

2~24-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway VIP-281/480/880/1680/2480 series

User's manual

Version 2.1.0

Copyright

Copyright (C) 2010 PLANET Technology Corp. All rights reserved.

The products and programs described in this User's Manual are licensed products of PLANET Technology, This User's Manual contains proprietary information protected by copyright, and this User's Manual and all accompanying hardware, software, and documentation are copyrighted.

No part of this User's Manual may be copied, photocopied, reproduced, translated, or reduced to any electronic medium or machine-readable form by any means by electronic or mechanical. Including photocopying, recording, or information storage and retrieval systems, for any purpose other than the purchaser's personal use, and without the prior express written permission of PLANET Technology.

Disclaimer

PLANET Technology does not warrant that the hardware will work properly in all environments and applications, and makes no warranty and representation, either implied or expressed, with respect to the quality, performance, merchantability, or fitness for a particular purpose.

PLANET has made every effort to ensure that this User's Manual is accurate; PLANET disclaims liability for any inaccuracies or omissions that may have occurred.

Information in this User's Manual is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of PLANET. PLANET assumes no responsibility for any inaccuracies that may be contained in this User's Manual. PLANET makes no commitment to update or keep current the information in this User's Manual, and reserves the right to make improvements to this User's Manual and/or to the products described in this User's Manual, at any time without notice.

If you find information in this manual that is incorrect, misleading, or incomplete, we would appreciate your comments and suggestions.

CE mark Warning

The is a class B device, In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Energy Saving Note of the Device

This power required device does not support Stand by mode operation.

For energy saving, please remove the DC-plug or push the hardware Power Switch to OFF position to disconnect the device from the power circuit.

Without remove the DC-plug or switch off the device, the device will still consuming power from the power circuit. In the view of Saving the Energy and reduce the unnecessary power consuming, it is strongly suggested to switch off or remove the DC-plug for the device if this device is not intended to be active.

WEEE Warning



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.

Trademarks

The PLANET logo is a trademark of PLANET Technology. This documentation may refer to numerous hardware and software products by their trade names. In most, if not all cases, their respective companies claim these designations as trademarks or registered trademarks.

Revision

User's Manual for PLANET 2~24-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway: Model: VIP-281/VIP-480/VIP-1680/VIP-2480 series Rev: 2.1 (February, 2010) Part No. EM-VIP GW_V2.1

| Chapter 1 Introduction | 6 |
|---|------------------|
| Overview | 6 0 |
| Package Content | 00 0 |
| Figsical Details | 9 10 |
| Chapter 2 Propagations & Installation | 1010 12 |
| Chapter 2 Freparations & Installation | |
| LAN/WAN Interface quick configurations | 13 14 |
| LAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface | 14 1 <i>1</i> |
| WAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface | 14 |
| Chanter 3 Network Service Configurations | 15 16 |
| Configuring and monitoring your VoIP Cateway from web browser | |
| Overview on the web interface of VoIP Gateway | 10 16 |
| Manipulation of VoIP Gateway via web browser | 10 |
| Wizard Setun for Quick Start | 10 17 |
| 1 WAN Port Type Setup (Setup First) | 17 17 |
| Configuring NAT or Bridge setting. | 17 |
| 3 VoIP Call Protocol Setun | 20 |
| Chapter 4 System Configurations | |
| Advance Setup of Network Setup | |
| WAN Setting | 22 |
| LAN Setting | 24 |
| Virtual Server | 25 |
| Dynamic DNS | |
| Netwrok Management | 27 |
| Advance Setup of VoIP Setup | |
| VoIP Basic Configuration to H.323 protocol | |
| Dialing Plan to H.323 protocol. | |
| Advance Setting to H.323 protocol | |
| VoIP Basic Configuration to SIP Protocol | 40 |
| Dialing Plan to SIP protocol | 42 |
| Advance Setting to SIP protocol | 45 |
| VoIP Basic & Dialing Plan Configuration for FXO Caller ID model | 49 |
| Port Status | |
| Chapter 5 System Administrations | 53 |

| Management | 53 |
|---|--|
| Save Configuration | 54 |
| Access Control | 54 |
| Set To Default Configuration | 54 |
| Backup/Restore Configuration to a File | 55 |
| System Information Display Function | 55 |
| SNTP Setting Function | 56 |
| Syslog setting | 56 |
| Capture packetackets Function | |
| Appendix A | 58 |
| Voice communications | 58 |
| Concepts: Voice port | |
| H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode | 60 |
| H.323 VoIP Call: Gatekeeper Mode | 63 |
| SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode | 66 |
| SIP VoIP Call: SIP Proxy Server | 69 |
| Appendix B | 72 |
| | |
| FAQ | 72 |
| FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process | |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning | |
| FAQFAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and ProcessFAQ 2: Busy Tone LearningFAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S | |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision | 72 73 74 74 75 75 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting | 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 75 77 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 77 80 81 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning. FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 81 83 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning. FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 80 81 83 83 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning. FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 80 81 83 83 85 87 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning. FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 77 77 80 81 81 83 83 85 87 89 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 77 80 81 81 83 85 87 89 89 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting VIP-281 series Specifications VIP-480 series Specifications | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 77 80 80 81 81 83 83 85 87 89 90 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 5: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting VIP-281 series Specifications VIP-480 series Specifications VIP-880 series Specifications | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 80 81 83 83 83 85 87 89 89 90 90 |
| FAQ FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning. FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter S FAQ 4: Answer Supervision FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting VIP-281 series Specifications. VIP-480 series Specifications. VIP-1680 series Specifications. | 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 77 80 80 81 81 83 83 85 87 89 |

Chapter 1 1 Introduction

Overview

With years of Internet telephony and router manufacturing experience, PLANET proudly introduces the newest member of the PLANET VoIP gateway family: the **VIP-GW**, **VIP-281 / VIP-480 / VIP-880 / VIP-1680 / VIP-2480** series.

The PLANET VoIP Gateway is fully both SIP and H.323 standard compliant residential gateway that provides a total solution for integrating voice-data network and the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), not only provides quality voice communications, but also offers secure, reliable Internet sharing capabilities for daily voice and Internet communications.

With advanced DSP processor (TI) and cutting edge VoIP technology, the PLANET VoIP Gateway is capable of handling both SIP and the H.323 calls. Up to 2/4/8/16/24 registrations to the SIP proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper, the VoIP Gateway are able to make calls to either H.323 or SIP voice communication environment. The VoIP Gateway is equipped with 1/4 LAN port Ethernet switch and built-in NAT router function that provides Internet access using only one IP address; with these features, users may now enjoy high quality voice calls and secure Internet access without interfering with routine activities.

Meanwhile, the PLANET VoIP Gateway is designed for comfort, ease-of-use with a sophisticated, and satisfaction from customers, VoIP Gateway not only inherits traditions of quality voice communications and real-time fax data over IP networks, but VoIP Gateway also eliminates the human resource VoIP network deployment. With optimized H.323/SIP architecture, PLANET VoIP Gateway is the ideal choices for P2P voice chat, ITSP cost-saving solution, but also provide network-converting feature to translate the packet network into traditional PBX system.

With built-in PPPoE/DHCP/DDNS clients, up to 2/4/8/16/24 concurrent connections in VoIP Gateway, voice communications can be established from anywhere around the world. PLANET VoIP Gateway comes with intuitive user-friendly, yet powerful management interface (web/telnet), that can dramatically reduce IT personnel resource, and complete VoIP deployment in a short time, plus remote management capability, VoIP administrators can monitor machine/network status, or proceed maintenance/trouble-shooting service via Internet browser or telnet session. Besides, it provides voice channels status display and optimized packet voice streaming over managed and public (Internet) IP networks.

There are models for VIP-281/VIP-480/VIP-880/VIP-1680/VIP-2480 and there are:

2-Port Model -

VIP-281 equips one FXO and one FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).

> VIP-281FS equips two FXS interfaces telephone set or FAX machine connection (FXS).

4-Port Model -

- VIP-480 equips two FXO and two FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone set or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- > VIP-480FS equips four FXS interfaces telephone set or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- > VIP-480FO equips four FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).
- VIP-480FD equips four FXO interfaces support Caller ID to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

8-Port Model -

- VIP-880 equips four FXO and four FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- > VIP-880FO equips eight FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

16-Port Model -

- VIP-1680 equips eight FXO and eight FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- > VIP-1680FS equips sixteen FXS interfaces telephone set or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- VIP-1680FO equips sixteen FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).
- VIP-1680FD equips sixteen FXO interfaces support Caller ID to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

24-Port Model -

- VIP-2480 equips twelve FXO and twelve FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- > VIP-2480FS equips twenty-four FXS interfaces telephone set or FAX machine connection (FXS).
- VIP-2480FO equips twenty-four FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).
- VIP-2480FD equips twenty-four FXO interfaces support Caller ID to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

In the following section, unless specified, VIP-GW will represent the family of products.

Network Feature

• Network Address Translation (NAT):

NAT allows multiple PCs to connect to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) using a single Internet access account.

• Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Client Support:

If you are a DSL user, the router has a built-in PPPoE client for establishing a DSL link connection with the ISP. There is no need to install a further PPPoE driver on your computers.

Smart QoS

The smart QoS provide stable voice quality while user access internet from private LAN to internet at thesame time. This device would start suppressing throughput automatically when VoIP call proceed and keep full speed access when there is no VoIP traffic.

• DDNS(Dynamic Domain Name Server)

DDNS is a service that maps Internet domain names to IP addresses. It allows you to provide Internet users with a domain name (instead of an IP Address) to access your Virtual Servers.

• Virtual Server

Remote Users can access services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP addresses.

VoIP Functions

- H.323 / SIP dual mode communication
- SIP 2.0 (RFC3261), H.323v4 compliant
- Peer-to-Peer / H.323 GK / SIP proxy calls
- Voice codec support: G.711(A-law / μ -law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps)
- Voice processing: Voice Active Detection, DTMF detection, G.165/G.168 compliant echo canceller, silence detection, FAX (T.38 / T.30) Mode Option.
- Built in adaptive buffer that helps to smooth out the variations in delay (jitter) for voice traffic.
- Voice channels status display: This function display each port status likes as on-hook, off-hook, calling number called number, talk duration, codec.
- Life line support for co-existing FXO-FXS port of VIP-281, VIP-480, VIP-880, VIP-882, VIP-1680 and VIP-2480 while power down.

Package Content

The contents of your product should contain the following items:

- The VoIP Gateway
- Power adapter (2 / 4 / 8-port model) / Power cord (16 / 24-port model)
- Quick Installation Guide
- User's Manual CD
- RJ-45 cable x 1

- RS-232 cable x 1 (8 / 16 / 24-port model)
- 25 port Telephone Cable x 1 (16 / 24-port model)
- Rack mount brackets x 2 (16 / 24-port model)

Physical Details

The following figure illustrates the front/rear panel of VIP-GW series:

| | | | | 1 | nternet Te | lephony Gatewa | зy |
|--|----------|-------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|----|
| ○ PWR | | | WAN O | <u></u> ۱ ن | NE1 | ● In-Use ★ Ringing | |
| | Front Pa | inel of VII | P-281/VIP | -281FS | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | ¢ |) | | | | |
| CAUTION Black: FA Read the Installation Guide before make the connection, | 2 | WAN | 1 2 | LAN | RESET O | 12V DC | |
| | Rear Pa | inel of VIF | P-281/VIP | -281FS | | | |
| | | | 201711 | 2011 0 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Internet Te | lephony Gatew | ay |
| PLANET VIP-480 | 19-20 | | | | Internet Te | lephony Gatew | ay |



Rear Panel of VIP-480/VIP-480FS/VIP-480FO

| PLANET VIP-880 | (72) | | Intern | net Tele | epho | ny G | ateway |
|----------------|---------------|---|--------|----------|------|------|--------|
| Console | | | | | | | |
| | - LAN - WAN - | 1 | L | INE | | | In-Use |

Front Panel of VIP-880/VIP-880FS/VIP-880FO



Rear Panel of VIP-880/VIP-880FS/VIP-880FO

| | | 16-Port Internet Telephony Gateway |
|--|----------|--|
| | VIP-1680 | - LAN - WAL - Mining O |

Front Panel of VIP-1680/VIP-1680FS/VIP-1680FO/VIP-1680FD

| | 24-Port Internet Telephony Gateway |
|---|--|
| ∫ | UNI 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 |

Front Panel of VIP-2480/VIP-2480FS/VIP-2480FO/VIP-2480FD



Rear Panel of VIP-1680/VIP-1680FO/VIP-2480/VIP-2480FO

Front Panel LED Indicators & Rear Panels

| Front Panel LED | State | Descriptions |
|---|----------|-----------------------------------|
| PWR | On | GW is powered ON |
| | Off | GW is powered Off |
| CPU (VIP-880 / VIP-1680 / VIP-2480 series) | Flashing | The system is running |
| WAN Port | ON | GW network connection established |
| | Flashing | Data traffic on cable network |
| | Off | Waiting for network connection |
| LAN Port | ON | LAN is connected successfully |
| | Flashing | Data is transmitting |
| | Off | Ethernet not connected to PC |
| FXS | ON | Telephone Set is Off-Hook |
| | Flashing | Ring Indication |
| | Off | Telephone Set is On-Hook |
| FXO | On | Line is busy |
| | Off | Line is not enabled |
| LCD Panel | On | System is operation |
| (VIP-1680/ VIP-2480 series) | Off | System is Shutdown |

NOTE: System initialization will turn some LEDs ON for a few seconds.

VNote

The Default LAN IP is http://192.168.0.1. Press RESET button on rear panel over 5 seconds will reset the VoIP Gateway to this default LAN/WAN IP address and Username/Password function.

| Rear Panel | Descriptions |
|--|--|
| WAN | The WAN port supports auto negotiating Fast Ethernet 10/100Base-T networks. This port allows your voice gateway to be connected to an Internet Access device, e.g. router, cable modem, ADSL modem, through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable. |
| LAN (VIP-880/VIP-1680/ VIP-2480 series) LAN 1 ~ LAN 4 | The LAN port supports 1/4 10/100Base-T switch hub networks. These 1/4 ports allow your PC or Switch/Hub to be connected to the voice gateway through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable. |
| (VIP-281/VIP-480 series) | |
| Reset | The reset button, when pressed, resets the cable voice gateway without the need to unplug the power cord. Note: (the VIP-880 series in Front Panel) |
| Power | The supplied power adapter connects here. |
| FXS | FXS port was connected to your telephone sets or Trunk Line of PBX. |
| FXO | FXO port was connected to the extension port of a PBX or directly |
| | connected to a PSTN line of carrier. |
| Standard Telco 50 PIN | It is a 50 pins RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel. |
| Connector (RJ-21) | Note: (the VIP-1680/VIP-2480 series only) |
| 9-pin RS-232 (VIP-880/VIP-1680/ VIP-2480 series) | Connecting VIP to a terminal emulator for configuring VIP Note: (the VIP-880 series in Front Panel) |

Connecting to the telephone patch panel (16-port/24-port model)

STEP 1: Attach the 25 port patch panel to the gateway through its RJ-21 connector.

STEP 2: The FXS LED indicators at telephone patch panel should be steady ON if the RJ-21 connector is well connected to the gateway and the gateway is powered on.



| Patch Panel LED | State | Descriptions |
|-----------------|-------|---------------------------|
| EXS | ON | Telephone Set is On-Hook |
| | Off | Telephone Set is Off-Hook |
| EVO | On | Line is not enabled |
| FAU | Off | Line is In-using |

Note: The FXO interface is designed for connecting to PBXs (extension line) or central office switches

(CO line), and the FXS interface is designed for connecting to analog telephone sets or fax machines. If the telephone cable connects to VIP-16/2480 series, the FXS interfaces are odd ports i.e. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and the FXO interfaces are even ports, i.e. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24.

Incorrectly connecting telephony devices to the RJ11 port on the Telephony Interface can cause permanent damage to the VoIP Gateway

Chapter 2 Preparations & Installation

Physical Installation Requirement

This chapter illustrates basic installation of VIP-GW series

- Network cables. Use standard 10/100Base-TX network (UTP) cables with RJ45 connectors.
- TCP/IP protocol must be installed on all PCs.

For Internet Access, an Internet Access account with an ISP, and either of a DSL or Cable modem (for WAN port usage)

Administration Interface

PLANET VIP-GW provides GUI (Web based, Graphical User Interface) for machine management and administration.

Web configuration access:

To start VIP-GW web configuration, you must have one of these web browsers installed on computer for management

- Netscape Communicator 4.03 or higher
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01 or higher with Java support

Default LAN interface IP address of VIP-GW is **192.168.0.1**. You may now open your web browser, and insert **http://192.168.0.1** in the address bar of your web browser to logon VIP-GW web configuration page.

VIP-GW will prompt for logon username/password, please enter: **admin / 123** to continue machine administration.

| Connect to 192. | 168.0.1 🛛 🖓 🔀 |
|--|----------------------|
| R | GA |
| Please input userna <u>U</u> ser name: <u>P</u> assword: | ame/password |
| | Remember my password |

Vote Note

Please locate your PC in the same network segment (192.168.0.x) of VIP-GW. If you're not familiar with TCP/IP, please refer to related chapter on user's manual CD or consult your network administrator for proper network configurations.

LAN/WAN Interface quick configurations

Nature of PLANET VIP-GW is an IP Sharing (NAT) device, it comes with two default IP addresses, and default LAN side IP address is "**192.168.0.1**", default WAN side IP address is "**172.16.0.1**". You may use any PC to connect to the LAN port of VIP-GW to start machine administration.

(i) Hint

In general cases, the LAN IP address is the default gateway of LAN side workstations for Internet access, and the WAN IP of VIP-GW are the IP address for remote calling party to connect with.

LAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface

Execute your web browser, and insert the IP address (default: **192.168.0.1**) of VIP in the adddress bar. After logging on machine with username/password (default: **admin / 123**), browse to "**Advance Setup**" --> "**LAN setting**" configuration menu:

| | LAN IP Address Setting |
|----------------|------------------------|
| IP Address | 192 . 168 . 0 . 1 |
| IP Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| DHCP Server | ⊙ Enable ○ Disable |

Parameter Description

| ID adduces | LAN IP address of VIP-GW |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| IP address | Default: 192.168.0.1 |
| | LAN IP address of VIP-GW |
| Subnet Mask | Default: 255.255.255.0 |

(i) Hint It is suggested to keep the DHCP server related parameters in default state to keep machine in best performance.

After confirming the modification you've done, Please click on the **Apply** button to macke the changes effective, and click **"Save Configuration"** to save configuration.

WAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface

Execute your web browser, and insert the IP address (default: **172.16.0.1**) of VIP in the adddress bar. After logging on machine with username/password (default: **admin / 123**), browse to "**WAN Setting**" configuration menu, you will see the configuration screen below:

WAN Port Type Configuration

| WAN Type Setting | Static IP 🖌 Select |
|------------------|--------------------|
| IP Address | 172.16.0.1 |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.0.0 |
| Default Router | 172.16.0.254 |

| Connection Type | Data required. | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Static IP | The ISP will assign IP Address, and related information. | |
| | Get WAN IP Address automatically; it is no need to configure the | |
| DICP | DHCP settings. | |
| DDDoE | The ISP will assign PPPoE username / password for Internet | |
| PPPOE | access, | |

(i) Hint

Please consult your ISP personnel to obtain proper PPPoE/IP address related information, and input carefully. If Internet connection cannot be established, please check the physical connection or contact the ISP service staff for support information.

Chapter 3

Network Service Configurations

Configuring and monitoring your VoIP Gateway from web browser

The VIP-GW integrates a web-based graphical user interface that can cover most configurations and machine status monitoring. Via standard, web browser, you can configure and check machine status from anywhere around the world.

Overview on the web interface of VoIP Gateway

With web graphical user interface, you may have:

- More comprehensive setting feels than traditional command line interface.
- Provides user input data fields, check boxes, and for changing machine configuration settings
- Displays machine running configuration

To start VIP-GW web configuration, you must have one of these web browsers installed on computer for management

- Netscape Communicator 4.03 or higher
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01 or higher with Java support

Manipulation of VoIP Gateway via web browser

Log on VoIP Gateway via web browser

After TCP/IP configurations on your PC, you may now open your web browser, and input *http://192.168.0.1* to logon VoIP gateway web configuration page.

VoIP gateway will prompt for logon username/password: admin / 123

| Connect to 192 | .168.0.1 🛛 🖓 🔀 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R | GR. |
| Please input userr User name: | name/password |
| Password: | <u>R</u> emember my password |
| | OK Cancel |

VIP-GW log in page

| System Configuration | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Setup Wizard Advance Setup System Administration | Setup Wizard: Let you configure your VoIP gateway in three simple steps and within 3 minutes. Advance Setup: Let you configure advance VoIP gateway features. System Administration: View system information and management system information. | | |
| PLANET Networking & Communication | Copyright(c) 2006 PLANET Technology Corp. All right reserved. | | |

VIP-GW main page

Wizard Setup for Quick Start

Wizard Setup

After finishing the authentication, the Main menu will display 3 parts of configuration, please click **"Wizard Setup**" to enter quick start:

1. WAN Port Type Setup (Setup First)

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The VIP-GW support the WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click "**WAN Port Type Setup**" from within the **Wizard Setup**, the following setup page will be show:

| OPLANET SPIL | D WIZARd Main Menu Reboot |
|---|---|
| WAN Type Selection: 2.NAT Setting 3.VolP Call Setting | 1.WAN Type Please specify the WAN connection type required. Please select one of these three types: DHCP Client for Cable modem, Fixed-IP, or PPPoE for ADSL modem. DHCP - Cable Modem This function will be automatically configured when plugged into the cable modem. If there is a Domain Name Server (DNS) that you would input to use. Fixed - IP Internet Service Providers may assign a fixed IP address for your VoIP Router. Select this option and enter the assigned IP address, subnet mask, gateway IP and DNS IP addresses for your Barricade. PPPCE - ADSL If you connect to the Internet using an ADSL Modem, please enter the username and password which provided from ISP. |

| Three methods are available for Internet Access | | |
|---|---|--|
| Fixed IP User | If you are a leased line user with a fixed IP address, fill out the | |
| | following items with the information provided by your ISP. | |
| IP Address | check with your ISP provider | |
| Netmask | check with your ISP provider | |

| D | Default Gateway check with yo | | our ISP provider |
|---|--|--------------------|--|
| | 2 Fixed-IP | | |
| | IP Addre | ess | 172 . 16 . 0 . 1 |
| | Default I | Router IP Address | 172 , 16 , 0 , 254 |
| | Subnet | Mask | 255 , 255 , 0 , 0 |
| | Enter the IP address, Default Router IP a above. | address and Subnet | Mask provided to you by your ISP in the appropriate fields |
| | | BACK | FINISH |

ADSL Dial-Up User (PPPoE Enable)

Some ISPs provide DSL-based service and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to select this item.

| 3.РРРоЕ Туре | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| PPPoE Configuration : | | | |
| | Use PPPoE Authentication | | |
| | User Name(MAX. 40 characters) : | | |
| | Password(MAX. 40 characters) : | | |
| | Confirm password : | | |
| Enter the User Name and Password required by your ISP. | | | |
| BACK FINISH | | | |

| Three methods are available for Internet Access | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| User Name | Enter User Name provided by your ISP | |
| Password | Enter Password provided by your ISP | |
| Retype Password | Enter Password to confirm again | |

DHCP Client (Dynamic IP): (Get WAN IP Address automatically)

IP Address: If you are connected to the Internet through a Cable modem line then a dynamic IP address will be assigned.

| OPLANET SOTU | p Wizard | <u>Main Menu Reboot</u> |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| ₩AN Type Selection: 2.NAT Setting 3.VoIP Call Setting | DHCP Client Enabled ! | |

2. Configuring NAT or Bridge setting:

Bridge Mode:

When working on Bride Mode, the VoIP gateway will use only the LAN setting IP, The VIP-GW will use the same LAN IP setting as WAN IP. That means, when Bride mode enable, the WAN connection setting will be ignored.

NAT mode:

| LAN IP Network Configuration | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| IP Address | Private IP address for connecting to a local private network | | |
| | (Default: 192.168.0.1) | | |
| Cubret Meek | Netmask for the local private network | | |
| Subhet wask | (Default: 255.255.255.0) | | |

| NAT Settings | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------|--|
| O Bridge Mode ⊙ NAT Mode | | | |
| You can use NAT to allow PCs from LAN subnet for accessing Internet. | | | |
| LAN IP Setting ; | | | |
| IP Address | 192 . 168 . 1 . 10 | | |
| IP Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 | | |
| | | | |
| | BACK | FINISH | |

3. VoIP Call Protocol Setup

STEP 1 : Configure VoIP Call Signal Protocols :

User could select either H.323 or SIP Protocol, and click "select"

| VoIP Protocol Selection | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|--------|--|--|
| | SIP H.323 | ۷ | Select | | |

STEP 2 : Configure the numbering with phone/line ports

| Phone Number | The representation number is the phone number of the telephone that |
|--------------|---|
| Phone Number | is connected to phone port |
| | Line ports are connected to the extension ports of the PBX system or |
| | the PSTN line. They have a common Line Hunting Group Number. |
| | When this number is dialed, the VIP-GW system will find a free FXO |
| Line Number | line connected to PBX. This hunting will skip all busy lines and absent |
| | lines and find only the idle line to the PBX. After the available line is |
| | found, you can hear the dial tone from PBX. After that, you can dial |
| | the needed phone number out through PBX |

VoIP Call Settings



STEP 3: Let VIP-GW register to Gatekeeper/SIP Proxy Server

Note: If user does not have Gatekeeper/SIP proxy server, please go to STEP 4: Outgoing Dialing Plan

| | There is a gatekeeper address fields. If this gateway does not |
|-----------------------|---|
| Gatekeeper IP address | want to register to any gatekeeper, just set value 0.0.0.0 to the |
| | primary Gatekeeper address. |
| SID Brown Somer ID | There is a SIP proxy server address fields. If this VIP-GW does |
| | not want to register to any SIP proxy server, just set value |
| auuresses | 0.0.0.0 to the sip proxy server address. |

STEP 4: Outgoing Dialing Plan

The purpose of "Outgoing Direct Call" setting is to let user create a proprietary dialing plan when this Gateway is not registered to any H.323 Gatekeeper or any SIP proxy server. This setting can also assign some dialing plan to local ports (including prefix strip, prefix addition).

Through this setting, user can directly map a number to a specific gateway (IP address).

| Outgoing Dial Plan: | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|------------|------|
| Item | Phone Number | Min Digit | Max Digit | Strip Len | Prefix Number | IP Address | Port |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | |

In the "Outgoing Dial Plan" settings: Maximum Entries : 50

"Leading Number" is the leading digits of the dialing number.

"Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Strip Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Prefix Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination" is the IP address of the destination gateway that owns this phone number

STEP 5: Finishing the Wizard Setup

After completing the Wizard Setup, please click "**Finish**" bottom. The VIP-GW will save the configuration and rebooting gateway automatically. After 20 Seconds, you could re-login the machine.

System will reboot,Please wait a minute!



Advance Setup of Network Setup

In Advanced Setup, VIP-GW provides user two major parts function to configure:

One is "Network Setup", the other one is "VoIP Call Setup"

| Network Setup Label | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| MAN Cotting | Sets/changes the WAN port type like "Fixed IP", "DHCP | |
| WAN Setting | Client" or "PPPoE". | |
| I AN Cotting | Modifies the IP address of the LAN port and setting DHCP | |
| LAN Setting | server parameters. | |
| | Remote user can access server such as Web or FTP at | |
| Virtual Server | redirected to local servers configured with private IP address. | |
| Dunomio DNS | Dynamitic DNS allows you to provide Internet users with a | |
| | domain name to access your server. | |
| | Network parameter allows you to modify the access port of | |
| Network Parameters | gateway. | |

| | mce Setup | <u>Main Menu</u> <u>Reboot</u> |
|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Network Setup WAN Setting LAN Setting Virtual Server Dynamic DNS Network Management | Advance Setup WAN Setting: Set WAN port network parameters. LAN Setting: Set LAN port network parameters. Virtual Server: Set virtual server like WEB,FTP or E-MAIL server. DDNS Setting: Set DDNS server IP address. Network Management: | |

WAN Setting

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The VIP-GW series support the WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click "**WAN Setting**", the following setup page will be shown. Three methods are available for Internet access.

| Statia ID | You are a leased line user with a fixed IP address; fill out the |
|-----------------|--|
| Static IP | following items with the information provided by your ISP |
| IP Address | Kindly please check with your ISP provider |
| Netmask | Kindly please check with your ISP provider |
| Default Gateway | Kindly please check with your ISP provider |

WAN Port Type Configuration

| WAN Type Setting | Static IP 🗸 Select |
|------------------|--------------------|
| IP Address | 172.16.0.1 |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.0.0 |
| Default Router | 172.16.0.254 |

PPPoE for ADSL

Some ISPs provide DSL-based service and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to select this item.

| User Name Enter User Name provided by your ISP | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Password | Enter Password provided by your ISP |
| Retype Password | Enter Password to confirm again |

| | [| PPPoE 🔽 Select |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Use | e PPPoE Authentication |
| | User Name(MAX. 40 characters) : | |
| | Password(MAX, 40 characters) : | |
| WAN Type Setting | Confirm Password: | |
| | Get IP Address: | 210.66.155.70 |
| | Get Default Router: | 210.66.155.94 |
| | Enter the User Na | me and Password required by your ISP. |
| | | Apply |
| | | |

DHCP client (Dynamic IP): (get WAN IP address automatically)

IP Address: If you are connected to the Internet through a Cable modem line then a dynamic IP address will be assigned.



WAN port display the IP address, Subnet Mask and default gateway IP address if DHCP client is successful

WAN Type Setting DHCP Select IP Address 172.16.0.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Default Router 172.16.0.254

LAN Setting

There are two kinds of network feature to configure: **Bridge** Mode and **NAT** Mode:

| Bridge Mode | Select this VIP-Gw as Bridge. (WAN Port and LAN Port use the same IP |
|-------------|--|
| | address) |
| NAT Mode | Each of the VIP-GW has two Ethernet interfaces, one is for connecting to |
| | local network users, and the other is for connecting to an external |
| | broadband device (i.e. DSL modem/router or Cable modem). The LAN port |
| | is connected to the local Ethernet network. WAN is connected to the |
| | external broadband device. The LAN IP address/netmask is for private |
| | users or NAT users, and the WAN IP address/netmask is for public users. |

LAN Mode Selecting

| Bridge Mode | Let WAN and LAN Port as Bridge |
|--|---|
| NAT Mode (Default) | Let PCs in LAN subnet can access Internet |

LAN IP Network Configuration

IP Address: Private IP address for connecting to a local private network (**Default: 192.168.0.1**). **Subnet Mask:** Netmask for the local private network (**Default: 255.255.255.0**).

| LAN IP Address Setting | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| IP Address | 192 . 168 . 1 . 10 | |
| IP Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 | |
| DHCP Server | ⊙ Enable ○ Disable | |

DHCP Server Configuration

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. It can automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. The DHCP server supports up to 253 users (PCs) on **Yes:** Enables the DHCP server. **No:** Disables the DHCP server.

| Start IP Address | Sets the start IP address of the IP address pool. | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| End IP Address | Sets the end of IP address in the IP address pool. | |
| DNS Server IP Address | DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host. | |
| | must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human | |
| | friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The | |
| | DNS server converts the human friendly name into it's | |
| | equivalent IP address. | |
| Primary IP Address | Sets the IP address of the primary DNS server. | |
| Secondary IP Address | Sets the IP address of the secondary DNS server. | |

| DHCP Server Setting : | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| Start IP address | 192.168.1. 50 | |
| End IP address | 192.168.1. 100 | |
| DNS Server IP | 168 . 95 . 1 . 1 | |
| Leased Time (min =60) | 7200 seconds | |

Virtual Server

"Natural firewall" allows requests for Internet access from the local network. However, any request from the Internet to the local network is blocked. By setting the Virtual Server function, computers outside the Intranet are allowed to access specific ports of local client. The Virtual Server Port Table may be used to expose internal servers to the public domain or open a specific port number to internal hosts. Internet hosts can use the WAN IP address to access internal network services, such as FTP, WWW, and Telnet etc.

How to set a Virtual Server

The following example shows how an internal FTP server is exposed to the public domain. The internal FTP server is running on the local host addressed as **192.168.0.100**.

Virtual Server Configuration:

Virtual Server Setting

Remote Users can access services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP addresses.

| | Private IP | Private Port | Public Port |
|----|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. | 192.168.0. 100 | 21 | 21 |
| 2. | 192.168.0. 101 | 80 | 80 |
| 3. | 192.168.0. | | |
| 4. | 192.168.0. | | |
| 5. | 192.168.0. | | |
| 6. | 192.168.0. | | |
| 7. | 192.168.0. | | |
| 8. | 192.168.0. | | |

| Public Port | Specifies which port should be redirected to the internal host. |
|--------------|---|
| Private IP | Specifies the private IP address of the internal host offering the service. |
| Private Port | Specifies the private port number of the service offered by the internal |
| | host. |
| Apply | Click here to add the port-mapping entry and enable the service. |

Dynamic DNS

DDNS is a service that maps Internet domain names to IP addresses. DDNS serves a similar purpose to DNS: DDNS allows anyone hosting a Web or FTP server to advertise a public name to prospective users. Unlike DNS that only works with static IP addresses, DDNS works with dynamic IP addresses, such as those assigned by an ISP or other DHCP server. DDNS is popular with home network, who typically receive dynamic, frequently-changing IP addresses from their service provider. To use DDNS, one simply signs up with a provider and installs network software on their host to monitor its IP address.

DDNS(Dynamic DNS) Service Configuration:

DDNS Service

Dynamic DNS allows you to provide Internet users with a domain name (instead of an IP Address) to access your Virtual Servers.

Register for this FREE service at <u>http://www.dyndns.org</u>

| DDNS Data | | |
|------------------|------------|--|
| DDNS username | planetvip | |
| DDNS password | ••••• | |
| DDNS domain name | dyndns.org | |
| DNS Server IP | 168.95.1.1 | |
| DDNS Status | DDNS OK | |

| User Name | Input your DDNS User Name | |
|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| Password | Input your DDNS Password | |
| Domain Name | Input you set from your DDNS | |
| DNS Server IP | Input your DNS Server IP | |

Netwrok Management

Network Parameter allows you to modify the access port of gateway.

For example: Setting HTTP port: 80 and Setting TELNET port: 23

Access Service Configuration (HTTP Port and TELNET Port Configuration):

Access Port Service

Access Port Configuration allows you to modify the HTTP port or TELNET port for accessing VoIP gateway

(Default Parameter : HTTP Port is 80 ; TELNET Port is 23)

| HTTP Service Port | 80 |
|---------------------|----|
| Telnet Service Port | 23 |

Advance Setup of VoIP Setup

In Advanced Setup, VIP-GW provides user two major parts function to configure:

One is "Network Setup", the other one is "VoIP Call Setup"

| VoIP Setup Label | |
|------------------|--|
| | The PLANET series gateway support 2~24 phone/line for SIP and |
| VoIP Basic | H.323 VoIP call applications. You can configure these ports from |
| | this menu. |
| Dialing Plan | Users could apply any dial policy by setting Dial Plan including |
| | outgoing dial plan and incoming dial plan. |
| | VIP-GW support for silence compression, DTMF Relay, Codec |
| | Selection, FAX mode Option, |
| Advanced Setting | H323 Register Type and H.323 Fast-Start/Normal-Start function. |
| | FXO AC impedance, Volume Adjustment, RRQ TTL, RFC2833 |
| | Payload, IP TOS,etc |
| | Let user can set up "hotline" to dial the phone number |
| | automatically. |
| Port Status | Display the telephone interface status |



VoIP Basic Configuration to H.323 protocol

VoIP Basic Configuration: (Configure the VoIP protocol to H.323 Protocol)

| VoIP Basic Configuration | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | VoIP Protocol Setting | H.323 V Select |
| | E.164 Number Setti | ng (MAX 20 digit) : |
| | Port 1 E.164 Number | none |
| | Port 2 E.164 Number | none |
| | Port 3 E.164 Number | none |
| | Port 4 E.164 Number | none |

Configure the numbering with FXS / FXO ports. (Depending on GW model number: if user uses the model number is VIP-1680, this VIP-1680 has 16 voice channels for setting, and the VIP-2480 had 24 voice channels for setting)

| EVC Number | The representation number is the phone number of the telephone that is |
|------------|--|
| | connected to FXS port. |
| | FXO ports are connected to the extension ports of the PBX system or |
| | the PSTN line . They have a common Line Hunting Group Number. |
| | When this number is dialed, the VIP-GW system will find a free FXO line |
| FXO Number | connected to PBX. This hunting will skip all busy lines and absent lines |
| | and find only the idle line to the PBX. After the available line is found, |
| | you can hear the dial tone from PBX. After that, you can dial the needed |
| | phone number out through PBX. |

Configure the ANI (Answer Number Indication) / Caller ID of the FXS/FXO ports

ITSP needs ANI for authorization when gateway calls Off-Net call to PSTN number or mobile phone number.

| Caller ID / ANI Setting for Off-Net Call Setting (MAX 20 digit) : | | |
|---|------|--|
| Port 1 Caller ID / ANI | none | |
| Port 2 Caller ID / ANI | none | |
| Port 3 Caller ID / ANI | none | |
| Port 4 Caller ID / ANI | none | |

Register to H.323 Gatekeeper server

Note: If user does not have Gatekeeper, please go to H.323 Dialing Plan Policy for more understandings.

| H.323 Param | eter Setting : |
|--|----------------|
| H323 ID | |
| Primary GateKeeper IP address | |
| Secondary GateKeeper IP address | |
| Primary H.323 GateKeeper Domain Name | |
| Secondary H.323 GateKeeper Domain Name | |
| H.323 Gatekeeper ID | |
| Voice Caps Prefix | |
| RAS Port Adjustment | 1719 |
| Q.931 Port Adjustment | 1720 |
| | |

H.323 Call Pass Through NAT Configuration :

| NAT Pass Method | ⊙ Disable ○ Auto Pass ○ Manual(Need Key In Public IP) ○ STUN | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Public IP Address | 0.0.0.0 | | |

| | H.323 Parameters Label |
|---------------------------|--|
| | Sets the unique name of this Gateway, that is |
| п.323 ID | communicated as part of H.323 messaging. |
| Primary Gatekeeper IP | There are two gatekeeper address fields, one is primary, |
| Address | the other secondary. If this gateway does not want to |
| | register to any gatekeeper, just set value 0 to the primary |
| | gatekeeper address. If the primary gatekeeper address is |
| Secondary Catekeeper ID | not 0, the gateway will register to the primary gatekeeper. If |
| Addroop | the second gatekeeper is not 0, the gateway will try to |
| Address | register to the second gatekeeper when failed to register to |
| | primary gatekeeper, i.e. if both the primary gatekeeper and |
| | second gatekeeper |
| Primary Gatekeeper Domain | |
| Name | Let user use Domain Name of H 323 Gatekeener |
| Secondary Gatekeeper | Let user use Domain Name of 11.525 Gatekeeper. |
| Domain Name | |
| H 222 Catakaanar ID | The Gatekeeper ID; usually do not need to set this field |
| | unless the gatekeeper must need this value. |
| Voice Can Profix | Let user set prefix number in RRQ nonstandard voicecap |
| | entry. |

| | In H.323 standard the RAS default port number is 1719. | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| PAS Port Adjustment | The VoIP gateway provides user to change RAS port | | |
| RAS FOIL AUJUSTINEIT | number to meet the network environment.(Some area | | |
| | carrier blocks or forbidden the default port number) | | |
| | In H.323 standard the default Q.931 port number is 1720. | | |
| O 021 Port Adjustment | The VoIP gateway provides user to change Q.931 port to | | |
| Q.551 Port Aujustment | meet the network environment. (Some area carrier blocks | | |
| | or forbidden the default port number) | | |
| H.323 Call Pass through NAT | | | |
| | Sets the unique name of this Gateway, that is | | |
| п.323 ID | communicated as part of H.323 messaging. | | |
| | 1. Disable : The Gateway operates in public IP address | | |
| | 2. Auto Detection: When the Gateway register to GNU | | |
| H.323 Pass Through NAT | Gatekeeper, please select this option. | | |
| method | 3. Manual Setting: When the Gateway registers to H.323 | | |
| | Gatekeeper and operate under NAT (enable DMZ), please | | |
| | select this option and key in IP address. | | |

Dialing Plan to H.323 protocol

The "**Dialing plan**" needs setting when the user uses the method of Peer-to-Peer H.323 VoIP call or registering H.323 Gatekeeper mode. The H.323 Dialing Plan has three kinds of directions: Outgoing (call out) and Incoming (call in) and PSTN route.

| Outgoing Dial Plan | Peer-to-Peer call mode: Effective | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper mode: Effective | | |
| Incoming Dial Plan | Peer-to-Peer call mode: Effective | | |
| | Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper mode: | | |
| | The leading number would register to H.323 Gatekeeper | | |
| | Peer-to-Peer call mode: The same as the Incoming dial plan | | |
| PSTN Route Dial Plan | Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper mode: The leading number | | |
| | would NOT register to H.323 Gatekeeper | | |

In the "Outgoing Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries : 50

"Outbound number" is the leading digits of the call out dialing number.

"Length of Number" has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"**Delete Length**" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination IP Address / Domain Name" is the IP address / Domain Name of the

destination gateway that owns this phone number.

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | ,, | |

Scenario description: Normally dial

001x leading call out, call to destination IP address: 172.16.0.100

002x leading call out, call to destination domain name: h323gw.test.com

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation | | | |
|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 001x | 4 ~ 20 | 0 | None | 172.16.0.100 | | | | |
| 2 | 002x | 4 ~ 20 | 0 | None | h323gw.test.com | | | | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD | | | |
| | DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Speed dial

If user dials "101", the gateway automatically dials "1234567890" to destination IP address: 172.16.0.101

If user dials "202", the gateway automatically dials "0987654321" to destination IP address: 172.16.0.202

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 101 | 3~3 | 3 | 1234567890 | 172.16.0.101 | | | | |
| 2 | 202 | 3~3 | 3 | 0987654321 | 172.16.0.202 | | | | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD | | | |
| DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | | | | |

In the "Incoming Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries : 50 "Inbound number" is the leading digits of the dialing number. **"Length of Number"** has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Delete Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination telephone port" is "FXS/FXO port number"; this is for local dial plan setting phone number.

Incoming Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit):

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Inbo | ound Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Scenario description: Hunting for FXS port (VIP-480FS)

Port 1: FXS

Port 2: FXS

Port 3: FXS

Port 4: FXS

H.323 number "123" call incoming, the port 1 will be ringing.

If port 1 is busy, the port 2 will be ringing.

If port 1 and port 2 are busy, the port 3 will be ringing.

If port 1, port 2 and port 3 are busy, the port 4 will be ringing.

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 0 | None | 1,2,3,4 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| l | DELETE | ound Dial I | Plan Fr | rom To | | | |

Note: "123" will be register to H.323 Gatekeeper if "Register to GK" was enabled, show as below:

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation | | |
|------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 3 | None | 1,2,3,4 | | | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD | | |
| | DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Hunting for FXO port (VIP-480FO)

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 2: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 3: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 4: FXO was connected to PSTN.

H.323 number "123" call incoming, the port 1 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1 is busy, the port 2 will be will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1 and port 2 are busy, the port 3 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1, the port 2 and port 3 are busy, the port 4 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 0 | None | 1,2,3,4 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE | ound Dial I | Plan Fr | rom To | | | |

Note: "123" will be register to H.323 Gatekeeper if "Register to GK" was enabled, show as below:

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 3 | None | 1,2,3,4 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| I | DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Termination call to FXO for one-shoot call

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 81xxxxxxx).

H.323 leading number "081x" incoming, and delete the first one digit "0", and call to PSTN number.

Note: "081x" will be registered to H.323 Gatekeeper if "Register to GK" was enabled, show as below:

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------|
| 1 | 081x | 4 ~ 20 | 1 | None | 1 | Image: A start of the start of | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| I | DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Termination call to FXO

Port 1: FXS

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 92xxxxxxx).

Port 1 FXS call to "092x" to PSTN, the FXO port will delete the first one digit "0" and call to PSTN number.

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 092x | 4 ~ 20 | 0 | None | 2 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| I | DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | |

Note: "092x" will be NOT register to H.323 Gatekeeper when gateway when registering H.323 Gatekeeper mode

Advance Setting to H.323 protocol

In Advanced Setting , VIP-GW provides user three major parts function to configure:

One is "VoIP Advance", the other one is "Telephone Advance" and "Network Advance"

| Advance Setting | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Advance Setting Select VolP Advance 🗸 Select | | | | |
| DTMF Relay for H.323 | Outband (by H.245) ○ Inband (by RTP) | | | | |
| H.323 Mode | ◯ Normal-Start ⓒ Fast-Start | | | | |
| H.323 H245 tunneling | 🔘 Enable 💿 Disable | | | | |
| FAX Mode | ● T.30 ● T.38 T38UDP Low Speed Redundancy Level 5 ♥ T38UDP High Speed Redundancy Level 0 ♥ | | | | |
| H.323 Registration Type | 💿 Gateway 🔿 Terminal | | | | |
| H.323 RRQ TTL | 0 seconds | | | | |
| GK RRQ Polling Period | 120 seconds | | | | |
| H.323 Autoanswer | ⊙ On ◯ Off | | | | |
| MAC Authentication | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable | | | | |
| H.245 Fast Capability Exchange | © Enable ⊙ Disable | | | | |
| Watchdog | 🔿 Disable 💿 Enable | | | | |

| H.323 VoIP Advance Configurtion | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Smort OoS | If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other | | | |
| Smart-Q05 | data will be automatically reduced traffic which across the | | | |
| | internet in order to guarantee the voice bandwidth. | | | |
| | After the VoIP call is connected, when you dial a digit, this digit | | | |
| | is sent to the other side by DTMF tone. There are two methods | | | |
| | of sending the DTMF tone. The first is "in band", that is, sending | | | |
| DTMF Relay for H.323 | the DTMF tone in the voice packet. The other is "out band", that | | | |
| | is, sending the DTMF tone as a signal. Sending DTMF tone as | | | |
| | a signal could tolerate more packet loss caused by the network. | | | |
| | If this selection is enabled, the DTMF tone will be sent as a | | | |
| | signal. | | | |
| | This selection could force the gateway to use normal start mode | | | |
| | (default mode) or fast start mode when establishing a VoIP call. | | | |
| H.323 Start Mode | Many other gateways only support normal start mode, enable | | | |
| | this selection when it is necessary. The default is disabled | | | |
| | (using fast start mode). | | | |
| | This selection could force the gateway to use normal start mode | | | |
| | (default mode) or fast start mode when establishing a VoIP call. | | | |
| H.323 H.245 Tunneling | Many other gateways only support normal start mode, enable | | | |
| | this selection when it is necessary. The default is disabled | | | |
| | (using fast start mode). | | | |
| FAX Mode Option | T.30/T.38 real-time FAX compliant Voice/FAX auto-switch. | | | |
| | The T.38 is a "Real Time Group 3 FAX communication over IP | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | network" format. That's meaning it's a protocol for Fax over IP. | | | |
| | You have to enable this function. | | | |
| | This command configures the number of seconds that the | | | |
| H.323 RRQ TTL | gateway should be considered active by the H.323 Gatekeeper. | | | |
| | The gateway transmits this value in the RRQ message to the | | | |
| | gatekeeper. The default value is "0". | | | |
| H 222 Degistration type | There are 2 choices for this setting. "Gateway" means it will act | | | |
| n.525 Registration type | as the VIP-GW. "Terminal" means it will act as the IP phone | | | |
| | terminal. | | | |

| H.323 Telephone Advance | H.323 Telephone Advance Configuration | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Silonoo Comprossion | If this function is enabled, when silence is occurred for a period | | | |
| Shence Compression | of time, no data will be sent across the network during this | | | |
| | period in order to save bandwidth. | | | |
| Dial Complete Tone | Disable / Enable dialing complete tone. | | | |
| | The codec is used to compress the voice signal into data | | | |
| Voice Codec option | packets. Each codec has different bandwidth requirement. | | | |
| | There are four kinds of codec, G.723, G.729AB, G.711_u and | | | |
| | G.711_A. The default value is G.723. | | | |
| FXS Impedance | The FXS provides 600/900 OHM impedances for selection. | | | |
| FXO AC Impedance | The FXO provides wild and complex ac termination | | | |
| | impedances for selection. | | | |
| Phone (Line) in/out | You can adjust the Phone (Line) in/out volume, range from -9db | | | |
| volume | to 9db. | | | |
| FXO Tx/Rx Gain | You can adjust the FXO Tx/Rx Gain, range from -6db to 6db. | | | |
| UK PSTN release tone | When you use the Gateway to UK, you can Enable this | | | |
| detection | selection to detection release tone. | | | |

Scenario description: Flash detection and generation duration

- 1. PSTN Call from PSTN to Office PBX and dial the extension 102 go to gateway.
- 2. Call to gateway of oome by Hotline.
- 3. Home user needs call transfer to extension number 101.
- 4. Dial flash and gateway FXS detect and generate the flash to PBX in office.

Flash Detection: Let you change flash detection (milliseconds) of gateway when phone generate flash to FXS.

Flash Generation: Let you change flash generation time (milliseconds) for PBX detection.

| FX0 Hot-J Extension: 1002 Extension: 1001 PBX | Internet xDSL ine to Home Gateway TN Network | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ring Frequency | You can configure how long the Ring Frequency do you want | | | | | |
| FXO Battery Reverse | to use. everse Enable battery reverse to detect polarity from PSTN line. The PSTN line can send H.323 case: Sending the Q.931 connect signal to caller when detecting polarity reverse from DSTN line. | | | | | |
| FXO Answer Mode | When user calls the PSTN line which was connected with the FXO port, there are three answer mode for user to configure. 1. Ringing Answer Mode (Default Setting): FXO answer the call once the ring coming from PSTN line. 2. Connecting Answer Mode: Case A: "Hot Line Number" was NOT assigned in the FXO port. FXO answer the call once the ring comes from PSTN line. Case B: "Hot Line Number" was assigned and the hot line number belongs to remote VoIP device. In this case, FXO port will not answer (off-hook) the PSTN till the user picks up the call. (Note: This case can avoid charging for the local PSTN call when the remote VoIP device still rings.) Case C: "Hot Line Number" was setting and the hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same gateway. FXO port will not answer (off-hook) till the phone (connected to the FXS port) was picked up by user. | | | | | |

| Note: This case can avoid the local PSTN charge when the |
|---|
| FXS port still ring. |
| |
| 3. Non Answer Mode: FXO will NOT answer the call in any |
| time. |
| Note: Some ITSP only let the FXO for termination function, they |
| do not user use the FXO port for origination |
| |

Scenario description: H.323 call connecting answer mode

Case B: "Hot Line Number" was assigned and the Hot line number belongs to remote H.323 device.

Note: The remote H.323 device need Disable the "Auto Answer"

- 1. When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote H.323 gateway
- 2. The phone of remote H.323 gateway start ring.
- 3. When the phone was picked up, the remote H.323 Gateway send "Q.931 connects" signal to FXO port.
- 4. Once FXO port receives the "Q.931 connects" signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



Case C: "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same gateway.

- When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the hot line dialing to FXS port.
- 2. The phone start ring.
- Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



| Advance Setting | |
|-------------------|---|
| | Advance Setting Select Network Advance 🖌 Select |
| Smart QOS | 📀 Enable 🔘 Disable |
| Bandwidth Control | Downstream 512 Kbps Upstream 64 Kbps |
| G.723 Bandwidth | 🔿 18kbps 💿 12kbps 🔿 10kbps 🔿 8kbps |
| G.729 Bandwidth | 🔿 40kbps 🔿 24kbps 🔿 19kbps 🔿 16kbps 🔿 15kbps 💿 14kbps |
| IP TOS | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable |

| H.323 Netwrok Advance Configuration | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Smort Oos | If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other data | | | |
| Sillari-QUS | will be automatically reduced traffic which across the internet in | | | |
| | order to guarantee the voice bandwidth. | | | |
| Bandwidth control | | | | |
| | You can configure your bandwidth what the Max byte of download | | | |
| G.723/G.729 | and upload of ADSL modem rate. | | | |
| Bandwidth | | | | |
| IP TOS | Enable / Disable Type of Service in IP packets. | | | |

VoIP Basic Configuration to SIP Protocol

Select "SIP Protocol"

SIP number (username) and Password Setting: Please fill out the SIP account including username / password from ITSP.

Note: now only support digits type for SIP number / username

| VoIP Basi | ic Configu | ration | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| VoIP Protocol Setting SIP 👻 Select | | | | | | | | |
| | | Port Number / P | assword Setting(MAX 20 di | git) : | | | | |
| | No. | Number | Account | Password | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | | | | | | | |

SIP Hunting Table: This allows gateway can answer SIP call from internet by Hunting.

For example: Port 1 and port 2 is hunting for the port 1 SIP account. If the port 1 is incoming call, the other one SIP call from internet will ring port 2.

| SIP Hunting Table : | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| No. | Hunting Member | | | |
| 1 | 🗹 Port 1 🔲 Port 2 🔲 Port 3 🔲 Port 4 | | | |
| 2 | 🔲 Port 1 🗹 Port 2 🔲 Port 3 🔲 Port 4 | | | |
| 3 | 🔲 Port 1 🔲 Port 2 🗹 Port 3 🔲 Port 4 | | | |
| 4 | 🔲 Port 1 🔲 Port 2 🔲 Port 3 🗹 Port 4 | | | |

| SIP Proxy Server Setting | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Domain/Realm | Domain/Realm Enter the SIP realm in this field | | | | |
| | Enter the SIP service IP address or domain name in this field | | | | |
| SID Broxy Someor | (the domain name that comes after the @ symbol i n a full | | | | |
| SIP Proxy Server | SIP URI). | | | | |
| | Use Net2Phone Service Provider | | | | |
| | This field sets how long an entry remains registered with the | | | | |
| Register Interval | SIP register server. The register server can use a different | | | | |
| (seconds) | time period. The gateway sends another registration request | | | | |
| | after half of this configured time period has expired. | | | | |
| SIP Authentication | Enable or disable MD5 authentication with SIP proxy server. | | | | |
| | The outbound proxy method is just very like the proxy server | | | | |
| Outbound Proxy Server | built-in NAT pass-through solution, except that the packets | | | | |
| | need to pass through the outbound proxy server. | | | | |
| SIP NAT Traversal Method | STUN client / Symmetric RTP | | | | |

| | SIP Proxy Setting : | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Domain/Realm | | | | | |
| SID Provy Server | 0.0.0.0/0 | | | | |
| Sil TTONY Server | use net2phone | | | | |
| Register Interval(seconds) | 900 | | | | |
| SIP Authentication | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable | | | | |
| Outbound Proxy Server | 0.0.0.0/0 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | NAT Pass Setting: | | | | |
| NAT Pass Method | 🔘 STUN 💿 Symmetric RTP | | | | |
| STUN Server address | 64.69.76.21 | | | | |
| STUN Server port | 3478 | | | | |

Dialing Plan to SIP protocol

The "**Dialing plan**" needs setting when the user uses the method of Peer-to-Peer or registering SIP proxy server mode. The SIP dialing plan has two kinds of directions: Outgoing (call out) and incoming (call in).

| Outgoing Dial Plan | Peer-to-Peer call mode: Effective | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | Registering to SIP Proxy Server Mode: Effective | | |
| Incoming Dial Plan | Peer-to-Peer call mode: Effective | | |
| | Registering to SIP proxy server mode: The leading number would | | |
| | register to SIP proxy server | | |
| | Peer-to-Peer call mode: The same as the incoming dial plan | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| PSTN Route Dial Plan | Registering to SIP proxy server mode: The leading number would | | |

In the "Outgoing Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries : 50

"Outbound number" is the leading digits of the call out dialing number.

"Length of Number" has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Delete Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination IP Address / Domain Name" is the IP address / Domain Name of the

destination gateway that owns this phone number.

"**Destination Port**" is the UDP port of the remote SIP proxy, which usually refer to the SIP server on the ITSP side.

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Normally dial

2290x leading call out, call to destination domain name: sipgw.test.com

221 leading call out, call to destination IP address: 172.16.0.100

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 2209x | 5 ~ 20 | 0 | None | sipgw.test.com | 5060 | |
| 2 | 221 | 3~3 | 0 | None | 172.16.0.100 | 5060 | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| Outbound Dial Plan From To | | | | | | | |

Scenario description: Speed dial

If user dials "101", the gateway automatically dials "1234567890" to destination IP address: 172.16.0.101

If user dials "202", the gateway automatically dials "0987654321" to destination IP address: 172.16.0.202

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 101 | 3~3 | 3 | 1234567890 | 172.16.0.101 | 5060 | |
| 2 | 202 | 3~3 | 3 | 9876543210 | 172.16.0.202 | 5060 | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial F | ^p lan From | То | | | |

In the "Incoming Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries : 50

"Inbound number" is the leading digits of the dialing number.

"Length of Number" has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Delete Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination Tele port" is **"FXS/FXO port number"**; this is for local dial plan setting phone number.

Incoming Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit):

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Inbo | ound Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Scenario description: Hunting for FXS port (VIP-400FS)

Port 1: FXS

Port 2: FXS

Port 3: FXS

Port 4: FXS

H.323 number "123" call incoming, the port 1 will be ringing.

If port 1 is busy, the port will be ringing.

If port 1 and port 2 are busy, the port 3 will be ringing.

If port 1, port 2 and port 3 are busy, the port 4 will be ringing.

| Incoming Dial Plan: | (maximun 50 entries, | maximun length of | f prefix digits is 16 | digit, maximun length | of number is |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 20 digit): | | | | | |

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 3 | None | 1,2,3,4 | |
| | | ~~~~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE | ound Dial Plan | From | То | - | |

Note: "123" will be **NOT** register to SIP Proxy Server when Gateway is Registering SIP proxy server mode

Scenario description: Hunting for FXO port (VIP-400FO)

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 2: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 3: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 4: FXO was connected to PSTN.

H.323 number "123" call incoming, the port 1 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1 is busy, the port will be will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1 and port 2 are busy, the port 3 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

If port 1, port 2 and port 3 are busy, the port 4 will be off-hook and hear the dial tone from PSTN.

| ncomi 0 digit | ng Dial Plan: (max): | imun 50 entries, | maximun lei | ngth of prefix digit | s is 16 digit, max | timun length of r |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Operation |
| 1 | 123 | 3~3 | 3 | None | 1,2,3,4 | |
| | | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | | | | ADD |
| I | DELETE | ound Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Note: "123" will be **NOT** register to SIP proxy server when gateway is registering SIP proxy server mode

Scenario description: Termination call to FXO for one-shoot call

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 81xxxxxxx).

SIP leading number "081x" incoming, and delete the first one digit "0", and call to PSTN number.

| Incoming Dial Plan: | (maximun 50 entries, | , maximun length | of prefix digits is 16 | 6 digit, maximun | length of number is |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 20 digit): | | | | | |

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 081x | 4~20 | 1 | None | 1 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Inbo | ound Dial Plan | From | То | - | |

Note: "081x" will be **NOT** register to SIP proxy server when gateway is registering SIP proxy server mode.

Advance Setting to SIP protocol

In Advanced Setting, VIP-GW provides user three major parts function to configure:

One is "VoIP Advance", the other one is "Telephone Advance" and "Network Advance"

| SIP VoIP Advance Configurtion | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | After the VoIP call is connected, when you dial a digit, this digit is | | | | |
| | sent to the other side by DTMF tone. There are three methods of | | | | |
| | sending the DTMF tone. The first one is "in band", that is, sending | | | | |
| DTME Mothod for SIP | the DTMF tone in the voice packet. The second one is | | | | |
| | "RFC2833", that is, sending the DTMF tone as a RTP payload | | | | |
| | signal. The third one is "SIP Info", that is, sending the DTMF tone | | | | |
| | as a SIP signal. Sending DTMF tone as a signal could tolerate | | | | |
| | more packet loss caused by the network. If this selection is | | | | |
| | enabled, the DTMF tone will be sent as a signal. | | | | |

| | T.30/T.38 real-time FAX compliant Voice/FAX auto-switch. |
|-----------------|--|
| FAX Mode Option | The T.38 is a "Real Time Group 3 FAX communication over IP |
| FAX Mode Option | network" format. That's meaning it's a protocol for FAX over IP. |
| | You have to enable this function. |

Advance Setting

| | Advance Setting Select VolP Advance Select | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DTMF Relay for SIP | ○ Inband ④ RFC2833 ○ SIP Info | | | |
| RFC2833 Payload | 101 (from 96 to 127) | | | |
| FAX Mode | T.30 ○ T.38 T38UDP Low Speed Redundancy Level 5 ▼ T38UDP High Speed Redundancy Level 0 ▼ | | | |
| Watchdog | 🔿 Disable 💿 Enable | | | |

| SIP Telephone Advance Configuration | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Silanaa Compression | If this function is enabled, when silence is occurred for a | | | |
| Silence Compression | period of time, no data will be sent across the network | | | |
| | during this period in order to save bandwidth. | | | |
| Dial Complete Tone | Disable / Enable dialing complete tone. | | | |
| | The codec is used to compress the voice signal into data | | | |
| Voice Codec option | packets. Each codec has different bandwidth requirement. | | | |
| | There are four kinds of codec, G.723, G.729AB, G.711_u | | | |
| | and G.711_A. The default value is G.723. | | | |
| FXS Impedance | The FXS provides 600/900 OHM impedances for selection. | | | |
| FXO AC Impedance | The FXO provides wild and complex ac termination | | | |
| | impedances for selection. | | | |
| Phone (Line) in/out volume | You can adjust the phone (Line) in/out volume, range from | | | |
| | -9db to 9db. | | | |
| FXO Tx/Rx Gain | You can adjust the FXO Tx/Rx Gain , range from -6db to | | | |
| | 6db. | | | |
| UK PSTN release tone | When you use the gateway to UK, you can enable this | | | |
| detection | selection to detection release tone. | | | |
| Comparis description: Electrodian and reportion dynation | | | | |

Scenario description: Flash detection and generation duration

- 5. PSTN call from PSTN to office PBX and dial the extension 102 go to gateway.
- 6. Call to gateway of home by hotline.
- 7. Home user needs call transfer to extension number 101.
- 8. Dial flash and gateway FXS detect and generate the flash to PBX in office.

Flash Fetection: Let you change flash detection (milliseconds) of gateway when phone

| generate flash to FXS. | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Flash Generation: Let you change flash generation time (milliseconds) for PBX detection. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Internet | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| FXO KOL | o Home Gateway | | | | |
| Extension: 1002 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Extension: 1001 PBX | | | | | |
| PSTNN | Vetwork | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | |
| | You can configure how long the Ding Frequency do you | | | | |
| King Frequency | want to use | | | | |
| | Enable battery reverse to detect polarity from PSTN line | | | | |
| FXO Battery Reverse | The PSTN line can send SIP case: Sending the 200 OK | | | | |
| | connect signal to caller when detecting polarity reverse | | | | |
| | from PSTN Line. | | | | |
| | When user calls the PSTN line which was connected with | | | | |
| | the FXO port, there are three answer mode for user to | | | | |
| | configure. | | | | |
| | 4. Ringing Answer Mode (Default Setting): FXO answer | | | | |
| | the call once the ring coming from PSTN line. | | | | |
| | 5. Connecting Answer Mode: | | | | |
| | EXO port EXO answer the call once the ring comes | | | | |
| FXO Answer Mode | from PSTN line. | | | | |
| | Case B: "Hot Line Number" was assigned and the Hot | | | | |
| | line number belongs to remote VoIP device. | | | | |
| | In this case, FXO port will not answer (off-hook) the | | | | |
| | PSTN till the user picks up the call. | | | | |
| | (Note: This case can avoid charging for the Local PSTN | | | | |
| | call when the remote VoIP device still rings.) | | | | |
| | Case C: "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot | | | | |
| | line number was assigned to another FXS port in | | | | |
| | same Gateway. FXO port will not answer (off-hook) till | | | | |

| the Phone (connected to the FXS port) was picked up |
|---|
| by user. |
| (Note: This case can avoid the Local PSTN charge |
| when the FXS port still ring.) |
| 6. Non Answer Mode: FXO will NOT answer the call in |
| any time. |
| (Note: Some ITSP only let the FXO for termination |
| function, they do not user use the FXO port for |
| origination) |

Scenario description: SIP call connecting answer mode

Case B: "Hot Line Number" was assigned and the hot line number belongs to SIP device.

- 1. When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote SIP gateway
- 2. The phone of remote SIP gateway start ring.
- 3. When the phone was picked up, the remote SIP Gateway sends "SIP 200 OK" signal to FXO port.
- 4. Once FXO port receives the "SIP 200 OK" signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



Case C: "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway.

- When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to FXS port.
- 2. The phone start ring.
- Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



| SIP Netwrok Advance Configuration | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Smort Oos | If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other | | | |
| Smart-Q05 | data will be automatically reduced traffic which across the | | | |
| | internet in order to guarantee the voice bandwidth. | | | |
| Bandwidth control | You can configure your bandwidth what the Max byte of | | | |
| G.723/G.729 Bandwidth | download and upload of ADSL modern rate. | | | |
| IP TOS | Enable / Disable Type of Service in IP packets. | | | |

Advance Setting

| | Advance Setting Select Network Advance V Select |
|-------------------|---|
| Smart QOS | 📀 Enable 🔿 Disable |
| Bandwidth Control | Downstream 512 Kbps Upstream 64 Kbps |
| G.723 Bandwidth | 🔿 18kbps 💿 12kbps 🔿 10kbps 🔿 8kbps |
| G.729 Bandwidth | 🔿 40kbps 🔿 24kbps 🔿 19kbps 🔿 16kbps 🔿 15kbps 💿 14kbps |
| IP TOS | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable |

VoIP Basic & Dialing Plan Configuration for FXO Caller ID model

- Step 1: Configure SIP Proxy Server

You can find Set SIP Server in Advance Setting - VoIP Basic

| | | Set SIP S | erver : (Max 5 Entries) | | |
|-----|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| No. | Server Name | Domain/Realm | SIP Proxy Server | Outbound Proxy Server | Operation |
| New | | | | | ADD |

| Set SIP Server | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Server Name: | Set a Server Name which will be used in second step: | | | |
| | Set Register SIP Server Plan | | | |
| | for example: ServerName_ITSP_A | | | |
| Domain/Realm | Enter the SIP realm in this field | | | |
| SIP Proxy Server: | Enter the SIP service IP address or domain name in this field | | | |
| Outbound Proxy Server: | Setting Outbound Proxy server information. | | | |

Example: ITSP_A and ITSP_B are configured in this setting.

| | | Set SIP S | erver : (Max 5 Entries) | | |
|-----|---------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| No. | Server Name | Domain/Realm | SIP Proxy Server | Outbound Proxy Server | Operation |
| 1 | Server_ITSP_A | ITSP_A.com | ITSP_A.com/5060 | 0.0.0/0 | DELETE |
| 2 | Server_ITSP_B | ITSP_B.com | ITSP_B.com/5060 | 0.0.0.0/0 | DELETE |
| New | | | | | ADD |

- Step 2: Configure SIP Account

You can find Set Register SIP Server Plan in Advance Setting - VoIP Basic

| | Set Register SIP Server Plan : (Max 10 Entries) | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----------|---------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------|-----------|
| LCR | Account | Password | Expires | Server Name | Destination telephone port | Register Status | Reason | Operation |
| New | | | | ~ | | | | ADD |

| Set Register SIP Server Plan | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Account | Input SIP account(Username) | |
| Password | Input Password that ITSP support. | |
| Expires | This field sets how long an entry remains registered with the SIP | |
| | register server. The register server can use a different time | |
| | period. The Gateway sends another registration request after half | |
| | of this configured time period has expired. | |
| Server Name | It's been configured in SET SIP Server, it is used for indicating | |
| | this account and password will be applied to which ITSP. | |
| Destination Telephone Port | When SIP account has been reached, which ports answer. | |
| Account | Input SIP account(Username) | |

Example: Both Accounts are configured in this setting.

Set Register SIP Server Plan : (Max 10 Entries)

| LCR | Account | Pass w ord | Expires | Server Name | Destination telephone port | Register Status | Reason | Op c ration |
|-----|-------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------|
| 1 | User_ITSP_A | Password_ITSP_A | 300 | Server_ITSP_A | 1,2,3,4 | | | DELETE |
| 2 | User_ITSP_B | Password_ITSP_B | 300 | Server_ITSP_B | 1,2,3,4 | | | DELETE |
| New | | | | Server_ITSP_A 😽 | | | | ADD |

- Step 3: Configure Least Cost Route

You can find LCR Outgoing Dial Rule in Advance Setting - Dialing Plan

| LCR Outgo | ing Dial Rule : Max 30 Entries. | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Item | Outgoing Number | Length Min | Length Max | Delete Length | Add Digit | LCR Idxs | Operation |
| New | | | | | | | ADD |

| LCR Outgoing Dial Rule | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Outgoing Number | It's is the leading digits of the call out dialing number | | |
| Length Min | Min allowed length you can dial. | | |
| Length Maxi | MAX allowed length you can dial. | | |
| Delete Length | the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the | | |
| | dialed number. | | |
| Add Digits | is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number. | | |
| LCR Idxs | It's shown in Set Register SIP Server Plan, it is used for indicating | | |
| | the rule should be applied to which ITSP. | | |

As we know that make international calls, we should dial **International Prefix Code + Country Code + Telephone Number.**

In our case, calling to **U.S.A(+1)**, we should apply the setting with **ITSP_A**.

The number is like 00 + 1 + x (wildcard)

| Item | Outgoing Number | Length Min | Length Max | Delete Length | Add Digit | LCR Idxs | Operation |
|------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | 001x | 4 | 20 | 0 | None | 1 | DELETE |

The setting above means when dialing 001x....the call will use the Route LCR IDX 1

| LCR | Account | Password | Expires | Server Name |
|-----|-------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|
| 1 | User_ITSP_A | Password_ITSP_A | 300 | Server_ITSP_A |

Calling to China(+86), we should apply the setting with ITSP_B.

The number is like 00 + 86 + x (wildcard)

| Item | Outgoing Number | Length Min | Length Max | Delete Length | Add Digit | LCR Idxs | Operation |
|------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | 0086x | 5 | 20 | 0 | None | 1 | DELETE |

The setting above means when dialing 0086x....the call will go though the Route LCR IDX 2

| LCR | Account | Password | Expires | Server Name |
|-----|-------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|
| 2 | User_ITSP_B | Password_ITSP_B | 300 | Server_ITSP_B |

According the rules, the gateway can achieve the goal: **Least Cost Route** by making calls through relatively cheaper ITSP providers.

Port Status

Port Status Display: This selection will display concurrent call status of this gateway. The status information of each voice channel includes codec, dialing number and destination IP address. The status is refreshed every 3 seconds.

| Port No. | Туре | Status | Codec | Direction | Dial No. | Caller No. | Dest/Source | IN | OUT | Duration |
|----------|------|--------|-------|-----------|----------|------------|-------------|----|-----|----------|
| 1 | FXS | onhook | none | none | none | none | none | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | FXS | onhook | none | none | none | none | none | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | FXS | onhook | none | none | none | none | none | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | FXO | onhook | none | none | none | none | none | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Chapter 5 5 System Administrations

Management

| | Management Label | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | You can save configuration and restart the gateway with the default | | | | |
| Save Configuration | configuration or with the current running configuration. | | | | |
| Access Control | Users can sets/changes the administrator password | | | | |
| Set to Default | You can restart the VIP-GW with the default configuration. | | | | |
| Backup/Restore | User can backup the configuration file of VPI-GW to PC or restore | | | | |
| Configuration | the configuration file from PC. | | | | |
| System Information | Display software version, WAN Type, VoIP status, VoIP codec, and | | | | |
| System mormation | phone interface and system information. | | | | |
| SNTD Sotting | SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) configuration for | | | | |
| SNTP Setting | synchronizing gateway clocks in the global Internet. | | | | |
| Suclea Setting | VIP-GW can send log information to Syslog Server by UDP ports | | | | |
| Sysiog Setting | 514. | | | | |
| Cantura Backata | The VIP-GW supports packets capture and save the packets to | | | | |
| Capture Packets | your PC. | | | | |

| PLANET | |
|--------|--|
| | |

System Administration

Main Menu Reboot

| Management |
|--------------------------------------|
| Save Configuration |
| Access Control |
| Set to default |
| Backup/Restore Configuration File |
| System Information |
| SNTP Setting |
| Syslog setting |
| Capture packet |
| |

System Administration

Save Configuration: Save current system configuration. Access Control: Set system administrator username and password. Set to Default: Set to default configuration. Backup/Restore Configuration file: Backup current configuration to PC/Restore system configuration from PC backup file. System Information: Display current system information. SNTP Setting: SNTP parameter setting. Syslog Setting: Syslog Setting: Syslog parameter setting.

Save Configuration

This page allows you to click "**Save Configuration and Reboot**" to save configuration and begin to restart.



Access Control

Changing the Administrator/Guest Password

For security reasons, we strongly recommend that you set an administrator/password for the router. On first setup the router requires no password. If you don't set a password the router is open and can be logged into and settings changed by any user from the local network or the Internet.

Click Access Control Setup, the following screen will open.

Administrator username/password: admin/123

Guest username/password: guest/guest

| Administrator Username and Password | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------|--|--|--|
| Username | | admin | | | |
| Password | | ••• | | | |
| Confirm Password | | ••• | | | |
| Guest Username and Password | | | | | |
| Username | | guest | | | |
| Password | | ••••• | | | |
| Confirm Password | | ••••• | | | |

Set To Default Configuration

If you want to reboot the router using **factory default configuration**, click "**Apply**" then reset the router's settings to default values.



Backup/Restore Configuration to a File

User can backup the configuration to a File at Microsoft Operation System. And also restore the configuration file to the VIP-GW from PC.

| Backup | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Click Backup to dov | wnload current running configuration as a file | |
| Backup | | |
| Restore | | |
| Select a Confiuratio | on file: | |
| | Browse | |
| Click Restore to up | load the file | |
| Destava | | |

System Information Display Function

Click **System Information Display to** open the Online Status page. In the example, on the foll owing page, both PPPoE connections is up on the WAN interface, H323/SIP Status, MAC addr ess, Register Status.., etc.

System Information :

| Software Version | 282 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| WAN Type | Fixed IP |
| WAN MAC Address | 00-30-4f-ab-cd-00 |
| LAN MAC Address | 00-30.4f-ab-cd-01 |
| VoIP Status | SIP Direct Mode |
| VoIP Codec | G723.1 |
| Phone Interface | 4FXS+4FXO |
| Current system time | 0/0/0 00:00:00 |

SNTP Setting Function

Click SNTP setting to open the Online Status page. In the example, on the following page:

| Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) : To synchronize Gateway clocks in the Internet | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 💿 Enable 🌑 Disable | | |
| NTP Server1 IP | 133.100.9.2 | |
| NTP Server2 IP | 131.107.1.10 | |
| NTP Server3 IP | 192.5.41.209 | |
| Time Zone Selecting | (GMT +08:00) Taipei Select | |
| Apply | | |

Use SNTP Setting— when checked, gateway uses a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) to set the date and time. The gateway synchronizes the gateway's time after you select the time zone. Use SNTP Setting; select the time zone which gateway was at.

Syslog setting

Use Syslog server to record your VIP-GW log file. To set the Syslog server IP address for this function. Kindly please download for this FREE service at <u>http://www.kiwisyslog.com/index.php</u> for more understandings.

Syslog Server Configuration:

| Syslog Server Setting | | |
|--|-----|--|
| Syslog is a method to collect messages from devices to a server running a syslog daemon. Logging to a central syslog server helps in aggregation of logs and alerts. VoIP Gateway devices can send their log messages to a SYSLOG service. The Syslog messages including CDR(Call Detail Record) and system parameters. (Note: Default Syslog port: 514) | | |
| | | |
| Syslog Server Data | | |
| Syslog Server IP address | | |
| Syslog Server Port | 514 | |
| Apply | | |



Capture packetackets Function

Use "Capturer Packets" to record VIP-GW packets. Users can start and stop the capture then save the

file to PC. Use the Ethereal Tool (<u>www.ethereal.com</u>) to analyze the packets.

To troubleshoot what is going on on the network level, you can generate PCAP files on this page. These files can be read with Ethereal network tool. Press the start button to start recording, and press the stop button to stop.Please remember that the data is stored in a 15KB buffer and that the recording may have a negative impact on the phone's performance.

Start Stop

Click <u>here</u> to save the current pcap trace. (0 packets, 0 octets, duration 0 se

Appendix A

Voice communications

The chapter shows you the concept and command to help you configure your PLANET VIP-GW through sample configuration. And provide several ways to make calls to desired destination in VIP-GW. In this section, we'll lead you step by step to establish your first voice communication via web browsers operations.

Concepts: Voice port

There are two type of the voice port, **FXO** (Foreign exchange Office) and **FXS**. (Foreign exchange Station) On the printing of the RJ-11 port, you should find that.

FXO (Foreign exchange Office) port

The FXO port allows the connection with a device that already has a fixed number; say 222, or 412-1111. So the only connections for FXO port will be to your local PSTN or one of your extension-line from your PBX system.

With your FXO connect to PSTN; the Internet Voice can then have a local call through this line/number (412-1111). Or, locally, you can have an Internet Call through the line 412-1111

The same to PBX system, you are required to know with which extension number to the FXO port. Your PBX users will need to know this number in the future.



FXO port cannot connect to an end-node like telephone or fax machine (since they do not provide a number!). If you connect those to FXO port, you will hear nothing once you pick up the handset.

FXS (Foreign exchange Station) port

The FXS port allows the connection to an end node, like **telephone**, **fax machine**, or **out-line of PBX system**.

FXS port is as like your local phone service provider who provides a number to you. It is easy to tell that after you have connected an end-device to FXS port and you will hear the dial-tone from FXS port once the hand set off-hook.





The FXS port is with voltage and current. **DO NOT** connects the port to any PBX extension line or PSTN line. This may make the FXS port or your PBX extension port malfunction.

H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode



Scenario 2: Gateway 1 (with PBX) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection



Scenario 3: Gateway 1 (with PBX/PSTN) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing



Scenario 4: Gateway 1 (with PBX/PSTN) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing



Scenario 5: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) : Remote Call PSTN number Method: One-Shot-Dialing Outgoing Dial plan Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x | Digit: 3~3, Des | GW2 IP address No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address Incoming Dial Plan No: 6x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address No: 02x | Digit: 3~10 |Strip:2 | FXO port No: 02x| Digit: 3~10 | Des: GW 1 IP address x: wild card Gateway#1 Gateway#2 FXO Des: Destination IP Digit: Digit Length min~ max 901 02-12345678 Phone _801 _ _ PSTN 02-12345678

Scenario 6: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection



H.323 VoIP Call: Gatekeeper Mode



Scenario 7: Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

Scenario 8: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection



Scenario 9: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing



Scenario 10: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection



Scenario 11: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection



Scenario 12: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing



SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode



Scenario 14: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

PBX

E Phone

Extension 601



609, 601

Scenario 15: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection



Scenario 16: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing



Scenario 17: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing



Scenario 18: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (PSTN Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing



SIP VoIP Call: SIP Proxy Server

Scenario 19: Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection



Scenario 20: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing



Scenario 21: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing



Scenario 22: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection



Scenario 23: Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (PSTN Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing





Appendix B

FAQ

Q: What is the default administrator password to login to the gateway?

A: By default, your default username is "**admin**"; default password is "**123**" to login to the router. For security, you should modify the password to protect your gateway against hacker attacks.

Note: Default guest login username/password: guest/guest

Q: I forgot the administrator password. What should I do?

A: Press the **Reset** button on the rear panel for over **5** seconds to reset all settings to default values.

Q: What is the default IP address of the router?

A: The default WAN IP address is 172.16.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.0.0.

The default LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0.

Q: Why is it that I can ping to outside hosts, but not access Internet Web sites?

A: Check the DNS server settings on your PC. You should get the DNS servers settings from your ISP. If your PC is running a DHCP client, remove any DNS IP address setting. As the router will assign the DNS settings to the DHCP-client-enabled PC.

Q: 5. What is the maximum number of IP addresses that the DHCP server of the gateway can assign to local PCs?

A: The built-in DHCP server can support 253 IP addresses for local network usage.
FAQ 1: Firmware upgrade Requirement and Process

1. Environment Requirement

- a) A PC with FTP Server (Server-U software)
- b) A PC or Notebook witch connected to LAN port of gateway.

c) Put the image (firmware) named "FW-VIP880_vxxx.bin " at the assigned folder in FTP Server.

For example: "FW-VIP880_v282.bin" is version 2.8.2L

Note: Free FTP server: 172.16.0.101

username: xxxx, password: xxxx

Environment Architecture (Gateway and FTP server are in Internet):



FTP server

2. Upgrading Process

a) Notebook Telnet VoIP GW -> open DOS mode ->C:> telnet 192.168.0.1 (Default LAN port IP)

b) Please insert login password: 123, and select [4] Upgrade Software



c) Please input IP address of FTP server like as: 172.16.0.101, username: xxxx, passswd: xxxx, and image name: **FW-VIP880_v282.bin**

d) Upgrade (y/n): **y**, then will write the firmware to flash.

e) After writing flash, Please reboot the Gateway.

f) If the new firmware (image) was most different with the previous version, please push the hardware reset bottom to set to default.

g) If the VoIP Gateway is in remote site, please use WEB configuration to set to default.

FAQ 2: Busy Tone Learning



FAQ 3: FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold / Ringer Voltage Filter Setting

VIP-Gateway provides ring detector in FXO device avoiding can not answer and always OFF-HOOK status. This ring detector provides two functions to meet the various PBX's extension port:

- 1. FXO ringer voltage threshold
- 2. FXO ringer voltage filter

FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold

These three settings enable satisfaction of global ringer threshold requirements:

Low : 15V ± 10%

Medium: 21V ± 10%

High : 45V ± 10%

Thresholds are set so that a signal is guaranteed to not be detected below the minimum, and a ringer signal is guaranteed to be detected above the maximum.

| W ID C / | Ring Frequency | 20 Hz | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| VolP Setup | DTMF tone power | ⊙ -7dbm ○ -6dbm ○ -3dbm ○ -1dbm ○ 0dbm ○ +1dbm ○ +3dbm ○ +6dbm | |
| VoIP Basic | FXO Transmit Hybrid | ⊙ Mode D ○ Mode 1 ○ Mode 2 | |
| Dialing Plan | FXO Ringer Voltage | | |
| Advance Setting | Inresnoid | | |
| | FXO Ringer Voltage Filter | 💿 Disable 🔘 Enable | |
| Hot Line Setting | FXS Battery Reversal | C Erable @ Disable | |
| Port Status | Generation O Enable O Disable | | |
| | O Disable ○ Battery Reversal Detection ○ Voice Detection | | |

FXO Ringer Voltage Filter

Some vendor's PBX generates the leakage voltage from extension port.

That will mislead the FXO become Off-hook status.

This function was set to avoiding a leakage voltage signal is detected as ring coming.

| VoIP Setup | FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold | 💿 Low 🔿 Medium 🔿 High | | |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| VoIP Basic | FXO Ringer Voltage Filter | ⊙ Disable ○ Enable | | |
| Dialing Plan | FXS Battery Reversal | ○ Enable | | |
| Advance Setting | Generation | | | |
| | FXO Answer Supervision | | | |
| Hot Line Setting | Line Silence Disconnect | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable | | |
| Port Status | FXO Answer Delay Time | 0 msec(from 0 to 8000 msec) | | |
| | FXO Answer Mode 💿 Ringing Answer 🔿 Connectting Answer 🔿 No Answer | | | |

FAQ 4: Answer Supervision

This chapter document is designed to help explain and resolve issues of answer supervision from a switch or PSTN provider that could result in billing for termination calls.

VIP-Gateway provides 2 Types of Answer Supervision:

1. Loop-Start Reverse Battery:

Reverse battery (also called Polarity Reverse) is when the PSTN provider reverses the polarity of the battery voltage, for both answer supervision and disconnects supervision.

2. Voice Detection:

Voice Detection-based answer supervision is a feature where the Gateway can be configured to "listen" on the line for different tones and voice. The Gateway sends a "connect" signals out or "disconnect" signaling using internet.

| | FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold | 💿 Low 🔿 Medium 🔿 High | | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| VolP Setup | FXO Ringer Voltage Filter | 💿 Disable 🔿 Enable | | |
| VoIP Basic | FXS Battery Reversal Generation | ○ Enable ⊙ Disable | | |
| Dialing Plan | FXO Answer Supervision | ⊙ Disable ○ Battery Reversal Detection ○ Voice Detection | | |
| Advance Setting | Line Silence Disconnect | ⊙ Enable ⊙ Disable | | |
| Hot Line Setting | FXO Answer Delay Time | msec(from 0 to 8000 msec) | | |
| Port Status | FXO Answer Mode | | | |

H.323 scenario description: Loop Start Reverse Battery → PSTN line was set polarity reverse

a) The gateway can send the "Q.931 connect" H.323 signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user pick up the Phone and detect the PSTN line answer voltage.

b) The gateway can send the "Q.931 Release" H.323 signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user hang up the Phone and detect PSTN line disconnect voltage.



Scenario description: Voice Detection based on answer supervision

PSTN Line was not support Polarity Reverse:

a) The gateway can send the Q.931 connect H.323 signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user pick up the Phone and detect the voice.

b) The gateway can send the Q.931 Release H.323 signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user hang up the phone and detect the hang up voice.

c) This type of answer supervision is not 100% accurate. Any voice frequency is detected as connect, including any intercept or recorded messages.

SIP scenario description: Loop Start Reverse Battery → PSTN line was set polarity reverse

a) The gateway can send the "200 OK" SIP signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user pick up the Phone and detect the PSTN line answer voltage.

b) The gateway can send the "200 BYE" SIP signals to Billing System of ITSP, after the user hang up the Phone and detect PSTN line disconnect voltage.



Scenario description: Voice Detection based on answer supervision

PSTN Line was not support Polarity Reverse:

a) The gateway can send the 200 OK SIP signals to Billing system of ITSP, after the user pick up the Phone and detect the voice.

b) The gateway can send the 200 BYE SIP signals to Billing system of ITSP, after the user hang up the phone and detect the hang up voice.

c) This type of answer supervision is not 100% accurate. Any voice frequency is detected as connect, including any intercept or recorded messages.

FAQ 5: FXO Answer Mode Setting

FXO Answer Mode Concept: When user calls the PSTN line which was connected with the FXO port, there are three answer modes for user to configure.

Ringing Answer Mode (Default Setting): FXO answer the call once the ring coming from PSTN line.

Connecting Answer Mode:

Scenario A:

"Hot Line Number" was NOT assigned in the FXO port and the FXO answer the call once the rings come from PSTN line.

Scencario B:

"Hot Line Number" was assigned and the hot line number belongs to remote VoIP device. In this scenario, the FXO port will not answer (off-hook) the PSTN till the user picks up the call. **Note:** This case can avoid charging for the Local PSTN call when the remote VoIP devices still ring.)

Scenario C:

"Hot Line Number" was setting and the hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same gateway. FXO port will not answer (off-hook) till the Phone (connected to the FXS port) was picked up by user. **Note:** This case can avoid the Local PSTN charge when the FXS port still ring.) **Non Answer Mode:** FXO will NOT answer the call in any time.

Note: Some ITSP only let the FXO for termination function, they do not user use the FXO port for origination

| | FXO Ringer Voltage Threshold | 💿 Low 🔿 Medium 🔿 High | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| VoIP Setup | FXO Ringer Voltage Filter | 💿 Disable 🔘 Enable | | |
| VoIP Basic | FXS Battery Reversal | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable | | |
| Dialing Plan | Generation | | | |
| | FXO Answer Supervision | O Disable ○ Battery Reversal Detection ○ Voice Detection | | |
| Advance Setting | Line Silence Disconnect | 🔿 Enable 💿 Disable | | |
| Hot Line Setting | FXO Answer Delay Time | 0 msec(from 0 to 8000 msec) | | |
| Port Status | FXO Answer Mode | | | |

SIP Call Connecting Answer Mode

Scenario B description:

Hot Line Number" was assigned and the hot line number belongs to SIP device.

- a) When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote SIP gateway
- b) The phone of remote SIP gateway start ring.
- c) When the phone was picked up, the remote SIP Gateway sends "SIP 200 OK" signal to FXO port.
- d) Once FXO port receives the "SIP 200 OK" signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



Scenario C description:

"Hot Line Number" was setting and the hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same gateway.

a) When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to FXS port.

b) The phone start ring.

c) Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook

to answer the PSTN call.



H.323 Call Connecting Answer Mode

Scenario B description:

Hot Line Number" was assigned and the hot line number belongs to remote H.323 device. **Note:** The remote H.323 device need disable the "Auto Answer"

a) When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote H.323 gateway

b) The phone of remote H.323 gateway start ring.

c) When the phone was picked up, the remote H.323 Gateway send "Q.931 connects" signal to FXO port.

Once FXO port receives the "Q.931 connects" signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



Scenario C description: "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway.

a) When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to FXS port.

b) The phone start ring.

c) Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



FAQ 6: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXO

Scenario description:

User (500) on site A (VIP-880FO) wishes to have telephone calls to extension (600) on Site B

(VIP-880FO B). User (500) on site B (VIP-880FO B) can connect to ser A in the same way.



IP address of VIP-880FO_A is: 172.16.0.1

VIP-880FO_A number and dial plan setting:

Each port number is 100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800

IP address of VIP-880FO_B is: 172.16.0.2

VIP-880FO_B number and dial plan setting:

Each port number is 100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800

| VoIP Protocol Setting | H.323 V Select | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| E.164 Number Setting (MAX 20 digit) : | | | | | | | |
| Port 1 E.164 Number | 100 | | | | | | |
| Port 2 E.164 Number | 200 | | | | | | |
| Port 3 E.164 Number | 300 | | | | | | |
| Port 4 E.164 Number | 400 | | | | | | |
| Port 5 E.164 Number | 500 | | | | | | |
| Port 6 E.164 Number | 600 | | | | | | |
| Port 7 E.164 Number | 700 | | | | | | |
| Port 8 E.164 Number | 800 | | | | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FO_A dial plan setting: that means call **0xxx** leading number go to IP address 172.16.0.2 gateway (VIP-880FO_B).

| Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit) | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation | | |
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.2 | | | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD | | |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FO_B dial plan setting: that means call **0xxx** leading number go to IP address 172.16.0.1 gateway (VIP-880FO_A).

| Outgoing Dia | l Plan: (maximun 50 | entries, maximun | length of prefix | digits is 16 digit, | maximun length o | f number is |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|
| 20 digit) | | | | | | |

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.1 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Usage:

The ext.509 dial to ext 501 (connect to FXO port 1) will hear the dial tone, and then dial **0100** go to IP address gateway 172.16.0.2 (VIP-880FO_B), and hear the dial tone again, then dial 609 ext, the ext.609 will ring.

FAQ 7: Peer to Peer call: FXO to FXS

Scenario description:

User (500) on site A (VIP-880FO) wishes to have telephone calls to phone number (100) on Site B (VIP-880FS).



IP address of VIP-880FO is: 172.16.0.1

VIP-880FO number and dial plan setting:

Each port number is 100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800

IP address of VIP-880FS is: 172.16.0.2

VIP-880FS number and dial plan setting:

Each port number is **100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800**

| VoIP Protocol Setting | H.323 V Select | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| E.164 Number Setting (MAX 20 digit) : | | | | | | | |
| Port 1 E.164 Number | 100 | | | | | | |
| Port 2 E.164 Number | 200 | | | | | | |
| Port 3 E.164 Number | 300 | | | | | | |
| Port 4 E.164 Number | 400 | | | | | | |
| Port 5 E.164 Number | 500 | | | | | | |
| Port 6 E.164 Number | 600 | | | | | | |
| Port 7 E.164 Number | 700 | | | | | | |
| Port 8 E.164 Number | 800 | | | | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FO dial plan setting: that means call **0xxx** leading number go to IP address 172.16.0.2 gateway (VIP-880FS).

| Outgo 20 dig | ing Dial Plan: (ma it) | ximun 50 entr | ies, maximu | n length of prefix | c digits is 16 digit, max | imun length of I | number is |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation | |
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.2 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD | |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FS dial plan setting: that means call **0xxx** leading number go to IP address 172.16.0.1 gateway (VIP-880FO).

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.1 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Usage:

The ext.509 dial to ext 501 (connect to FXO) will hear the dial tone, and then dial **0100** go to IP address gateway 172.16.0.2 (VIP-880FS), and phone of port 1(100) will ring.

FAQ 8: Peer to Peer call for one shoot dialing: FXO to FXO

Scenario description:

User (500) on site A (VIP-880FO) wishes to have telephone calls to extension (600) on Site B (VIP-880FO B). User (500) on site B (VIP-880FO B) can connect to ser A in the sam way.



IP address of VIP-880FO_A is: **172.16.0.1** VIP-880FO_A number and dial plan setting: Each port number is **100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800** IP address of VIP-880FO_B is: **172.16.0.2** VIP-880FO_B number and dial plan setting: Each port number is **100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800**

VIP-880FO_A Dial Plan setting:

The Incoming Call Dial Plan of VIP-880FO_A: that means incoming call 50x leading number will hunt

port 1 to port 8

Incoming Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit):

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 50x | 3~3 | 0 | None | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE | bound Dial | Plan | From To | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FO_A: that means call **0xxx** leading number will go to IP address 172.16.0.2 gateway (VIP-880FO_B).

| Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, m | aximun length of prefix digits is | s 16 digit, maximun length of number is |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| 20 digit) | | |

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.2 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | |

VIP-880FO_B number and dial plan setting:

The dial plan of VIP-880FO_B dial plan setting: that means incoming call 60x leading number will hunt

port 1 to port 8

Incoming Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit):

| Item | Incoming no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination telephone port | Register to GK | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 60x | 3~3 | 0 | None | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE In | bound Dial | Plan | From To | | | |

The dial plan of VIP-880FO_B: That means call **0xxx** leading number will go to IP address 172.16.0.1 gateway (VIP-880FO_A).

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0 | 4~4 | 1 | None | 172.16.0.1 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | |

Usage:

The ext.500 dial to ext 501 (connect to FXO) will hear the dial tone, and then dial **0100** go to IP address gateway 172.16.0.2, the ext.600 will ring.

FAQ 9: Peer to Peer call: Hotline setting

Hot line Basic Concept:

Any number set in Hot line field will be dialed by VoIP call automatically.

For FXS port case: When user picks up the phone, the gateway will dial the hot line number to internet by VoIP call.

For FXO port case: When the FXO off-hook (PSTN call coming or PBX extension ring in), the gateway will dial the hot line number to internet by VoIP call.

Scenario description: Peer to Peer direct call via SIP or H.323 mode

STEP 1: To set the outgoing call dial plan in gateway, for example the number "911" call to gateway which's the IP address is 172.16.0.119.

| Outgo 20 dig | ing Dial Plan: (ma it) | ximun 50 entr | ies, maximu | n length of prefi | x digits is 16 digit, max | imun length of | number |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------|
| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation | |
| 1 | 911 | 3~3 | 0 | None | 172.16.0.119 | | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD | |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | | _ |

STEP 2: To set hot line number in Hot Line Setting

| Hot Line Number Setting (Hotline Setting) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Port 1 number | 911 | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 2 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 3 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 4 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 5 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 6 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 7 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 8 number | None | | | | | | | | |

STEP 3: When users pick up the phone (port1), the gateway will dial the "911" to the gateway (IP address: 172.16.0.119)

Scenario description: Register to SIP proxy server/H.323 Gatekeeper direct call

STEP 1: Let your VIP-GW register to SIP proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper server

STEP 2: To set hot line number in Hot Line Option

| ot Line Number Setting (Hotline Setting) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Port 1 number | 911 | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 2 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 3 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 4 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 5 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 6 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 7 number | None | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 8 number | None | | | | | | | | |

STEP 3: When users pick up the phone (port1), the gateway will dial the "911" to SIP proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper server (ITSP)

Scenario description: Register to SIP Proxy / H.323 Gatekeeper server and Peer to Peer direct call first

STEP 1: Let your VIP-GW register to SIP proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper server

STEP 2: To set the outgoing call dial plan in gateway, for example the "911" will call to gateway which's the IP address is 172.16.0.119.

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Operation |
|------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 911 3~3 | | 0 | None | 172.16.0.119 | |
| | | ~ | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial Plan | From | То | | |



| Hot Line Number Setting (Hotline Setting) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Port 1 number | 911 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 2 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 3 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 4 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 5 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 6 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 7 number | None | | | | | | | | | |
| | Port 8 number | None | | | | | | | | | |

STEP 4: When users pick up the phone (port 1), the gateway will dial the "911" to the gateway which's IP address 172.16.0.119.

Note: This call will not call to SIP Proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper server because of direct call first.

FAQ 10: SIP speed call setting

Speed calls Concept:

Cut your phone number down to fewer digit dialing!

Life is moving fast - you've got to dial fast. Now you can with Speed Dial. Dial the people you call most with just dialing fewer digits instead of dialing the full phone number.

What's even better is that you can customize and manage your speed dial phone numbers in Dial Plan Setting on your gateway! Dial Plan allows you to set up to speed dial numbers that can be called with the fewer numbers.

Scenario description A: User wants to dial any number instead of 810-any number

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 | х | 2 ~ 15 | 0 | 810 | sip.test.com | 5060 | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial F | ^o lan From | То | | | |

Note: The destination IP address is the domain name of SIP proxy server

Scenario description B: User wants to dial 86-1234567890 instead of 810-86-1234567890

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 86x | 3 ~ 15 | 0 | 810 | sip.test.com | 5060 | |
| | | ~ ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | und Dial f | ^p lan From | то | | | |

Note: The destination IP address is the domain name of SIP proxy server

Scenario description C: User wants to dial 888 instead of 810-861234567890

Outgoing Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit)

| Item | Outgoing no. | Length of Number | Delete Length | Prefix no. | Destination IP/DNS | Destination Port | Operation |
|------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 999 | 3 ~ 3 | 3 | 8100861234567890 | sip.test.com | 5060 | |
| | | ~ | | | | | ADD |
| | DELETE Outbo | ound Dial F | ^p lan From | то 📃 | | | |

Note: The destination IP address is the domain name of sip proxy server

Appendix C

VIP-281 series Specifications

| Product | 2-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Model | VIP-281 | VIP-281FS | |
| Hardware | | | |
| WAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | |
| LAN | 4 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | |
| Voice | 2 x RJ-11 connection | 2 x RJ-11 connection | |
| | (1 x FXS, 1 x FXO) | (2 x FXS) | |
| Protocols and Standard | | | |
| Standard | H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261) , SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, | | |
| | STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits | | |
| | (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support. | | |
| Voice codec | G.711(A-law /u-law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps) | | |
| Fax support | T.30, T.38 | | |
| Voice Standard | Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) | | |
| | | | |
| | G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation | | |
| | Dynamic Jitter Buffer | | |
| Protocols | SIP 2.0 (RFC-3261), H.323, TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, | | |
| | NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS | | |
| Advanced Function | Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT | | |
| | router function. | | |
| Network and Configuration | | | |
| Access Mode | Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP | | |
| Management | Web, Telnet | | |
| LED Indications | System: 1, PWR | | |
| | WAN: 1, LNK/ACT | | |
| | LAN: 4, LNK/ACT | | |
| | Voice 2, In-Use/Ringing | | |
| Dimension (W x D x H) | 260 x 135 x 35 mm | | |
| Operating Environment | 0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity | | |
| Power Requirement | 12V DC | | |
| EMC/EMI | CE, FCC Class B | | |

VIP-480 series Specifications

| Product | 4-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Model | VIP-480 | VIP-480FS | VIP-480FO | VIP-480FD | |
| Hardware | | | 1 | 1 | |
| WAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 45 port | | | |
| LAN | 4 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 45 port | | | |
| Voice | 4 x RJ-11 connection (2 x FXS, 2 x FXO) | 4 x RJ-11 connection (4 x FXS) | 4 x RJ-11 connection (4 x FXO) | 4 x RJ-11 connection (4 x FXO with Caller ID) | |
| Protocols and Standard | | | | | |
| Standard | H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261), SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support. | | | | |
| Voice codec | G.711(A-law /u-law), | G.711(A-law /u-law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps) | | | |
| Fax support | T.30, T.38 | | | | |
| Voice Standard | Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation Dynamic Jitter Buffer | | | | |
| Protocols | SIP 2.0 (RFC-3261), H.323, TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS | | | | |
| Advanced Function | Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router function. | | | | |
| Network and Configuration | | | | | |
| Access Mode | Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP | | | | |
| Management | Web, Telnet | | | | |
| LED Indications | System: 1, PWR WAN: 1, LNK/ACT LAN: 4, LNK/ACT Voice 4, In-Use/Ringing | | | | |
| Dimension (W x D x H) | 260 x 135 x 35 mm | | | | |
| Operating Environment | 0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity | | | | |
| Power Requirement | 12V DC | | | | |
| EMC/EMI | CE, FCC Class B | | | | |

VIP-880 series Specifications

| Product | 8-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Model | VIP-880 | VIP-880FO | |
| Hardware | | | |
| WAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | |
| LAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | |
| Voice | 8 x RJ-11 connection | 8 x RJ-11 connection | |
| | (4 x FXS, 4 x FXO) | (8 x FXO) | |
| Protocols and Standard | | | |
| Standard | H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261) , SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Voice codec | G.711(A-law / µ -law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps) | | |
| Fax support | T.30, T.38 | | |
| Voice Standard | Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) | | |
| | | | |
| | G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation | | |
| | Dynamic Jitter Buffer | | |
| Protocols | SIP 2.0 (RFC-3261), H.323, TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, | | |
| | DHCP, PPPoE, DNS | | |
| Advanced Function | Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router | | |
| | function. | | |
| Network and Configuration | | | |
| Access Mode | Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP | | |
| Management | Web, RS-232 Console, Telnet | | |
| LED Indications | System: 2, PWR, CPU | | |
| | WAN: 2, LNK/ACT | | |
| | LAN: 2, LNK/ACT | | |
| | Voice 8, In-Use/Ringing | | |
| Dimension (W x D x H) | 300 x 160 x 40 mm | | |
| Operating Environment | 0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity | | |
| Power Requirement | 12V DC | | |
| EMC/EMI | CE, FCC Class B | | |

VIP-1680 series Specifications

| Product | 16-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Model | VIP-1680 | VIP-1680FS | VIP-1680FO | VIP-1680FD | |
| Hardware | Hardware | | | | |
| WAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 45 port | | | |
| LAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | | |
| Voice | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (8 x FXS, 8 x FXO) | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (16 x FXS) | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (16 x FXO) | 16 x RJ-11 connection (16 x FXO with Caller ID) | |
| Protocols and Standard | | | | | |
| Standard | H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261), SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support. | | | | |
| Voice codec | G.711(A-law /u-law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps) | | | | |
| Fax support | T.30, T.38 | | | | |
| Voice Standard | Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation Dynamic litter Buffer | | | | |
| Protocols | TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS | | | | |
| Advanced Function | Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router function. | | | | |
| Network and Configuration | | | | | |
| Access Mode | Static IP, PPPoE, D | Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP | | | |
| Management | Web, Telnet, Console | | | | |
| LED Indications | System: 2, PWR/CPU WAN: 2, LNK/ACT LAN: 2, LNK/ACT Voice 16, In-Use/Ringing | | | | |
| Dimension (W x D x H) | 440 x 250 x 44 mm | | | | |
| Operating Environment | 0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity | | | | |
| Power Requirement | 100~240V AC 50/60Hz | | | | |
| EMC/EMI | CE, FCC Class B | | | | |

VIP-2480 series Specifications

| Product | 24-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Model | VIP-2480 | VIP-2480FS | VIP-2480FO | VIP-2480FD | |
| Hardware | | | | | |
| WAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | | |
| LAN | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ- | 1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port | | | |
| Voice | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (12 x FXS, 12 x FXO) | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (24 x FXS) | 1 x RJ-21 connector for connecting to telephone patch panel (24 x FXO) | 24 x RJ-11 connection (24 x FXO with Caller ID) | |
| Protocols and Standard | | | | | |
| Standard | H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261), SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support. | | | | |
| Voice codec | G.711(A-law /u-law) | G.711(A-law /u-law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps) | | | |
| Fax support | T.30, T.38 | | | | |
| Voice Standard | Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation Dynamic litter Buffer | | | | |
| Protocols | TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS | | | | |
| Advanced Function | Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router function. | | | | |
| Network and Configuration | | | | | |
| Access Mode | Static IP, PPPoE, D | Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP | | | |
| Management | Web, Telnet, Console | | | | |
| LED Indications | System: 2, PWR/CPU WAN: 2, LNK/ACT LAN: 2, LNK/ACT Voice 24, In-Use/Ringing | | | | |
| Dimension (W x D x H) | 440 x 250 x 44 mm | | | | |
| Operating Environment | 0~40 degree C, 0~9 | 0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity | | | |
| Power Requirement | 100~240V AC 50/60Hz | | | | |
| EMC/EMI | CE, FCC Class B | | | | |