Commands for RCV56HCF Modems

Reference Manual (Preliminary)

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

This manual describes the host command and responses for the following Rockwell modem families:

RC144HCF for ISA Bus Modem Device Set

RC144HCF-for PCI Bus Modem Device Set

RC144HCF-for PC Card Modem Device Set.

Refer to Modem Designer's Guides and Modem Software Release notes for commands specific to a product model.

The commands and responses are implemented in host software for specific modem models. The support for a command category is identified by modem model in the Modem Designer's Guide. Additional configuration and implementation information is available in release notes and/or readme files that accompany product software release. The Product Configuration File contains exact application unique information and default values.

1.2 Command Descriptions

These commands are grouped into the following categories:

Section 2
Section 3
Section 4
Section 5
Section 6
Section 7

1.3 REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION

Rockwell Document Order No. 1123, *RC144HCF for ISA Bus Modem Designer's Guide* Rockwell Document Order No. 1129, *RC144HCF for PCI Bus Modem Designer's Guide* Rockwell Document Order No. 1130, *RC144HCF for PC Card Modem Designer's Guide* Document TD/ - E, STUDY GROUP 14, 19-27 March 1996, ITU-T, *Revisions to V.25ter* Document TD/ - E, STUDY GROUP 14, 19-27 March 1996, ITU-T, *Clean Draft Annex A/V.25ter* ITU-T Recommendation T.31 (08/94), *Terminals for Telematics Services, Asynchronous Facsimile DCE Control -Service Class 1* ITU-T Recommendation T.31 Amendment 1(07/96), *Terminals for Telematics Services, Asynchronous Facsimile DCE*

110-1 Recommendation 1.31 Amendment 1(07/96), Terminals for Telematics Services, Asynchronous Facsimile DC Control - Service Class 1, Annex B - Procedure for Service Class 1 Support of V.34 Modems

TIA Standards Proposal No. SP-3131A Draft Revision 5, *Proposed New Standard "Voice Control Standard for Asynchronous DCE" (if approved to be published as TIA/EIA-695)*

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2. SYNTAX AND PROCEDURES

The command and response syntax and procedures generally conform to referenced recommendations and standards. Since these recommendations and standards describe characteristics universal to a large installed base of modems to a maximum degree, there may be syntax and procedural differences due to extensions and behavioral differences in implemented commands, parameters, and responses beyond that described in these recommendations and standards.

The syntax and procedures described in this section are based on V.25ter with additional information included for implemented extensions and behavioral differences beyond V.25ter.

2.1 Alphabet

The T.50 International Alphabet 5 (IA5) is used in this document. Only the low-order seven bits of each character are significant to the modem; any eighth or higher-order bit(s), if present, are ignored for the purpose of identifying commands and parameters. Lower-case characters are considered identical to their upper-case equivalents when received by the modem from the DTE. Result codes from the modem are in upper case.

2.2 DTE Commands Lines

Words enclosed in <angle brackets> are references to syntactical elements. The brackets are not used when the words appear in a command line, the brackets are not used. Words enclosed in [square brackets] represent optional items which may be omitted from the command line at the specified point. The square brackets are not used when the words appear in the command line. Other characters that appear in syntax descriptions must as included as shown.

Any modem responses are mentioned in terms of their alphabetic format; the actual response issued will depend on the setting of parameters that affect response formats, e.g., Q and V commands (see 2.7).

2.2.1 Command Line General Format

A command line is made up of three elements: the prefix, the body, and the termination character.

The command line prefix consists of the characters "AT" or "at" or, to repeat the execution of the previous command line, the characters "A/" or "a/".

The body is made up of individual commands described in this document. Space characters (IA5 2/0) are ignored and may be used freely for formatting purposes, unless they are embedded in numeric or string constants. The termination character may not appear in the body. The modem can accept at least 40 characters in the body.

The termination character may be selected by a user option (parameter S3), the default being CR.

2.2.2 Command Line Editing

The character defined by parameter S5 (default, BS) is interpreted as a request from the DTE to the modem to delete the previous character. Any control characters (IA5 0/0 through 1/15, inclusive) that remain in the command line after receipt of the termination character are ignored by the modem.

The modem checks characters from the DTE first to see if they match the termination character (S3), then the editing character (S5), before checking for other characters. This ensures that these characters will be properly recognized even if they are set to values that the modem uses for other purposes. If S3 and S5 are set to the same value, a matching character will be treated as matching S3 (S3 is checked before S5).

2.2.3 Command Line Echo

The modem may echo characters received from the DTE during command state and online command state back to the DTE, depending on the setting of the E command. If so enabled, characters received from the DTE are echoed in the same format as received. Invalid characters in the command line or incomplete or improperly-formed command line prefixes may not be echoed.

2.2.4 Repeating a Command Line

If the prefix "A/" or "a/" is received, the modem immediately executes once again the body of the preceding command line. No editing is possible, and no termination character is necessary. A command line may be repeated multiple times in this manner. Responses to the repeated command line are issued using format of the original command line. If "A/" is received

before any command line has been executed, the preceding command line is assumed to have been empty (that results in an OK result code).

2.2.5 Types of DTE Commands

There are two types of commands: action commands and parameter commands. Commands of either type may be included in command lines, in any order.

Action commands may be "executed" (to invoke a particular function of the equipment, which generally involves more than the simple storage of a value for later use), or "tested" (to determine whether or not the equipment implements the action command, and, if subparameters are associated with the action, the ranges of subparameter values that are supported).

Parameters may be "set" (to store a value or values for later use), "read" (to determine the current value or values stored), or "tested" (to determine whether or not the equipment implements the parameter, and the ranges of values supported).

2.3 Basic Syntax Commands

2.3.1 Basic syntax command format

The format of Basic Syntax commands, except for the D and S commands, is as follows:

<command>[<number>]

where <command> is either a single character, or the "&" character followed by a single character per V.25 ter. In addition, <command> can be the "%" character followed by a single character, the "*" character followed by a single character, or the "^" character followed by a single character.

<number> may be a string of one or more characters from "0" through "9" representing a decimal integer value. Commands that expect a <number> are noted in the description of the command. If a command expects <number> and it is missing (<command> is immediately followed in the command line by another <command> or the termination character), the value "0" is assumed. If a command does not expect a <number> and a number is present, an ERROR is generated. All leading "0"s in <number> are ignored by the modem.

Additional commands may follow a command (and associated parameter, if any) on the same command line without any character required for separation. The actions of some commands cause the remainder of the command line to be ignored (e.g., A).

See the D command for details on the format of the information that follows it.

2.3.2 S-Parameters

Commands that begin with the letter "S" are known as "S-parameters". The number following the "S" indicates the "parameter number" being referenced. If the number is not recognized as a valid parameter number, an ERROR result code is issued.

Immediately following this number, either a "?" or "=" character must appear. "?" is used to read the current value of the indicated S-parameter; "=" is used to set the S-parameter to a new value.

S<parameter_number>?

```
S<parameter_number>=[<value>]
```

If the "=" is used, the new value to be stored in the S-parameter is specified in decimal following the "=". If no value is given (i.e., the end of the command line occurs or the next command follows immediately), the S-parameter specified may be set to 0, or an ERROR result code issued and the stored value left unchanged. The ranges of acceptable values are given in the description of each S-parameter.

If the "?" is used, the modem transmits a single line of information text to the DTE. The text portion of this information text consists of exactly three characters, giving the value of the S-parameter in decimal, with leading zeroes included.

2.4 Extended Syntax Commands

2.4.1 Command Naming Rules

Both actions and parameters have names, which are used in the related commands. Names always begin with the character "+". Following the "+", from one to 16 additional characters appear in the command name. These characters will be selected from the following set:

A through Z	(IA5 4/1 through 5/10)
0 through 9	(IA5 3/0 through 3/9)
!	(IA5 2/1)
%	(IA5 2/5)
-	(IA5 2/13)
	(IA5 2/14)
/	(IA5 2/15)
:	(IA5 3/10)
_	(IA5 5/15)

The first character following the "+" must be an alphabetic character in the range of "A" through "Z". This first character generally implies the application in which a command is used (e.g., F for Fax or V for voice).

The modem considers lower-case characters to be the same as their upper-case equivalents.

2.4.2 Values

When subparameters are associated with the execution of an action, or when setting a parameter, the command may include specification of values. This is indicated by the appearance of <value> in the descriptions below.

<value> consists of either a numeric constant or a string constant.

2.4.2.1 Numeric Constants

Numeric constants are expressed in decimal, hexadecimal, or binary.

Decimal numeric constants consist of a sequence of one or more of the characters "0" through "9", inclusive.

Hexadecimal numeric constants consist of a sequence of one or more of the characters "0" through "9", inclusive, and "A" through "F" inclusive. The characters "A" through "F" represent the equivalent decimal values 10 through 15.

Binary numeric constants consist of a sequence of one or more of the characters "0" and "1".

In all numeric constants, the most significant digit is specified first. Leading "0" characters are ignored by the modem. No spaces, hyphens, periods, commas, parentheses, or other generally-accepted numeric formatting characters are permitted in numeric constants; note in particular that no "H" suffix is appended to the end of hexadecimal constants.

2.4.2.2 String Constants

String constants consist of a sequence of displayable IA5 characters, each in the range from 2/0 to 7/15, inclusive, except for the characters "" (IA5 2/2) and "\" (IA5 5/12). String constants are bounded at the beginning and end by the double-quote character ("", IA5 2/2).

Any character value may be included in the string by representing it as a backslash ("\") character followed by two hexadecimal digits. For example, "\0D" is a string consisting of the single character <CR> (IA5 0/13). If the "\" character itself is to be represented in a string, it is encoded as "\5C". The double-quote character, used as the beginning and ending string delimiter, is represented within a string constant as "\22".

A "null" string constant, or a string constant of zero length, is represented by two adjacent delimiters ("").

2.4.2.3 Compound Values

Actions may have more than one subparameter associated with them, and parameters may have more than one value. These are known as "compound values", and their treatment is the same in both actions and parameters.

A compound value consists of any combination of numeric and string values (as defined in the description of the action or parameter). The comma character must be included as a separator, before the second and all subsequent values in the compound value. If a value is not specified (i.e., defaults assumed), the required comma separator must be specified; however, trailing comma characters may be omitted if all associated values are also omitted.

2.4.3 Action commands

2.4.3.1 Action execution command syntax

There are two general types of action commands: those that have associated subparameter values that affect only that invocation of the command, and those that have no subparameters.

If subparameters are associated with a command, the definition of the action command indicates, for each subparameter, whether the specification of a value for that subparameter is mandatory or optional. For optional subparameters, the definition indicates the assumed (default) value for the subparameter if no value is specified for that subparameter; the assumed value may be either a previous value (i.e., the value of an omitted subparameter remains the same as the previous invocation of the same command, or is determined by a separate parameter or other mechanism), or a fixed value (e.g., the value of an omitted subparameter is assumed to be zero). Generally, the default value for numeric subparameters is 0, and the default value for string subparameters is "" (empty string).

The following syntax is used for actions that have no subparameters:

```
+<name>
```

The following syntax is used for actions that have one subparameter:

```
+<name>[=<value>]
```

The following syntax is used for actions that have two or more subparameters:

```
+<name>[=<compound_value>]
```

For actions that accept subparameters, if all subparameters are defined as being optional, and the default values for all subparameters are satisfactory, the data terminal equipment (DTE) may use the first syntax above (i.e., omit the "=" from the action execution command as well as all of the subparameter value string).

If all other relevant criteria are met (e.g., the modem is in the proper state), the command is executed with any indicated subparameters. If <name> is not recognized, the modem issues the ERROR result code and terminates processing of the command line. An ERROR is also generated if a subparameter is specified for an action that does not accept subparameters, if too many subparameters are specified, if a mandatory subparameter is not specified, if a value is specified that is not within the supported range.

2.4.3.2 Action Test Command Syntax

The DTE may test if an action command is implemented in the modem by using the syntax:

```
+<name>=?
```

If the modem does not recognize the indicated name, it returns an ERROR result code and terminates processing of the command line. If the modem does recognize the action name, it returns an OK result code. If the named action accepts one or more subparameters, the modem sends an information text response to the DTE, prior to the OK result code, specifying the values supported by the modem for each such subparameter, and possibly additional information. The format of this information text is defined for each action command.

2.4.4 Parameter Commands

2.4.4.1 Parameter Types

Parameters may be defined as "read-only" or "read-write". "Read-only" parameters are used to provide status or identifying information to the DTE, but cannot be set by the DTE; attempting to set their value is an error. In some cases (specified in the description of the individual parameter), the modem may ignore attempts to set the value of such parameters rather than

respond with an ERROR result code, if the continued correct operation of the interface between the modem and DTE will not be affected by such action. Read-only parameters may be read and tested.

"Read-write" parameters may be set by the DTE, to store a value or values for later use. Read-write parameters may be set, read, and tested.

Parameters may take either a single value, or multiple (compound) values. Each value may be either numeric or string; the definition of the parameter will specify the type of value for each subparameter. Attempting to store a string value in a numeric parameter, or a numeric value in a string parameter, is an error.

2.4.4.2 Parameter Set Command Syntax

The definition of the parameter indicates, for each value, whether the specification of that value is mandatory or optional. For optional values, the definition indicates the assumed (default) value if none is specified; the assumed value may be either a previous value (i.e., the value of an omitted subparameter retains its previous value), or a fixed value (e.g., the value of an omitted subparameter retains its previous value), or a fixed value (e.g., the value of an omitted subparameter is assumed to be zero). Generally, the default value for numeric parameters is 0, and the default value for string parameters is "" (empty string).

The following syntax is used for parameters that accept a single value:

+<name>=[<value>]

The following syntax is used for parameters that accept more than one value:

```
+<name>=[<compound_value>]
```

For each implemented parameter, if all mandatory values are specified, and all values are valid according to the definition of the parameter, the specified values are stored. If <name> is not recognized, one or more mandatory values are omitted, or one or more values are of the wrong type or outside the permitted range, the modem issues the ERROR result code and terminates processing of the command line. An ERROR is also generated if too many values are specified. In case of an error, all previous values of the parameter are unaffected.

2.4.4.3 Parameter Read Command Syntax

The DTE may determine the current value or values stored in a parameter by using the following syntax:

+<name>?

The modem responds by sending the current values stored for the parameter to the DTE in an information text response. The format of this response is described in the definition of the parameter. Generally, the values are sent in the same form in which they would be issued by the DTE in a parameter setting command; if multiple values are supported, they will generally be separated by commas, as in a parameter setting command.

2.4.4.4 Parameter test command syntax

The DTE may test if a parameter is implemented in the modem, and determine the supported values, by using the syntax:

+<name>=?

If the modem does not recognize the indicated name, it returns an ERROR result code and terminates processing of the command line. If the modem does recognize the parameter name, it returns an information text response to the DTE, followed by an OK result code. The information text response indicates the values supported by the modem for each such subparameter, and possibly additional information. The format of this information text is defined for each parameter.

2.4.5 Additional Syntax Rules

2.4.5.1 Concatenating Commands after Extended Syntax Commands

Additional commands may follow an extended-syntax command on the same command line if a semicolon (";") is inserted after the preceding extended command as a separator. The semicolon is not necessary when the extended syntax command is the last command on the command line.

2.4.5.2 Concatenating commands After Basic Format Commands

Extended syntax commands may appear on the same command line after a basic syntax command without a separator, in the same manner as concatenation of basic syntax commands.

2.5 Issuing Commands

All characters in a command line must be issued at the same data rate, and with the same parity and format. ???

The modem will ignore any command line that is not properly terminated. The modem may consider 30 seconds of mark idle time between any two characters as an improperly terminated command line. In this case the modem may or may not generate an ERROR message. The modem will ignore any characters received from the DTE that are not part of a properly-formatted command line.

If the maximum number of characters that the modem can accept in the body is exceeded, an ERROR result code is generated after the command line is terminated.

The DTE will not begin issuing a subsequent command line until at least one-tenth of a second has elapsed after receipt of the entire result code issued by the modem in response to the preceding command line.

2.6 Executing Commands

Upon receipt of the termination character, the modem commences execution of the commands in the command line in the order received from the DTE. Should execution of a command result in an error, or a character be not recognized as a valid command, execution is terminated, the remainder of the command line is ignored, and the ERROR result code is issued. Otherwise, if all commands execute correctly, only the result code associated with the last command is issued; result codes for preceding commands are suppressed. If no commands appear in the command line, the OK result code is issued.

2.6.1 Aborting Commands

Some action commands that require time to execute may be aborted while in progress; these are explicitly noted in the description of the command. Aborting of commands is accomplished by the transmission from the DTE to the modem of any character. A single character is sufficient to abort the command in progress; however, characters transmitted during the first 125 milliseconds after transmission of the termination character are ignored (to allow for the DTE to append additional control characters such as line feed after the command line termination character). To ensure that the aborting character is recognized by the modem, it should be sent at the same rate as the preceding command line; the modem may ignore characters sent at other rates. When such an aborting event is recognized by the modem, the modem terminates the command in progress and returns an appropriate result code to the DTE, as specified for the particular command.

2.6.2 Handling of Invalid Numbers and S-Parameter Values

The modem reacts to undefined numbers and S-parameter values in one of three ways:

- 1. Issue the ERROR result code, and leave the previous value of the parameter unchanged;
- 2. Issue the OK result code, and leave the previous value of the parameter unchanged; or,
- 3. Issue the OK result code, and set the parameter value to the valid value nearest to that specified in the command line.

The description of each command specifies which of these three techniques is used to handle invalid parameter values for that command or parameter.

2.7 Modem Responses

While in command state and online command state, the modem will issue responses using the same rate, word length, and parity as the most recently received DTE command line. In the event that no DTE command has yet been received, rate, word length, and parity used will depend on the capabilities of the modem.

When the modem transitions from the command state or online command state to the online data state, the result code **CONNECT** should be issued at the bit rate and parity used during the command state. When the modem transitions from the online data state to the command state or online command state, the result codes should be issued at the bit rate used during the online data state. Thereafter, any unsolicited result codes should use the bit rate and parity of the last command line issued by the DTE to the modem.

The characters of a response will be contiguous, with no more than 100 milliseconds of mark idle issued between characters in addition to stop elements.

2.7.1 Responses

There are two types of responses that may be issued by the modem: information text and result codes.

Information Text. Information text responses consist of three parts: a header, information text, and a trailer:

- 1. The characters transmitted for the header are determined by the V command.
- 2. The trailer consists of two characters, being the character having the ordinal value of parameter S3 followed by the character having the ordinal value of parameter S4.
- 3. Information text usually consists of a single line; information text returned in response to some commands may contain multiple lines, and the text may therefore include CR, LF, and other formatting characters to improve readability.

Result Code Parts. Result codes consist of three parts: a header, the result text, and a trailer.

- 1. The characters transmitted for the header and trailer are determined by the V command setting.
- 2. The result text may be transmitted as a number or as a string, also depending on a the V command setting.

Result Code Types. There are three types of result codes: final, intermediate, and unsolicited. Result codes are described in Section 3.3.

- 1. A final result code indicates the completion of a full modem action and a ability to accept new commands from the DTE.
- 2. An intermediate result code is a report of the progress of an modem action. The CONNECT result code is an intermediate result code. In the case of a dialing or answering command, the modem switches from command state to online data state, and issues a CONNECT result code. This is an intermediate result code for the modem because it cannot accept commands from the DTE while in online data state. When the modem switches back to the command state it then issues a final result code (such as OK or NO CARRIER).
- Unsolicited result codes (such as RING) indicate the occurrence of an event not directly associated with the issuance of a command from the DTE.

2.7.2 Extended Syntax Result Codes

Extended syntax result codes may be issued in response to either basic or extended commands, or both. The appropriate responses are specified in the definitions of the commands, the responses, or both.

The general format of extended syntax result codes is the same as result codes defined in TIA-602 with regard to headers and trailers. The characters specified in S-parameters S3 and S4 are used in headers and trailers of extended syntax result codes as they are in basic format result codes. The setting of the V command affects the headers and trailers associated with extended syntax result codes in the same manner as basic format result codes; however, unlike basic format result codes, extended syntax result codes have no numeric equivalent, and are always issued in alphabetic form.

Extended syntax result codes are subject to suppression by the Q1 command, as with basic format result codes. The issuance of extended syntax result codes are not be affected by the setting of the X command.

Extended syntax result codes may be either final, intermediate, or unsolicited; the type being indicated in the definition of the result code.

Extended syntax result codes are prefixed by the "+" character to avoid duplication of basic format result codes specified in TIA-602. Following the "+" character, the name of the result code appears; result code names follow the same rules as command names.

Extended syntax result codes may include the reporting of values. The definition of the result code specifies whether or not values are appended to the result code, and, if so, how many, their types, and their assumed default values if omitted.

Data/voice Modes. When no values are to be reported, the result code appears in the simplest form:

+<name>

If a single value is to be reported, the form of the result code is:

+<name>: <value>

Note that a single space character separates the colon character from the <value>; no space appears between the result code name and the colon. If multiple values are to be reported with the result code, the form is:

+<name>: <compound_value>

Fax Modes. If a single value is to be reported, the form of the result code is:

<value> or (<value>) Needs confirmation!!!!!!!!

2.7.3 +<name>: <compound_value>Information Text Formats for Test Commands

In general, the format of information text returned by extended syntax commands is described in the definition of the command.

Note that the modem may insert intermediate <CR> characters in very long information text responses, in order to avoid overrunning DTE receive buffers. If intermediate <CR> characters are included, the modem does not include the character sequences "0 <CR>"or "OK<CR>", so that DTE can avoid false detection of the end of these information text responses.

2.7.3.1 Range of Values

When the action accepts a single numeric subparameter, or the parameter accepts only one numeric value, the set of supported values may be presented in the information text as an ordered list of values. The list is preceded by a left parenthesis ((), and is followed by a right parenthesis ()). If only a single value is supported, it appears between the parentheses. If more than one value is supported, then the values may be listed individually, separated by comma characters, or, when a continuous range of values is supported, by the first value in the range, followed by a hyphen character (-), followed by the last value in the range. The specification of single values and ranges of values may be intermixed within a single information text. In all cases, the supported values is indicated in ascending order.

For example, the following are some examples of value range indications:

(0)	Only the value 0 is supported.
(1,2,3)	The values 1, 2, and 3 are supported.
(1-3)	The values 1 through 3 are supported.
(0,4,5,6,9,11,12)	The several listed values are supported.
(0,4-6,9,11-12)	An alternative expression of the above list.

2.7.3.2 Compound Range of Values

When the action accepts more than one subparameter, or the parameter accepts more than one value, the set of supported values is presented as a list of the parenthetically-enclosed value range strings described above, separated by commas. For example, the information text in response to testing an action that accepts three subparameters, and supports various ranges for each of them, could appear as follows:

(0),(1-3),(0,4-6,9,11-12)

This indicates that the first subparameter accepts only the value 0, the second accepts any value from 1 through 3 inclusive, and the third subparameter accepts any of the values 0, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, or 12.

3. DATA COMMAND SET

3.1 COMMAND GUIDELINES

The commands used to control and report modem operation in data modem mode are defined in this section. The default values are typical of a fully configured modem supporting all data rates and options. The actual default value is dependent upon modem software as defined by the Product Configuration File.

Commands will only be accepted by the modem once the previous command has been fully executed, which is normally indicated by the return of an appropriate result code. Execution of commands D and A, either as a result of a direct command or a re-execute command, will be aborted if another character is entered before completion of the handshake.

3.1.1 Escape Code Sequence

When the modem has established a connection and has entered on-line data mode, it is possible to break into the data transmission in order to issue further commands to the modem in an on-line command mode. This is achieved by the DTE sending to the modem a sequence of three ASCII characters specified by register S2. The default character is '+'. The maximum time allowed between receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence from the DTE and sending of the OK result code to the DTE is controlled by the S12 register.

3.1.1.1 +FCLASS=0- Select Data Modem Mode

+FCLASS=0 selects the Data Modem Mode. The Data Modem Mode commands and responses described in this section are applicable when command +FCLASS=0. (See Section 3.2.1.2 for the definition of the FCLASS command.)

3.2 DATA COMMANDS

The modem will respond to the commands detailed below. Parameters applicable to each command are listed with the command description. The defaults shown correspond to default values provided in the Product Configuration File (PCF).

3.2.1 Generic Modem Control

3.2.1.1 Z - Reset to Default Configuration

This command instructs the modem to reset to default values as altered by non-volatile parameter storage. If the modem is connected to the line, it will be disconnected from the line, terminating any call in progress.

All of the functions of the command are completed before the modem issues the result code. The DTE should not include additional commands on the same command line after the **Z** command because such commands are ignored.

Syntax

Ζ

Result Code

OK

3.2.1.2 +FCLASS - Select Active Service Class

This command selects the active service class (mode).

Syntax 8 1

+FCLASS=<mode>

Defined Values

Denneu van	103		
<mode:< td=""><td>></td><td colspan="2">Decimal number which corresponds to the selected service class.</td></mode:<>	>	Decimal number which corresponds to the selected service class.	
Command options:			
		0	Select Data Mode (see Section 3). (Default.)
		1 or 1.0	Select Facsimile Class 1.0 Mode (see Section 4)
		8	Select Voice Mode (see Section 5)
		80	Select VoiceView Mode (see Section 5)
Result Code	<u>s</u>		
OK		For <mode> =</mode>	0, 1, 1.0, 8, and 80 as supported by the Product Configuration File.
ERROF	RROR Otherwise.		
Reporting C	urrent or Selec	<u>cted Values</u>	
Command:	+FCLASS?		
Response:	+FCLASS: <r< td=""><td>mode></td><td></td></r<>	mode>	
Example:	e: +FCLASS: 0 For the default setting.		
Reporting S	upported Rang	e of Paramete	er Values
Command:	and: +FCLASS=?		
Response: +FCLASS: (<mode> range)</mode>			
Example:	xample: +FCLASS: (0, 1,1.0,8, 80)		
	• • • • •	5 1 1 0	a

3.2.1.3 &F - Set to Factory-Defined Configuration

This command instructs the modem to set all parameters to factory default values defined in the product Configuration Table

The modem loads the factory default configuration (profile). The factory defaults are identified for each command and in the S-Parameter descriptions. A configuration (profile) consists of a subset of S-Parameters.

<u>Syntax</u>

&F

Result Code

OK

3.2.1.4 I - Request Identification Information

This command causes the modem to report one or more lines of product information text as provided by the Product Configuration File, as selected by the <value> subparameter, followed by a final result code.

<u>Syntax</u>

I[<value>]

Defined Values

<value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected information.

0	<value> 0 report.</value>
1	<value> 1 report.</value>
2	<value> 2 report.</value>
3	<value> 3 report.</value>
4	<value> 4 report.</value>
5	<value> 5 report.</value>
6	<value> 6 report.</value>
7	<value> 7 report.</value>

Result Codes

OK	<value> = 0 to 7.</value>
ERROR	Otherwise.

3.2.1.5 +GMI - Request Manufacturer Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem product manufacturer as provided by the Product Configuration File.

Syntax

+GMI

Response

ROCKWELL OK

3.2.1.6 +GMM - Request Model Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem product model as provided by the Product Configuration File.

<u>Syntax</u>

+GMM

Typical Response

RC56HCF OK

3.2.1.7 +GMR - Request Revision Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem version, revision level or date as provided by the Product Configuration File.

Syntax 8 1

+GMR

Typical Response

RC56HCF R6775 V2.0 5/29/97 OK

3.2.1.8 +GSN - Request Product Serial Number Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem product model serial number as provided by the Product Configuration File.

Syntax

+GSN

Typical Response

VX.XXX-serial number OK

3.2.1.9 +GOI - Request Global Object Identification

This command causes the modem to transmit one or more lines of information text identifying the device, based on the ISO system for registering unique object identifiers. Typically, the text consists of a single line containing numeric strings delimited by period characters. The general format of object identifiers is defined in Section 28 of ITU-T Recommendation X.208; the encoding rules are defined in ITU-T Recommendation X.209.

Syntax

+GOI

Typical Response

TBD OK

3.2.1.10 +GCAP - Request Complete Capabilities List

This extended-format command causes the modem to transmit one or more lines of information text listing additional capabilities command +<name>s, which is intended to permit the user to identify the overall capabilities of the modem. In particular, if the modem implements a particular modem control standard that uses Extended Syntax Commands, and if that modem control standard includes command(s) that indicate general capabilities, the +<names>(s) of those commands will be reported to the modem in response to a +GCAP command.

Syntax

+GCAP

Example Responses

+GCAP: +FCLASS, -	⊦MS, +ES, +DS,	for a data modem that supports all capabilities listed
Where:		
+FCLASS	T.class1, +F (Class 1 Facsimile modem Control)	
+MS	+M commands (Modulation Control: +MS and +MR commands)	
+ES	+E commands (Error Control: +ES, +EB, +ER, +EFCS, +ETBM)	
+DS	+D commands (Data Compression: +DS and +DR)	

3.2.2 DTE-Modem interface commands

The parameters defined in this section control the operation of the interface between the DTE and modem.

3.2.2.1 E - Command Echo

The modem enables or disables the echo of characters to the DTE according to the parameter supplied.

Syntax

E[value>]

Defined Values

<value></value>	Decimal nun	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.	
	0	Disables command echo.	
	1	Enables command echo. (Default.)	
Result Codes			
OK	<value> = 0</value>	or 1.	

OK

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.2.2 Q - Quiet Results Codes Control

The command enables or disables the sending of result codes to the DTE according to the parameter supplied. The parameter value, if valid, is written to S14 bit 2.

Syntax

O[value>]

Defined Values

<value></value>	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.	
	0	Enables result codes to the DTE. (Default.)
	1	Disables result codes to the DTE.
acult Codec		

Result Codes

ОК	<value> = 0 or 1.</value>
ERROR	Otherwise.

3.2.2.3 V - Result Code Form

This command selects the sending of short-form or long-form result codes to the DTE.

<u>Syntax</u>

V[value>]

Defined Values

<value></value>	Decimal numb	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.		
	0	Enables short-form (terse) result codes. Line feed is not issued before a short- form result code.		
	1	Enables long-form (verbose) result codes. (Default.)		
Result Codes				
OK	<value> = 0 or</value>	1.		

ERROR

Otherwise.

3.2.2.4 X - Extended Result Codes

This command selects which subset of the result messages will be used by the modem to inform the DTE of the results of commands.

Blind dialing is enabled or disabled by country parameters. If the user wishes to enforce dial tone detection, a "W" can be placed in the dial string (see D command). Note that the information below is based upon the default implementation of the X results table. Table 3-4 indicates the messages which are enabled for each X value.

If the modem is in facsimile mode (+FCLASS=1), the only message sent to indicate a connection is CONNECT without a speed indication.

Syntax

X[<value>]

Defined Values

Bennied Valdee				
<value></value>	Decimal num	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.		
	0	CONNECT result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial tone and busy detection are disabled.		
	1	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial tone and busy detection are disabled.</text>		
	2	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial tone detection is enabled, and busy detection is disabled.</text>		
	3	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial tone detection is disabled, and busy detection is enabled.</text>		
	4	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial tone and busy detection are both enabled. (Default.)</text>		
Result Codes				
OK	<value> = 0 t</value>	0 4.		
<u>Result Codes</u> OK	4	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial detection is disabled, and busy detection is enabled. CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state. Dial and busy detection are both enabled. (Default.)</text></text>		

R

 $\langle value \rangle = 0$ to 4.

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.2.5 &C - RLSD Behavior

This parameter determines how the state of the Received Line Signal Detector (RLSD) output relates to the detection of received line signal from the distant end. Changing the parameter will take effect immediately in both the command and online command states.

In &C1 mode of operation, RLSD is not turned off until all data previously received from the remote modem is delivered to the local DTE. However, such buffered data will be discarded and RLSD will be turned off if the DTE turns off DTR (if &D1 or &D2 is set).

Syntax

&C[<value>]</value>	<value> = 0 c</value>	or 1.
Defined Values		
<value></value>	Decimal num	ber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	RLSD is always ON.
	1	RLSD follows the state of the carrier. (Default.)
Result Code		
OK	<value> = 0 c</value>	or 1

OK

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.2.6 &D - DTR Behavior

This parameter determines how the modem responds when the Data Terminal Ready (DTR) input is changed from the ON to the OFF condition during online data state.

Syntax 8 1

<value> = 0 - 2. &D[<value>]

Defined Values		
<value></value>	Decimal num	ber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	Modem ignores DTR.
	1	Upon an on-to-off transition of DTR, the modem enters online command state and issues an OK result code; the call remains connected.
	2	Upon an on-to-off transition of DTR, the modem instructs the underlying modem to perform an orderly cleardown of the call. The disposition of any data in the modem pending transmission to the remote modem is controlled by the +ETBM parameter; otherwise, this data is sent before the call is cleared, unless the remote modem clears the call first (in which case pending data is discarded). The modem disconnects from the line. Automatic answer is disabled while DTR remains off.
Result Code		
OK	<value> = 0 c</value>	or 2

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.2.7 +IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control

This extended-format compound parameter controls the operation of local flow control between the DTE and the modem during the data state when V.42 error control is used, or when fallback to non-error control mode is specified to include buffering and flow control. It accepts two numeric subparameters.

<u>Syntax</u>

+IFC=[<modem_by_DTE>[,<DTE_by_modem>]]

Defined Values

<modem_by_dte></modem_by_dte>	Specifies the method to be used by the DTE to control the flow of received data from the modem.	
	0 =	None.
1 =		XON/XOFF on transmitted data (XON/XOFF on transmit data); do not pass XON/XOFF characters to the remote modem.
	2 =	Circuit 133 (Ready for Receiving). (Default.)
	3 =	XON/XOFF on transmitted data with XON/XOFF characters being passed through to the remote modem in addition to being acted upon for local flow control.
<dte_by_modem></dte_by_modem>	Specifies the DTE.	method to be used by the modem to control the flow of transmitted data from the
	0 =	None.
	1=	XON/XOFF on received data.
	2 =	CTS/RTS. (Default.)
Reporting Current or Sele Command: +IFC?	ected Values	
Response: +IFC: <mod< td=""><td>em_by_DTE>,«</td><td><dte_by_modem></dte_by_modem></td></mod<>	em_by_DTE>,«	<dte_by_modem></dte_by_modem>
Example: +IFC: 2,2		for the defaults.
Reporting Supported Ran Command: +IFC=?	ge of Paramete	er Values
Response: +IFC: (<mod< td=""><td>dem_by_DTE></td><td>range),(<dte_by_modem> range)</dte_by_modem></td></mod<>	dem_by_DTE>	range),(<dte_by_modem> range)</dte_by_modem>
Example: +IFC: (0-3),	(0-2)	

3.2.2.8 +ILRR - DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting

This extended-format numeric parameter controls whether or not the extended-format +ILRR:<rate> information text is transmitted from the modem to the DTE.

<u>Syntax</u>

+ILRR=<value>

Defined Values <value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

Disables reporting of local port rate (+ILRR: is not transmitted).

1 Enables reporting of local port rate (+ILRR: is transmitted).

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +ILRR?

Response: +ILRR: <current value>

Example: +ILRR: 0 For the default setting

0

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +ILRR=?

Response: +ILRR: (<value> range)

Example: +ILRR: (0,1)

Reported Rate

The <rate> reported represents the current (negotiated or renegotiated) DTE-modem rate. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted after any modulation, error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before any final result code (e.g., CONNECT) is transmitted. The <rate> is applied after the final result code is transmitted.

The DTE-modem port rate will change only if neither buffered mode nor error controlled means are enabled (+ES=x,0) and if the negotiated carrier rate (+MRR) does not match the current DTE-modem port rate (autodetected from the previous command line).

Syntax

+ILRR: <rate>[,<rx_rate>]

Defined Values

<rate></rate>	Decimal value representing the current (negotiated or renegotiated) DTE-modem rate:
	0, 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200
<rx_rate></rx_rate>	Optional decimal value reporting the RXD rate, if it is different from the TXD rate:
	0, 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200

Example

+ILRR: 19200

3.2.2.9 +H - Enable/Disable Video Ready Mode

This command enables or disables Rockwell Video Ready Mode.

Syntax

+H[<value>]

Defined Values <value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

- 0 Disable video ready mode.
- 16 Enable video ready mode.

Result Codes

OK	<value> = 0 or 16.</value>
ERROR	Otherwise.

3.2.3 Call Control

3.2.3.1 D - Dial

This command directs the modem to go on-line, dial according to the entered string and attempt to establish a connection. If no dial string is supplied, the modem will go on-line and attempt the handshake in originate mode. In W-class models, the action of going off-hook is affected by the status of the Line Current Sense input, if line current sensing is enabled, and by the blacklist and delayed list. **NOTE:** If the ATD command is issued before the S1 register has cleared, the modem will respond with the NO CARRIER result code.

If +FCLASS=0 is selected, the modem will behave as a data modem and will attempt to connect to another data modem. The modem will have up to the period of time specified by register S6 or S7 to wait for carrier and complete the handshake. If this time expires before the modem can complete the handshake, the modem will go on-hook with the NO CARRIER response. This command will be aborted upon receipt of any DTE character before completion of the handshake.

If +FCLASS=1 or 1.0 is selected, the modem will behave as a facsimile modem and attempt to connect to a facsimile machine (or modem) by entering the HDLC V.21 channel 2 receive state (as if +FRH=3 had been issued). This command will be aborted upon receipt of any DTE character if the modem has not finished dialing. In this case, the modem will go on-hook and return to command mode after displaying the NO CARRIER message. If the modem finishes dialing, it will proceed as if the +FRH=3 command is issued. (Refer to the +FRH command to determine how the modem behaves following this stage.)

Syntax

D<modifier>

Defined Values	
<modifier></modifier>	The valid dial string parameters (modifiers) are described below. Punctuation characters may be used for clarity, with parentheses, hyphen, and spaces ignored.
0-9	DTMF digits 0 to 9.
A-D	DTMF digits A, B, C, and D. Some countries may prohibit sending of these digits during dialing.
L	Re-dial last number: the modem will re-dial the last valid telephone number. The L must be immediately after the D with all the following characters ignored).
Р	Select pulse dialing: pulse dial the numbers that follow until a "T" is encountered. Affects current and subsequent dialing. Some countries prevent changing dialing modes after the first digit is dialed.
Т	Select tone dialing: tone dial the numbers that follow until a "P" is encountered. Affects current and subsequent dialing. Some countries prevent changing dialing modes after the first digit is dialed.
W	Wait for dial tone: the modem will wait for dial tone before dialing the digits following "W". If dial tone is not detected within the time specified by S7 (US) or S6 (W-class), the modem will abort the rest of the sequence, return on-hook, and generate an error message.
*	The 'star' digit (tone dialing only).
#	The 'gate' digit (tone dialing only).
+	
!	Flash: the modem will go on-hook for a time defined by the value of S29. Country requirements may limit the time imposed.
@	Wait for silence: the modem will wait for at least 5 seconds of silence in the call progress frequency band before continuing with the next dial string parameter. If the modem does not detect these 5 seconds of silence before the expiration of the call abort timer (S7), the modem will terminate the call attempt with a NO ANSWER message. If busy detection is enabled, the modem

	may terminate the call with the BUSY result code. If answer tone arrives during execution of this parameter, the modem will handshake.
\$	Wait for credit card dialing tone before continuing with the dial string. If the tone is not detected within the time specified by S7 (US models) or S6 (W-class models), the modem will abort the rest of the sequence, return on-hook, and generate an error message.
&	Wait for credit card dialing tone before continuing with the dial string. If the tone is not detected within the time specified by S7 (US models) or S6 (W-class models), the modem will abort the rest of the sequence, return on-hook, and generate an error message.
3	Dial pause: the modem will pause for a time specified by S8 before dialing the digits following ",".
;	Return to command state. Added to the end of a dial string. This causes the modem to return to the command state after it processes the portion of the dial string preceding the ";". This allows the user to issue additional commands while remaining off-hook. The additional commands may be placed in the original command line following the ";" and/or may be entered on subsequent command lines. The modem will enter call progress only after an additional dial command is issued without the ";" terminator. Use "H" to abort the dial in progress, and go back on-hook.
^	Toggles calling tone enable/disable: applicable to current dial attempt only.
()	Ignored: may be used to format the dial string.
-	Ignored: may be used to format the dial string.
<space></space>	Ignored: may be used to format the dial string.

3.2.3.2 T - Set Tone Dial Default

This command forces DTMF dialing until the next P dial modifier or P command is received. The modem will set an S-Parameter bit to indicate that all subsequent dialing should be conducted in tone mode. Note that the DP command will override this command. Clears S14 bit 5.

This command may not be permitted in some countries. (See P.)

Syntax

Т

Result Codes

OK

3.2.3.3 P - Set Pulse Dial Default

This command forces pulse dialing until the next T dial modifier or T command is received. Sets S14 bit 5.

As soon as a dial command is executed which explicitly specifies the dialing mode for that particular call (e.g., ATDT..), this command is overridden so that all future dialing will be tone dialed. (See T command.)

This command may not be permitted in some countries.

3.2.3.4 A - Answer

The modem will go off-hook and will attempt to answer an incoming call if correct conditions are met. Upon successful completion of answer handshake, the modem will go on-line in answer mode. This command may be affected by the state of Line Current Sense, if enabled. (Most countries do not require Line Current Sense.) Operation is also dependent upon +FCLASS command and country-specific requirements.

If +FCLASS=0 is selected, the modem will enter the connect state after exchanging carrier with the remote modem. If no carrier is detected within a period specified in register S7, the modem will hang up. Any character entered during the connect sequence will abort the connection attempt.

If +FCLASS=1.0 is selected, the modem will go off-hook in V.21 answer mode. It will generate the V.21 2100 Hz answer tone for 3 ± 0.5 seconds. Following a delay of 70 ms, it will proceed as if the +FTH=3 command were issued. At any stage up to (but excluding) the +FTH=3 command state, any character will abort the communication. (See the description of the +FTH command for details.)

3.2.3.5 H - Disconnect (Hang-Up)

This command initiates a hang up sequence. This command may not be available for some countries due to PTT restrictions.

Syntax 8 1

H[<value>]

<u>Defined Values</u> <value></value>	Decimal num	nber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	The modem will release the line if the modem is currently on-line.
	1	If on-hook, the modem will go off-hook and remain in command mode.
Result Codes		
OK	<value> = 0 0</value>	or 1.

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.3.6 O - Return to On-Line Data Mode

This command specifies that the modem will enter the on-line data mode from the on-line command mode with or without a retrain. If in the off-line command mode when this command is entered, the modem reports ERROR.

Syntax

O[<value>]

Defined Values

<u></u>		her corresponding to the collected option			
<value></value>	Decimal num	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.			
	0	Enters on-line data mode from the on-line command mode without a retrain. Handling is determined by the Call Establishment task. Generally, if a connection exists, this command connects the DTE back to the remote modem after an escape (+++).			
	1	Performs a retrain then enters on-line data mode from the on-line command mode.			
Result Codes					
OK	<value> = 0 0</value>	<value> = 0 or 1 and a connection exists.</value>			
ERROR	Otherwise or	Otherwise or no connection exists.			
2027 Smaaka	r Volumo				

3.2.3.7 L - Speaker Volume

This command sets the speaker volume control according to the parameter supplied.

Syntax

L[<value>]

Defined Values

Defined Values			
<value></value>	Decimal num	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.	
	0	Off.	
	1	Low volume. (Default.)	
	2	Medium volume.	
	3	High volume.	
Result Codes			
OK	<value> = 0 to</value>	o 3.	
ERROR	Otherwise.		

3.2.3.8 M - Speaker Control

This command controls speaker on or off according to the supplied parameter.

Syntax

M[<value>]</value>		
Defined Values		
<value></value>	Decimal num	ber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	Speaker off.
	1	Speaker on during call establishment, but off when receiving carrier. (Default.)
	2	Speaker on.
	3	Speaker is off when receiving carrier and during dialing, but on during answering.
Result Codes		
OK	<value> = 0 t</value>	o 3.
ERROR	Otherwise.	

3.2.3.9 &G - Select Guard Tone

This command causes the modem to generate the guard tone selected by this command according to the parameter supplied (DPSK modulation modes only). This command may not be permitted in some countries.

Syntax 8 1

&G[<value>]</value>	n = 0 - 2.	
Defined Values		
<value></value>	Decimal num	ber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	Disables guard tone. (Default for U.S.)
	1	Disables guard tone.
	2	Selects 1800 Hz guard tone. (Default for W-Class.)
Result Code		
ОК	<value> = 0</value>	to 2.

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.3.10 &P - Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio

This command determines the make/break ratio used during pulse dialing. It is only effective if the appropriate bit to enable this command is set through the Product Configuration File. If enabled, it will override the make/break ratios in the OEM parameters in the Product Configuration File. The default is country-dependent. The parameter value, if valid, is written to S28 bits 3 and 4.

Syntax

&P[<value>]

Defined Values

<value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected information.

0	Selects 39%-61% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second. (Default.)
1	Selects 33%-67% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second.

- 2 Selects 39%-61% make/break ratio at 20 pulses per second.
- 3 Selects 33%-67% make/break ratio at 20 pulses per second.

Result Codes

OK <value> = 0 to 3.

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.3.11 &V - Display Current Configuration and Stored Profile

This command reports the current (active) configuration and the stored (user) profiles.

Syntax

&V

Result Code

OK

Example: (Need correct example)

```
AT&V
```

ACTIVE PROFILE: B0 E1 L1 M1 N1 Q0 T V1 W0 X4 Y0 &C0 &D0 &G2 &J0 &K3 &Q5 &R1 &S0 &T4 &X0 &Y0 S00:002 S01:000 S02:043 S03:013 S04:010 S05:008 S06:002 S07:030 S08:002 S09:006 S10:014 S11:255 S12:050 S18:000 S25:005 S26:001 S36:007 S37:000 S38:020 S46:138 S48:007 S95:000

STORED PROFILE: B0 E1 L1 M1 N1 Q0 T V1 W0 X4 Y0 &C0 &D0 &G2 &J0 &K3 &Q5 &R1 &S0 &T4 &X0 S00:002 S02:043 S06:002 S07:030 S08:002 S09:006 S10:014 S11:095 S12:050 S18:000 S36:007 S37:000 S40:105 S41:003 S46:138 S95:000

OK

3.2.3.12 &W - Store Current Configuration

This command saves the current (active) configuration (profile), including S-Parameters, in Product Configuration File. The current configuration is comprised of a list of storable parameters illustrated in the &V command. These settings are restored to the active configuration upon receiving an Z command or at power up.

Syntax

&W

Result Code

OK

3.2.4 Modulation Control Commands

3.2.4.1 +MS - Modulation Selection

This extended-format compound parameter controls the manner of operation of the modulation capabilities in the modem. It accepts six subparameters:

Syntax 8 1

+MS=[<carrier>[,<automode>[,<min_tx_rate>[,<max_tx_rate>[,<min_rx_rate>[,<max_rx_rate>]]]]]]

Defined Values

<carrier>

A string which specifies the preferred modem carrier to use in originating or answering a connection. <carrier> values are strings of up to eight characters, consisting only of numeric digits and upper case letters. <carrier> values for ITU standard modulations take the form: <letter><1-4 digits><other letters as needed>. Defined values are:

B103	For Bell 103
B212	For Bell 212
V21	For V.21
V22	For V.22
V22B	For V.22bis
V23C	For V.23
V32	For V.32
V32B	For V.32bis
V34	For V.34
K56FLEX	For K56flex

The modem may also automatically switch to another modulation (automode), subject to several constraints:

- 1. The modem may not support some other modulations, regardless of the automode mechanism supported.
- The modem may not be able to automatically switch from the current modulation <carrier> to some other modulations, restricted by the selected modulation standard and by the modem manufacturer's technology. For example, there is no standard way to automode from V.32bis to V.27ter.
- 3. The DTE may disable automode operation, see <automode> below.
- 4. The DTE may constrain the range of modulations available, see <min_rate> and <max_rate> below.
- 5. The DTE may selectively disable some modulations by reading, editing and writing the +MA parameter (6.4.2).

If the DTE issues a +MS=<carrier> command to the modem, and if the modem supports the +MA parameter, the modem will reinitialize the +MA parameter.

<automode> An optional numeric value which enables or disables automatic modulation negotiation (e.g., ITU-T V.32*bis* Annex A or V.8). The default value is enabled if it is defined for the associated modulation (e.g., ITU-T V.32*bis*, V.8 for V.34); however, there are modulations for which there is no automatic negotiation defined (e.g., V.26*bis*).

- 0 = Automode disabled.
- 1 = Automode enabled, with V.8 or V.32bis Annex where applicable. (Default.)

	, c	JOIIIIId		
		For <automode> = 0 (automode disabled, i.e., fixed modulation):</automode>		
		1.		e> is within the rates supported by the selected modulation, the selected rate fied by <max_rate>. For example:</max_rate>
			+MS=	=V32B,0,1200,4800 selects V.32 bis 4800 bps fixed rate.
		2.		e> is greater than the highest speed supported by the modulation specified he starting rate is the highest rate supported by the selected modulation. For
			+MS=	=10,0,2400,14400 selects V.32 bis 14400, 12000, 9600, 7200, or 4800 bps.
		For <au< td=""><td>itomode> = 1</td><td>(automode enabled, i.e., automatically selected speed and modulation):</td></au<>	itomode> = 1	(automode enabled, i.e., automatically selected speed and modulation):
		1.		connects at the highest possible rate in accordance with V.8 bis/V.8, or V.32 if V.8 bis/V.8 is not supported by the remote modem.
		2.		e> is greater than the highest rate supported by the modulation specified by modem automodes down from the highest rate of the selected modulation. e:
			+MS=	=V32B,1,1200,14400 selects automoding down from V.32 bis 14400 bps.
<min_ra< td=""><td>ate> and</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></min_ra<>	ate> and			
<min_r< td=""><td><_rate></td><td colspan="3">Optional numeric values which specify the lowest value at which the modem may establish a connection. If unspecified (set to 0), they are determined by the modulation means selected in the <carrier> and <automode> settings. Values for this subparameter are decimal encoded, in units of bit/s. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = Lowest rate supported by the selected carrier.)</automode></carrier></td></min_r<>	<_rate>	Optional numeric values which specify the lowest value at which the modem may establish a connection. If unspecified (set to 0), they are determined by the modulation means selected in the <carrier> and <automode> settings. Values for this subparameter are decimal encoded, in units of bit/s. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = Lowest rate supported by the selected carrier.)</automode></carrier>		
<max_r< td=""><td>ate> and</td><td colspan="3"></td></max_r<>	ate> and			
<max_r< td=""><td>x_rate></td><td colspan="2">Optional numeric values which specify the highest value at which the modem may establish a connection. If unspecified, (set to 0) they are determined by the modulation means selected in the <carrier> and <automode> settings and by the current DTE-modem rate. Non-zero values for this subparameter are decimal encoded, in units of bit/s. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = Highest rate supported by the selected carrier.)</automode></carrier></td></max_r<>	x_rate>	Optional numeric values which specify the highest value at which the modem may establish a connection. If unspecified, (set to 0) they are determined by the modulation means selected in the <carrier> and <automode> settings and by the current DTE-modem rate. Non-zero values for this subparameter are decimal encoded, in units of bit/s. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = Highest rate supported by the selected carrier.)</automode></carrier>		
<min_rx< td=""><td>_rate> and</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></min_rx<>	_rate> and			
<max_r< td=""><td>x_rate></td><td colspan="3">May be used to condition distinct limits for the receive direction as distinct from the transmit direction. For example, these can be used to select either direction for asymmetric modulations like V.23 with constant carrier. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = 0.)</td></max_r<>	x_rate>	May be used to condition distinct limits for the receive direction as distinct from the transmit direction. For example, these can be used to select either direction for asymmetric modulations like V.23 with constant carrier. The value range is 75-56000 in the following increments: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000, as permitted for the associated carrier. (Default = 0.)		
Reporting C	urrent or Sele	ected Val	ues	
Command:	+MS?			
Response:				_rate>, <max_rate>,<min_rx_rate>,<max_rx_rate></max_rx_rate></min_rx_rate></max_rate>
		-	-	inder control of the +MR parameter.
	Example: +MS: K56FLEX,1,300,56000,0,0			For default values.
Example:	+MS: K56F rate limits.	LEX,1,30	0,56000	For K56flex, automode, explicit limits, but no distinct receive and transmit
Example:	+MS: V32B rate limits.	,1,1200,3	3600	For V.32bis, automode, explicit limits, but no distinct receive and transmit
1118				3-15

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +MS=?

- Response: +MS: (< carrier> range),(<automode> range),(<min_rate> range),(<max_rate> range),(<min_rx_rate> range),(<max_rx_rate> rang
- Example: +MS: (V21,V22,V22B,V32,V32B),(0,1),(75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000), (75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600, 32000, 34000, 36000, 38000, 40000, 42000, 44000, 46000, 48000, 50000, 52000, 54000, or 56000)

For V.21, V.22, V.22bis, V.32 and V.32bis, with Automode.

The modem may also automatically switch to another modulation (automode), subject to the following constraints:

- a. The modem may not be able to automatically switch from the current modulation (specified by <mod>) to some other modulation. For example, there is no standard way to automode from Bell 103 to V.23.
- b. The DTE may disable automode operation (see <automode>).
- c. The DTE may constrain the range of modulations available by specifying the lowest and highest rates (see <min_rate> and <max_rate> below).

Result Code

OK Valid subparameter string

ERROR Otherwise.

3.2.4.2 +MR - Modulation Reporting Control

This extended-format numeric parameter controls whether or not the extended-format +MCR:<carrier> and +MRR:<rate> intermediate result codes are transmitted from the modem to the DTE. If enabled, +MCR:<carrier> and +MRR:<rate> intermediate result codes represent the current (negotiated or renegotiated) modulation <carrier> and <rate> that are transmitted at the point during connect negotiation (handshaking) at which the modem has determined which modulation and rate will be used, i.e., before any Error Control or Data Compression reports are transmitted, and before any final result code (e.g., CONNECT) is transmitted.

Syntax

+MR=[<value>]

Defined Values

<value>

A decimal number corresponding to the selected option:

- 0 = Disables reporting of modulation connection (+MCR: and +MRR: are not transmitted).
- 1 = Enables reporting of modulation connection (+MCR: and +MRR: are transmitted). (Default.)

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +MR?

Response: +MR: <current value>

Example: +MR: 1

For default setting

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +MR=?

Response: +MR: (<value>range)

Example: +MR: (0,1)

The format of this information text is:

+MCR: Report Syntax

Response: +MCR: <carrier>

<carrier> Alphanumeric code corresponding to the reported carrier. Defined values are:

B103	For Bell 103
B212	For Bell 212
V21	For V.21
V22	For V.22
V22B	For V.22bis
V23C	For V.23
V32	For V.32
V32B	For V.32bis
V34	For V.34
K56FLEX	For K56flex

+MRR: Report Syntax

Response: +MRR: <tx_rate>,<rx_rate>

<tx_rate></tx_rate>	Decimal transmit rate in bits/s.
<rx_rate></rx_rate>	Decimal receive rate in bits/s.

Example: +MRR: 28600, 48000

3.2.5 Error Control Commands

This section describes parameters used to select and operate the modem in V.42 LAPM or MNP error control mode, Normal (Buffered) Mode, or V.80 Synchronous Access Mode.

3.2.5.1 +ES - Error Control and Synchronous Mode Selection

This extended-format command specifies the initial requested mode of operation when the modem is operating as the originator, optionally specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the originator, and optionally specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the answerer. It accepts three numeric subparameters:

Syntax 8 1

+ES=[<orig_rqst>[,<orig_fbk>[,<ans_fbk>]]]

Defined Values

rqst> Decimal number which specifies the initial requested mode of operation when the r operating as the originator. The options are:		
1	Initiate call with Normal Mode (also referred to as Buffered Mode or Direct Mode) only.	
2	Initiate V.42 without Detection Phase. If V.8 is in use, disable V.42 Detection Phase.	
3	Initiate V.42 with Detection Phase. (Default.)	
	operating as 1 2	

		4	Initiate MNP.	
		6	Initiate V.80 Synchronous Access Mode when connection is completed, and Data State is entered. (See +ESA and +ITF commands.)	
<orig_ft< td=""><td>ok></td><td colspan="3">Decimal number which specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the originator.</td></orig_ft<>	ok>	Decimal number which specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the originator.		
		0	LAPM, MNP, or Normal Mode error control optional. (Default.)	
		2	LAPM or MNP error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
		3	LAPM error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
		4	MNP error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
<ans_fb< td=""><td>)k></td><td></td><td colspan="2">Decimal number which specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the answerer or specifies V.80 Synchronous Access Mode.</td></ans_fb<>)k>		Decimal number which specifies the acceptable fallback mode of operation when the modem is operating as the answerer or specifies V.80 Synchronous Access Mode.	
		1	Error control disabled, use Normal Mode.	
		2	LAPM, MNP, or Normal Mode error control optional. (Default.)	
		4	LAPM or MNP error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
		5	LAPM error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
		6	MNP error control required; disconnect if error control is not established.	
		8	Initiate V.80 Synchronous Access Mode when connection is completed, and Data State is entered (see +ESA and +ITF commands).	
Examples				
	+ES=6	Enable V.80 \$	Synchronous Access Mode originator	
	+ES=,,8	Enable V.80 Synchronous Access Mode answerer		
	+ES=6,,8	Enable V.80 Synchronous Access Mode originator and answerer		
	+ES=3	Enable V.42 with Detection Phase originator. Disable V.80 Synchronous Access Mode originator.		
	+ES=,,2	Allow LAPM, MNP, or Normal Mode connection answerer. Disable V.80 Synchronous Access Mode answerer.		
	+ES=3,,2	Enable V.42 with Detection Phase originator, allow LAPM, MNP, or Normal Mode connection answer. Disable Synchronous Access Mode originator and answerer.		
Reporting C	urrent or Sele	ected Values		
Command:	+ES?			
Response:	+ES: <orig_rqst>,<orig_fbk>,<ans_fbk></ans_fbk></orig_fbk></orig_rqst>			
Example:	+ES: 3,0,2	,2 For default settings.		
	+ES: 6,0,8		For V.80 Synchronous Access Mode originator and answerer.	
Reporting S	upported Rar	nge of Paramete	er Values	
Command:	+ES=?			
Response:	+ES: (<orig_rqst> range),(<orig_fbk> range), (<ans_fbk> range)</ans_fbk></orig_fbk></orig_rqst>			
Example:	+ES: (1-4,6),(0,2-4),(1-2, 4	-6,8)	
3.2.5.2 +EB - Break Handling in Error Control Operation

This extended-format compound parameter controls the break handling in V.42 operation. It accepts three numeric subparameters:

Syntax 8 1

+EB=[<break_selection>[,<timed>[,<default_length>]]]

Defined Values	
<break_selection></break_selection>	Decimal number 0 specifying that break is to be ignored, i.e., not signaled to remote DCE.
<timed></timed>	Decimal number 0 specifying that any transmitted V.42 L-SIGNAL will not indicate break signal length
<default_length></default_length>	Decimal number 0 specifying that break is not delivered to the DTE.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +EB?

Response: +EB: <break_selection>,<timed>,<default_length><CR>

Example: +EB: 0,0,0 For default settings.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +EB=?

Response: +EB: (<break_selection> range),(<timed> range), (default_length> range)

Example: +EB: (0),(0),(0)

3.2.5.3 +ESR - Selective Repeat

This extended-format numeric parameter controls the use of the selective repeat (SREJ) option in V.42.

<u>Syntax</u>

+ESR=[<value>] Decimal number 0 specifying that SREJ is not used.

Example:

+ESR: (0) For default settings.

3.2.5.4 +EFCS - 32-bit Frame Check Sequence

This extended-format numeric parameter controls the use of the 16-bit or 32-bit frame check sequence (FCS) option in V.42.

<u>Syntax</u>

+EFCS=[<value>]

Defined Values <value>

Decimal number 0 specifying the use of the 16-bit FCS specified in V.42.

Reporting Current or Selected Values		
Command:	+EFCS?	
Response:	+EFCS: <value></value>	
Example:	+EFCS: 0	For default setting.
Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values		
Command:	+EFCS=?	
Response:	+EFCS: (<value> range)</value>	
Example:		

3.2.5.5 +ER - Error Control Reporting

This extended-format numeric parameter controls whether or not the extended-format "+ER: " intermediate result code is transmitted from the modem to the DTE.

+ER=[<value>]

Syntax

+ER=[<value>]

Defined Values

<value>

A decimal number corresponding to the selected error control option:

- 0 = Error control reporting disabled (no +ER intermediate result code transmitted).
- 1 = Error control reporting enabled (+ER intermediate result code transmitted). (Default.)

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +ER?

Response: +ER: <current value>

Example: +ER: 1

for the default setting

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +ER=?

Response: +ER: (<value> range)

Example: +ER: (0,1)

+ER: <type>

The +ER: <type> reported represents the current (negotiated or renegotiated) modem-modem error control type. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during error control negotiation (handshaking) at which the modem has determined which error control protocol will be used (if any), before the final result code (e.g., CONNECT) is transmitted. The format of this result code is:

The +ER intermediate result code, if enabled, is issued after the Modulation report (+MCR and +MRR) and before the Data Compression Report (+DR).

Syntax

+ER: <type>

Defined Values

<type> An alphanumeric code corresponding to the selected protocol. NONE Error control is not in use. LAPM V.42 LAPM protocol is in use. ALT MNP is in use.

Example

+ER: LAPM

3.2.5.6 +ETBM - Call Termination Buffer Management

This extended-format compound parameter controls the handling of data remaining in modem buffers upon call termination. It accepts three numeric subparameters:

Syntax 8 1

+ETBM=[<pending_TD>[,<pending_RD>[,<timer>]]]

<pending_td></pending_td>	Decimal number 0 specifying that disconnect will occur immediately and all buffered transmit data will be discarded when the local DTE requests call disconnection.
<pending_rd></pending_rd>	Decimal number 0 specifying that disconnect will occur immediately and all buffered receive data will be discarded when the local DTE requests call disconnection.
<timer></timer>	Decimal number 0 specifying that the modem will not attempt to deliver the buffered data before abandoning the attempt and discarding remaining data.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +ETBM?

Response: +ETBM: <pending_TD>,<pending_RD>,<timer>

Example: +ETBM: 0,0,0

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +ETBM=?

Response: +ETBM: (<pending_TD> range),(<pending_RD> range), (<timer> range)

Example: +ETBM: (0),(0),(0)

3.2.6 Data Compression Commands

This section contains parameters to condition modem use of standard ITU-T V.42bis Data Compression Procedures.

3.2.6.1 +DS - Data Compression

This extended-format compound parameter controls the V.42bis data compression function if provided in the modem. It accepts four numeric subparameters:

<u>Syntax</u>

+DS=[<direction>[,<compr_neg>[,<max_dict>[,<max_string>]]]]

Defined Values

<direction></direction>	Specifies the point of view	e desired direction(s) of operation of the data compression function; from the DTE <i>i</i> .	
	0 =	Negotiated; no compression (V.42bis P0=0).	
	3 =	both directions, accept any direction (V.42bis P0=11). (Default.)	
<compr_neg></compr_neg>	Specifies wh obtained.	nether or not the modem should continue to operate if the desired result is not	
	0 =	Do not disconnect if V.42bis is not negotiated by the remote modem as specified in <direction>.</direction>	
<max_dict></max_dict>	(may be use	Specifies the maximum number of dictionary entries (2048 entries) which should be negotiated (may be used by the DTE to limit the codeword size transmitted, based on its knowledge of the nature of the data to be transmitted).	
<max_string></max_string>	Specifies the	e maximum string length (32 bytes) to be negotiated (V.42bis P2).	

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +DS?

Response: +DS: <direction>,<compr_neg>,<max_dict>,<max_string>

Example: +DS: 3,0,2048,32 for the defaults and 2048 entry max dictionary.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +DS=?

Response: +DS: (<direction> range),(< compr_neg > range),(<max_dict> range),(<max_string> range)

Example: +DS: (0,3),(0),(2048),(32)

3.2.6.2 +DR - Data Compression Reporting

This extended-format numeric parameter controls whether or not the extended-format "+DR: " intermediate result code is transmitted from the modem to the DTE.

<u>Syntax</u>

+DR=[<value>]

Defined Values <value>

decimal number corresponding to the selected option:

- 0 = Data compression reporting disabled (no +DR result code transmitted).
- 1 = Data compression reporting enabled (+DR result code transmitted). (Default.)

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +DR?

Response: +DR: <current value>

Example: +DR: 1

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +DR=?

Response: +DR: (<value> range)

Example: +DR: (0,1)

+DR: <type> Intermediate Result Code

The +DR: <type> reported represents the current (negotiated or renegotiated) modem-modem data compression type. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point after error control negotiation (handshaking) at which the modem has determined which data compression technique will be used (if any) and the direction of operation. The +DR intermediate result code, if enabled, is issued after the Error Control Report (+ER) and before the final result code (e.g., CONNECT).

The format of this result code is:

Result Code Syntax

+DR: <type>

Defined Values

<type>

An alphanumeric code corresponding to the selected option:

NONE	Data compression is not in use.
V42B	V.42bis is in use in both directions.
ALT	MNP 5 compression.

<u>Example</u>

+DR: V42B

3.2.6.3 %E - Enable/Disable Line Quality Monitor, Auto-Retrain, and Auto-Rate Renegotiation

This command controls whether or not the modem will automatically monitor the line quality and request a retrain (%E1) or a rate renegotiation when line quality merits a change. If enabled, the modem attempts to retrain for a maximum of 30 seconds.

Syntax

%E[<value>]

Defined Values <value>

A decimal number corresponding to the selected option:

- 0 = Disable line quality monitor, auto-retrain, and auto-rate renegotiation.
- 1 = Enable line quality monitor, auto-retrain, and auto-rate renegotiation. (Default.)

Result Code

OK	<value> = 0 and 1</value>
ERROR	Otherwise.

3.2.6.4 %L - Line Signal Level

This command returns a value which indicates the received signal level. The value returned is a direct indication (DAA dependent) of the receive level at the modern data pump (MDP), **not** at the telephone line connector. For example, 009 = -9 dBm, 043 = -43 dBm, and so on.

<u>Syntax</u>

%L

Example:

%L

015

Result Code

OK

3.2.6.5 %Q - Line Signal Quality

This command returns a value which indicates the line signal quality (DAA dependent). Returns the higher order byte of the EQM value. Based on the EQM value, retrain or rate renegotiation may be initiated if enabled by %E1.

Example:

%Q

015

Result Code

OK If connected.

ERROR

If not connected, or connected in 300 bps, V.23, or fax modes.

3.2.7 V.8/V.8bis Commands

3.2.7.1 +A8E - V.8 and V.8bis Operation Controls

This command is defined for two conditions: as a parameter while the modem is on-hook, and as an action command while the modem is off-hook. If enabled, V.8 negotiation does not preclude simultaneous implementation of other negotiation means (e.g., V.8bis, V.18, V.32bis Annex A).

This command is a compound parameter if issued while the modem is on-hook, used to precondition V.8 and V.8bis originating and answering operation. It is issued by the DTE before the Dial (D) or Answer (A) command, regardless of the state of the +FCLASS parameter.

This command is an action command if issued while the modem is off-hook, to (re)start V.8 or V.8bis negotiation. For example, if initial V.8 negotiation failed, but subsequent T.30 negotiation indicated V.8 capability, this command may be used to initiate V.8 negotiation.

Syntax 8 1

+A8E=<v8o>,<v8a>,<v8cf>[,<v8b>][,<cfrange>][,<protrange>]

Defined Values		
<v8o> Decimal number which enables/disables issuance of +A8x indications during modem-control V.8 origination negotiation</v8o>		
	1 =	Enable DCE-controlled V.8 origination negotiation without +A8x indications. (Default.)
	6 =	Enable DCE-controlled V.8 origination negotiation with +A8x indications.
<v8a>= Decimal number which enable V.8 answer negotiation.</v8a>		nber which enables/disables issuance of +A8 <i>x</i> indications during modem-controlled negotiation.
	1 =	Enable DCE-controlled V.8 answer negotiation without +A8x indications. (Default.)
	5 =	Enable DCE-controlled V.8 answer negotiation with +A8x indications.
<v8c>=</v8c>	Set the V.8	CI signal call function to the hexadecimal octet value X.
<v8b>= Decimal number which enables/disables V.8bis negotiation.</v8b>		nber which enables/disables V.8bis negotiation.
	0 =	Disable V.8bis negotiation. (Default.)
	1 =	Enable DCE-controlled V.8bis negotiation.
	2 =	Enable DTE-controlled V.8bis negotiation.
<cfrange>=</cfrange>	" <string of="" td="" va<=""><td>alues>". Applicable only for <v8a>=5 (not supported).</v8a></td></string>	alues>". Applicable only for <v8a>=5 (not supported).</v8a>
< protrange >=	" <string of="" td="" va<=""><td>alues>". Applicable only for <v8a>=5 (not supported).</v8a></td></string>	alues>". Applicable only for <v8a>=5 (not supported).</v8a>
Default values: 11	1 "" ""	

Default values: 1,1,,1,"",""

The ATD and ATA commands behave as specified in §6.3.1/V.25ter and §6.3.5/V.25ter, respectively, and +A8n indications are not generated by the modem.

For subparameter values <v8o>=6 and <v8a>=5, the +A8I, +A8C, +A8A, +A8J, and +A8M indications are issued during the course of the V.8 session to notify the DTE when the relevant V.8 signals are received. The modem controls the V.8 session, however, and the +A8M command is not used.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command:	+A8E?	
Response:	+A8E: <v8o>,<v8a>,<v8cf>[,<v8b></v8b></v8cf></v8a></v8o>][, <cfrange>][,<protrange>]</protrange></cfrange>
Example:	+A8E: 1,1,,1,"",""	For the defaults
Reporting Su	pported Range of Parameter Value	<u>S</u>
Command:	+A8E=?	
Response:	+A8E: (<v8o> range),(<v8a> range range),(<protrange> option bit range</protrange></v8a></v8o>	e), (maximum size of v8cf in octets), (<v8b> range),(<cfrange> option bit le)</cfrange></v8b>

Example: +A8E: (1,6),(1,5),(1),(0),(1,6),(1)

3.2.7.2 +A8M - Send V.8 Menu Signals

This command, applicable only in DTE-controlled V.8, directs the modem to send a V.8 CM or JM signal using the specified hexadecimal coded string. If the modem can decode the menu octet string, and if it cannot implement a specified feature, the modem reports an ERROR final result code, but stays in V.8 operation awaiting another command.

Syntax 3 1

+A8M=<hexadecimal coded CM or JM octet string>

3.2.7.3 +A8T - Send V.8bis Signal and/or Message(s)

This command directs the modem to transmit a V.8bis signal and/or message. The first subparameter selects the V.8bis signal (see Tables 1-3/V.8bis). Values of 0 correspond to no signal sent. The hex coded messages, if provided, are used to generate V.8bis messages.

<u>Syntax</u>

+A8T=<signal>[,<1st message>][,<2nd message>][,< sig_en >][,<msg_en>][,<supp_delay>]

Defined Values

<signal>

Decimal number which specifies the V.8bis signal (see Table 3-1).

<signal> Value</signal>	Description
0	None
1	Initiating MRe
2	Initiating MRd
3	Initiating CRe, low power
4	Initiating CRe, high power
5	Initiating CRd
6	Initiating ESi
7	Responding MRd, low power
8	Responding MRd, high power
9	Responding CRd
10	Responding ESr

Table 3-1. V.8bis Signal Subparameter Values

<1st message>	The transmitted V.8bis message frame(s) is specified as hexadecimal octet coded string (A.4.1). Additional messages are delimited by comma characters. Flag generation, flag transparency 0-bit insertion and FCS generation are performed by the modem. If no data is provided by the DTE, no V.21 carrier is generated beyond that used in segment 2. For two concatenated messages, the modem inserts the required preamble between the first and second messages.		
<2nd message>	See <1st message> description.		
<sig_en></sig_en>	Decimal number which specifies enables the modem to search for specified V.8bis signals:		
	0 =	Enable detection of initiating signals;	
	1 =	Enable detection of responding signals;	
	2 =	Enable detection of both signals.	
<msg_en>,</msg_en>	Decimal number which disables or enables the modem to search for V.8 <i>bis</i> messages. Note detection of an ES signal automatically conditions the modem to look for an immediately subsequent V.8 <i>bis</i> message regardless of the setting of <msg_en>; see §A.9.2</msg_en>		
	0 =	Disables detection of the messages	
	1 =	Directs the modem to search for V.8bis messages.	
<supp_delay>,</supp_delay>	Decimal number which disables or enables the modem to insert a 1.5 second delay between the transmitted V.8 <i>bis</i> signal and the subsequent V.8 <i>bis</i> message, if any.		
	0 =	Disables insertion of a 1.5 second delay.	

Enables insertion of a 1.5 second delay.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +A8T?

Response: +A8T: <signal>[,<1st message>][,<2nd message>][,< sig_en >][,<msg_en>][,<supp_delay>]

Example: 1,XXXX,YYYY,1,1,1,

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

1 =

Command: +A8T=?

Response: +A8T: (<signal> range),(max length of message 1),(max length of message 2),(<sig_en> range)

Example: +A8T: (0-10) (????),(????),(0-1),(0-1)

3.2.7.4 +A8I: - CI Signal Indication

This indication is issued by an answering modem, if $+A8E, <v8a > \neq 0$, to indicate detection of a V.8 CI signal, and report the recovered Call Function octet(s).

Indication Syntax

+A8I:<v8cf><CR>

Defined Values

<v8cf></v8cf>	A hexadecimal code octet representation of those Call Function octet(s). +A8I:0 indicates that the modem timed out waiting for CI.
<u>Example</u>	
+A8I:0	The modem timed out waiting for CI.
+A8I:X	YYY

3.2.7.5 +A8C: - Calling Tone Indication

This indication is issued by an answering modem, if $+A8E, <v8a > \neq 0$, to indicate detection of 1100 Hz or 1300 Hz calling tones, or sigC signals, as defined in T.30, V.8 and in V.25.

Indication Syntax

+A8C: <type><CR>

Defined Values

<type></type>	Decimal numb	per which indicates the corresponding detected calling tone.
	0	The modem concluded answer tone transmission without reporting detection of

any calling tone.
CNG tone (1100 Hz) detected.
1300 Hz V.25 data modem calling tone detected.
sigC signal: V.32/V.32*bis* AA tone detected.

Example

+A8C: 1 For CNG tone detected.

3.2.7.6 +A8A: - Answer Signal Indication

This indication is issued by a calling modem, if +A8E $<v80> \neq 0$, to indicate detection of an answering signal.

Indication Syntax

+A8A:<type><CR>

Defined Values				
<type><cr></cr></type>	Decimal number which indicates the corresponding detected answer signal.			
	0	The modem timed out waiting for an answering signal.		
	1	V.8 ANSam signal (2100 Hz with amplitude modulation) detected.		
	2	V.25 answer tone (2100 Hz) detected.		
	3	V.25 answer tone with phase reversals detected. (Note)		
	4	sigA signal: V.21 Ch2 with flags (e.g., T.30 control preamble) detected.		
	5	sigA signal: V.22bis USB1 signal detected.		
	6	sigA signal: V.32bis AC signal detected.		
	7	sigA signal: V.34 ToneA signal detected.		
Example				

Example

+A8A:1

For V.8 ANSam signal (2100 Hz with amplitude modulation) detected.

3.2.7.7 +A8J: - V.8 Negotiation Complete

This indication is issued by either modem when the negotiation is complete and CJ is sent or detected. An answering modem will issue this on detection of CJ from the remote terminal. A calling modem will send a CJ signal to the remote terminal at the same time as a +A8J indication. +A8J:1 indicates CJ; +A8J:0 indicates that the modem timed out waiting for a CJ signal.

Indication Syntax

+A8J:<value><CR>

Defined Values

<value></value>	Decimal nun	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.		
0		The modem timed out waiting for a CJ signal.		
	1	CJ signal sent or detected.		
1.				

Example

+A8J:1 For CJ sent to a remote terminal.

3.2.7.8 +A8M: - V.8 Menu Report

This indication is issued by either modem, during V.8 negotiation, to indicate the contents of a valid received CM or JM signal. A +A8M:0 indicates that the modem timed out waiting for a CM or JM signal.

Report Syntax

+A8M:< hex_string>

Defined Values

< hex_string> CM or JM hexadecimal coded string. A +A8M:0 indicates that the modem timed out waiting for a CM or JM signal.

Example

A8M:XXX YYY

3.2.7.9 +A8R: - V.8bis Signal and Message Reporting

If enabled by +A8E=,,,[<v8b>=2] command, the modem monitors for V.8*bis* signals and messages, and uses the +A8R: intermediate result code response to report that signal. Two concatenated V.8*bis* messages are reported with two consecutive <message> indications.

Report Syntax

+A8R:<signal>[,[<1st message>]][,<2nd message>]<CR>

Defined Values	
<signal></signal>	The V.8 <i>bis</i> signal, if detected, is indicated using a <signal> value (see Table 3-1). Values of 4 and 8 are not reported, i.e., the modem is not expected to discern the power level of received CRe and MRd signals. If a V.8<i>bis</i> message is detected without a preceding V.8<i>bis</i> signal, the preamble is reported as a 0 <signal> value.</signal></signal>
<1st message>	The contents of valid V.8 <i>bis</i> message(s), if detected, are reported using hexadecimal octet coded string(s) (A.4.1). Flag detection and consumption, flag transparency 0-bit deletion and FCS checking are performed by the modem. The modem does not report invalid messages (e.g., bad FCS). If two consecutive messages are detected but the first is invalid, the modem indicates this with no characters between the first and second comma (e.g., +A8R: <signal>,,<2nd message>).</signal>
<2nd message	See <1st message>.
<u>Example</u>	
+A8R:0,XX,YY	For a V.8bis message detected without a preceding V.8bis signal.
+A8R:0,XX,YY	For a V.8 <i>bis</i> message detected with a preceding V.8 <i>bis</i> signal.

		Originator	Answerer		
Scenario	DTE Command	Modem Response or Indication	DTE Command Modern Answerer Response or Indication		
1	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr><cl>cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cl></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr><cr>dterm</cr></cr>	
'	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<cr><li< td=""></li<></cr>	
		<pre><r><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr< li=""><cr<< li=""><cr< l=""></cr<></cr<<></cr<></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></r></pre>		<cr>cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
2	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>dr</cr></cr></cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr>cr><cr><cr>cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	
Z			AT4/30=1<0> AT+A8E=6,5 <cr></cr>	$AT_{AT} = 0$	
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	A1+A0L=0,3 <u></u>	<pre></pre>	
		<pre><r><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr<< l=""></cr<<></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></r></pre>		<cr><lf>+A8I: 0<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
				<cr><r><cr>+A8M: C145<cr></cr></cr></r></cr>	
				<pre></pre>	
				<pre><r></r></pre>	
3	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr>cr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr><licr< li=""><licr><licr><licr< li=""><licr< li=""><licr< li="">cr<licr< li="">cr<licr< li="">crcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcr</licr<></licr<></licr<></licr<></licr<></licr></licr></licr<></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></licr></cr>	
3	AT&F30=1 <ci> AT+A8E=6,5<ci></ci></ci>	AT AT + A8E=6,5 <cr><cr>AT + A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT + A8E=6,5<cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	A1&F30=1 <u></u>	AT & F 30= T < CT > < C	
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<cr><lf>RING<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
	ATDTTUZ <u></u>	<cr>< f>+A8A: 1 <cr>< f></cr>			
		<pre><r></r></pre>			
		<pre></pre>			
		<pre><r><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr<< li=""><cr<< l=""></cr<<></cr<<></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></r></pre>		<cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
4	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
7	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr><cr>AT+A8E=6,5<cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	AT41 30=1 <cr> AT+A8E=6,5<cr></cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<pre><rr></rr></pre>	
		<cr> <lf>+A8A: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf>		<cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	
		<pre><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r><r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></pre>		<cr><lf>+A8M: C145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<pre><cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>		<pre><cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>	
		<pre><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr<< l=""></cr<<><td></td><td><cr>cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></td></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>		<cr>cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
5	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
5	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr>cr>or</cr>	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<cr><lf>RING<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8A: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8I: 21<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8M: C1000000<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8M: 2145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8J: 0<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>NO CARRIER<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>NO CARRIER<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
6	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf< td=""><td>AT+A8E=6,5,21<cr></cr></td><td>AT+A8E=6,5,21<cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></td></lf<></cr></lf></cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	
		>			
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<cr><lf>RING<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8A: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8I: 21<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8M: 2145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8M: 2145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<pre><cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>		<cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
7	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,21 <cr><lf>OK<cr><lf< td=""><td>AT+A8E=6,5,,,,"1"<cr< td=""><td>AT+A8E=6,5,,,,"1"<cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></td></cr<></td></lf<></cr></lf></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5,,,,"1" <cr< td=""><td>AT+A8E=6,5,,,,"1"<cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></td></cr<>	AT+A8E=6,5,,,,"1" <cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	
	4757400	>	>		
	ATDT102 <cr></cr>	ATDT102 <cr></cr>		<cr><lf>RING<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><lf>+A8A: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8I: 21<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<pre><cr><lf>+A8M: 2145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>		<cr><lf>+A8M: 2145<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr><cr<< li=""><cr<< li=""><cr< ti=""><cr< li=""><cr< li=""><li< td=""><td></td><td><cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf><pre>cr</pre>/f</lf></cr></lf></cr></td></li<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr<<></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>		<cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf><pre>cr</pre>/f</lf></cr></lf></cr>	
		<pre><cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>		<pre><cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>	

Table 3-2. V.8/V.8bis Example Commands/Responses for Originator and Answerer

		Originator	Answerer		
Scenario	DTE Command	Modem Response or Indication	DTE Command	Modem Answerer Response or Indication	
8	Originating Modem tha LAPM	t Sends a Protocol Octet that indicates	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
			AT+A8E=6,5 <cr></cr>	AT+A8E=6,5 <cr><lf>OK<cr><lf><cr><lf>RING<cr><lf><cr><lf>A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C145000026<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: 1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>	
9	Originating Modem tha	t Sends a Protocol Octet that indicates	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	AT&FS0=1 <cr></cr>	
			AT+A8E=6,5,,,,,"1" <cr< td=""><td>AT+A8E=6,5,,,,,"1"<cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf>< <cr><lf>RING<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8M: C145000026<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></td></cr<>	AT+A8E=6,5,,,,,"1" <cr><cr><lf>OK<cr><lf>< <cr><lf>RING<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8I: C1<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8M: C145000026<cr><lf><cr><lf>+A8J: 1<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	
				<cr><lf>CONNECT 57600<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	

3.2.8 Synchronous Access Mode Commands

3.2.8.1 +ESA - Configure Synchronous Access Mode

This extended-format compound parameter controls the manner of operation of the Synchronous Access Mode in the modem.

Enabling Synchronous Access Mode enables the use of the 8-bit command characters defined in Table 9/V.80 of the Draft ITU-T Recommendation V.80 (DATA COMMUNICATION OVER THE TELEPHONE NETWORK; In-Band modem Control and Synchronous Data Modes for Asynchronous DTE).

Syntax 3 1

```
+ESA=[<trans_idle>[,<framed_idle>[,<framed_un_ov>[,<hd_auto>[,<crc_type>[,<nrzi_en>[,<syn1>[,<syn2>]]]]]]]]
```

Defined Values

<trans_idle></trans_idle>	Decimal number which specifies the bit sequence transmitted by the modem when a transmit data buffer underrun condition occurs, while operating in Transparent sub-Mode. The options are:		
	0	In Transparent sub-Mode, modem transmits 8-bit SYN sequence on idle. Modem receiver does not hunt for synchronization sequence (default and fixed).	
<framed_idle></framed_idle>	Decimal number which specifies the bit sequence transmitted by the modem when a transmit dat buffer underrun condition occurs immediately after a flag, while operating in Framed sub-Mode. The options are:		
	0	In Framed sub-Mode, modem transmits HDLC flags on idle (default and fixed).	
<framed_un_ov></framed_un_ov>	Decimal number which specifies the actions undertaken by the modem when a transmit data buffer underrun or overrun condition occurs immediately after a non-flag octet, while operating Framed sub-Mode.		
	0	In Framed sub-Mode, modem transmits abort on underrun in middle of frame. (Default.)	
	1	In Framed sub-Mode, modem transmits a flag on underrun in middle of frame, and notifies DTE of underrun or overrun.	
<hd_auto></hd_auto>	Decimal number which specifies whether or not, in V.34 half-duplex operation, additional procedures besides those specified in § 12/V.34 will be performed by the modem when switching from primary channel to secondary channel operation, and vice versa. This subparameter should not be commanded.		
<crc_type></crc_type>	Decimal number which specifies the CRC polynomial used while operating in Framed sub-Mode The options are:		
	0	CRC generation and checking disabled. (Default.)	
	1	In Framed sub-Mode, use the 16-bit CRC specified in V.42.	
	2	In Framed sub-Mode, use the 32-bit CRC specified in V.42.	
<nrzi_en></nrzi_en>	Decimal number which specifies if Non Return to Zero Inverted (NRZI) encoding is to be used b the modem for transmit and receive data. The options are:		
	0	NZRI encoding and decoding disabled (default and fixed).	
<syn1>, <syn2></syn2></syn1>	Decimal number which specifies the octet value(s) to be used while performing character-oriented framing. <syn1> is to be commanded to 255 (FFh); <syn2> is not to be commanded.</syn2></syn1>		
Reporting Current or Sele	ected Values		
Command: +ESA?			

Response: +ESA: <trans_idle>,<framed_idle>,<framed_un_ov>,<hd_auto>,<crc_type>,<nrzi_en>,<syn1>,<syn2>

Example: +ESA: 0,0,0,0,0,255, For the defaults.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +ESA=?

Response: +ESA: (<trans_idle> range), (<framed_idle> range),(<framed_un_ov> range), (<hd_auto> range), (<crc_type> range), (<nrzi_en> range),(<syn1> range), (<syn2> range)

Example: +ESA: (0),(0),(0-1), ,(0-2),(0),(255)

3.2.8.2 +ITF - Transmit Flow Control Thresholds

In V.80 Synchronous Access Mode, this optional compound parameter allows the DTE to determine the effective input buffer size in the modem for data on transmit data from the DTE, to control the thresholds used for flow control of such data, and to control how often the modem reports to the DTE the number of octets in this buffer. Note that the DTE can adjust its own thresholds for flow control of data on received data from the modem.

Syntax

+ITF=[<off>[,<on>[,<report_period>]]]

Defined Values

<off></off>		Determines the threshold, in octets, above which the modem will generate a flow off signal. Applicable in Synchronous Access Mode.			
		The <off> range is 20 -7000. Default <off> value is 128.</off></off>			
		For the <on> and <off> subparameters, the input buffer is assumed to reside between the modem's V.24 interface and the Synchronous Access protocol layer; i.e., the buffer count includes all octets, including EM codes, received from the DTE, with the exception of XON and XOFF if these are used to signal <modem-by-dte> flow control.</modem-by-dte></off></on>			
		The modem returns the ERROR result code if the DTE specifies that the <off> subparameter be set to a value less than or equal to the <on> subparameter; in this case, the current parameter value settings are set to default values.</on></off>			
<0N>		Determines the threshold, in octets, below which the modem will generate a flow on signal. Applicable in Synchronous Access Mode.			
		The <on> range is 10 -5000. Default <on> value is 64.</on></on>			
<report_< td=""><td>period></td><td>Not supported. A fixed value of zero is used and reported.</td></report_<>	period>	Not supported. A fixed value of zero is used and reported.			
Reporting Cu	irrent or Sele	acted Values			
Command:	+ITF?				
Response:	+ITF: <off>,</off>	<on>,<report_period></report_period></on>			
Example:	+ITF: 128,6	4,0 For default values			

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +ITF=?

Response: +ITF: (<off> range),(<on> range),(<report_period> range)

Example: +ITF: (20-7000),(10-5000),(0)

3.2.9 World Class Commands

3.2.9.1 *B - Display Blacklisted Numbers

This command requests the modem to return a list of blacklisted numbers to the DTE. The format of the response is shown by the example below. Permanently forbidden numbers as defined by country requirements will not appear on this list. If no numbers are blacklisted, only the OK result code is issued.

Example:

NO. - PHONE NUMBER -1; 4175537660 2; 8288924961 3; 3887278862 4; 3124839442 5; 6284664

OK

3.2.9.2 *D - Display Delayed Numbers

This command causes the modem to send a list of the delayed numbers together with the delay associated with each. The modem will return a list of delayed telephone numbers as defined in the *B command. The format of the response is shown by the example below (delay times are shown as hours:minutes:seconds). If no numbers are delayed, only the OK result code is issued.

Example:

NO. - PHONE NUMBER -DELAY -----1; 8264734660 2:00:00 2; 7532634661 2:00:00 3; 2587334662 0:02:00 4; 7532651663 0:03:25 5; 7459931664 0:01:45

OK

3.2.9.3 +GCI - Country of Installation

This extended syntax command indicates and selects the country of installation for the modem. This parameter selects the settings for any operational parameters that need to be adjusted for national regulations or telephone networks.

Syntax

+GCI=<country_code>

Defined Values

<country_code>

8-bit country code from Annex A of T.35. The value is the hexadecimal equivalent of the T.35 code, with bit 8 treated as the most significant bit and bit 1 treated as the least significant bit.

Default

If the modem is specified for use in only one country, that country code is the default. Otherwise, the default is the expected country of sale or first installation. The modem may use hardware means to select the country of installation, in which case the modem uses that to determine the default value.

Reporting Current or Selected Values				
Command:	+GCI?			
Response:	+GCI: <current country_code=""></current>			
Example:	+GCI: 3D	indicates that the modem is set for France.		
Reporting S	upported Range of Parameter Value	es		
Command:	+GCI=?			
Response:	+GCI: (<country_code>[,<country_code]]]< td=""></country_code]]]<></country_code>			
•				

3.3 S-PARAMETERS

The supported S-Parameters are summarized in Table 3-3.

Register	Function	Range	Units	Saved	
S0	Number of Rings to Automatic	0-255	rings	*	
	Answer				
S1	Ring Counter	0-255	rings		
S2	Escape Character	0-255	ASCII	*	
S3	Line Termination Character	0-127	ASCII		
S4	Command Line Editing Character	0-127	ASCII		
S5	Command Line Editing Character	0-255	ASCII		
S6	Wait Time for Dial Tone	2-255	S	*	
S7	Wait Time for Carrier	1-255	S	*	
S8	Pause Time for Dial Delay Modifier	0-255	S	*	
S10	Carrier Loss Disconnect Time	1-255	0.1 s	*	
S11	DTMF Tone Duration	50-255	0.001 s	*	
S12	Escape Prompt Delay	0-255	0.02 s	*	
S29	Flash Dial Modifier Time	0-255	10 ms		
* Parameter value may be stored in the Product Configuration File with the &W command.					
** Default values may be modified using the Product Configuration File.					

Table	3-3	S-Parameter	Summary
Iable	5-5.	3-r ai ailietei	Summary

3.3.1.1 AT=x - Write to Selected S-Parameter

This command writes the value x to the currently selected S-Parameter. An S-Parameter can be selected by using the ATSn command. All of the S-Parameters will return the OK response if x is a number. Some registers may not be written due to country specific PTT limitations.

<u>Syntax</u>

S=x

Result Codes

OK For all arguments.

3.3.1.2 AT? - Read Selected S-Parameter

This command reads and displays the selected S-Parameter. An S-Parameter can be selected by using the ATSn command.

<u>Syntax</u>

S=?

Result Codes

OK

For all arguments.

3.3.1.3 Sn - Read/Write S-Parameter

The modem selects an S-Parameter, performs an S-Parameter read or write function, or reports the value of an S-Parameter.

n	Establishes S-Parameter n as the last register accessed.
n=v	Sets S-Parameter n to the value v.
n?	Reports the value of S-Parameter n.

The parameter n can be omitted, in which case the last S-Parameter accessed will be assumed. The S can be omitted for AT= and AT?, in which case the last S-Parameter accessed will be assumed.

For example:

ATS7 establishes S7 as the last accessed register.

AT=40 sets the contents of the last register accessed to 40.

ATS=20 sets the contents of the last register accessed to 20.

If the number "n" is beyond the range of the S-Parameters available, the modem will return the ERROR message. The value "v" is "MOD"ed with 256. If the result is outside the range permitted for a given S-Parameter the values will still be stored, but functionally the lower and higher limits will be observed. Input and output are always in decimal format. Note that some S-Parameters are read-only.

In some cases, writing to the S-Parameter will appear to be accepted but the value will not actually be written.

3.3.2 Factory Defaults

The factory default values are stored in Product Configuration File and are loaded into the active configuration at power up or by the Z command. In addition, the default profile is subsequently loaded, and may change some of the factory default values.

The default values in Product Configuration File may be loaded at any time by entering the &F command.

3.3.3 S-Parameter Definitions

3.3.3.1 S0 - Number of Rings to Automatic Answer

S0 sets the number of the rings required before the modem automatically answers a call. Setting this register to zero disables auto-answer mode.

Range: 0-255 rings

Default: 0

3.3.3.2 S1 - Ring Counter

S1 is incremented each time the modem detects a ring signal on the telephone line. S1 is cleared if no rings occur over an eight second interval.

Range: 0-255 rings

Default: 0

3.3.3.3 S2 - Escape Character

S2 holds the decimal value of the ASCII character used as the escape character. The default value corresponds to an ASCII '+'. A value over 127 disables the escape process, i.e., no escape character will be recognized.

Range: 0-255, ASCII decimal

Default: 43 (+)

3.3.3.4 S3 - Line Termination Character

S3 sets the decimal value of the command line and result code terminator character. Pertains to asynchronous operation only.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 13 (Carriage Return)

3.3.3.5 S4 - Response Formatting Character

S4sets the decimal value of the character generated by the modem as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S3 parameter (see the description of the V parameter for usage). If the value of S4 is changed in a command line, the result code issued in response to that command line will use the new value of S4.

The Response Formatting character is output after the Line Termination character if verbose result codes are used.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 10 (Line Feed)

3.3.3.6 S5 - Command Line Editing Character

S5s sets the decimal value of the character recognized by the modem as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character. The modem will not recognize the Command Line Editing character if it is set to a value that is greater than 32 ASCII. This character can be used to edit a command line. When the echo command is enabled, the modem echoes back to the local DTE the Command Line Editing character, an ASCII space character and a second Command Line Editing character; this means a total of three characters are transmitted each time the modem processes the Command Line Editing character.

Range: 0-32, ASCII decimal

Default: 8 (Backspace)

3.3.3.7 S6 - Wait Time for Dial Tone Before Blind Dialing, or After "W" Dial Modifier (W-Class Models)

S6 sets one of two possible parameters:

- 1. Sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem will wait before starting to dial after going off-hook when blind dialing. This operation, however, may be affected by some ATX options according to country restrictions. The "Wait for Dial Tone" call progress feature (W dial modifier in the dial string) will override the value in register S6.
- 2. For W-class models, S6 sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem will wait for dial tone when encountering a "W" dial modifier before returning NO DIAL TONE result code.

The modem always pauses for a minimum of 2 seconds, even if the value of S6 is less than 2 seconds.

Range: 2-255 seconds

Default: 2

3.3.3.8 S7 - Wait Time For Carrier After Dial, For Silence, or For Dial Tone After "W" Dial Modifier (US Models)

S7 sets one of three possible parameters:

- 1. Sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem will wait for carrier before hanging up. The timer is started when the modem finishes dialing (originate), or 2 seconds after going off-hook (answer). In originate mode, the timer is reset upon detection of answer tone if allowed by country restrictions.
- 2. Sets the length of time, in seconds, that modem will wait for silence when encountering the @ dial modifier before continuing with the next dial string parameter.
- 3. For US models, S7 sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem will wait for dial tone when encountering a "W" dial modifier before continuing with the next dial string parameter.

Range: 1-255 seconds

Default: 50

3.3.3.9 S8 - Pause Time For Dial Delay

S8 sets the time, in seconds, that the modem must pause when the "," dial modifier is encountered in the dial string.

Range: 0-255 seconds

Default: 2

3.3.3.10 S10 - Lost Carrier To Hang Up Delay

S10 sets the length of time, in tenths of a second, that the modem waits before hanging up after a loss of carrier. This allows for a temporary carrier loss without causing the local modem to disconnect. When register S10 is set to 255, the modem functions as if a carrier is always present.

The actual interval the modem waits before disconnecting is the value in register S10 minus the value in register S9. Therefore, the S10 value must be greater than the S9 value or else the modem disconnects before it recognizes the carrier.

Range: 1-255 tenths of a second

Default: 14 (1.4 seconds)

3.3.3.11 S11 - DTMF Tone Duration

S11 sets the duration of tones in DTMF dialing (US models only). This value has no effect on pulse dialing.

For W-class models, this parameter is a country parameter loaded by the Product Configuration File.

Range: 50-255 milliseconds

Default: 95 (95 milliseconds)

3.3.3.12 S12 - Escape Prompt Delay (EPD)

S12 defines the maximum period, in fiftieths of a second, allowed between receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence from the DTE and sending of the OK result code to the DTE. If any characters are detected during this time, the OK will not be sent. Note that sending of the OK result code does not affect entry into command mode. (See 3.1.3.)

Range: 0-255 1/50 of a second

Default: 50 (1 second)

3.3.3.13 S29 - Flash Dial Modifier Time

S29 sets the length of time, in units of 10 ms, that the modem will go on-hook when it encounters the flash (!) dial modifier in the dial string. The time can be limited as it is a country dependent parameter.

Range: 0-255 10 ms intervals

Default: 70 (700 ms)

3.4 CELLULAR COMMANDS

To be added.

3.5 RESULT CODES

3.5.1 General

The modem responds to commands from the DTE and to activity on the line by signaling to the DTE in the form of result codes. The result codes that the modem can send are described below.

Two forms of each result code are available: long-form, an English-like "verbose" response, and short-form, a data-like numeric response (included in parentheses following the long-form). The long-form code is preceded and terminated by the sequence < CR > < LF >. The short-form is terminated by < CR >, only with no preceding sequence.

If result messages are suppressed, nothing is returned to the DTE. The long-form results codes can be modified by the OEM through the Product Configuration File.

Table 3-4 lists each result code short form (ATV0), result code long form (ATV1), and the corresponding n value in the ATVx command.

Short Form	Long Form		n Value i	n ATXn C	ommand		Notes
(ATV0)	(ATV1)	0	1	2	3	4	
0	ОК	х	х	х	х	х	
1	CONNECT	x	x	х	х	х	
1	CONNECT XXXX	1	х	х	х	х	
2	RING	х	х	х	х	х	
3 NO CARRIER		х	х	х	х	х	
4	ERROR	х	х	х	х	х	
6	NO DIALTONE	3	3	х	х	х	
7	BUSY	3	3	3	х	х	
8	NO ANSWER	х	х	х	х	х	
24 DELAYED		4	4	4	4	х	
32	BLACKLISTED	4	4	4	4	х	
33	FAX	х	х	х	х	х	
35	DATA	х	x	х	х	х	
+F4	+FCERROR	х	х	х	х	х	

Table 3-4. Result Codes

Notes:

1. An 'x' in a column indicates that the message (either the long form if verbose, or the value only for short form) will be generated when that particular value of 'n' (shown at the top of the column) has been selected by the use of ATXn. If the column is blank, then no message will be generated for that x option. A numeral indicates which less explicit message (verbose or short form) will be output for that X option. (Also, see Section 3.3).

3.5.2 Description of Result Codes

<u>OK (0)</u>

The OK code is returned by the modem to acknowledge execution of a command line.

CONNECT (1)

The modem will send this result code when a connection has been established and the modem is switching from command state to online data state:

CONNECT XXXX (1)

For X1, X2, X3, and X4, the modem sends this result code when the DTE speed is XXXX bps and the modem has been instructed to report the DTE speed to the DTE upon connecting. (Also, see the W command.)

RING (2)

The modem sends this result code when incoming ringing is detected on the line. What qualifies as a ring signal is determined by country-dependent parameters, modifiable through the Product Configuration File.

When cellular interface is selected, RING indicates that the cellular phone is receiving an incoming call.

NO CARRIER (3)

The modem sends this result code when an attempt o establish a connection fails or an established connection has been terminated

Under X0, if busy tone detection is enforced, this result code is used as a response to the detection of busy or circuit busy. Under X0, if dial tone detection is enforced or selected, this result code indicates that dial tone has not been detected.

ERROR (4)

The modem returns this result code if the command is not recognized (e.g., the command line has a syntax error or the command is not supported), the command line maximum length is exceeded, a parameter value is invalid, or other problem with processing the command line is detected.

Under X0, X1, X2, and X3, this result is used instead of DELAYED and BLACKLISTED.

NO DIALTONE (6)

For X2 and X4, the modem sends this result code if it has been instructed to wait for dial tone during dialing but none is received.

When cellular phone interface is selected, NO DIALTONE indicates that cellular service is not currently available.

BUSY (7)

For X3 and X4, if busy tone detection is enforced, the modem sends this result code when attempting to originate a call if the busy (engaged) signal is detected on the line.

NO ANSWER (8)

The modem sends this result code when:

- 1. Attempting to originate a call if a continuous ringback signal is detected on the line until the expiration of the timer S7.
- 2. "@" (Wait for Quiet Answer) dial modifier was used, but remote ringing followed by five seconds of silence was not detected before expiration of the connection timer (S7)

DELAYED (24)

For X4, the modem returns this result code when a call fails to connect and the number dialed is considered 'delayed' due to country blacklisting requirements.

BLACKLISTED (32)

For X4, the modem returns this result code when a call fails to connect and the number dialed is considered 'blacklisted'.

FAX (33)

The modem returns this result code when a fax modem connection is established in a facsimile mode.

<u>DATA (35)</u>

The modem returns this result code when a data modem connection is established in a facsimile mode.

+FCERROR (+F4)

This message is sent to the DTE when high speed fax data (V.27, V.29, V.33, or V.17) is expected and a V.21 signal is received.

3.6 AUDIOSPAN AND DSVD

3.6.1 Commands

AudioSpan and DSVD are two technologies that allow simultaneous voice and data operation using a Rockwell modem connected to a telephone line. AudioSpan and DSVD implementations differ in the manner that voice and modem data are combined. Voice and data channels are combined in the analog domain for AudioSpan and in the digital domain for DSVD.

Establishing a AudioSpan or DSVD connection is analogous to establishing a regular data modem connection. Initiate the call using normal dialing (ATD) and answering (ATA) procedures. The modem can switch from a regular phone conversation into AudioSpan or DSVD mode and back to phone conversation. A handset, headset, or microphone/speaker can be used for voice communication during AudioSpan or DSVD mode.

AudioSpan operates in normal (non-error corrected) or error-corrected/compression mode (MNP 5 or V.42 bis depending on the error correction settings of the modems). The DTE rate must be equal to or greater than the anticipated modem connection speed. In general, DTE speed of 38400 bps or higher should be used.

3.6.1.1 -SSE - Enable/Disable DSVD

This command enables/disables DSVD according to the supplied parameter.

Syntax

-SSE=[<value>]

Defined Values

<value> Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

- 0 = Disable DSVD. (Default.)
- 1 = Enable DSVD. A modem not supporting DSVD will respond with ERROR.

4. FAX COMMANDS

4.1 FAX I/O PROCESSING

The fax I/O interface supports asynchronous serial and parallel interfaces. The interface rate is 19200 bps. The character format is 8 bits data, no parity, and 1 stop bit. Start and stop elements are removed from the transmit data and added to the receive data. Both transmit and receive data are buffered. Flow control using XON/XOFF or RTS/CTS is provided.

Unique control character strings are identified, filtered, or reinserted into the I/O data stream. These control characters and their resultant action are described below.

4.1.1 DTE-to-Modem Transmit Data Stream

Characters Detected	Action Taken
<dle><data></data></dle>	Delete <dle><data> characters.</data></dle>
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	Recognize as a string terminator and take appropriate action.
<dle><dle></dle></dle>	Replace with single <dle> character.</dle>

4.1.2 Modem-to-DTE Receive Data Stream

Characters Detected	Action Taken
<dle></dle>	Insert extra <dle> ahead of <dle>.</dle></dle>

The modem also identifies the end of a frame by inserting <DLE><ETX> into the data stream after the FCS bytes.

4.1.3 Fax Mode Selection

Fax class 1 commands are identified in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. Fax Class 1 Commands

Command/Parameter	Function
+FCLASS= <class></class>	Select, read or test service class
+FAE= <value></value>	Auto answer enable
+FTS= <time></time>	Stop transmission and pause
+FRS= <time></time>	Wait for silence
+FTM= <mod></mod>	Transmit data with <mod> carrier</mod>
+FRM= <mod></mod>	Receive data with <mod> carrier</mod>
+FTH= <mod></mod>	Transmit HDLC data with <mod> carrier</mod>
+FRH= <mod></mod>	Receive HDLC data with <mod> carrier</mod>
+FAR= <off on=""></off>	Adaptive reception control
+FCL= <time></time>	Carrier loss timeout
+FDD= <value></value>	Double escape character replacement control
+FIT= <time>, <action></action></time>	DTE inactivity timeout
+FPR= <rate></rate>	Fixed DTE Rate
+FMI?	Report manufacturer ID
+FMM?	Report model ID
+FMR?	Report revision ID
+FLO	Flow Control
+IFC	Local DTE-modem flow control (see +IFC in 3.2.2)
A	Answer (see A in 3.2.3)
D <string></string>	Dial (see D in 3.2.3)
Н	Hangup (see H in 3.2.3

4.1.4 Fax Origination

Origination of fax calls is made using the ATD command. Upon completion of the dial function, a calling tone at 1100 Hz is transmitted, with a cadence of 0.5 seconds on and 3 seconds off. The modem automatically enters mode +FRH=3 and sends the CONNECT message to the DTE when FSK flags are detected from the remote.

4.1.5 Fax Answering

Answering of fax calls is identical to answering of data calls with the exception that the modem enters the fax handshaking mode instead of the data handshaking mode after going off-hook. If +FAE=0, the modem, after sending answer tone, automatically enters fax mode (+FTH=3), sends the CONNECT message to the DTE, and starts sending FSK flags. If +FAE=1, the modem determines whether the caller is a data modem or fax modem and sends the DATA or FAX result code, respectively, to the DTE.

4.1.6 Fax Control Transmission

Fax control transmission is initiated by the +FTH=<mod> command. After this command is issued, the modem generates the CONNECT message and transmits carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. The modem then transmits HDLC flags for a minimum of 1 second. The modem continues to transmit the HDLC flags until it receives a character from the DTE.

When characters are received from the DTE, the modem adds start and end flags, performs zero-bit insertion, generates FCS, and deletes <DLE><chr> character pairs before transmitting the characters to the remote fax machine. Each <DLE><DLE> sequence is transmitted as a single <DLE>. <DLE><ETX> is considered as the end of frame marker and is not transmitted. All data received from the DTE after <DLE><ETX> is ignored by the modem until the modem generates either the CONNECT, OK, or ERROR result code.

If no more data is in the transmit buffer and the final bit was a 1 (bit 4 of the second byte received from the DTE), the modem generates the OK result code and returns to the command mode. If the final bit was a 0, the modem generates the CONNECT message and waits for further data from the DTE while transmitting HDLC flags. If no more data is received before 5 seconds elapse, the modem drops carrier, goes on-hook, and generates the ERROR result code.

4.1.7 Fax Control Reception

Fax control reception is initiated using the AT+FRH=<mod> command. After this command is issued, the modem looks for carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. If no carrier is detected before the period of time specified by register S7 expires, the modem generates the NO CARRIER message and returns to command mode. If a carrier is detected that is not the one specified by the parameter n, the modem generates the +FCERROR message and returns to the command mode. If the specified carrier is detected, the modem generates the CONNECT message and enters the HDLC receive mode.

In HDLC receive mode, the modem receives HDLC frames from the remote fax machine, strips the flags, performs zero-bit deletion, performs error checking, and handles <DLE><chr> character pairs before passing the data to the DTE. The modem prefixes each <DLE> character with another <DLE> character before sending it to the DTE. After the last byte in the frame, the modem sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE marking the end of the frame. The modem then generates either the OK message if no errors were detected or the ERROR message if errors were detected (FCS is incorrect), and returns to command mode.

While in command mode, the modem continues to receive data in the selected modulation scheme, and sends the data after sending the CONNECT message to the DTE when the DTE reissues the +FRH command with the same parameter. If the DTE issues the +FRH command with a different parameter, the modem clears all buffers and proceeds as described previously.

If carrier is lost while in command mode and the DTE reissues the +FRH command with the same parameter, and there is no data in the buffer, the modem sends the ERROR result code to the DTE and returns to the command mode. If there is data in the buffer, the modem sends the next frame of buffered data to the DTE, followed by <DLE><ETX>, and either the ERROR result code if errors were detected or the OK result code if no errors were detected. The modem then returns to command mode.

The modem concludes an error is detected if carrier is lost for any period of time during or before the reception of a frame. If carrier is lost for a time period longer than the time specified by the register S10, the modem finishes delivering the data in

the receive buffer (if any) to the DTE, sends <DLE><ETX>, generates the ERROR message, and returns to command mode. All subsequent data received from the remote is discarded.

If the modem detects a frame abort sequence (seven consecutive ones with no zero insertion) while it is waiting for a frame beginning flag (it was receiving HDLC flags), it will wait for the HDLC flags again until either carrier is lost, or the DTE aborts the process by sending an abort character or by dropping DTR with &D2 in effect. If the frame abort sequence is detected while the modem is receiving a frame it finishes delivering the data in the receive buffer (if any) to the DTE, sends <DLE><ETX>, generates the ERROR message, and returns to command mode. The modem keeps looking for HDLC flags followed by more data from the remote, with the selected modulation scheme.

If the modem detects a receive buffer overflow condition, it concludes that there was an FCS error in that frame. The modem will receive more frames only if a starting flag is detected and there is room in the receive buffer. If a starting flag is detected and there is no room in the buffer, the modem discards all data in that frame.

If the modem receives any character from the DTE after the +FRH command (except flow control characters if software flow control is in effect), or if the modem detects a high-to-low transition of the DTR signal while &D1 is in effect, it sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE, generates OK result code, and returns to command mode. The receive buffer is cleared and all data received from the remote is discarded. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D2 is in effect, it goes on-hook, sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE, generates OK result code, and returns to command mode. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D3 is in effect, the modem performs a warm reset.

4.1.8 Fax Data Transmission

Fax data transmission is initiated by the AT+FTM=<mod> command. After this command is issued, the modem generates the CONNECT message and transmits carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. The modem then transmits constant 1 bits for a minimum of one second and continues to transmit constant 1 bits until it receives a character from the DTE.

When data is received from the DTE, the modem deletes start and stop bits and deletes all <DLE><chr> character pairs before transmitting the data to the remote. Each <DLE><DLE> sequence is transmitted as a single <DLE>. <DLE><ETX> is considered as the end of stream marker, and is not transmitted. All data received from the DTE after the <DLE><ETX> is ignored by the modem until the modem generates either the CONNECT, OK, or ERROR result code.

If no more data is in the transmit buffer, and the last transmitted character was not an ASCII NULL, the modem generates the OK result code and returns to the command mode. If the last character transmitted was an ASCII NULL, the modem generates the CONNECT message to the DTE and waits for further data from the DTE while transmitting NULLs to the remote. If more data is received before five seconds elapse, the modem continues to transmit the data as described in the previous paragraph. If five seconds elapse and no data is received from the DTE, the modem drops carrier, goes on-hook, and generates the ERROR result code.

4.1.9 Fax Data Reception

Fax data reception is initiated using the AT+FRM=<mod> command. After this command is issued, the modem looks for carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. If no carrier is detected before the period of time specified by register S7 expires, the modem generates the NO CARRIER message and returns to command mode. If a V.21 carrier is detected when a high speed carrier is expected, the modem generates the +FCERROR message and returns to the command mode. If the specified carrier is detected, the modem generates the CONNECT message and enters the data receive mode.

While in data receive mode, the modem receives data from the remote, adds start and stop bits, and handles <DLE><chr> character pairs before passing the data to the DTE. The modem prefixes each <DLE> character with another <DLE> character before sending it to the DTE.

If the modem detects a receive buffer overflow condition, it stops receiving from the remote until there is room in the receive buffer. The modem informs the DTE of the buffer overflow after it sends to the DTE the last character that was stored in the buffer before the overflow occurred.

If the modem receives any character from the DTE after the +FRM command (except flow control characters if software flow control is in effect), or if the modem detects a high-to-low transition of the DTR signal while &D1 is in effect, it sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE, generates the OK result code, and returns to command mode. The receive buffer is cleared and all data received from the remote is discarded. If loss of DTR is detected while &D2 is in effect, the modem goes on-hook,

sends <DLE><ETX> followed by OK result code to the DTE, and returns to command mode. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D3 is in effect, the modem performs a warm reset.

4.2 COMMANDS AND PARAMETERS

4.2.1 Commands

4.2.1.1 +FCLASS=1.0 or +FCLASS=1 - Select Facsimile Class 1 Mode

+FCLASS=1.0 or +FCLASS=1 selects the Fax Class 1.0 Mode (see Section 3.2.1.2). The Fax Class 1.0 Mode commands and responses described in this section are applicable when command +FCLASS=1.0 or 1. (See Section 3.2.1.2 for the definition of the FCLASS command.)

4.2.1.2 +FAE - Auto Answer Enable

This command enables or disables fax adaptive answer.

Syntax 8 1

+FAE=<value>

Defined Values

<value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

- 0 Disable data /fax auto answer mode. (Default.)
- 1 Enable data /fax auto answer mode. The modem determines the calling type and issues DATA result code (13) if the caller is a data modem or issues FAX result code (15) if the caller is a fax modem.

4.2.1.3 +FTS - Transmit Silence

This command causes the modem to terminate a transmission and wait for <time> 10-ms intervals before responding with the OK result code.

Syntax

+FTS=<time>

Defined Values

<time></time>	Decimal number from 0 (default) to 255 which specifies the length of time in 10-ms intervals to delay before responding with the OK result code after terminating the session.
Result Codes	
ОК	Reported when transmission has been terminated for the specified amount of time.
ERROR	<value> is invalid or this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.</value>
Reporting Supported Ran	ige of Parameter Values
Command: +FTS=?	

Response: +FTS: <time> range

Example: +FTS: 0-255

4.2.1.4 +FRS - Receive Silence

This command causes the modem to listen and report an OK result code when silence has been detected on the line for the specified period of time. This command will terminate when the required period of silence is detected or when the DTE sends the modem another character other than XON or XOFF, which is discarded. In either event, the OK result code is returned.

This command is aborted if any character is received from the DTE after receipt of the command but before the time delay elapses. In this case, the modem discards the aborting character and issues an OK result code.

Syntax

+FRS =<time>

Defined Values	
<time></time>	Decimal number from 0 (default) to 255 which specifies the length of time in 10-ms intervals to delay before responding with the OK result code after detecting silence on the line.
Result Codes	
ОК	Reported when silence has been present on the line for the specified amount of time or when the DTE sends the modem a character other than XON or XOFF.
ERROR	<value> is invalid or this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.</value>
Reporting Support	ted Range of Parameter Values
Command: +FR	S=?

Response: +FRS: <time> range

Example: +FRS: 0-255

4.2.1.5 +FTM - Transmit Facsimile

This command causes the modem to transmit data using the modulation defined below. When a valid <mod> value is entered, the modem transmits the proper training sequence in the selected mode, followed by constant 1 bits until data is received from the DTE. The modem also returns the CONNECT result code at the beginning of the training sequence.

Syntax

+FTM=<mod>

Defined Values

<mod>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected modulation mode and data rates shown in Table 4-2.

<mod></mod>	Modulation	Training	Modulation Mode and Rate
3	V.21		300 bps
24	V.27 ter		2400 bps
48	V.27 ter		4800 bps
72	V.29		7200 bps
73	V.17	long	7200 bps long
74	V.17	short	7200 bps short
96	V.29		9600 bps
97	V.17	long	9600 bps long
98	V.17	short	9600 bps short
121	V.17	long	12000 bps long
122	V.17	short	12000 bps short
145	V.17	long	14400 bps long
146	V.17	short	14400 bps short

Table 4-2. Fax Class 1 Modulation Modes and Rates

Result Codes

CONNECT Reported when the modems begins the training sequence after receipt of a valid <mod> value.

ERROR If the modem's transmit buffer becomes empty and the last transmitted character is NUL (00), the modem continues to transmit NULs until the DTE sends more data or five seconds elapses. After five seconds elapse with a empty transmit buffer, the modem will turn off the transmit carrier, return to the command state, and report the ERROR result code.

OK If the modem's transmit buffer becomes empty and the last transmitted character is was not NUL, the modem will turn off the transmit carrier, return to the command state, and report the OK result code.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +FTM?

Response:	+FTM: <mod< td=""><td><pre>c</pre></td></mod<>	<pre>c</pre>
Example:	+FTM: 98	For V.17 9600 bps.
Reporting Se	upported Ran	ge of Parameter Values
Command:	+FTM=?	
Response:	+FTM: (<mc< td=""><td>od> range)</td></mc<>	od> range)
Example:	+FTM: 3,24,	48,72,73,74,96,97,98,121,122,145,146
	RM - Receive nd causes the	Facsimile e modem to enter the receiver mode using the modulation defined below.
<u>Syntax</u> +FRM=-	<mod></mod>	
Defined Valu	les	
<mod></mod>		Decimal number corresponding to the selected modulation mode and data rates shown in Table 4-2.
Reporting C Command:	urrent or Sele +FRM?	acted Values
Response:	+FRM: <mo< td=""><td>d></td></mo<>	d>
Example:	+FRM: 98	For V.17 9600 bps.
<u>Reporting Si</u> Command:		ge of Parameter Values
Response:	+FRM: (<mo< td=""><td>od> range)</td></mo<>	od> range)
Example:	+FRM: 3,24	,48,72,73,74,96,97,98,121,122,145,146
<u>Result Code</u> CONNE		Reported when the selected carrier is detected.
+FCERI		Reported if another carrier is detected and FAR=0; the modem then returns to the command
		state.
NO CAF	RRIER	Reported if loss-of-carrier is detected.
OK		Reported if the DTE sends any character to the modem other than XON or XOFF while operating in configured flow control from the DTE; the modem then returns to the command state.
		t Data with HDLC Framing e modem to transmit data using HDLC protocol and the modulation defined below.
<u>Syntax</u> +FTH=<	:mod>	
Defined Valu	les	
<mod></mod>		Decimal number corresponding to the selected modulation mode and data rates shown in Table 4-2.
Result Code		
CONNE	CT	Reported for either of two conditions:
		 At the beginning of transmission of the training pattern for the selected modulation. If the Final Frame bit is 0.
ОК		2. If the Final Frame bit is 0.
UN		Reported for either of two conditions:

2. if the DTE sends only <DLE><ETX> (a null frame) while transmitting flags.

ERROR Reported if five seconds elapse from the time when the modem reported the CONNECT result code without any additional data transmitted from the DTE; the modem then turns off carrier and returns to the command mode.

Reporting Current or Selected Values				
Command:	+FTH?			
Response:	+FTH: <mod></mod>			
Example:	+FTH: 98	For V.17 9600 bps.		
Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values				
Reporting S	upported Range of Parameter Value	<u>es</u>		
<u>Reporting S</u> Command:	•	<u>28</u>		
•	+FTH?	<u>25</u>		
Command:	+FTH? +FTH?	es For V.17 9600 bps.		

4.2.1.8 +FRH - Receive Data with HDLC Framing

This command causes the modem to receive frames using HDLC protocol and the modulation defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

<u>Syntax</u>

+FRH=<mod>

Defined Values

<mod>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected modulation mode and data rates shown in Table 4-2.

Reporting C	urrent or Sele	acted Values	
Command:	+FRH?		
Response:	+FRH: <mo< td=""><td>d></td></mo<>	d>	
Example:	+FRH: 98	For V.17 9600 bps.	
Reporting S	upported Ran	nge of Parameter Values	
Command:	+FRH?		
Response:	+FRH?		
Example:	+FRH: 98	For V.17 9600 bps.	
Result Code	<u>s</u>		
CONNECT		Reported for either of two conditions:	
		1. When the selected carrier is detected with an HDLC flag.	
		 If the DTE sends another +FTH=<mod> command after sending the result code indicating frame reception is complete.</mod> 	
+FCER	ROR	Reported if a different carrier is detected and FAR=0.	
NO CARRIER Reported if loss of carrier is detected.		Reported if loss of carrier is detected.	
OK		Reported for either of two conditions:	
		1. If a frame was received correctly.	
		If the DTE sends any character other than XON or XOFF while the modem is in the configured flow control.	
ERROR	1	Reported if a frame was received in error.	

4.2.2 Service Class 1 Parameters

4.2.2.1 +FAR - Adaptive Reception Control

If Adaptive Reception is enabled, the modem adaptively detects the selected message carrier or V.21 control messages. If the expected carrier is detected, the modem operates as specified in the respective +FRM=<mod> or +FRH=<mod> commands. If V.21 flag preamble is detected instead, the modem issues a +FRH:3 intermediate result code, and then executes an implied +FRH=3 command.

Write Syntax

+FAR=<value>

Defined Values <value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

- 0 Disable Adaptive Reception. (Default.)
 - 1 Enable Adaptive Reception.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +FAR?

Response: +FAR: <value>

Example: +FAR: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +FAR=?

Response: +FAR: (<value> range)

Example: +FAR: (0,1)

4.2.2.2 +FCL - Carrier Loss Timeout

This parameter allows the DTE to select the modem's loss-of-carrier delay between initial loss-of-carrier and qualified lossof-carrier, when the modem will give up and exit a receive mode. Intermediate (less than FCL timeout) loss-of-carrier should be indicated by insertion of the SQ-BAD signal quality indicator in the received data stream.

In unframed receive modes, if the modem detects RTC as described in Recommendation T.30 prior to initial loss of the high speed carrier, or if the modem detects V.21 carrier after initial loss of high speed carrier, then the modem immediately accepts the loss-of-carrier as qualified, without waiting for the FCL timer to expire.

In HDLC receive modes, if the modem detects HDLC abort prior to initial loss of the high speed carrier, or if the modem detects V.21 carrier after initial loss of high speed carrier, then the modem I immediately accepts the loss-of-carrier as qualified, without waiting for the FCL timer to expire.

Write Syntax

+FCL=<time>

Defined Values <value>

Decimal number representing the loss-of-carrier delay time in units of 100 ms. The range is 0 - 255.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +FCL?

Response: +FCL: <time>

Example: +FCS: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +FCL=?

Response: +FCL: (<time> range)

Example: +FCL: (0-255)

4.2.2.3 +FDD - Double Escape Character Replacement

This parameter conditions the use of the $\langle DLE \rangle \langle SUB \rangle$ pair to encode consecutive $\langle 1/0 \rangle \langle 1/0 \rangle$ in data. This may be used to prevent unbound expansion of data that contains many $\langle 1/0 \rangle$ patterns.

Syntax 8 1

+FDD=<value>

Defined Val	ues		
<value></value>	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option. For modem decode of <dle>_{, the defined range are:}</dle>		
		0	<dle> <dle> or discard (default and only)</dle></dle>
		1	<dle> <dle> (not supported)</dle></dle>
		For modem e	ncoding of <1/0> <1/0>the defined values are:
		0	<dle> <dle> <dle> <dle> (default and only)</dle></dle></dle></dle>
		1	<dle> _(not supported)</dle>
Reporting C	urrent or Sele	ected Values	
Command:	+FDD?		
Response:	+FDD: <val< td=""><td>ue></td><td></td></val<>	ue>	
Example:	+FDD: 0		For the default setting.
Reporting S	upported Rar	nge of Paramete	er Values
Command:	+FDD=?		
Response:	+FDD: (<va< td=""><td>lue> range)</td><td></td></va<>	lue> range)	
Example:	+FDD: (0)		

4.2.2.4 +FIT - DTE Inactivity Timeout

This command specifies a DTE inactivity timeout value that allows the modem to break away from an unsuccessful connection attempt at any stage of a facsimile transfer. The DTE inactivity timer operates only while the modem is off-hook.

Syntax

+FIT=<time>,<action>

Defined Values

<time>

The <time> parameter indicates the DTE inactivity timeout in seconds. The value of 0 indicates that timeout is disabled (default). The required timeout range is 1 to 255 seconds. The inactivity timer starts when the modem has taken some action that requires DTE response. If the DTE does respond, the modem resets the inactivity timer. Inactivity timer related events are listed in

	Table 4-3.				
<action:< td=""><td>> The <action></action></td><td>parameter has two meanings.</td></action:<>	> The <action></action>	parameter has two meanings.			
	0	Upon timeout, the modem will go on-hook, executing an implied ATH command; then reset to +FCLASS=0.			
	1	Upon timeout, the DCE will only go on-hook.			
Reporting Current or Selected Values					
Command:	+FIT?				
Response:	+FIT: <time>,<action></action></time>				
Example:	+FIT: 0,0	For the default settings.			
Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values					
Command:	+FIT?				
Response:	+FIT: (<time> range), (<action> range)</action></time>				
Example:	+FIT: (0-255),(0-1)				

On-line state	Start timer event	Stop timer event	
Waiting for a command	modem sends final result code	DTE sends AT or "at"	
Waiting for transmit data	modem sends CONNECT after DTE sends data +FTM or +FTH command		
Waiting for transmit data	modem sends <xon> or sets CTS ON</xon>	DTE sends data	
Waiting to deliver received data	modem sends <xoff> after +FRM or +FRH command</xoff>	DTE sends <xon></xon>	
Waiting to deliver received data	DTE sets V.24 Ckt 133 OFF after +FRM or +FRH command	DTE sets V.24 Ckt 133 ON	

Table 4-3. Inactivity Timer Start and Stop Events

4.2.2.5 +FPR - Fixed DTE Rate

This numeric extended-format parameter specifies the data rate at which the modem will accept commands, in addition to 1 200 bit/s or 9 600 bit/s (as required in 4.3). It may be used to select operation at rates at which the modem is not capable of automatically detecting the data rate being used by the DTE. Specifying a value of 0 disables the function and allows operation only at rates automatically detectable by the modem. The specified rate takes effect following the issuance of any result code(s) associated with the current command line.

The <rate> specified does not apply in OnLine Data State if Normal Mode (Direct Mode) of operation is selected.

<u>Syntax</u>

+FPR=<rate>

Defined Values

<rate>

The rate in bits per second at which the DTE-modem interface should operate, e.g., "19200" or "115200". If unspecified or set to 0, automatic detection is selected and the character format is also forced to autodetect, +ICF=0. The available rates are:

0 (default), 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200.

Reporting	Current or	Selected	Values

Command: +FPR?

Response: +FPR: <rate>

Example 1: +FPR: 0 If set for automatic rate detection.

Example 2: +FPR: 115200 If set to 115200 bps.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +FPR=?

Response: +FPR: (autodetectable <rate> range),(fixed-only <rate> range)

Example: +FPR: (0,300,1200,2400,4800,9600),(19200,38400,57600) if the modem can autodetect up to 9600 bit/s and can support three additional higher fixed rates.

4.2.2.6 +FMI - Request Manufacturer Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem product manufacturer.

Syntax

+FMI

<u>Response</u>

ROCKWELL OK

4.2.2.7 +FMM - Request Model Identification

This command causes the modem to report the modem product model.

Syntax

+FMM

Typical Response RC56HCF

OK

4.2.2.8 +FMR - Request Revision Identification

This command causes the modem to transmit one or more lines of information text identifying the modem version, revision level or date.

Syntax

+FMR

Typical Response

RC56HCF OK

4.2.2.9 +FLO - Flow Control

This parameter allows the DTE to identify and select the type of flow control used.

Syntax

+FLO=<method>

Defined Values

2011100				
<metho< td=""><td colspan="2">Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.</td></metho<>	Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.			
	0	XON/XOFF and RTS/CTS flow control turned off.		
	1	Use XON/XOFF flow control in either direction.		
	2	Use RTS for flow control of the modem by the DTE; use CTS for flow control of the DTE by the modem.		
Reporting Current or Selected Values				
Command:	+FLO?			
Response:	+FLO: <method></method>			
Example:	+FLO: 0	For the default setting.		

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +FLO=?

Response: +FLO: (<method>range)

Example: +FLO: (0-2)

Result Codes

OK <method> = 0-2.

ERROR Otherwise.

4.3 EXAMPLES

Examples of calling (transmitting) and answering (receiving) one page using fax class 1 commands are shown in Table 4-4 and Table 4-5, respectively. The examples show the interchange between the DTE and the modem for various cases. Comments are included to explain how to handle various situations. Commands and responses are in upper case (e.g., AT+FRH=3) and comments are in lower case. All streams of data denoted by <...frame> are terminated by the <DLE><ETX> characters. 4-12
DTE Commands	Modem Responses	Local Modem Action	Remote Station Action	Notes
AT+FCLASS=1.0	OK	Set Class 1		
ATDT <string></string>		Dial and send CNG Look for V.21 Detect flags	Answer send CED, V.21 Send HDLC flags	AT+FRH=3 implied by dialing with +FCLASS=1.0
	CONNECT <nsf frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></nsf>		Send NSF frame	
AT+FRH=3				
	CONNECT <cfi data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></cfi>	Detect flags get CSI get FCS accept FCS	send CSI frame check FCS	Frame status OK
AT+FRH=3				
	CONNECT <dis data="" frame=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></dis>	Detect flags get DIS get FCS	send DIS frame	DTE must detect final frame bit to anticipate loss of carrier
		accept FCS	check FCS	
AT+FRH=3 AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier send V.21 carrier	drop carrier detect carrier	Final frame bit clear tells the
<tsi data="" frame=""></tsi>	CONNECT	send flags send TSI frame send FCS	detect flags get TSI frame	modem to expect another frame. Final frame bit set tells the
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	CONNECT	send flags send DCS frame send FCS, flags	get DCS frame	modem not to expect another frame
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	ОК	drop carrier		
AT+FTS=8; +FTM=96	CONNECT	wait 80 ms send V.29 carrier	detect carrier	
<tcf data="" pattern=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></tcf>	ок	send TCF data drop carrier	get TCF data	
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT <cfr data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></cfr>	detect carrier detect flags get CFR frame check FCS accept FCS	send V.21 carrier send flags get CRF frame send FCS	Final frame bit set. frame OK
AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier	drop carrier	
AT+FTM=96 <page data="" image=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></page>	CONNECT	send V.29 carrier send page data drop carrier	detect carrier receive page	
	OK	wait 80 ms		
AT+FTS=8; +FRH=3	CONNECT	send V.21 carrier send flags send EOP frame	detect carrier detect flags receives EOP	
<eop data="" frame=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></eop>	ок	send FCS drop carrier		final frame
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT <mcf data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></mcf>	detect carrier detect flags get MCF frame check FCS accept FCS	send V.21 carrier send flags get MCF frame send FCS	Final frame bit set. frame OK
AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier	drop carrier	
AT+FRH=3 <dnc frame=""></dnc>	CONNECT	send V.21 carrier send flags send DNC frame	detect carrier detect flags	
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	ок	send FCS drop carrier	receive DC NC	final frame
ATH0	ОК	hang up	hang up	

Table 4-4. F	Fax Class 1	Calling Sequence	e (Transmitting a	Single Page)

DTE Commands	Modem Responses	Local Modem Action	Remote Station Action	Notes
AT+FCLASS=1.0	ОК	Set Class 1		
	RING<-	detect ringing	dials [,send CNG]	
ATA		off-hook, send CED,	get CED,	AT+FRH=3 implied by answering with
<csi data="" frame=""></csi>	CONNECT	send V.21 carrier send flags send CSI frame	detect carrier detect flags receive CSI	+FCLASS=1.0. not final frame
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	CONNECT	send FCS send flags	get FCS get flags	
<dis data="" frame=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></dis>	ок	send DIS data send FCS and flags drop carrier	get DIS get flags	final frame
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT <tsi data="" frame=""></tsi>	detect carrier detect flags receive TSI	send V.21 carrier send flags send TSI frame	
	<pre><tsi data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></tsi></pre>	receive FCS accept FCS	send FCS	frame OK
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT <dcs data="" frame=""></dcs>	receive DCS receive FCS	send DCS frame send FCS	final frame bit set
	<pre><dcs data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></dcs></pre>	accept FCS		frame OK
AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier	drop carrier	DTE did not check final frame bit and issued +FRH=3
AT+FTM=96	CONNECT <tcf data=""> <dle><etx> OK</etx></dle></tcf>	detect carrier receive TCF detect loss-of-carrier	wait 75 ms send V.29 carrier send TCF data drop carrier	
AT+FRH=3 <cfr data="" frame=""></cfr>	CONNECT	send V.21 carrier send flags get CRF frame send FCS drop carrier	detect carrier detect flags receive CFR	
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	ОК			final frame
AT+FTM=96	CONNECT <page data="" image=""> <dle><etx> NO CARRIER</etx></dle></page>	detect carrier receive page detect loss-of-carrier	send V.29 carrier send page data drop carrier	
	CONNECT <eop data="" frame=""> <dle><etx> NO CARRIER</etx></dle></eop>	detect carrier detect flags receive EOP receive FCS accept FCS	wait 75 ms send V.21 carrier send flags send EOP frame send FCS	frame OK
AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier	drop carrier	
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT	send V.21 carrier send flags get MCF frame	detect carrier detect flags receive MCF frame	
<dle><etx></etx></dle>		send FCS accept FCS		
	ОК			final frame
AT+FRH=3	CONNECT <dcn data="" frame=""> <dle><etx></etx></dle></dcn>	detect carrier detect flags receive DCN receive FCS	send V.21 carrier send flags send DCN frame send FCS	
	ок	accept FCS		frame OK
AT+FRH=3	NO CARRIER	detect loss-of-carrier	drop carrier	end of session
ATH0	ОК	hang up		

Table 4-5. Fax Class 1 Answering Sequence (Receiving a Single Page)

5. VOICE COMMANDS

5.1 Voice Commands Overview

Voice commands are identified in Table 5-1.

CommandFunctionConfiguration+FCLASSSet Mode+VCIDCaller ID (CID)+VDIDDID feature+VNHAutomatic Hang-up control+FMIManufacturer Identification+FMMProduct Identification+FMRVersion, Revision, etc.+FLOFlow ControlVoice+VIPVoice Initialize All Parameters+VRXStart modem Receive (Record)+VTSVoice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF)+VTXStart modem Transmit (Playback)+VGRVoice Gain Receive (Record Gain)+VGTVoice Gain Receive (Record Gain)+VVSBAnalog Source/Destination Selection+VRARingback Goes Away Timer+VRNRingback Goes Away Timer+VSDSilence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)+VSDSilence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)+VDRDistinctive Ring+VDRDistinctive Ring+VDRSelect DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)+VPRSelect DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)	Table 5-1. Voice Commands				
+FCLASS Set Mode +VCID Caller ID (CID) +VDID DID feature +VNH Automatic Hang-up control +FMI Manufacturer Identification +FFMR Product Identification +FFMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VVTX Start modem Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGR Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer	Command	Function			
+VCID Caller ID (CID) +VDID DID feature +VNH Automatic Hang-up control +FMI Manufacturer Identification +FMM Product Identification +FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VVS Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR		Configuration			
+VDID DID feature +VNH Automatic Hang-up control +FMI Manufacturer Identification +FMR Product Identification +FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGR Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+FCLASS	Set Mode			
+VNH Automatic Hang-up control +FMI Manufacturer Identification +FMM Product Identification +FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VVR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)	+VCID	Caller ID (CID)			
+FMI Manufacturer Identification +FMM Product Identification +FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRN Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VDID	DID feature			
+FMM Product Identification +FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Mever Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDR Distinctive Ring +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VNH	Automatic Hang-up control			
+FMR Version, Revision, etc. +FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)	+FMI	Manufacturer Identification			
+FLO Flow Control Voice +VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VVD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+FMM	Product Identification			
Voice+VIPVoice Initialize All Parameters+VRXStart modem Receive (Record)+VTSVoice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF)+VTSVoice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF)+VTXStart modem Transmit (Playback)+VGRVoice Gain Receive (Record Gain)+VGTVoice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)+VITVoice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem)+VLSAnalog Source/Destination Selection+VRARingback Goes Away Timer+VRNRingback Never Appeared Timer+VSDSilence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)+VTDBeep Tone Duration Timer+VDRDistinctive Ring+VDTControl Tone Cadence Reporting+VBTBuffer Threshold Setting+VPRSelect DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)Speakerphone	+FMR	Version, Revision, etc.			
+VIP Voice Initialize All Parameters +VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+FLO	Flow Control			
+VRX Start modem Receive (Record) +VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone		Voice			
+VTS Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF) +VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VIP	Voice Initialize All Parameters			
+VTX Start modem Transmit (Playback) +VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VRX	Start modem Receive (Record)			
+VGR Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain) +VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VTS	Voice Tone Send (Send single frequency or DTMF)			
+VGT Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume) +VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VTX	Start modem Transmit (Playback)			
+VIT Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem) +VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VGR	Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain)			
+VLS Analog Source/Destination Selection +VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VGT	Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)			
+VRA Ringback Goes Away Timer +VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VIT	Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem)			
+VRN Ringback Never Appeared Timer +VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone Speakerphone	+VLS	Analog Source/Destination Selection			
+VSD Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE) +VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VRA	Ringback Goes Away Timer			
+VSM Compression Method Selection +VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VRN	Ringback Never Appeared Timer			
+VTD Beep Tone Duration Timer +VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VSD	Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)			
+VDR Distinctive Ring +VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VSM	Compression Method Selection			
+VDT Control Tone Cadence Reporting +VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VTD	Beep Tone Duration Timer			
+VBT Buffer Threshold Setting +VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VDR	Distinctive Ring			
+VPR Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud) Speakerphone	+VDT	Control Tone Cadence Reporting			
Speakerphone	+VBT	Buffer Threshold Setting			
	+VPR	Select DTE/modem Interface Rate (Turn off autobaud)			
+VSP Speakerphone ON/OFF	Speakerphone				
epositorprote er t er t	+VSP	Speakerphone ON/OFF			
+VDX Speakerphone Duplex Mode	+VDX	Speakerphone Duplex Mode			
+VGM Microphone Gain	+VGM	Microphone Gain			
+VGS Speaker Gain	+VGS	Speaker Gain			

Table 5-1. Voice Commands

5.2 Voice Commands

5.2.1 Configuration Commands

5.2.1.1 +FCLASS=8 - Select Voice Mode

+FCLASS=8 selects the Voice Mode. The Voice Mode commands and responses described in this section are applicable when command +FCLASS=8. (See Section 3.2.1.2 for the definition of the FCLASS command.)

5.2.1.2 +FCLASS=80 - Select VoiceView Mode

+FCLASS=80 selects the VoiceView Mode. The Voice Mode commands and responses described in this section are applicable when command +FCLASS=80. (See Section 3.2.1.2 for the definition of the FCLASS command.)

5.2.1.3 +VCID - Caller ID (CID)

This command controls the reporting and presentation of data associated with the Caller ID services in the U.S. and Canada in the Incoming Call Line ID (ICLID) data format.

Syntax 8 1

+VCID=<pmode>

Defined Values

<pmode>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option.

- 0 Disable Caller ID reporting. (Default).
- 1 Enables Caller ID with formatted presentation to the DTE. The modem will present the data items in a <Tag><Value> pair format. The expected pairs are data, time, caller code (telephone number), and name.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VCID?

Response: +VCID: <pmode>

Example: +VCID: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VCID=?

Response: +VCID: (<pmode> range)

Example: +VCID: (0,1)

5.2.1.4 +VDID - DID

This command allows the situation where the local telset can connect to a single DID capable telephone line, and the where remote telset can access the local handset through multiple phone numbers.

Syntax

+VDID=<digits> <timeout>

Defined Values

<digits></digits>	The maximum number of digits (DTMF, MF, etc.) to expect after notification of an incoming call by the Telco. Decimal 0 is the only valid number.
<timeout></timeout>	The time interval to wait after the last modem presented DID digit to wait before assuming that there is no more DID information to follow, and ending the DID digit report. Decimal 0 is the only valid number.

Reporting Current or Selected ValuesCommand:+VDID?Response:+VDID: <digits> <timeout>

Example:	+VDID: 0,0	For the default setting.
----------	------------	--------------------------

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values			
Command: +VDID=?			
Response: +VDID: (<di< td=""><td>gits> range),(<ti< td=""><td>imeout> range)</td></ti<></td></di<>	gits> range),(<ti< td=""><td>imeout> range)</td></ti<>	imeout> range)	
Example: +VDID: (0),(0)		
5.2.1.5 +VNH - Automat This command enables of			
<u>Syntax</u> +VNH= <hook></hook>			
Defined Values			
<hook></hook>	Decimal numb	per corresponding to the selected option.	
	0	The modem enables automatic hangups as is normal in other modes.	
	1	The modem disables automatic hangups usually found in the other non-Voice Modes.	
	2	The modem disables automatic hangups in the other non-Voice Modes. The modem performs only a "logical" hangup (returns to OK result code).	
Reporting Current or Sele	cted Values		
Command: +VNH?			
Response: +VNH: <hoo< td=""><td>ik></td><td></td></hoo<>	ik>		
Example: +VNH: 0		For the default setting.	
Reporting Supported Ran Command: +VNH=?	ge of Paramete	er Values	
Response: +VNH: (<ho< td=""><td>ok> range)</td><td></td></ho<>	ok> range)		
Example: +VNH: (0-2)			
Result Codes			
OK	<hook> = 0-2.</hook>		
ERROR	Otherwise.		
5.2.2 Voice Commands	;		
5.2.2.1 +VIP - Voice Initialize All Parameters This command causes the modem to initialize all voice parameters to their default values.			
<u>Syntax</u> +VIP <n></n>			
Defined Values			
<n></n>	Decimal numb	per 0 corresponding to the selected option.	
Reporting Current or Selected Values Command: +VIP?			
Response: +VIP: <n></n>			
		For the default patting	

Reporting Supported Ra		
Command: +VIP=?	nge of Paramete	er Values
Response: +VIP: (<n></n>	range)	
Example: +VIP: (0)	range)	
Result Codes		
OK	<n> = 0.</n>	
ERROR	Otherwise.	
5.2.2.2 +VRX - Start M		(Record) art the voice reception process.
	ne modern to st	an the voice reception process.
<u>Syntax</u> +VRX <n></n>		
Defined Values		
<n></n>		ber corresponding to the selected option.
	0	Start receive voice without periodic tone production during a voice re4ceive operation.
	1	Start receive voice with periodic tone production during a voice re4ceive operation.
Reporting Current or Sel	ected Values	
Command: +VRX?		
Response: +VRX: <n></n>		
Example: +VRX: 0		For the default setting.
Reporting Supported Ra	nge of Paramete	er Values
Command: +VRX=?	,	
Response: +VRX: (<n:< td=""><td></td><td></td></n:<>		
Example: +VRX: (0,1		
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u>)	
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK) <n> = 0 or 1.</n>	
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise.</n>	
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send Ve) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s)</n>	and DTMF tones, single frequency tone, and, optionally, double frequency tones.
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send Ve) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s)</n>	and DTMF tones, single frequency tone, and, optionally, double frequency tones.
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send V This command causes to <u>Syntax</u>) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s)</n>	and DTMF tones, single frequency tone, and, optionally, double frequency tones.
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send V This command causes the set of the se) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s)</n>	and DTMF tones, single frequency tone, and, optionally, double frequency tones.
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send V This command causes the set of the se) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s) he modem to se <string></string></n>	
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send V This command causes the <u>Syntax</u> +VTS= <string> <u>Defined Values</u> <u>Reporting Current or Self</u> Command: +VTS?</string>) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. bice Tone(s) he modem to se <string> <u>ected Values</u></string></n>	To be added
Example: +VRX: (0,1 <u>Result Codes</u> OK ERROR 5.2.2.3 +VTS - Send V This command causes the <u>Syntax</u> +VTS= <string> <u>Defined Values</u> <u>Reporting Current or Self</u> Command: +VTS?</string>) <n> = 0 or 1. Otherwise. Dice Tone(s) he modem to se <string></string></n>	To be added

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VTS=?

Response: +VTS: (<freq1> range), (<freq2> range), (<dur> range)

Example: +VTS: (???)

Result Codes

OK <string> = 0 or 1.

ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.2.4 +VTX - Start Modem Transmit (Playback)

This command causes the modem to start the voice transmission process.

Syntax 8 1

+VTX

Result Codes

CONNECT The modem accepts the command.

ERROR The modem is not connected to at least one off-hook telephone line or one non-telephone line.

5.2.2.5 +VGR - Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain)

This command causes the modem to set the gain for received voice samples.

Syntax

+VGR=<gain>

Defined Values

<gain> Decimal number between 0 and 255 corresponding to the gain.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VGR?

Response: +VGR: <gain>

Example: +VGR: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VGR=?

Response: +VGR: <gain> range

Example: +VGR: 0-255

Result Codes

OK <gain> = 0-255.

ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.2.6 +VGT - Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)

This command causes the modem to set the volume level.

Syntax

+VGT=<level>

Defined Values

<level>

Decimal number (0 and 255) corresponding to the volume level.

Reporting Cu	urrent or Selected Values	
Command:	+VGT?	
Response:	+VGT: <level></level>	
Example:	+VGT: 0 Fo	or the default setting.
Reporting Su	upported Range of Parameter Values	
Command:	+VGT=?	
Response:	+VGT: <level> range</level>	
Example:	+VGT: 0-255	
Result Codes	<u>S</u>	
OK	<level> = 0-255.</level>	
ERROR	Otherwise.	
5.2.2.7 +VIT - Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem)		

This command sets the modem's initial value for the DTE/modem inactivity timer.

<u>Syntax</u>

+VIT=<timer>

Defined Values

<timer>

Decimal number(0 and 255) corresponding to the time in units of 1.0 second. A value of 0 disables the timer.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VIT?

Response: +VIT: <timer>

Example: +VIT: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VIT=?

Response: +VIT: <timer> range

Example: +VIT: 0-255

Result Codes

OK	<timer> = 0-255.</timer>
ERROR	Otherwise.

5.2.2.8 +VLS - Analog Source/Destination Selection

This command causes the modem to select one or more source/destinations of the analog data.

Syntax 8 1

+VLS=<label>

<u>Defined Val</u> <label></label>		nal number corre	sponding to the selected option.
	0		n on hook. Phone connected to line
	1	Moden	n connected to line.
	2	Moden	n connected to handset
	3	Moden	n connected to line and handset
	4	Moden	n connected to speaker
	5	Moden	n connected to line and speaker
	6	Moden	n connected to microphone
	7	Speak	er and microphone routed to line via modem
	8	Moden	n connected to speaker
	9	Moden	n connected to line and speaker
	1	0 Speak	er and microphone routed to line via Modem
	1	1 Moden	n connected to microphone
	1	2 Speak	er and microphone routed to line via Modem
	1	3 Speak	er and microphone routed to line via Modem
	1	4 Moden	n connected to Headset
	1	5 Speak	er and microphone routed to line via Modem
	1	6 Enable	(Mute) microphone
	1	7 Disable	emicrophone
	1	8 Enable	(mute) speaker
	1	9 Disable	espeaker
<u>Reporting C</u> Command:	urrent or Selected Va +VLS?	alues	
Response:	+VLS: <label></label>		
Example:	+VLS: 0		For the default setting.
<u>Reporting S</u> Command:	upported Range of P +VLS=?	arameter Values	
Response:	+VLS: <label> rang</label>	е	
Example:	+VLS: 0-19		
Result Code	<u>2S</u>		
OK	<labe< td=""><td>l> = 0-19.</td><td></td></labe<>	l> = 0-19.	
ERROF	R Other	wise.	

5.2.2.9 +VRA - Ringback Goes Away Timer

This command sets the length of time the modem will wait between ringbacks during call origination before the modem can assume that the remote station has gone off hook.

Syntax

+VRA=<interval>

Defined Values

<interval>

Decimal number (0-600) specifying the silence interval time in units of 0.10 second between the end of one ring interval and the start of the next ring interval. A value of 0 forces the modem to report the OK result code immediately after the first Ringback. The range is 0.01 to 60.0 seconds for <interval> = 1 to 600.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command:	+VRA?	
Response:	+VRA: <interval></interval>	
Example:	+VRA: 50 (0.5 seconds)	For the default setting.
Reporting St	upported Range of Parameter Value	<u>es</u>
Command:	+VRA=?	
Response:	+VRA: (<interval> range)</interval>	
Example:	+VRA: (0-600)	
Popult Code	0	

Result CodesOK<interval> = 0 -600

ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.2.10 +VRN - Ringback Never Appeared Timer

This command sets the length of time the modem will wait between ringbacks during call origination before the modem can assume that the remote station has gone off hook.

Syntax

+VRN=<interval>

Defined Values <interval>

Decimal number (0-60) specifying the time period, in units of 1.0 second, that the modem will wait for Ringback during call origination. A value of 0 forces the modem to report the OK result code immediately after dialing. The range is 1 to 60 seconds for <interval> = 1 to 60.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command:	+VRN?	
Response:	+VRN: <interval></interval>	
Example:	+VRN: 10 (10 seconds)	For the default setting.
Reporting Su	upported Range of Parameter Val	ues
Command:	+VRN=?	
Response:	+VRN: (<interval> range)</interval>	
Example:	+VRN: (0-60)	
Result Code	<u>s</u>	
OK	<interval> = 0 -60</interval>	
ERROR	Otherwise.	

5.2.2.11 +VSD - Silence Detection (Quiet and Silence)

This command causes the modem to set the silence detection sensitivity and the required period of silence before the modem reports silence detected at the end of a voice receive either with the "Presumed End of Message" (QUIT) or "Presumed Hangup (SILENCE) event reports.

Syntax

+VSD=<sds>,<sdi>

Defined Valu	<u>Jes</u>	
<sds></sds>	Decimal numb	per corresponding to the selected parameter.
	0	Use +VSM silence compression setting and algorithm for long-term silence detection (if +VSM is in use) or proprietary silence compression setting and algorithm for long-term silence detection (if +VSM is not in use).
	127	Sets less aggressive long-term silence detection independent of presence or use of silence compression.
	128	Sets nominal long-term silence detection independent of presence or use of silence compression.
	129	Sets more aggressive long-term silence detection independent of presence or use of silence compression.
<sdi></sdi>	modem can re Message" (Ql	ber specifying the required period of silence, in units of 0.1 second, before the eport silence detected at the end of a voice receive either with the "Presumed End of JIT) or "Presumed Hangup (SILENCE) event reports. A value of 0 disables the se detection. The range is 0.1 to 25.5 seconds for <sdi> = 1 to 255.</sdi>
Reporting C	urrent or Selected Values	
Command:	+VSD?	
Response:	+VSD: <sds>,<sdi></sdi></sds>	
Example:	+VSD: 128, 50	For the default setting.
Reporting Second	upported Range of Paramete +VSD=?	er Values
Response:	+VSD: (<sds> range),(<sdi< td=""><td>> range)</td></sdi<></sds>	> range)
Example:	+VSD: (0,127,128,129),(0-2	255)
Result Code	<u>s</u>	
OK	<hook> = 0 or</hook>	r 1.
ERROR	Otherwise.	

5.2.2.12 +VSM - Compression Method Selection

This command causes the modem to set the voice compression method, the silence compression sensitivity, and the voice sampling rate.

Syntax 8 1

+VSM=<cml>,<vsr>,<sds>,<sel>

-	- , - ,	
Defined Val	ues	
<cml></cml>		Decimal number identifying the compression method. To be expanded.
<vsr></vsr>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of voice samples per second of the analog signal. To be expanded.</range>
<scs></scs>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of sensitivity settings for voice receives. To be expanded. To be expanded.</range>
<sel></sel>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of expansion values for voice transmits.</range>
Reporting C	urrent or Sele	acted Values
Command:	+VSM?	
Response:	+VSM: <cm< td=""><td>l>,<vsr>,<sds>, <sel></sel></sds></vsr></td></cm<>	l>, <vsr>,<sds>, <sel></sel></sds></vsr>
Example:	+VSM: 130,	UNSIGNED PCM,8,0,(7200,11025),(127-129),(0)"
Reporting S	upported Ran	nge of Parameter Values
Command:	+VSM=?	
Response:	+VSM: <cm< td=""><td>l>, <cmid>, <bps>, <tm>,<vsr>,<sds>, <sel></sel></sds></vsr></tm></bps></cmid></td></cm<>	l>, <cmid>, <bps>, <tm>,<vsr>,<sds>, <sel></sel></sds></vsr></tm></bps></cmid>
<cml></cml>		Decimal number identifying the compression method.
<cmid></cmid>		Alphanumeric string describing the compression method.
<bps></bps>		Decimal number defining the average number of bits in the compressed sample not including silence compression.
<tm></tm>		Decimal number (0-X) reporting the time interval, in units of 0.1 second, between timing marks. A value of 0 reports that timing marks are not supported. The range is 1 to 60 seconds for $ = 1$ to 60.
<vsr></vsr>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of voice samples per second of the analog signal.</range>
<scs></scs>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of sensitivity settings for voice receives.</range>
<sel></sel>		<range of="" values=""> containing the supported range of expansion values for voice transmits.</range>
Example:	+VSM:	128, ADPCM,2,0,7200,(127-129),(0) <cr><lf> 129,ADPCM,4,0,7200,(127-129),(0) <cr><lf> 130,UNSIGNED PCM,8,0,(7200,11025),(127-129),(0)</lf></cr></lf></cr>
Result Code	<u>es</u>	
OK		Valid range.
ERROF	R	Otherwise.

5.2.2.13 +VTD - Beep Tone Duration Timer

This command causes the modem to set the default DTMF/tone generation duration.

Syntax 8 1

+VTD=<dur>

Defined Values

<dur>

Decimal number specifying the default DTMF/tone generation duration in units of 0.01 second. A value of 0 specifies a manufacturer specific time interval. The range is 0.01 to 5 seconds for <dur> = 1 to 500.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VTD?

Response: +VTD: <dur>

Example: +VTD: 0 For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VTD=?

Response: +VTD: (<dur> range)

Example: +VTD: (0-500)

Result Codes

OK <dur>= 0-500.

ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.2.14 +VDR - Distinctive Ring

This command causes the modem to enable or disable reporting of the ring cadence information and to control the timing of the RING event code report if ring cadence reporting is enabled.

Syntax

+VDR=<enable>, <report>

Defined Values

Denneu values		
<enable></enable>	Decimal numb	per corresponding to the selected option.
	0	The modem will not report ring cadence information.
	1	The modem will report ring cadence information as specified for the <report> subparameter.</report>
<report></report>	Decimal numb subparameter	per specifying ring cadence information report when enabled by the <enable></enable>
	0	The modem will produce only DROF and DRON messages. The modem will not produce any RING event codes. The modem will report other call progress event codes as normal.
	Other	The modem will produce only DROF and DRON messages. The modem will produce a RING event code after <report>/10 seconds after the falling edge of the ring pulse (i.e., after the DRON report).</report>
Reporting Current or Sele	ected Values	
Command: +VDR?		
Response: +VDR: <ena< td=""><td>able>,<report></report></td><td></td></ena<>	able>, <report></report>	
Example: +VDR: 0,0		For the default setting.

Reporting	Supported	Range of	Parameter	Values

Command: +VDR=?

Response: +VDR: (<enable> range),(<report>range)

Example: +VDR: (0,1),(0-10)

Result Codes OK

<enable>,<report> = (0,1),(0-10)

ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.2.15 +VDT - Control Tone Cadence Reporting

This command allows the modem to enable or disable reporting of the control tone cadence information in the frequency band used by the Ringback/Remote Ring, BUSY, and reorder/Fast Busy tones (usually in the 300to 600 Hz range).

Syntax

+VDT=<enable>,<report>

Defined Values		
<enable></enable>	Decimal num	per corresponding to the selected option.
	0	The modem will not produce any control tone cadence report.
	1	The modem will produce control tone cadence report as specified for the <report> subparameter.</report>
<report></report>	Decimal numl <enable> sub</enable>	per specifying the produced any control tone cadence report when enabled by the parameter.
	0	The modem will produce only CPOF and CPON messages.
	Other	Reserved.
Reporting Current or Sele	ected Values	
Command: +VDT?		
Response: +VDT: <ena< td=""><td>able>,<report></report></td><td></td></ena<>	able>, <report></report>	
Example: +VDT: 0,0		For the default setting.
Reporting Supported Rar	nge of Paramete	er Values
Command: +VDT=?		
Response: +VDT: (<en< td=""><td>able> range),(<</td><td>report> range)</td></en<>	able> range),(<	report> range)
Example: +VDT: (0,1)	,(0)	
Result Codes		
OK	<enable>,<re< td=""><td>port > = (0,1),(0)</td></re<></enable>	port > = (0,1),(0)
ERROR	Otherwise.	

5.2.2.16 +VBT - Buffer Threshold Setting

This command causes the modem to report the <deassert> and <assert> subparameter values as a <compound ranges of values>. The OK result code follows the report.

Syntax 8 1

+VBT=<deassert>,<assert>

Defined Values

To be added

<u>Reporting C</u> Command:	urrent or Selec	ted Values	
	+VBT: <dease< td=""><td>sort> <assart></assart></td><td></td></dease<>	sort> <assart></assart>	
Example:		36112, <2336112	For the default setting.
-		e of Parameter Value	Ū.
Command:			<u></u>
Response:	+VBT: (<deas< td=""><td>ssert> range), (assert</td><td>>range)</td></deas<>	ssert> range), (assert	>range)
Example:	+VBT: (820-4	096),(6144-7372), 81	92
Result Code	<u>s</u>		
OK		<deassert>,<assert></assert></deassert>	= 0 or 1.
ERROF	2	Otherwise.	
5.2.2.17 +\	/PR - Select D	TE/Modem Interface	Rate (Turn Off Autobaud)
To be adde	d.		
<u>Syntax</u>			
+VPR=	<rate></rate>		
Defined Valu			
<rate>></rate>		To be added.	
Reporting C Command:	urrent or Selec +VPR?	ted Values	
	+VPR: <rate></rate>	•	
Example:			For the default setting.
Reporting S	upported Rang	e of Parameter Value	S
Command:	-		_
Response:	+VPR: (<rate:< td=""><td>> range)</td><td></td></rate:<>	> range)	
Example:	+VPR: (0,1)		
Result Code	<u>s</u>		
OK		<rate> = 0 or 1.</rate>	
ERROF	R (Otherwise.	

5.2.3.1 +VS		mmands bhone ON/OFF peakerphone C	
<u>Syntax</u> +VSP=<	mode>		
<u>Defined Valu</u> <mode></mode>		Decimal numb	er corresponding to the selected option.
		0	The speakerphone function is OFF.
		1	The speakerphone function is ON.
Reporting C	urrent or Sele	cted Values	
Command:			
Response:	+VSP: <mod< td=""><td>e></td><td></td></mod<>	e>	
Example:	+VSP: 0		For the default setting.
Reporting St	upported Rang	ge of Paramete	r Values
Command:	+VSP=?		
Response:	+VSP: (<mo< td=""><td>de> range)</td><td></td></mo<>	de> range)	
Example:	+VSP: (0,1)		
Result Code	<u>s</u>		
OK		<mode> = 0 o</mode>	r 1.
ERROR		Otherwise.	
		ohone Duplex eakerphone hal	Mode f-duplex or full duplex mode.
<u>Syntax</u> +VDX=<	<mode></mode>		
Defined Valu	ies		
<mode></mode>		Decimal numb	er corresponding to the selected option.
		0	The speakerphone mode is half duplex.
		1	The speakerphone mode is full duplex.
Reporting Control Command:	urrent or Sele +VDX?	cted Values	
Response:	+VDX: <mod< td=""><td>le></td><td></td></mod<>	le>	
Example:	+VDX: 0		For the default setting.
Reporting Si Command:		ge of Paramete	r Values
Response:	+VDX: (<mo< td=""><td>de> range)</td><td></td></mo<>	de> range)	
Example:	+VDX: (0,1)	0,	
Result Code		-mada: 0 -	- 1
OK ERROR		<mode> = 0 of Otherwise.</mode>	
	•	5 tho wide.	

5.2.3.3 +VGM - Microphone Gain

This command causes the modem to set the microphone gain of the speakerphone function.

Syntax

+VGM=<gain>

Defined Values <gain>

Decimal number between 0 and 255 corresponding to the gain.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VGM?

Response: +VGM: <gain>

Example: +VGM: 0 For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VGM=?

Response: +VGM: <gain> range

Example: +VGM: 0-255

Result Codes

OK <gain> = 0-255. ERROR Otherwise.

5.2.3.4 +VGS - Speaker Gain

This command causes the modem to set the speaker gain of the speakerphone function.

<u>Syntax</u>

+VGS=<gain>

Defined Values

<gain> Decimal number between 0 and 255 corresponding to the gain.

Reporting Current or Selected Values

Command: +VGS?

Response: +VGS: <gain>

Example: +VGS: 0

For the default setting.

Reporting Supported Range of Parameter Values

Command: +VGS=?

Response: +VGS: <gain> range

Example: +VGS: 0-255

Result Codes

OK	<gain> = 0-255.</gain>		
ERROR	Otherwise.		

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6. ISDN COMMANDS

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7. COMMAND SET SUMMARY

Table 7-1. Command Set Summary - Functional Use Sort
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				uration	
Command	Description	Data/Fax	Data/Fax/Voice	Data/Fax/Voice/	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone/
				Speakerphone	Speakerphone/ ISDN
	Generic Modem Control				
Z	Reset to Default Configuration	Х	Х	Х	Х
+FCLASS	Select Active Service Class	Х	Х	Х	Х
&F	Set to Factory-Defined Configuration	Х	Х	Х	Х
I	Request Identification Information	Х	Х	х	Х
+GMI	Request Manufacturer Identification	Х	Х	Х	Х
+GMM	Request Model Identification	Х	Х	Х	Х
+GMR	Request Revision Identification	Х	Х	Х	Х
+GSN	Request Product Serial Number Identification	Х	Х	Х	Х
+GOI	Request Global Object Identification	Х	Х	х	Х
+GCAP	Request Complete Capabilities List	Х	Х	х	Х
	DTE-Modem Interface				
E	Command Echo	Х	Х	х	х
Q	Result Code Suppression	Х	Х	х	Х
V	Modem Response Format	Х	Х	х	х
Х	Result Code Selection and Call Progress Monitoring Control	Х	Х	Х	х
&C	RLSD Behavior	Х	X	х	х
&D	DTR Behavior	X	X	X	X
+IFC	DTE-Modem Local Flow Control	X	X	X	X
+ILRR	DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting	X	X	x	X
+H	Enable/Disable Video Ready Mode	X	X	X	X
	Dial Control				
D	Dial	Х	Х	Х	Х
Т	Select Tone Dial	Х	Х	Х	Х
Р	Select Pulse Dial	Х	Х	Х	Х
A	Answer	Х	Х	х	Х
Н	Hook Control	Х	Х	х	Х
0	Return to Online Data State	Х	Х	Х	Х
L	Monitor Speaker Loudness	х	Х	х	х
М	Monitor Speaker Mode	Х	Х	Х	Х
&G	Select Guard Tone	Х	Х	Х	Х
&P	Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio	х	Х	х	х
&V	Display Current Configuration	х	Х	х	х
&W	Store Current Configuration	х	Х	х	х
	Modulation Control				
+MS	Modulation Selection	Х	Х	х	х
+MR	Modulation Reporting Control	X	X	X	X
	Error Control		1		
+ES	Error Control and Synchronous Mode Selection	Х	Х	x	х
+EB	Break Handling in Error Control operation	X	X	x	X
+ESR	Selective Repeat	X	X	x	X
+EFCS	32-bit Frame Check Sequence	X	X	X	X
+ER	Error Control Reporting	X X	X	X	X
		X X	X	X	X

		Configuration				
Command	Description	Data/Fax	Data/Fax/Voice	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone/ ISDN	
	Data Compression					
+DS	Data Compression	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+DR	Data Compression Reporting	Х	Х	Х	Х	
%E	Enable/Disable Line Quality Monitor and Auto- Retrain	х	x	х	х	
%L	Line Signal Level	Х	Х	Х	Х	
%Q	Line Signal Quality	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	V.8 and V.8 bis					
+A8E	V.8 and V.8bis Operation Control	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+A8M	Send V.8 Menu Signals	Х	Х	Х	х	
+A8T	Send V.8bis Signal and/or Message(s)	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	Synchronous Mode Access					
+ESA	Synchronous Access Mode Configuration	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+ITF	Transmit Flow Control Thresholds	Х	Х	х	Х	
	World-Class					
*B	Display Blacklisted Numbers	Х	Х	х	х	
*D	Display Delayed Numbers	х	Х	х	х	
+GCI	Country of Installation	х	Х	х	х	
	DSVD Control					
-SSE	Enable/Disable DSVD	Х	Х	x	х	
-002		X	~	~	~	
	Fax Commands	~	×	~	×	
+FAE	Data/fax Auto Answer	X	X	X	X	
+FTS	Stop Transmission and Pause	X	X	X	X	
+FRS	Wait for Silence	X	X	X	X	
+FTM	Transmit Data with <mod> Carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X	
+FRM	Receive Data with <mod> Carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X	
+FTH	Transmit HDLC Data with <mod> Carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X	
+FRH	Receive HDLC Data with <mod> Carrier</mod>	Х	X	X	X	
+FAR	Adaptive Reception Control	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+FCL	Carrier Loss Timeout	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+FDD	Double Escape Character Replacement Control	Х	X	Х	Х	
+FIT	DTE Inactivity Timeout	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+FPR	Local DTE-Modem Serial Port Rate					
+FMI	Manufacturer Identification	-	Х	Х	Х	
+FMM	Product Identification	-	Х	Х	Х	
+FMR	Version, Revision, etc.	-	Х	Х	Х	
+FLO	Flow Control	-	Х	Х	Х	
	S-Parameters					
S0	Automatic Answer	Х	Х	Х	х	
S1	Ring Counter	Х	Х	Х	х	
S2	Escape Character	Х	Х	Х	Х	
S3	Command Line Termination Character	х	Х	х	Х	
S4	Response Formatting Character	х	Х	Х	Х	
S5	Command Line Editing Character	х	Х	х	Х	
S6	Pause Before Blind Dialing	Х	Х	Х	Х	
S7	Connection Completion Timeout	Х	Х	Х	Х	
S8	Comma Dial Modifier Time	Х	Х	Х	Х	
S10	Automatic Disconnect Delay	х	Х	х	Х	
S11	DTMF Tone Duration	Х	Х	х	Х	
S12	Escape Prompt Delay (EPD)	Х	Х	х	х	
S29	Flash Dial Modifier Time	х	Х	х	х	

able 7-1. Command Set Summary - Functional Use Sort (Cont'd)	

AT Command Reference Manual

		Configuration				
Command	Description	Data/Fax	Data/Fax/Voice	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone/ ISDN	
	Voice Commands					
+VCID	Caller ID (CID)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDID	DID Feature	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VNH	Automatic Hang-up Control	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VIP	Voice Initialize All Parameters	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VRX	Start Modem Receive (Record)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VTS	Voice Tone Send	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VTX	Start Modem Transmit (Playback)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VGR	Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VGT	Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VIT	Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/modem)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VLS0-15	Analog Source/Destination Selection	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VRA	Ringback Goes Away Timer	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VRN	Ringback Never Appeared Timer	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VSD	Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VSM	Compression Method Selection	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VTD	Beep Tone Duration Timer	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDR	Distinctive Ring	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDT	Control Tone Cadence Reporting	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VBT	Buffer Threshold Setting	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VPR	Select DTE/Modem Interface Rate	-	Х	Х	Х	
	Speakerphone Commands					
+VSP	Speakerphone ON/OFF	-	-	Х	Х	
+VDX	Speakerphone Duplex Mode	-	-	Х	Х	
+VLS16-19	Speakerphone Signal Control	-	-	Х	Х	
+VGM	Microphone Gain					
+VGS	Speaker Gain	-	-	Х	Х	

Table 7-1. Command Set Summary - Functional Use Sort (Cont'd)

		Configuration			
Command	Description	Data/Fax	Data/Fax/Voice	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone/ ISDN
%E	Enable/Disable Line Quality Monitor and Auto- Retrain	Х	Х	Х	х
%L	Line Signal Level	Х	Х	Х	Х
%Q	Line Signal Quality	Х	Х	Х	Х
&C	RLSD Behavior	Х	Х	Х	Х
&D	DTR Behavior	Х	Х	Х	Х
&F	Set to Factory-Defined Configuration	Х	Х	Х	Х
&G	Select Guard Tone	Х	Х	Х	Х
&P	Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio	Х	Х	Х	Х
&V	Display Current Configuration	Х	х	Х	х
&W	Store Current Configuration	Х	Х	Х	х
*B	Display Blacklisted Numbers	Х	х	х	х
*D	Display Delayed Numbers	х	х	х	х
+A8E	V.8 and V.8bis Operation Control	X	x	X	X
+A8M	Send V.8 Menu Signals	X	X	X	X
+A8T	Send V.8bis Signal and/or Message(s)	X	X	X	X
+DR	Data Compression Reporting	X	x	X	X
+DS	Data Compression	X	X	X	X
+EB	Break Handling in Error Control operation	X	X	X	X
+EFCS	32-bit Frame Check Sequence	X	X	X	X
+ER	Error Control Reporting	X	X	X	X
+ES	Error Control and Synchronous Mode Selection	X	X	X	X
+ESA	Synchronous Access Mode Configuration	X	X	X	X
+ESR	Selective Repeat	X	X	X	X
+ETBM	Call Termination Buffer Management	X	X	x	X
+FAE	Data/fax Auto Answer	X X	X	x	X
+FAR	Adaptive Reception Control	X	X	x	X
+FCL	Carrier Loss Timeout	X X	x	X	X
+FCLASS	Select Active Service Class	X	X	X	X
+FDD	Double Escape Character Replacement Control	X	x	X	X
+FIT	DTE Inactivity Timeout	х	Х	х	Х
+FLO	Flow Control	-	X	X	X
+FMI	Manufacturer Identification	-	X	X	X
+FMM	Product Identification	-	х	х	Х
+FMR	Version, Revision, etc.	-	x	X	X
+FPR	Local DTE-Modem Serial Port Rate	Х	x	X	X
+FRH	Receive HDLC data with <mod> carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X
+FRM	Receive Data with <mod> carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X
+FRS	Wait for Silence	X	X	X	X
+FTH	Transmit HDLC data with <mod> carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X
+FTM	Transmit Data with <mod> carrier</mod>	X	X	X	X
+FTS	Stop Transmission and Pause	X	x	X	X
+GCAP	Request Complete Capabilities List	X	X	X	X
+GCI	Country of Installation	X	X	X	X
+GMI	Request Manufacturer Identification	X	X	X	X
+GMM	Request Model Identification	X	X	x	X
+GMR	Request Revision Identification	X X	X	x	X
+GOI	Request Global Object Identification	X	X	X	X
+GON	Request Product Serial Number Identification	X	X	X	X
+H		X	×	X	X
T11	Enable/Disable Video Ready Mode	^	^	^	^

Table 7-2. Command Set Summary - Alphanumeric Sort

AT Command Reference Manual

		Configuration				
Command	Description	Data/Fax	Data/Fax/Voice	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone	Data/Fax/Voice/ Speakerphone/ ISDN	
+IFC	DTE-Modem Local Flow Control	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+ILRR	DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting	Х	Х	х	Х	
+ITF	Transmit Flow Control Thresholds	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+MR	Modulation Reporting Control	Х	Х	Х	Х	
+MS	Modulation Selection	Х	Х	х	Х	
+VBT	Buffer Threshold Setting	-	Х	х	Х	
+VCID	Caller ID (CID)	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDID	DID Feature	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDR	Distinctive Ring	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDT	Control Tone Cadence Reporting	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VDX	Speakerphone Duplex Mode	-	-	Х	Х	
+VGM	Microphone Gain	-	-	х	Х	
+VGR	Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain)	-	Х	х	х	
+VGS	Speaker Gain	-	-	Х	Х	
+VGT	Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)	-	Х	х	х	
+VIP	Voice Initialize All Parameters	-	х	х	Х	
+VIT	Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/modem)	-	Х	х	х	
+VLS	Analog Source/Destination Selection	_	Х	х	х	
+VNH	Automatic Hang-up control	-	Х	х	х	
+VPR	Select DTE/Modem Interface Rate	-	Х	х	х	
+VRA	Ringback Goes Away Timer	-	Х	х	Х	
+VRN	Ringback Never Appeared Timer	-	Х	х	Х	
+VRX	Start Modem Receive (Record)	-	Х	х	х	
+VSD	Silence Detection (QUIET & SILENCE)	-	Х	х	Х	
+VSM	Compression Method Selection	_	х	Х	х	
+VSP	Speakerphone ON/OFF	-	-	х	Х	
+VTD	Beep Tone Duration Timer	-	Х	Х	Х	
+VTS	Voice Tone Send	_	х	х	х	
+VTX	Start Modem Transmit (Playback)	-	Х	Х	Х	
-SSE	Enable/Disable DSVD	Х	Х	х	Х	
A	Answer	X	X	X	X	
D	Dial	X	X	X	X	
E	Command Echo	X	X	X	X	
- Н	Hook Control	X	X	X	X	
1	Request Identification Information	X	X	X	X	
L	Monitor Speaker Loudness	X	X	X	X	
M	Monitor Speaker Mode	x	X	x	X	
0	Return to Online Data State	X	X	X	X	
P	Select Pulse Dial	× ×	X	X	X	
Q	Result Code Suppression	× ×	X	X	X	

Table 7-2. Command Set Summary - Alphanumeric Sort (Cont'd)

		Configuration			
Command	Description	1- Data/Fax	2- Plus Voice	3- Plus SP	5- Plus ISDN
S0	Number of Rings to Automatic Answer	Х	Х	Х	Х
S1	Ring Counter	Х	х	х	Х
S2	Escape Character	Х	х	х	Х
S3	Line Termination Character	Х	Х	х	Х
S4	Response Formatting Character	Х	х	х	Х
S5	Command Line Editing Character	Х	Х	Х	Х
S6	Pause Before Blind Dialing	Х	х	х	Х
S7	Connection Completion Timeout	Х	Х	х	Х
S8	Comma Dial Modifier Time	Х	Х	Х	Х
S10	Automatic Disconnect Delay	Х	Х	Х	Х
S11	DTMF Tone Duration	Х	Х	х	Х
S12	Escape Prompt Delay (EPD)	Х	Х	Х	Х
S29	Flash Dial Modifier Time	Х	Х	Х	Х
Т	Select Tone Dial	Х	Х	Х	Х
V	Modem Response Format	Х	Х	Х	Х
х	Result Code Selection and Call Progress Monitoring Control	X	х	х	x
Z	Reset To Default Configuration	Х	х	Х	Х

Table 7-2. Command Set Summary - Alphanumeric Sort (Cont'd)

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%E - Enable/Disable Line Quality Monitor, Auto-Retrain, and	I Auto-
Rate Renegotiation	3-23
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&C - RLSD Behavior	3-6
&D - DTR Behavior	3-6
&F - Set to Factory-Defined Configuration	3-2
&G - Select Guard Tone	3-12
&P - Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio	3-12
&V - Display Current Configuration and Stored Profiles	3-13
&W - Store Current Configuration	3-13

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*B - Display Blacklisted Numbers	-33
*D - Display Delayed Numbers3	-33

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+A8C: - Calling Tone Indication
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+A8M: - V.8 Menu Report
+A8M - Send V.8 Menu Signals3-25
+A8R: - V.8bis Signal and Message Reporting3-28
+A8T - Send V.8bis Signal and/or Message(s)3-25
+DR - Data Compression Reporting
+DS - Data Compression3-21
+EB - Break Handling in Error Control Operation3-19
+EFCS - 32-bit Frame Check Sequence
+ER - Error Control Reporting3-20
+ES - Error Control and Synchronous Mode Selection
+ESA - Configure Synchronous Access Mode3-31
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+FAE - Auto Answer Enable4-4
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+FCLASS=8 - Select Voice Mode5-2
+FCLASS=80 - Select VoiceView Mode5-2
+FDD - Double Escape Character Replacement4-9
+FIT - DTE Inactivity Timeout4-9
+FLO - Flow Control4-12
+FMI - Request Manufacturer Identification4-11
+FMM - Request Model Identification4-12
+FMR - Request Revision Identification4-12

+FPR - Fixed DTE Rate	
+FRH - Receive Data with HDLC Framing	
+FRM - Receive Data	
+FRS - Receive Silence	
+FTH - Transmit Data with HDLC Framing	
+FTM - Transmit Facsimile	
+FTS - Transmit Silence	
+GCAP - Request Complete Capabilities List	
+GCI - Country of Installation	
+GMI - Request Manufacturer Identification	
+GMM - Request Model Identification	
+GMR - Request Revision Identification	
+GOI - Request Global Object Identification	
+GSN - Request Product Serial Number Identification	3-4
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+VGM - Microphone Gain	
+VGR - Voice Gain Receive (Record Gain)	5-5
+VGS - Speaker Gain	
+VGT - Voice Gain Transmit (Playback Volume)	
+VIP - Voice Initialize All Parameters	
+VIT - Voice Inactivity Timer (DTE/Modem	
+VLS - Analog Source/Destination Selection	
+VNH - Automatic Hang-up Control	
+VPR - Select DTE/Modem Interface Rate (Turn Off Au	
+VRA - Ringback Goes Away Timer	
+VRN - Ringback Never Appeared Timer	
+VRX - Start Modem Receive (Record)	
+VSD - Silence Detection (Quiet and Silence	
+VSM - Compression Method Selection	
+VSP - Speakerphone ON/OFF	
+VTD - Beep Tone Duration Timer	
+VTD - Beep Tone Duration Time:	
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S1 - Ring Counter	
S10 - Lost Carrier To Hang Up Delay S11 - DTMF Tone Duration	
S11 - DTMF Tone Duration S12 - Escape Prompt Delay (EPD)	
S12 - Escape Character	
S29 - Flash Dial Modifier Time	
S3 - Line Termination Character	
S4 - Response Formatting Character	
S5 - Command Line Editing Character	
S6 - Wait Time for Dial Tone Before Blind Dialing, or After	
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