step 3 Configure RTMP parameters.

Figure 6-41 ONVIF

P2P | ONVIF | **RTMP**

Enable

Stream Type Main Stream Sub Stream 1

Channel Channel 1 Channel 2

Address Type Non-custom Custom

IP Address

Port (0~65535)

Custom Address

Default Refresh Save

Table 6-24 Description of RTMP parameters

Parameter	Description
Stream Type	The stream for live view. Make sure that the video format is the H.264, H.264 B and H.264H, and the audio format is AAC.
Address Type	Includes Non-custom and Custom . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-custom: Enter the server IP and domain name. • Custom: Enter the path allocated by the server.
IP Address	When selecting Non-custom , you need to enter server IP address and port. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IP address: Support IPv4 or domain name. • Port: We recommend that you use the default one.
Port	
Custom Address	When selecting Custom , you need to enter the path allocated by the server.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.3 Storage

The system can link record channel when an alarm event occurs. After alarm, the system stops recording after an extended time period according to the **Record Delay** setting.

To use the record linkage function, set record plan for motion detection alarm and enable auto recording in record control.

6.3.1 Configuring Schedule

6.3.1.1 Configuring Record Plan

After the corresponding alarm type (**Normal**, **Motion**, or **Alarm**) is enabled, the record channel links recording.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Storage** > **Schedule** > **Record**.

Step 2 Select the channel

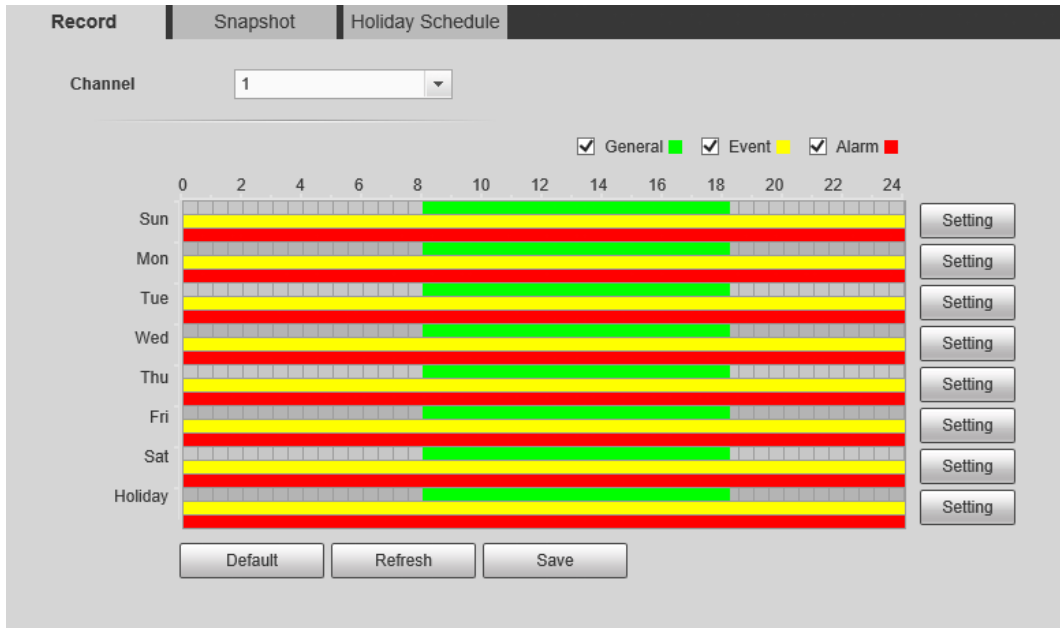
- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Set record plan.

Green represents normal record plan (such as timing recording); yellow represents motion record plan (such as recording triggered by intelligent events); red represents alarm record plan (such as recording triggered by alarm-in).

- Method one: Select a record type, such as **Normal**, and directly press and drag the left mouse button to set the time period for normal record on the timeline.

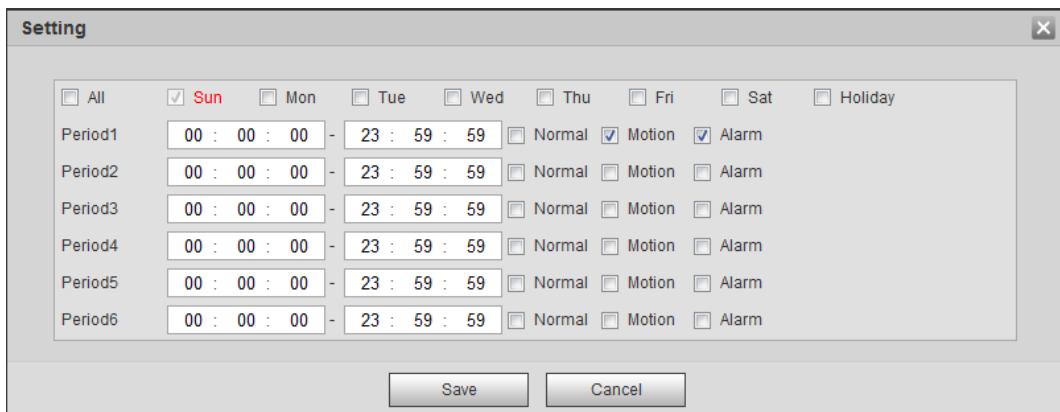
Figure 6-42 Record



- Method two: Enter an actual time period.

1. Click **Setting** next to a day.

Figure 6-43 Setting (record time period)



2. Select a day, and the alarm type next to a period, and then set the period.



- ◇ Select **All** or checkboxes of some days to set the time period of multiple days at one time.
- ◇ You can set 6 time periods per day.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.3.1.2 Configuring Snapshot Plan

According to the configured snapshot plan, the system enables or disables snapshot at corresponding time.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Schedule > Snapshot**.

Step 2 Select the channel

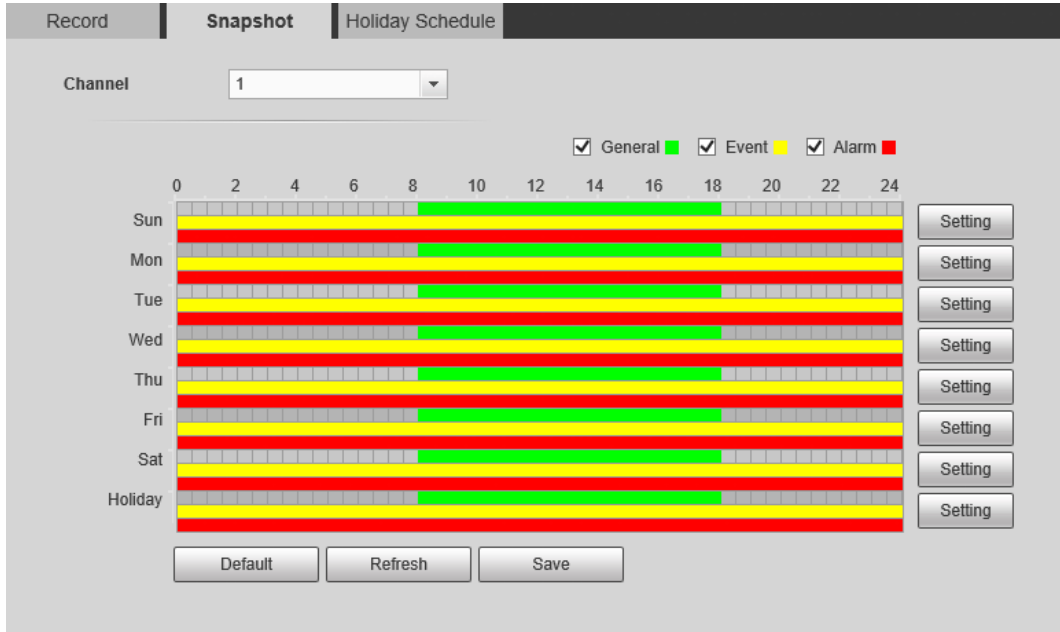
- Select **1** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the visible channel.
- Select **2** in **Channel** to configure the parameters for the thermal channel.

Step 3 Select snapshot type and set time period.

Green represents normal snapshot plan (such as timing snapshot); yellow represents motion snapshot plan (such as snapshot triggered by intelligent events); red represents alarm snapshot plan (such as snapshot triggered by alarm-in).

- Method one: Select snapshot type, such as **Normal**, and directly press and drag the left mouse button to set time period for normal snapshot on the timeline.

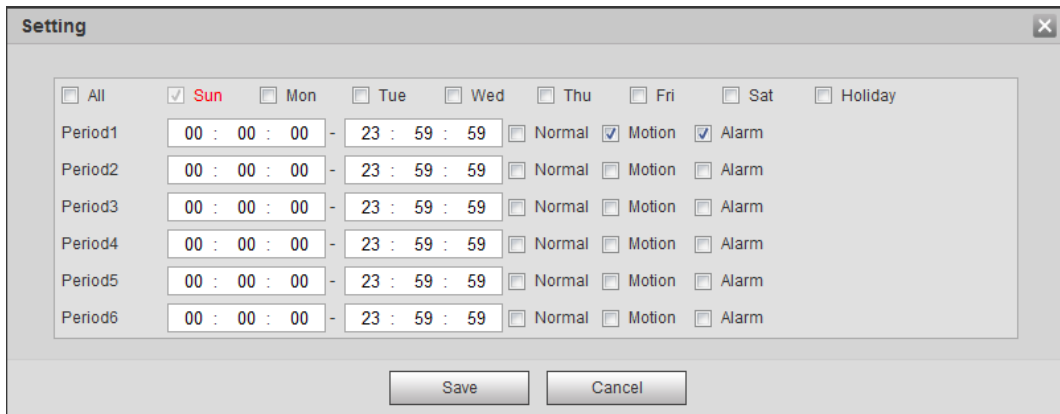
Figure 6-44 Snapshot



- Method two: Enter an actual time period.

1. Click **Setting** next to a day.

Figure 6-45 Setting (snapshot time period)



2. Select a day, and the alarm type next to a period. Then set the period.



- ◇ Select **All** or checkboxes of some days to set the time period of multiple days at one time.
- ◇ You can set 6 time periods per day.

3. You can set 6 time periods per day.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.3.1.3 Configuring Holiday Schedule

Select a day as the holiday and video recording and snapshots will be enabled on the holiday.



- To use holiday recording function, you need to configure holiday recording schedule. For details, see "6.3.1.1 Configuring Record Plan".
- To use holiday snapshot function, you need to configure holiday record and snapshot schedule. For details, see "6.3.1.2 Configuring Snapshot Plan".

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Schedule > Holiday Schedule**.

Step 2 Select from record and snapshot.

Step 3 Select days that you need, and then set them as the holiday.

Those days with yellow color indicates that they were set as holidays.

Figure 6-46 Holiday schedule

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring a holiday schedule. At the top, there are three tabs: 'Record', 'Snapshot', and 'Holiday Schedule'. The 'Holiday Schedule' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are two checkboxes: 'Record' and 'Snapshot', both of which are checked. In the center, there is a calendar for the month of January. The days of the week are labeled at the top: Sun, Mon, Tue, Wen, Thu, Fri, Sat. The dates are arranged in a grid. Days 15, 16, and 17 are highlighted in yellow, indicating they are set as holidays. At the bottom of the calendar, there are two buttons: 'Refresh' and 'Save'.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.3.2 Configuring Storage Method

6.3.2.1 Configuring Storage Path

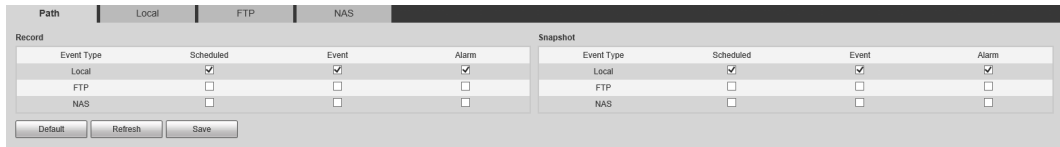
You can set the storage methods of video recording and snapshot according to event types. You can save them in SD card, FTP or NAS.



Local storage is available only on models that support SD card.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Destination > Path**.

Figure 6-47 Path



Step 2 Select different storage paths for the recorded videos and snapshots which belong to different event types.

Table 6-25 Path parameters

Parameter	Description
Event type	Select from Scheduled , Event and Alarm .
Local	Save in the internal SD card.
FTP	Save in the FTP server.
NAS	Save in the NAS (network attached storage).

Step 3 Click **Save**.

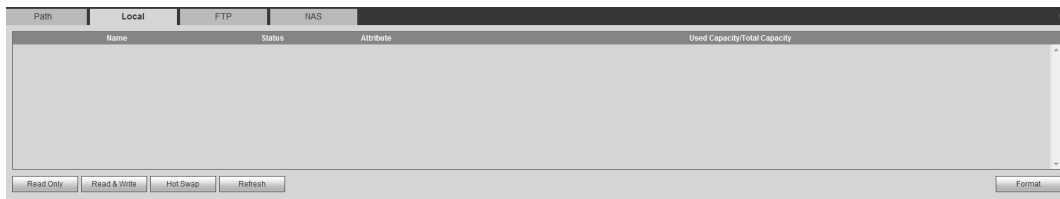
6.3.2.2 Configuring Local Storage

Displays the information of the local SD card. You can set it as read only or read & write; you can also hot swap and format SD card.

Select **Setting > Storage > Destination > Local**.

- Click **Read Only**, and then the SD card is set to read only.
- Click **Read & Write**, and then the SD card is set to read & write.
- Click **Hot Swap**, and then you can pull out the SD card.
- Click **Refresh**, and then you can format the SD card.
- Click **Format**, and you can format the SD card.

Figure 6-48 Local storage



6.3.2.3 Configuring FTP Server

FTP can be enabled only when it was selected as a destination path. When the network does not work, you can save all the files to the internal SD card for emergency.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Destination > FTP**.

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox, and then select the service type.



Select **FTP** or **SFTP** from the drop-down list. **SFTP** is recommended to enhance network security.

Step 3 Configure FTP parameters.

Figure 6-49 FTP settings

Table 6-26 FTP parameter description

Parameter	Description
Server Address	The IP address of the SFTP or FTP server.
Port	The port of the SFTP or FTP server.
User name	The username to log in to the server.
Password	The password to log in to the server.
Remote Directory	The destination path in to the server.
Emergency (Local)	Select the Emergency (Local) checkbox, and when the FTP server does not work, all the files are saved to the internal SD card.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

Click **Test** to check whether the server has been properly connected.

6.3.2.4 Configuring NAS Server

This function can be enabled only when NAS has been selected as destination path. Click the **NAS** tab and you can save files in NAS server.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Destination > NAS**.

Figure 6-50 NAS settings

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Configure NAS parameters.

Table 6-27 NAS parameters

Parameter	Description
Server Address	The IP address of the NAS server.
Remote Directory	The destination path in the NAS server.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.3.3 Setting Record Control

Set parameters such as pack duration, pre-event record, disk full, record mode, and record stream.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Storage > Record Control**.

Step 2 Set parameters.


Figure 6-51 Record control

The screenshot shows the 'Record Control' configuration page. It includes the following settings:

- Pack Duration:** 8 (Min. (1~120))
- Pre-event Record:** 5 (s (0~5))
- Disk Full:** Overwrite (dropdown menu)
- Record Mode:** Auto (radio button selected), Manual, Off
- Record Stream:** Main Stream (dropdown menu)

Buttons at the bottom: Default, Refresh, Save.

Table 6-28 Description of record control parameters

Parameter	Description
Pack Duration	The time for packing each video file.
Pre-event Record	The time to record the video in advance of a triggered alarm event. For example, if the pre-event record is set to be 5 s, the system saves the recorded video of 5 s before the alarm is triggered.  When an alarm or motion detection links recording, and the recording is not enabled, the system saves the video data within the pre-event record time to the video file.
Disk Full	Recording strategy when the disk is full. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full. • Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest video when the disk is full.
Record Mode	When you select Manual , the system starts recording; when you select Auto , the system starts recording in the configured time period of record plan.
Record Stream	Select record stream, including Main Stream and Sub Stream .

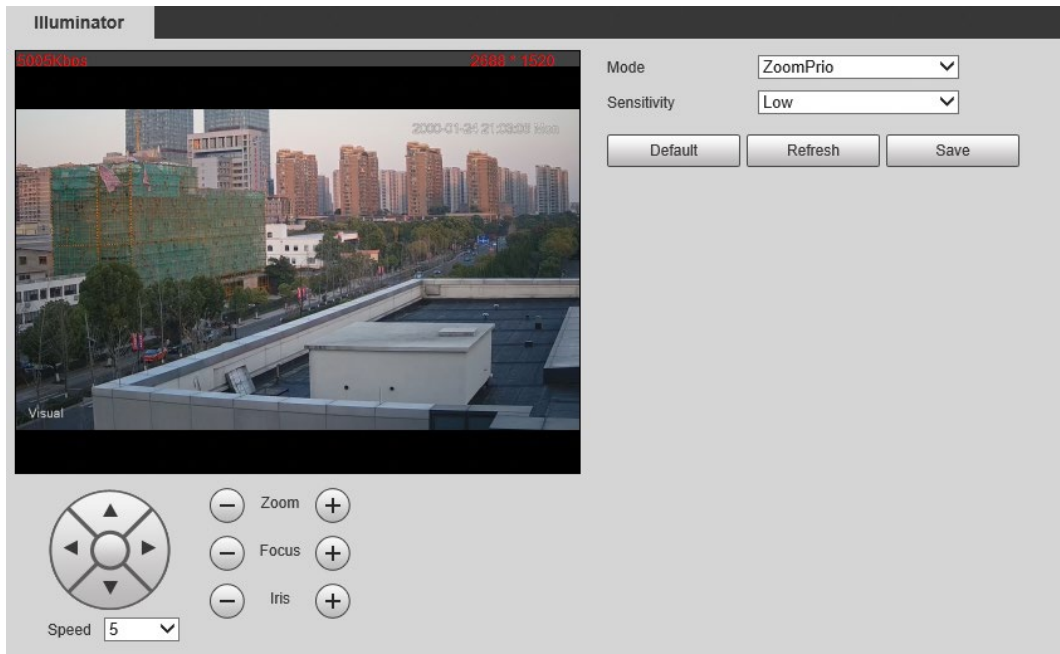
Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.4 Peripheral

6.4.1 Configuring Illuminator

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Peripheral** > **Illuminator**.

Figure 6-52 Illuminator



Step 2 Configure the running mode of the illuminator.

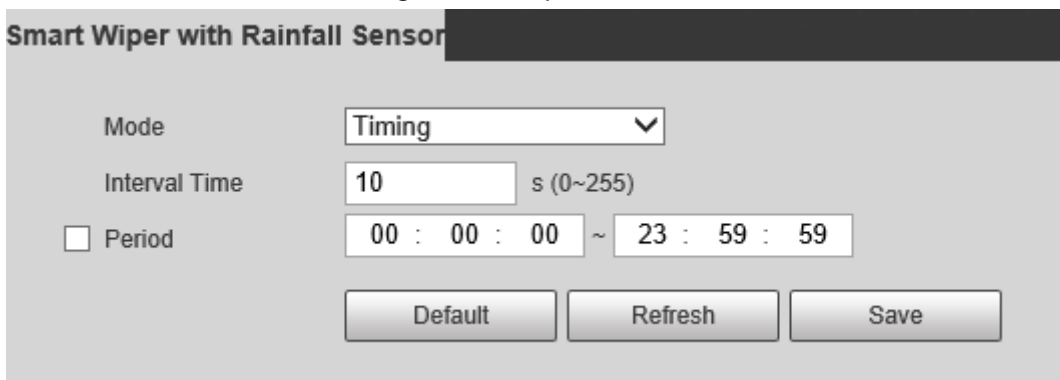
- **Zoom Prio:** When the Camera zooms in or out the visible surveillance image, the brightness of IR illuminator will be adjusted automatically.
- **Manual:** Adjust the brightness of the illuminator manually to realize the best image display effect under night vision condition.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.4.2 Configuring Wiper

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Peripheral** > **Wiper**.

Figure 6-53 Wiper



Step 2 Configure the running mode.

- **Timing:** You can configure the **Interval Time** and **Period**.

1. **Interval Time:** Interval from the point when the wiper starts to the point when the wiper stops.
 2. **Period:** The working time of the wiper.
 3. Click **Save**.
- **Manual:** Turn on and off the wiper manually.
 1. **Interval Time:** Interval from the point when the wiper starts to the point when the wiper stops.
 2. Click **Start** to get the wiper work in the interval time that you have just configured, and click **Stop** to stop it; click **Once** to get the wiper work for one round.
 - **Auto:** Adjust the sensitivity according to the actual situation.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.4.3 Configuring Fan

Step 1 Select **Setting > Peripheral > Fan**.

Figure 6-54 Fan

Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Configure the running mode.

- **Auto:** Click **Save**, and the fan works automatically.
- **Manual:** Select the **Enable** checkbox to manually start the fan.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.4.4 Configuring Heater

Step 1 Select **Setting > Peripheral > Heater**.

Figure 6-55 Heater

Step 2 Select the heat type as needed.

Step 3 Configure the heater parameter.

- **Auto:** Select **Start Tem** and **Stop Tem** as the temperature range for heater to start, and click **Save**. When the sensor temperature is in the range, heater works automatically.
- **Manual:** When you think it is cold enough and you want to let the Camera work in a warm condition, you can select **Manual** as the **Mode**. Select the **On** checkbox, and then click **Save**.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.5 System Management

6.5.1 General Settings

6.5.1.1 Configuring General Information

Configure the camera name, language and video standard.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **System** > **General** > **General**.

Step 2 Configure general parameters.

Figure 6-56 General

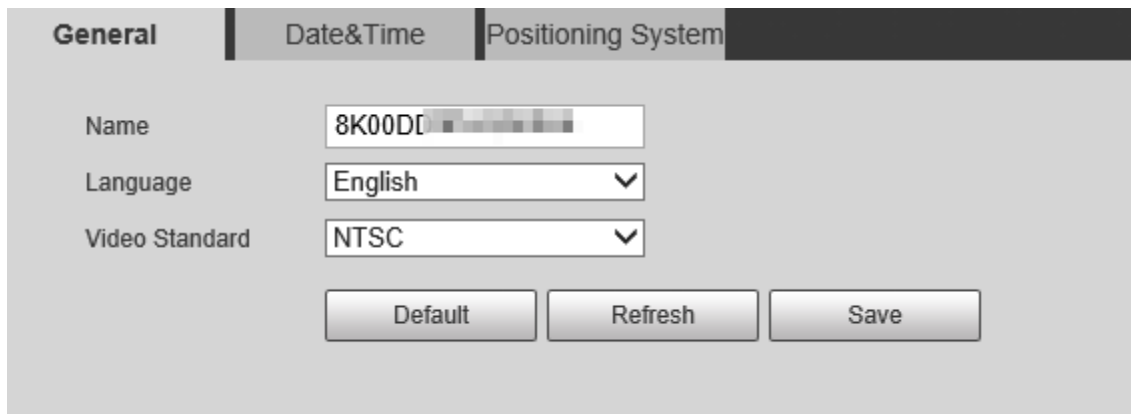



Table 6-29 General parameter description

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the Camera.  Each Camera has a unique name.
Language	Select the system language.
Video Standard	Select video standard from PAL and NTSC.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.5.1.2 Configuring Date & Time

You can set Date and Time format, Time zone, Current Time, DST (Daylight Saving Time) or NTP server.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > General > Date&Time**.

Step 2 Configure Date & Time parameters.

Figure 6-57 Date & Time

Table 6-30 Date & Time parameters

Parameter	Description
Date Format	Date format.
Time Format	Configure the time format. You can select from 24-Hour or 12-Hour.
Time zone	Configure the time zone that the Camera is at.
Current Time	Configure system time. Click Sync PC , and the system time changes to the time on PC.
DST	Enable DST as needed. Select the checkbox to enable daylight saving time. Select DST , and then configure the start time and end time of DST with dates or days of the week.
NTP	When you need the Camera to transmit its time to NTP server, you can select the NTP checkbox to enable it.
Server	IP address or domain name of the NTP server.
Port	Port number of the FTP server.
Interval	Time gap of Camera's transmission of its current time to NTP server.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.5.1.3 Configuring Position System

Enter the position system information of the Camera in the web to remind you where the Camera locates.

When the Camera with a platform, it will automatically send the position system information to the management platform, and the position system information can be viewed on the platform to help the platform operator track the Camera.



This function is supported on select models.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **System** > **General** > **Position System**.

Figure 6-58 Position system

General	Date&Time	Positioning System
LON	120.200000	E
LAT	30.266670	N
Altitude	150.0	
Installation Height	15.0	
Default Refresh Save		

Step 2 Enter the longitude, latitude altitude, and installation height of the Camera.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.5.2 User Management

Managing users and groups are only available for administrator users.

- The max length of the user or group name is 15 characters which can only be consisted of letters, numbers and underlines.
- The password is made up of characters for 8–32 digits and the password must contain two of the three forms (number, letter, and the common characters. '、"、;、:、& are not included.)
Administrator users can modify all the uses' password.
- You can have 19 users and 8 groups at most.
- You can manage users through single user or group, duplicate user names or group names are not allowed. A user can be in one group at a time and the group users can own authorities within group authority range.
- Online users cannot modify their own authority.
- There is one admin by default which has highest authority.
- Select **Anonymous login**, and then log in with only IP address instead of user name and password. Anonymous users only have preview authorities. During Anonymous login, click **Logout**, and then you can log in with other username.

6.5.2.1 Adding a User

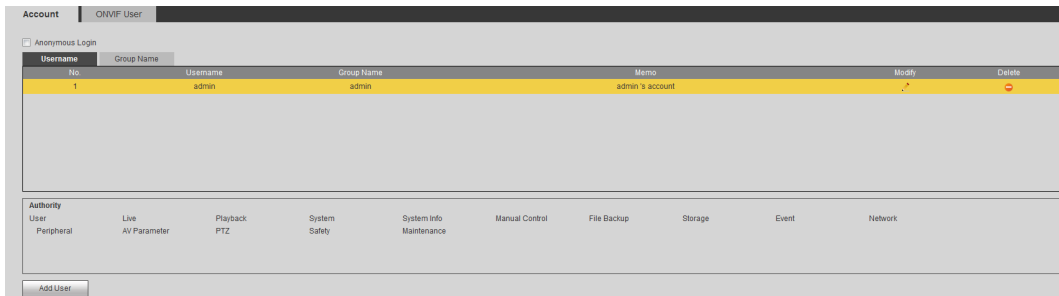
You are admin user by default, and you can add user, delete added users or modify their password.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Account > Account**.

Step 2 Click **Add User**.

Figure 6-59 User settings



Step 3 Configure parameters.

Figure 6-60 Add user (operation permission)

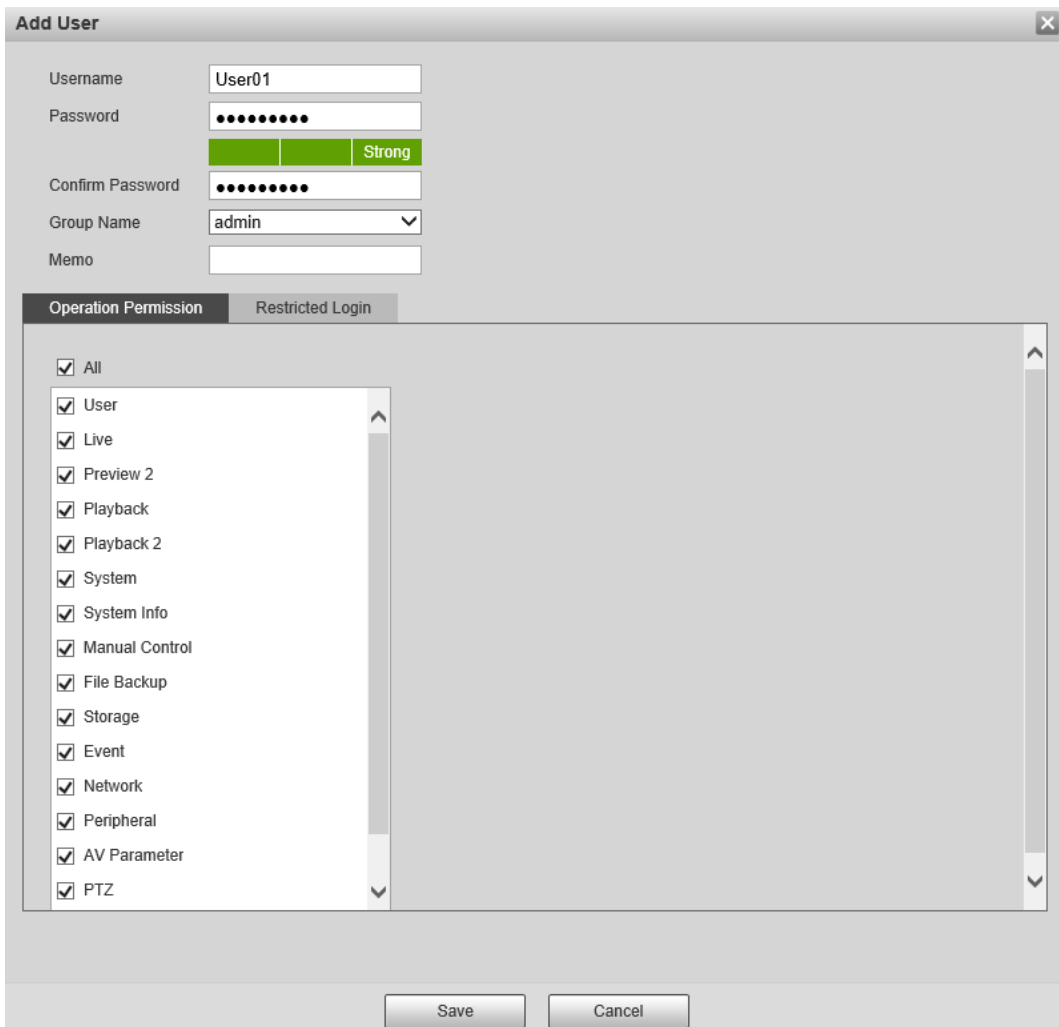


Figure 6-61 Add user (restricted login)

The screenshot shows a 'Add User' dialog box with the following fields and options:

- Username:** User01
- Password:** [Masked with dots]
- Confirm Password:** [Masked with dots]
- Group Name:** admin (dropdown menu)
- Memo:** [Empty text box]
- Operation Permission:** Restricted Login (selected tab)
- IP Address:** IP Address. IPv4 selected. IP Address: 1 . 0 . 0 . 1
- Validity Period:** Validity Period. Begin Time: 2022-12-16 08 : 00 : 00. End Time: 2022-12-17 08 : 00 : 00
- Time Range:** Time Range. A 24-hour grid is shown for days Sun through Sat, with green bars indicating active periods. Each day has a 'Setting' button.

Buttons at the bottom: Save, Cancel.

Table 6-31 User parameter description




Parameter	Description
Username	User's unique identification You cannot use existing user name.
Password	Enter password and confirm it.
Confirm Password	The two items must be the same.
Group name	The group that users belong to. Each group has different authorities.
Memo	Describes the user.

Parameter	Description
Restricted Login	<p>Set the PC address that allows the defined user to log in to the Camera and the validity period and time range. You can log in to the web with the defined IP in the defined time range of validity period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● IP address: You can log in to the web through the PC with the configured IP. ● Validity period: You can log in to the web in the configured validity period. ● Time range: You can log in to the web in the configured time range. <p>Configured as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Enable IP Address, and then select IP type and set the IP address. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● IP address: Enter the IP address of the host to be added. ● IP segment: Enter the start address and end address of the host to be added. 2. Enable Validity Period, and then set the start time and end time. 3. Enable Period, and then click Time to set the period that allows login.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

The newly added users are displayed in the user list.

Related Operations

- Click  to modify password, group, memo or authorities.
- Click  to delete the added user, admin user cannot be deleted.
- Click  in the admin row to change user name and email address.

6.5.2.2 Adding a Group

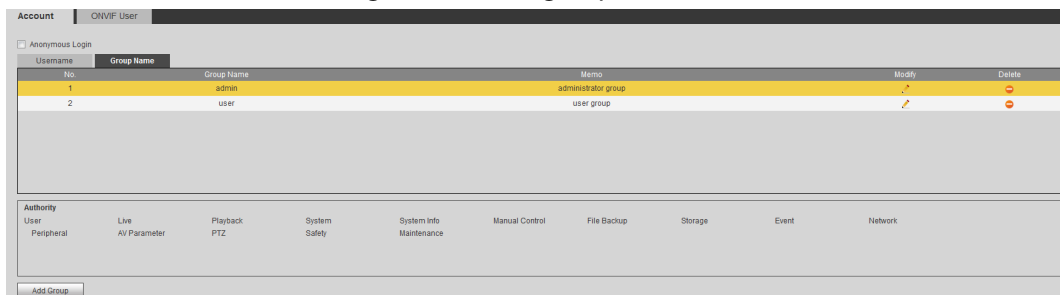
You have two groups named admin and user by default, and you can add new group, delete added group or modify group authority and memo.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Account > Account > Group Name**.

Step 2 Click **Add Group**.

Figure 6-62 User group



Step 3 Enter group name and memo, and then select the group authorities.

Figure 6-63 Add group




The 'Add Group' dialog box features the following elements:

- Group Name:** A text input field with a red 'Must' label to its right.
- Memo:** A text input field.
- Authority:** A list box containing the following items:
 - All
 - Live
 - Playback
 - System
 - System Info
- Buttons:** 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

The newly added group are displayed in the group name list.

Related Operations

- Click  to modify group memo or authorities.
- Click  to delete the added group, admin group and user group cannot be deleted.
- Click  in the row of admin group or user group to modify group memo.

6.5.2.3 Modifying User Password



For data security, we strongly recommend you change the default password of the Camera and modify it regularly, and adopt a complicated and strong password.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Account > Account > Username**.

Figure 6-64 Username

The 'Username' configuration page includes the following components:

- Anonymous Login:**
- Table:**

No.	Username	Group Name	Memo	Modify	Delete
1	admin	admin	admin's account		
- Authority:**
 - User: Peripheral
 - Live: AV Parameter
 - Playback: PTZ
 - System: Safety
 - System Info: Maintenance
 - Manual Control:
 - File Backup:
 - Storage:
 - Event:
 - Network:
- Buttons:** 'Add User' button at the bottom left.

Step 2 Click .

Figure 6-65 Modify user (1)

Modify User

Username

Modify Password

Cell Phone No.

Group Name

Memo

Authority All

- User
- Live
- Playback
- System

Step 3 Select the **Modify Password** checkbox.

Figure 6-66 Modify user (2)

Modify User

Username

Modify Password

Old Password

New Password

The minimum pass phrase length is 8 characters

Confirm Password

Cell Phone No.

Group Name

Memo

Authority All

- User
- Live
- Playback
- System

Step 4 Enter the old password, new password and confirm it.



The password is made up of characters for 8–32 digits and the password must contain two of the three forms (number, letter, and the common characters. ' , " , ; , : , & are not included.)

Step 5 Click **Save**.

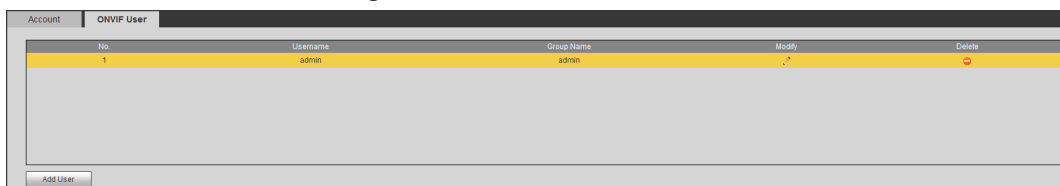
6.5.3 Adding ONVIF User

You can add, delete ONVIF users, and change their passwords.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Account > ONVIF User**.

Step 2 Click **Add User**.

Figure 6-67 ONVIF user



Step 3 Enter the username, password, confirm the password, and then select group name.

Figure 6-68 Add user

Step 4 Click **Save**.

6.5.4 Safety Management

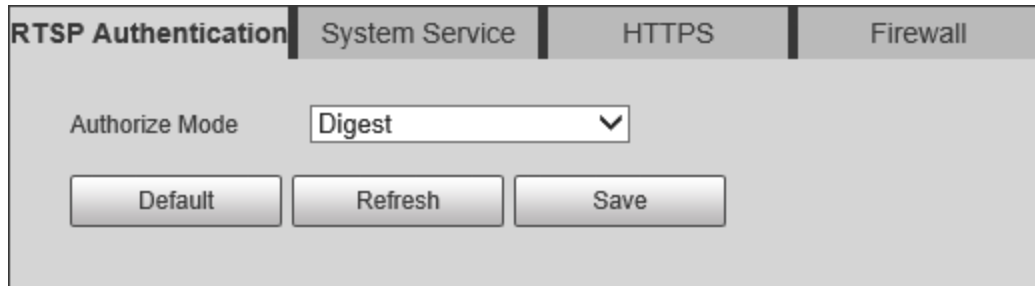
Set RTSP authentication, IP filter, system service and HTTPS to secure data transmission and prevent data leakage.

6.5.4.1 Configuring RTSP Authentication

RTSP (Real Time Streaming Protocol) is to secure transmission of streaming media.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Security > RTSP Authentication**.

Figure 6-69 RTSP authentication



Step 2 Select an authentication mode.

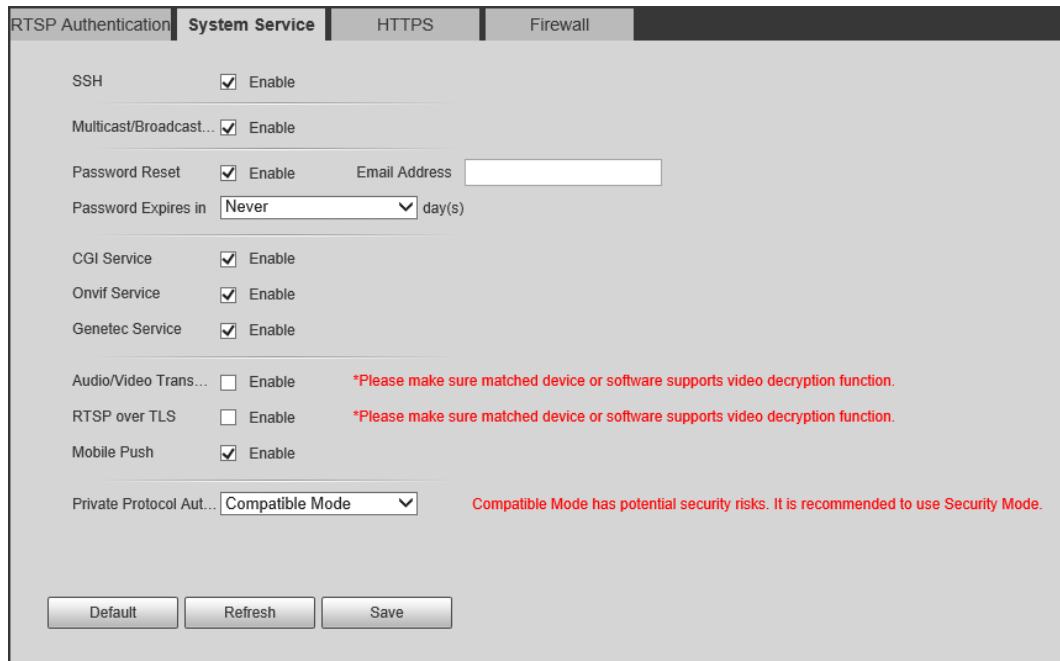
Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.5.4.2 Configuring System Service

You can set functions such as SSH, password reset, CGI service, Onvif service, genetec service, audio and video transmission encryption and mobile push.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Security > System Service**.



Figure 6-70 System service



Step 2 Enable functions on the **System Service** page.

Table 6-32 System service parameters description

Parameter	Description
SSH	It is disabled by default. SSH (Secure Shell) can encode your data for its transmission. By this way, data leakage can be prevented when you manage your Camera remotely.
Multicast/Broadcast Search	Enable this function, and then when multiple users are previewing the device video image simultaneously through network, they can find your device with multicast/broadcast protocol.

Parameter	Description
Password Reset	<p>It is enabled by default.</p>  <p>If you disable this function, you can only restore hardware to reset password.</p>
CGI Service	<p>It is enabled by default.</p> <p>Enable CGI (Common Gateway page) and then you can use your browser to get data from the server.</p>
Onvif Service	<p>It is enabled by default.</p> <p>Enable Onvif service to connect your Camera to network video products by other manufacturers.</p>
Genetec Service	<p>It is enabled by default.</p>
Audio and Video Transmission Encryption	<p>It is disabled by default.</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you enable this function, ensure that the matching Cameras or software can decode audio and video that you have encoded. • Transmission of audio and video between your Camera and the third-party platform cannot be encoded. So for data security, we recommend you disable CGI service and Onvif service.
Mobile Push	<p>It is enabled by default. Snapshots under alarm condition can be delivered to your phone.</p>

Step 3 Click **Save**.

6.5.4.3 HTTPS

Create a certificate or upload an authenticated certificate, and then you can log in through HTTPS with your PC. The HTTPS can protect page authenticity on all types of websites, secure accounts, and keep user communications, identity, and web browsing private.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Security** > **HTTPS**.

Figure 6-71 HTTPS

Step 2 Create a certificate or upload an authenticated certificate.

- For creating a certificate, click **Create**.

Figure 6-72 Certificate creating

- For uploading the authenticated certificate, click **Browse** to select the certificate and certificate key, click **Upload** to upload them, and then skip to [Step 5](#).

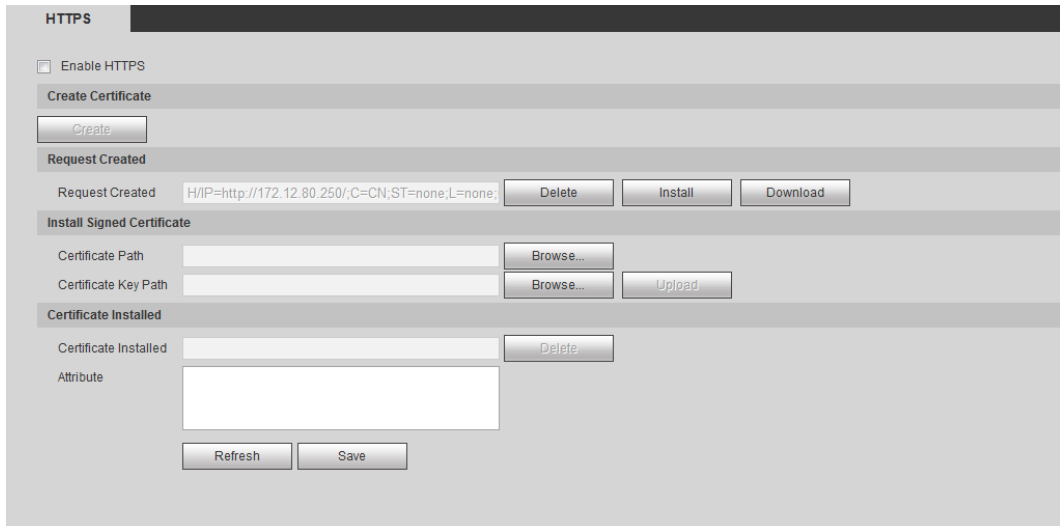
Step 3 Enter the required information and then click **Create**.



The entered **IP or Domain** name must be the same as the IP or domain name of the device.

Step 4 Click **Install**.

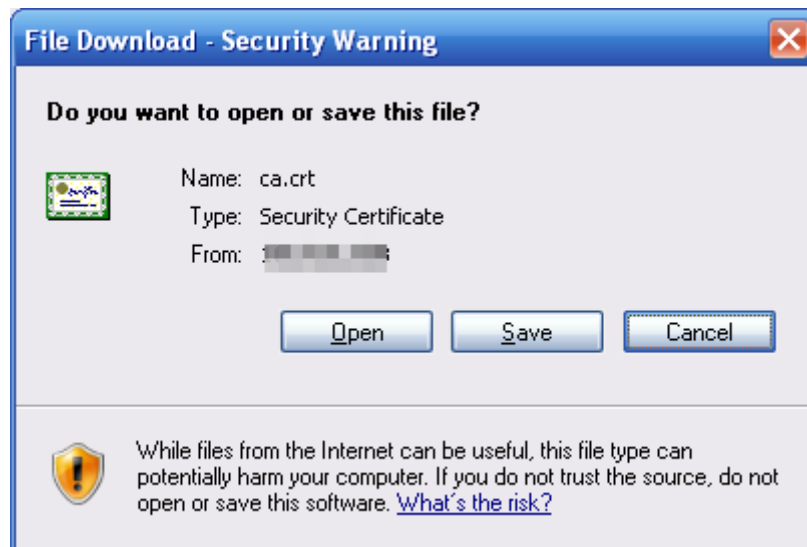
Figure 6-73 Install a certificate



Step 5 Click **Download** to download root certificate.

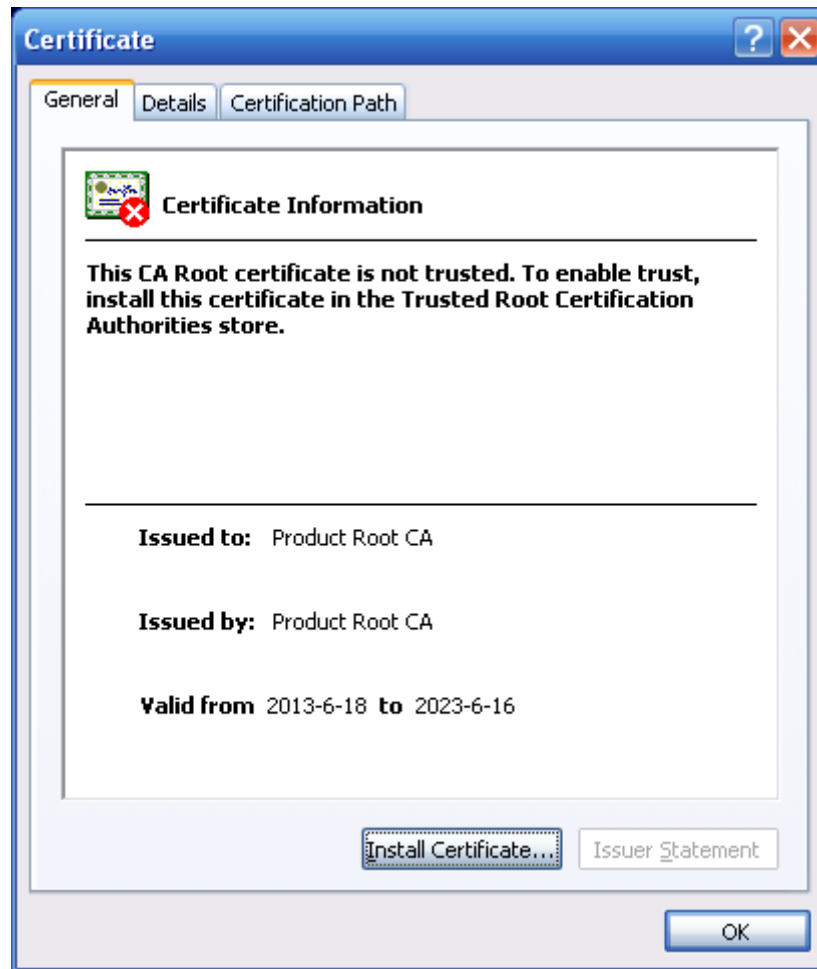
Step 6 Click **Download Root Certificate**.

Figure 6-74 File download



Step 7 Click **Open**.

Figure 6-75 Certificate information (1)



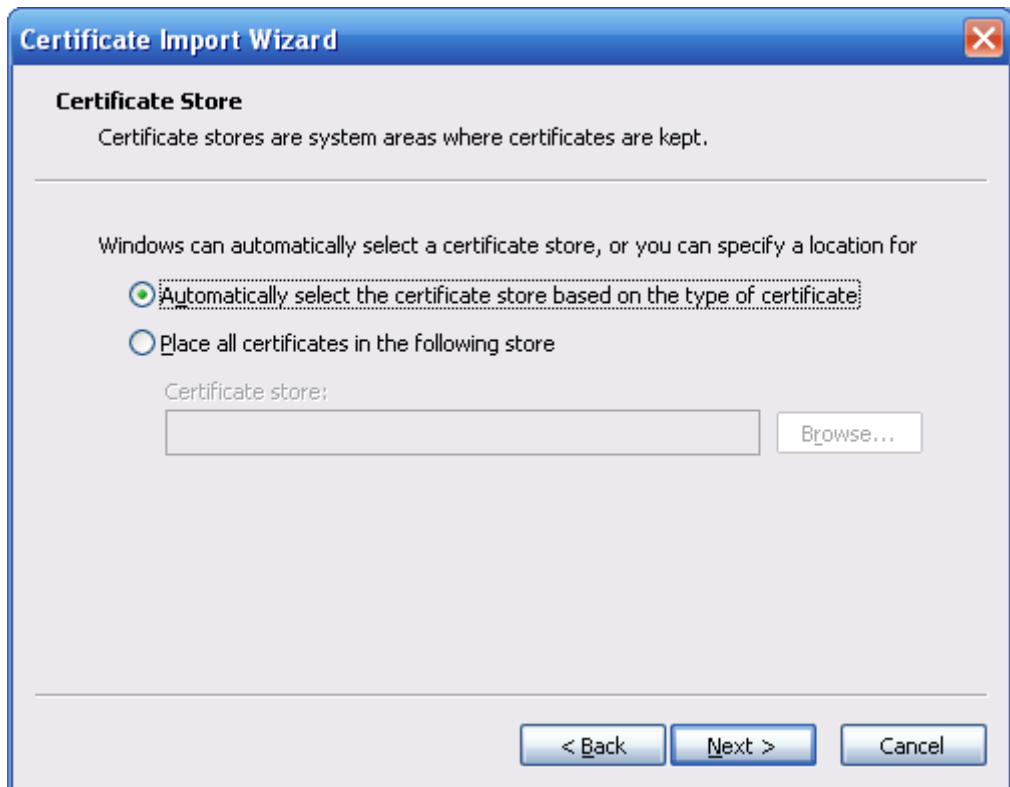
Step 8 Click **Install Certificate**.

Figure 6-76 Certificate information (2)



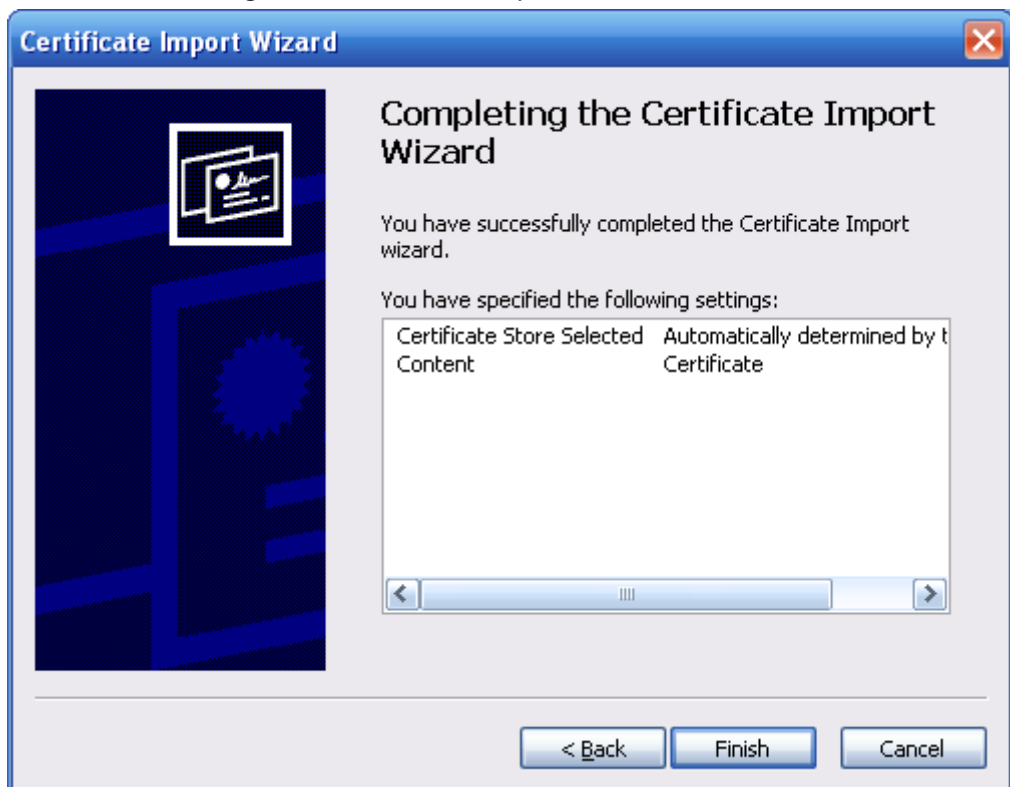
Step 9 Click **Next**.

Figure 6-77 Certificate import wizard (1)



Step 10 Select the storage location and click **Next**.

Figure 6-78 Certificate import wizard (2)



Step 11 Click **Finish** and a dialog box showing **The import was successful**. pops up.

Figure 6-79 Certificate import wizard (2)



- Step 12** Enable HTTPS and a prompt that the Camera needs to be restarted is displayed. After the Camera restarts, enter the IP address of the Camera in your browser and access the Camera through HTTPS protocol.

6.5.4.4 Firewall

Configure firewall to limit access to the camera. You can configure **Network Access**, **PING prohibited** and **Prevent Semijoin** to enhance network and data security.

- **Network Access:** Set the allowlist and blocklist to limit access.
 - ◇ **Allowlist:** Only when the IP/MAC of your computer in the allowlist, can you access the Camera. Ports are the same.
 - ◇ **Blocklist:** When the IP/MAC of your computer is in the blocklist, you cannot access the Camera. Ports are the same.
- **PING prohibited:** Enable the **PING prohibited** function, and the Camera will not respond to the ping request.
- **Prevent Semijoin:** Enable the **Prevent Semijoin** function, and the Camera can provide service normally under Semijoin attack.



- You cannot set allowlist or blocklist for Camera IP or MAC addresses.
- You cannot set allowlist or blocklist for port MAC addresses.
- When the IP addresses of the camera and your computer are in the same LAN, MAC verification takes effect.
- When you access the Camera through internet, the Camera verifies the MAC address according to the router MAC.

This section takes **Network Access** as an example.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Security > Firewall**.

Step 2 Select **Network Access** from the **Rule Type** list, and then select the **Enable** checkbox.

- Enable **PING prohibited** and **Prevent Semijoin**, and click **Save**. You do not need to configure parameters.
- Enable **Network Access**, and configure allowlist and blocklist.

Figure 6-80 Network access



1. Select the mode: **Allowlist** and **Blocklist**.
2. Click **Add IP/MAC**.

Figure 6-81 Network access

3. Configure the parameters.

Table 6-33 Description of adding IP/MAC parameters

Parameter	Description
Rule Type	<p>Select IP address, IP segment, MAC address or all IP addresses.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IP address: Select IP version and enter the IP address of the host to be added. • IP segment: Select IP version and enter the start address and end address of the segment to be added. • MAC address: Enter MAC address of the host to be added. • All IP addresses: Set all IP addresses in allowlist or restricted list.
Device All Ports	<p>Set access ports. You can select all ports or the ports in defined areas.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device all ports: Set all IP port in allowlist or Blocklist. When selecting BlockList in Mode, and All IP Address in Rule Type, you cannot select the Device All Ports checkbox. • Device start server port and Device end server port: Set Device start server port and device end server port, and the range is 1–65535.
Device Start Server Port	
Device End Server Port	

4. Click **OK**, and the **Firewall** page is displayed.

Step 3 Click **Save**.

7 System Maintenance

7.1 Maintenance Requirements

To make sure that the system runs normally, maintain it as the following requirements:

- Check surveillance images regularly.
- Clear regularly user and user group information that are not frequently used.
- Change your password every 3 months.
- View system logs and analyze them, and process the abnormality in time.
- Back up the system configuration regularly.
- Restart the device and delete the old files regularly.
- Upgrade firmware in time.

7.2 Auto Maintenance

You can restart the system manually, and set the time of auto reboot and auto deleting old files. This function is disabled by default.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Auto Maintain**.

Step 2 Configure auto maintain parameters.

- Select the **Auto Reboot** checkbox, and set the reboot time, the system automatically restarts as the set time every week.
- Select the **Auto Delete Old Files** checkbox, and set the time, the system automatically deletes old files as the set time. The time range is 1 to 31 days.



When you enable and confirm the **Auto Delete Old Files** function, The **The deleted files cannot be restored, are you sure?** notice is displayed. Operate it carefully.

- Click **Manual Reboot**, and then click **OK** on the displayed page, the Camera will restart.

Step 3 Click **OK**.

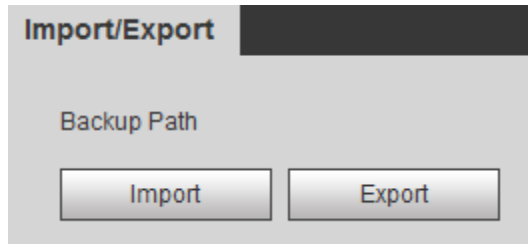
7.3 Backing Up and Restoring

7.3.1 Importing and Exporting

- Export the system configuration file to back up the system configuration.
- Import system configuration file to make quick configuration or recover system configuration.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Import/Export**.

Figure 7-1 Import/Export



Step 2 Import/Export files.

- Click **Export** and paths of backing up files are displayed.
- Click **Import** to import files that you have exported and backed up.

7.3.2 Default Settings

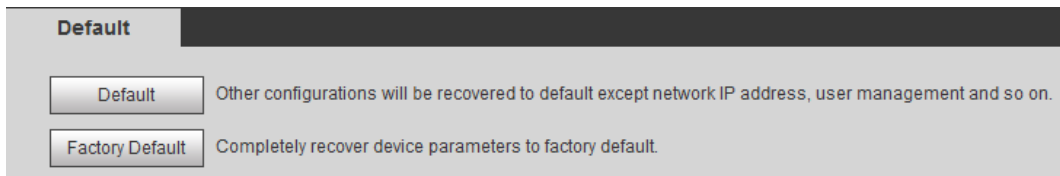
Restore the device to default configuration or factory settings.



This function will restore the device to default configuration or factory setting.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Default**.

Figure 7-2 Default setting



Step 2 Restore the Camera to default setting.

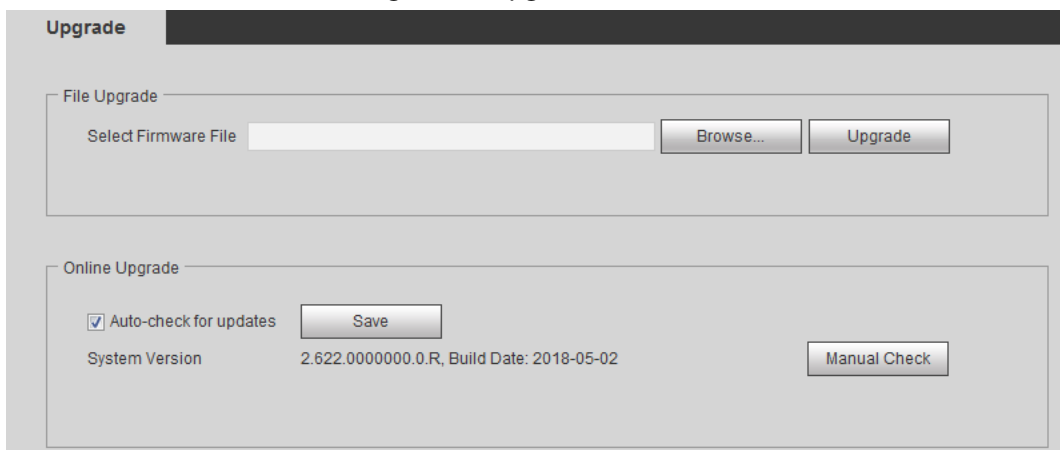
- Click **Default**, and all the configurations except IP Address and Account are reset.
- Click **Factory Default**, and all the configurations are reset.

7.4 Upgrading Firmware

Upgrading to the latest system can optimize the camera functions and improve stability.

Step 1 Select **Setting > System > Upgrade**.

Figure 7-3 Upgrade



Step 2 Select upgrading method as needs.

- File Upgrade
 1. Click **Browse** to upload upgrade file.
The upgrade file should be a .bin file.
 2. Click **Upgrade** to start the process.
- Online Upgrade
 1. Select the **Auto-check for updates** checkbox.
The system checks for upgrade once a day automatically, and there will be system notice if any upgrade is available.



We need to collect the data such as device name, firmware version, and device serial number to proceed auto-check. The collected information is only used for verifying the legality of cameras and upgrade notice.

2. If there is any upgrade available, click **Upgrade**, and then the system starts upgrading.



Click **Manual Check** to check for upgrade manually.

7.5 Information

You can view the information, including version, log and online user, and back up or clear log.

7.5.1 Version

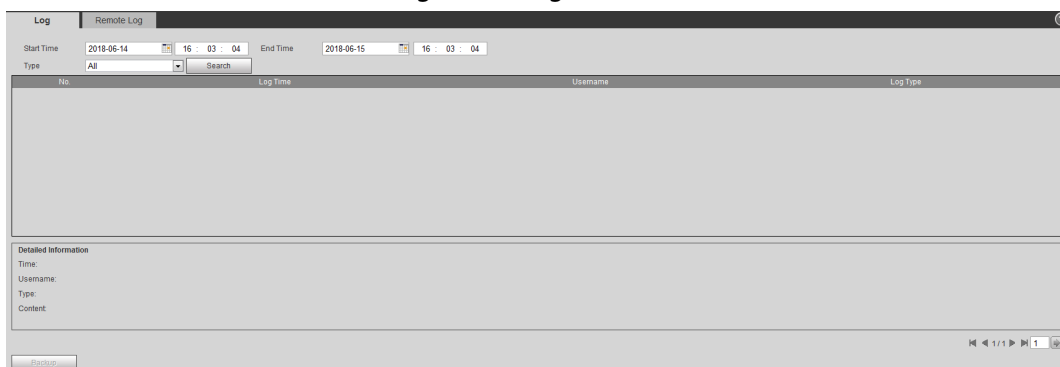
You can view device information such as hardware, system version, and web version. Select **Setting** > **Information** > **Version** to view the version information.

7.5.2 Log

You can view and back up logs.

Step 1 Select **Setting** > **Information** > **Log**.

Figure 7-4 Log



Step 2 Configure the start time and end time, and then select the log type.

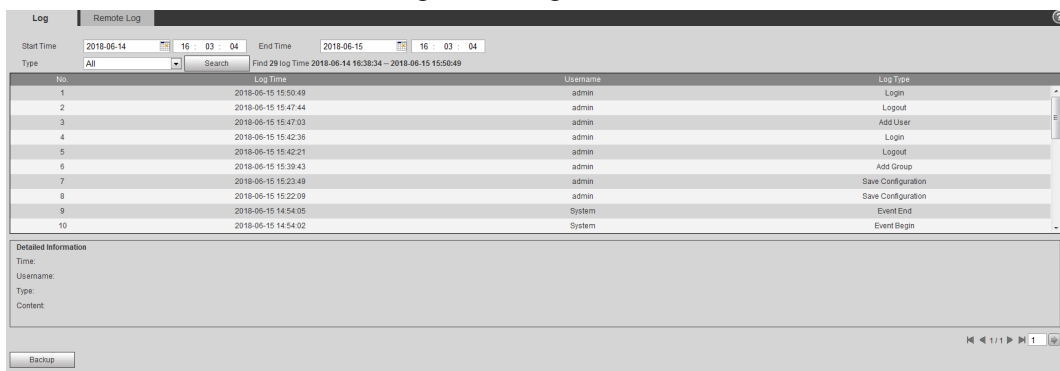
- **System**: Includes program start, abnormal close, close, program reboot, device closedown, device reboot, system reboot, and system upgrade.

- **Setting:** Includes saving configuration and deleting configuration file.
- **Data:** Includes configuring disk type, clearing data, hot swap, FTP state, and record mode.
- **Event** (records events such as video detection, smart plan, alarm and abnormality): includes event start and event end.
- **Record:** Includes file access, file access error, and file search.
- **Account:** Includes login, logout, adding user, deleting user, modifying user, adding group, deleting group, and modifying group.
- **Safety:** Includes password resetting and IP filter.

Step 3 Click **Search**.

- Click a certain log, and then you can view the detailed information in **Detailed Information** area.
- Click **Backup**, and then you can back up all the found logs to your PC.

Figure 7-5 Log

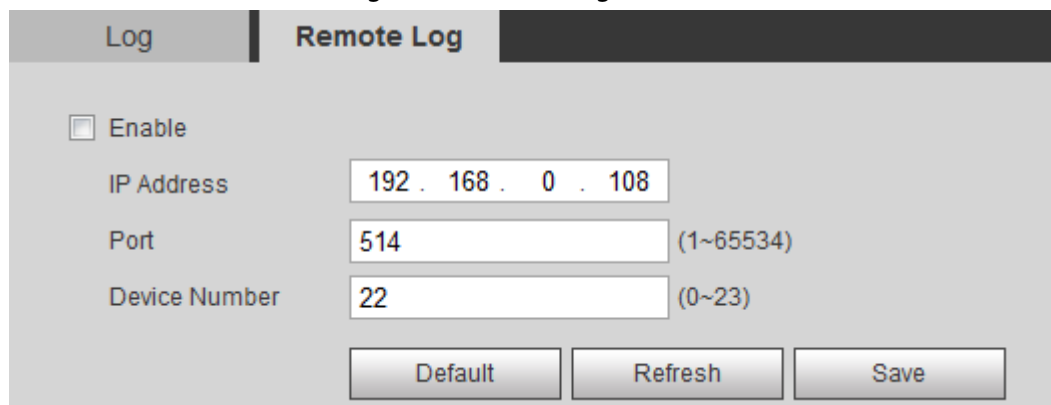


7.5.3 Remote Log

Configure remote log, and you can get the related log by accessing the set address.

Step 1 Select **Setting > Information > Log**.

Figure 7-6 Remote Log



Step 2 Select the **Enable** checkbox.

Step 3 Set address, port and device number.

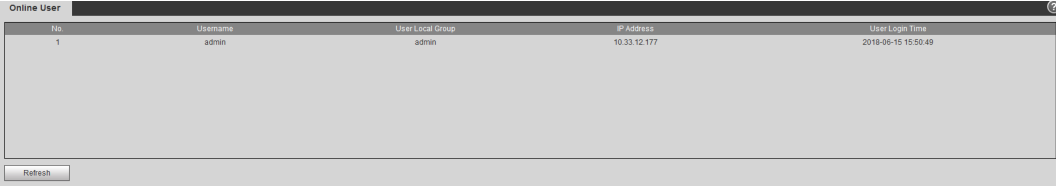
Step 4 Click **Save**.

7.5.4 Online User

View all the current users logging in to web.

Select **Setting > Information > Online User**.

Figure 7-7 Online user



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Online User". It contains a table with the following columns: No., Username, User Local Group, IP Address, and User Login Time. There is one row of data. Below the table is a "Refresh" button.

No.	Username	User Local Group	IP Address	User Login Time
1	admin	admin	10.33.12.177	2018-08-15 15:50:49

Refresh

Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

Mandatory actions to be taken for basic device network security:

1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters.
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols.
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order.
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.

2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time

- According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your device (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the device is connected to the public network, it is recommended to enable the “auto-check for updates” function to obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
- We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.

"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your device network security:

1. Physical Protection

We suggest that you perform physical protection to device, especially storage devices. For example, place the device in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement well-done access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable device (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.

2. Change Passwords Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely

The device supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user’s mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.

4. Enable Account Lock

The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.

5. Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports

We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024–65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

6. Enable HTTPS

We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.

7. MAC Address Binding

We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the device, thus reducing

the risk of ARP spoofing.

8. **Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably**

According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.

9. **Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes**

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.

If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:

- SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
- SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
- FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
- AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

10. **Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission**

If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.

Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

11. **Secure Auditing**

- Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
- Check device log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.

12. **Network Log**

Due to the limited storage capacity of the device, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

13. **Construct a Safe Network Environment**

In order to better ensure the safety of device and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:

- Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
- The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs. If there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is suggested to use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve the network isolation effect.
- Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.
- Enable IP/MAC address filtering function to limit the range of hosts allowed to access the device.