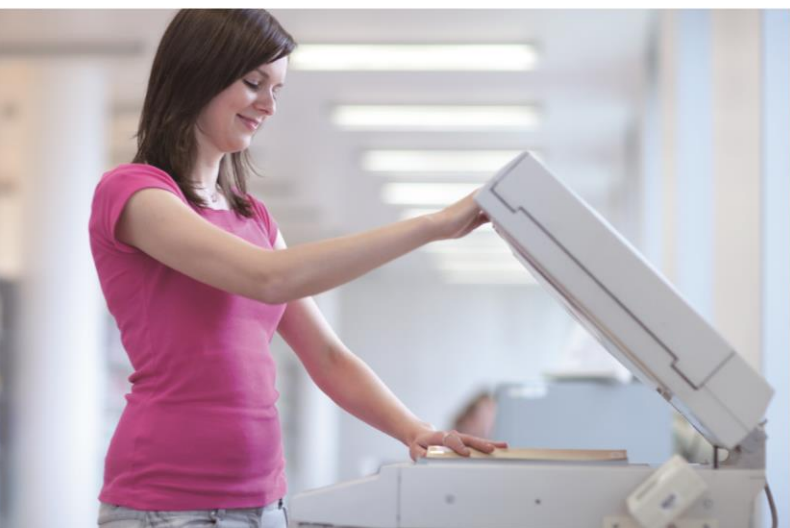




# User's Manual

## Enterprise 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router

► VR-300 Series



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This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### CE mark Warning



This device is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.

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### Revision

User's Manual of PLANET 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router

Model: VR-300, VR-300P, VR-300F, VR-300FP, VR-300W5, VR-300PW5, VR-300W6A, VR-300PW6A, VR-300W6, VR-300PW6, VR-300FW-NR

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## Chapter 1. Product Introduction

Thank you for purchasing PLANET VPN Router, VR-300 Series. The descriptions of these models are as follows:

<b>VR-300</b>	Enterprise 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300P</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300F</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300FP</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300W5</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW5</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>VR-300W6A</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW6A</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>VR-300W6</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW6</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>VR-300FW-NR</b>	5G NR Cellular + Wi-Fi 6 AX 1800 Dual Band + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router

Model Spec.	VR-300 VR-300P	VR-300F VR-300FP	VR-300W5 VR-300PW5	VR-300W6 VR-300PW6	VR-300W6A VR-300PW6A	VR-300FW- NR
Wi-Fi	-	-	11ac 1200Mbps	11ax 1800Mbps	11ax 2400Mbps	11ax 1800Mbps
Fiber	-	■	-	-	-	■
PoE	VR-300P	VR-300FP	VR-300PW5	VR-300PW6	VR-300PW6A	--
5G NR Cellular	-	-	-	-	-	■

“VPN Router” mentioned in this Quick Installation Guide refers to the above models.

## 1.1 Package Contents

The package should contain the following:

- VPN Router x 1
- Quick Installation Guide (QR code) x 1
- Power Cord x 1
- Rubber Feet x 4
- Rack-mounting Kit x 1
- SFP Dust Cap x 1 (VR-300F/VR-300FP/VR-300FW-NR)
- Other components as shown below:

Model Name	2.4G/5G antenna	Dual band antenna	5G NR antenna
VR-300W5	2	--	--
VR-300PW5	2	--	--
VR-300W6	--	2	--
VR-300PW6	--	2	--
VR-300W6A	--	4	--
VR-300PW6A	--	4	--
VR-300FW-NR	--	2	4



If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.



## 1.2 Overview

### Powerful VPN Security Solution

The innovation of the Internet has created tremendous worldwide opportunities for e-business and information sharing. It has become essential for businesses to focus more on network security issues. The demand for information security has become the primary concern for the enterprises. To fulfill this demand, PLANET has launched the VR-300 series VPN Security Router, an all-in-one appliance that carries several main categories across your network security deployments: Cyber security, SPI firewall security protection, policy auditing (Content Filtering, VPN Tunnel and MAC/IP Filtering), AP controller, captive portal, RADIUS and easy management (Setup Wizard, DHCP Server and Dashboard). Furthermore, its Dual-WAN Failover, Outbound Load Balance and High-Availability features can improve the network efficiency while the web-based interface provides friendly and consistent user experience.

### Automatic Failover between 5G NR and Dual WAN (For VR-300FW-NR only)

Designed with 5G NR, dual WAN interfaces (fiber and copper), 1000X SFP and Gigabyte Ethernet, the VR-300FW-NR ensures Internet connectivity by featuring failover functionality between 5G NR and dual WAN. It provides flexibility to set priority for 5G NR or dual WAN connection. When the main WAN interface fails, the secondary WAN interface will automatically back up the connection to ensure always-on connectivity.

### Ultra-Fast Speed 4G/5G Network\* (For VR-300FW-NR only)

The VR-300FW-NR supports 5G NR DL (downlink) speeds higher than 2.4 Gbps and 4G LTE DL speeds of up to 1 Gbps. The wide spectrum bandwidth accelerates internet speeds and reduces network latency for premium and time-sensitive connectivity services. It also supports multi-band connectivity including LTE FDD/TDD, WCDMA and GSM for a wide range of applications.

\*The real 5G NR/4G LTE data rate is dependent on local service provider.

### GPS Included (For VR-300FW-NR only)

The VR-300FW-NR is equipped with the global positioning system feature. It adopts the 5G NR technology for the multiple global navigation systems (GPS/GLONASS/BeiDou/Galileo/QZSS). It helps to position location of cellular gateway based on a network of satellites that continuously transmits necessary data. More signals transmitted from more satellites can triangulate its location on the ground, meaning any location can be easily tracked.

- **Wireless 11ac Brings Excellent Data Link Speed (Wireless model only)**

The VR-300 Series is designed with high power amplifier and 4 highly-sensitive antennas which provide stronger signal and excellent coverage even in the wide-ranging or bad environment. With adjustable transmit power option, the administrator can flexibly reduce or increase the output power for various environments, thus reducing interference to achieve maximum performance. To provide extremely high-speed user experience, the VR-300W5 adopts IEEE 802.11ac technology to increase the speed from the 802.11n standard 40MHz to 80MHz and to implement the 256-QAM modulation where higher transmitting/receiving rates go up to 867Mbps in 5GHz, a less interference frequency band. In addition, the VR-300 Series is equipped with Gigabit LAN port to eliminate the restriction of 100Mbps Fast Ethernet wired connection to let users fully enjoy the high speed provided by wireless. The IEEE 802.11ac also optimizes MU-MIMO (Multi-User MIMO) mechanism to serve multiple devices simultaneously.

- **Built-in Unique PoE Functions for Powered Devices Management (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series is capable of having a maximum of up to 120 watts of power output and can deliver up to 36W for each port. It also features the following special PoE management functions:

- **PoE Usage Monitoring (PoE model only)**

With PoE usage monitoring, it can show the PoE loading of each port, total PoE power usage and system statuses, such as overload, low voltage, over voltage and high temperature. User can obtain detailed information about the real-time PoE working condition of the VR-300 series directly.

- **PoE Schedule (PoE model only)**

Under the trend of energy savings worldwide and contributing to environmental protection, the VR-300 series can effectively control the power supply besides its capability of giving high watts power. The "PoE schedule" function helps you to enable or disable PoE power feeding for each PoE port during specified time intervals and it is a powerful function to help SMBs or enterprises save power and budget. It also increases security by powering off PDs that should not be in use during non-business hours.

- **Scheduled Power Recycling (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series allows each of the connected PoE IP cameras or PoE wireless access points to reboot at a specific time each week. Therefore, it will reduce the chance of IP camera or AP crash resulting from buffer overflow.

- **PD Alive Check (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series can be configured to monitor connected PD status in real time via ping action. Once the PD stops working and responding, the VR-300 series will resume the PoE port power and bring the PD back to work. It will greatly enhance the network reliability through the PoE port resetting the PD's power source and reducing administrator management burden.

### **Wi-Fi Deployments and Authentication with Simplified Management**

The VR-300 series also provides a built-in AP Controller, Captive Portal, RADIUS and a DHCP server to facilitate small and medium businesses to deploy secure employee and guest access services without any additional server. The VR-300 series can offer a secure Wi-Fi network with easy installation for your business.

### **Centralized Remote Control of Managed APs\***

The VR-300 series provides centralized management of PLANET Smart AP series via a user-friendly Web GUI. It's easy to configure AP for the wireless SSID, radio band and security settings. With a four-step configuration process, different purposes of wireless profiles can be simultaneously delivered to multiple APs or AP groups to minimize deployment time, effort and cost.

For example, to configure multiple Smart APs of the same model, the VR-300 series allows clustering them to a managed group for unified management. According to requirements, wireless APs can be flexibly expanded or removed from a wireless AP group at any time. The AP cluster benefits bulk provision and bulk firmware upgrade through single entry point instead of having to configure settings in each of them separately.

### **Ideal High-Availability VPN Security Router Solution for SMBs**

The VR-300 series provides complete data security and privacy for accessing and exchanging most sensitive data, built-in IPSec VPN function with DES/3DES/AES encryption and MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication, and GRE, SSL, PPTP and L2TP server mechanism. The full VPN capability in the VR-300 series makes the connection secure, more flexible, and more capable.

### **Excellent Ability in Threat Defense**

The VR-300's built-in SPI (stateful packet inspection) firewall and DoS/DDoS attack mitigation functions provide high efficiency and extensive protection for your network. Thus, virtual server and DMZ functions can let you set up servers in the Intranet and still provide services to the Internet users.

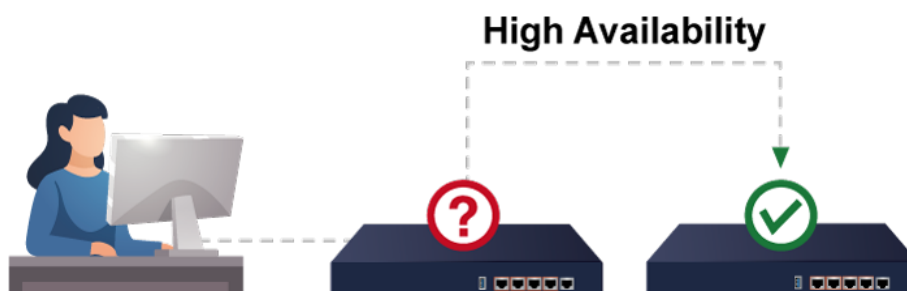
### **Cybersecurity Network Solution to Minimize Security Risks**

The cybersecurity feature included to protect the switch management in a mission-critical network virtually needs no effort and cost to install. For efficient management, the VR-300 is equipped with HTTPS web and SNMP management interfaces. With the built-in web-based management interface, the VR-300 series offers an easy-to-use, platform independent management and configuration facility. The VR-300 series supports SNMP and it can be managed via any management software based on the standard SNMP protocol.

## 1.3 Topology

### Improving Network Efficiency

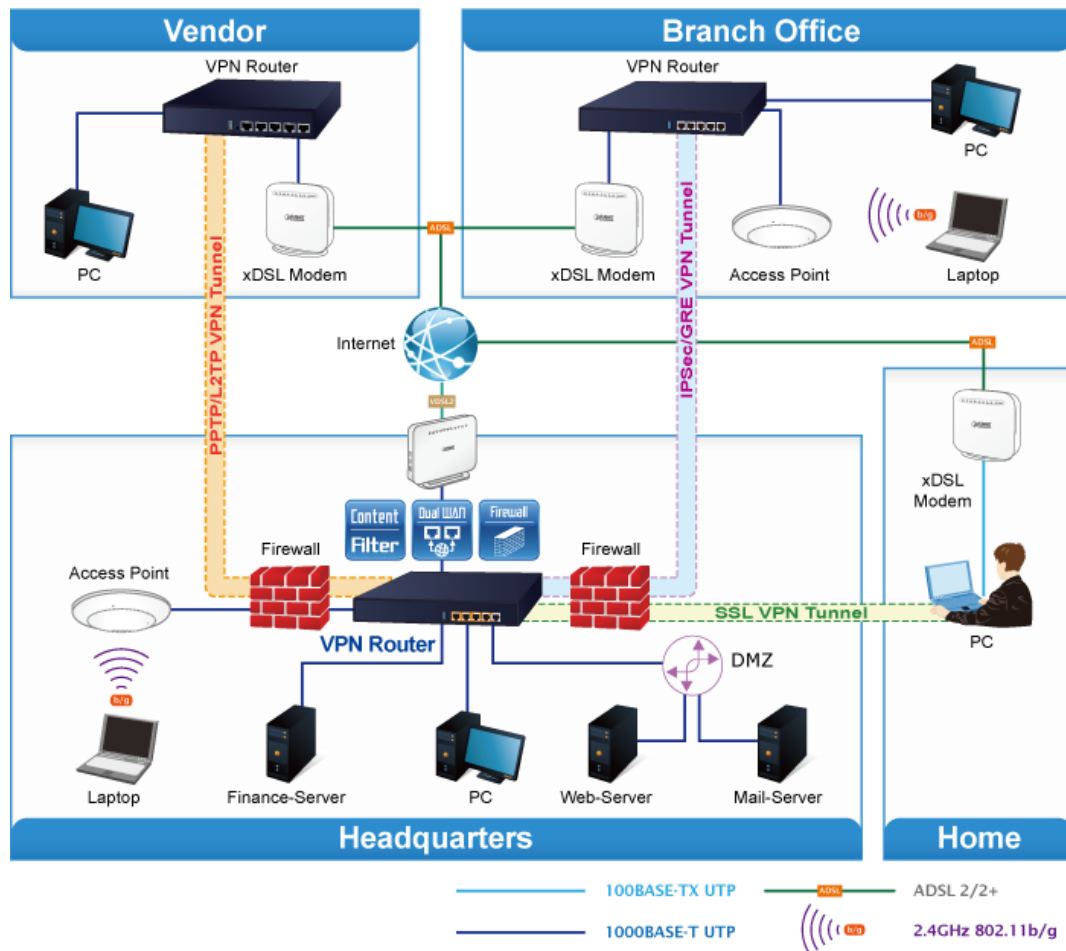
It is applicable to the small-scale sector (from 60 to 100 people), using a 13-inch desktop design, with five Gigabit ports (WAN/LAN). It provides higher performance with all Gigabit Ethernet interfaces which offer faster speeds for your network applications. The Gigabit user-defined interfaces flexibly fulfill the network requirement nowadays, and the High-Availability and Dual-WAN interfaces enable the VR-300 series to support outbound load balancing and WAN fail-over features.



Furthermore, the VR-300 series can connect dual IPv4/v6 WANs with up to two different ISPs and supports many popular security features including Content Filtering to block specific URL feature that can automatically resolve the IP address corresponding to all. Users' network can be easily managed by just typing the URL of the websites like Facebook, YouTube and Yahoo.



The VR-300 series has link redundancy, MAC/IP filtering, outbound load balancing, QoS and many more functions to make the entire network system better. It creates a stable and qualified VPN security connection for many important applications such as VoIP, video conferencing and data transmission. The VR-300's economical price and complete network security management features make it an inevitable choice for the next-generation office network load balancer.



## 1.4 Features

### ➤ Highlights

- Dual-WAN failover and Dual-WAN load balancing
- SSL VPN and robust hybrid VPN (IPSec/PPTP/L2TP over IPSec)
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall and content filtering
- Blocks DoS/DDOS attack, port range forwarding
- High Availability, AP Controller, Captive Portal and RADIUS
- Compliant with the IEEE 802.3at PoE+ with PD alive check and schedule management
- Planet Universal Network Management System and CloudViewer app supported

### ➤ Hardware

- 5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 ports
- 4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 ports (VR-300F and VR-300FP)
- 1 1000BASE-X mini-GBIC/SFP slot (VR-300F, VR-300FP and VR-300FW-NR)
- 1 undefined Ethernet port (LAN/WAN) for Dual-WAN function
- 1 USB 2.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
- Desktop installation or rack mounting

### ➤ Cellular Interface

#### **VR-300FW-NR**

- Supports multi-band connectivity with 5G NR (NSA/SA), LTE-FDD, LTE-TDD, and WCDMA
- Built-in SIM and broadband backup for network redundancy
- Four detachable antennas for 5G NR connection
- LED indicators for signal strength and connection status
- Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)

### ➤ RF Interface Characteristics

#### **VR-300W5 and VR-300PW5**

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac) concurrent dual band for more efficiency of carrying high load of traffic
- 2T2R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage
- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High speed up to 1.2Gbps (300Mbps for 2.4GHz + 867Mbps for 5GHz) wireless data rate

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**VR-300W6A and VR-300PW6A**

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n/ax) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac/ax) selectable dual band for carrying high load traffic
- 4T4R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage
- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High-speed wireless data rate of up to 2.4Gbps (600Mbps for 2.4GHz or 2400Mbps for 5GHz)

**VR-300W6, VR-300PW6 and VR-300FW-NR**

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n/ax) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac/ax) concurrent dual band for more efficiency of carrying high load of traffic
- 2T2R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage
- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High-speed wireless data rate of up to 18Gbps (600Mbps for 2.4GHz and 1200Mbps for 5GHz)

➤ **Power over Ethernet (PoE model only)**

- Complies with IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet Plus, end-span PSE
- Backward compatible with IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet
- Up to 4 ports of IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at devices powered
- Supports PoE power up to 36 watts for each PoE port
- Auto detects powered device (PD)
- Circuit protection prevents power interference between ports
- PoE management
  - Total PoE power budget control
  - Per port PoE function enable/disable
  - PoE port power feeding priority
  - Per PoE port power limitation
  - PD classification detection
  - PD alive check
  - PoE schedule

➤ **IP Routing Feature**

- Static Route
- Dynamic Route
- OSPF



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➤ **Firewall Security**

- Cybersecurity
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall
- Blocks DoS/DDoS attack
- Content Filtering
- MAC Filtering and IP Filtering
- NAT ALGs (Application Layer Gateway)
- Blocks SYN/ICMP Flooding

➤ **VPN Features**

- IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
- Max. Connection Tunnel Entries: 60 VPN tunnels,
- Encryption methods: DES, 3DES, AES, AES-128/192/256
- Authentication methods: MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512

➤ **Networking**

- Outbound load balancing
- Failover for dual-WAN
- Static IP/DHCP client for WAN
- Protocols: TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, IPv4, IPv6
- Port forwarding
- DMZ
- SNMP
- DHCP server/NTP client
- MAC address clone
- DDNS: PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DynDNS and No-IP
- Cybersecurity

➤ **Others**

- Setup wizard
- Dashboard for real-time system overview
- Supported access by HTTP or HTTPS
- Auto reboot
- PLANET NMS System and Smart Discovery Utility for deployment management
- PLANET CloudViewer app for real-time monitoring

## 1.5 Product Specifications

### VR-300, VR-300P VR-300FP and VR-300FP

Models	VR-300	VR-300F	VR-300P	VR-300FP
Hardware Specifications				
WAN Ethernet	1 10/100/1000BAS E-T RJ45 port (Port-5)	1 1000BASE-X SFP slot (Port-5)	1 10/100/1000BAS E-T RJ45 port (Port-5)	1 1000BASE-X SFP slot (Port-5)
LAN Ethernet	4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports; Port-4 supports LAN/WAN mode			
USB Port	1 USB 2.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration			
Reset Button	Reset to factory default			
Thermal Fan	-	1	1	1
LED Indicators	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green)		PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)	
Installation	Desktop installation or rack mounting			
Power Requirements	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing			
Power Consumption / Dissipation	Max.2.9W	Max.3.7W	Max.121 watts	Max.132 watts
Weight	1.4kg	1.3kg	1.6kg	1.5kg
Dimensions (W x D x H)	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm		330 x 155 x 43.5 mm, 1U height	
Enclosure	Metal			
Power over Ethernet				
PoE Standard	-		IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE	
PoE Power Supply Type	-		End-span	
PoE Power Output	-		Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)	
Power Pin Assignment	-		1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)	
PoE Power Budget	-		120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C	
Max. Number of Class 4 PDs	-		4	
PoE Management	-		PD Alive Check Scheduled Power Recycling PoE Schedule PoE Usage Monitoring	
Security Service				
Firewall Security	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) Blocks DoS/DDoS attack			
ALG (Application Layer Gateway)	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP			
NAT	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP			

<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control SD-WAN* <i>*Note: The feature will be available via firmware upgrade.</i>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

## 11AX Wireless Models

### ■ VR-300W6, VR-300W6A, VR-300PW6, VR-300PW6A

Product	VR-300W6	VR-300W6A	VR-300PW6	VR-300PW6A
Hardware Specifications				
WAN Ethernet	1 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 port (Port-5)			
LAN Ethernet	4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports; Port-4 supports LAN/WAN mode			
USB Port	1 USB 2.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration			
Reset Button	Reset to factory default			
Thermal Fan	--	--	1	1
LED Indicators	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green)		PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)	
Installation	Desktop installation or rack mounting			
Power Requirements	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing			
Power Consumption	Max. 8W	Max. 26W	Max. 133W	Max. 145W
Weight	1.5kg	1.5kg	1.7kg	1.7kg
Dimensions (W x D x H)	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm			
Enclosure	Metal			
Power over Ethernet				
PoE Standard			IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE	
PoE Power Supply Type			End-span	
PoE Power Output			Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)	
Power Pin Assignment			1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)	
PoE Power Budget			120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C	
Max. Number of Class 4 PDs			4	
PoE Management			PD alive check Scheduled power recycling PoE schedule PoE usage monitoring	
Wireless				
Standard	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz			
Band Mode	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	2.4G / 5G selectable mode	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	2.4G / 5G selectable mode
Frequency Range - 2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.472GHz			
Frequency Range - 5GHz	America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.745~5.825GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.700GHz			
Operating Channels 2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13			
Operating Channels 5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165			

	DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their regulations.			
Channel Width	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz, 80+80 MHz	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz, 80+80 MHz
Data Transmission Rates 2.4GHz	600Mbps	600Mbps	600Mbps	600Mbps
Data Transmission Rates 5GHz	1200Mbps	2400Mbps	1200Mbps	2400Mbps
Transmission Power 2.4GHz	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps 11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7,HT40			
Transmission Power 5GHz	11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11a/n: 19.5dBm+/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7, HT40 11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8 11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11			
Encryption Security	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator			
Wireless Advanced	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering			
Security Service				
Firewall Security	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense			
ALG (Application Layer Gateway)	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP			
NAT	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP			
Content Filtering	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering			
Bandwidth Management	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)			
VPN				
VPN Function	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net) GRE PPTP Server L2TP Server SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)			
VPN Tunnels	Max. 60			

<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

\*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance will vary in different environments.

## 11AC Wireless Models

### ■ VR-300W5, VR-300PW5

Product	VR-300W5	VR-300PW5
Hardware Specifications		
WAN Ethernet	1 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 port (Port-5)	
LAN Ethernet	4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports; Port-4 supports LAN/WAN mode	
USB Port	1 USB 2.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration	
Reset Button	Reset to factory default	
Thermal Fan	--	1
LED Indicators	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green)	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
Installation	Desktop installation or rack mounting	
Power Requirements	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing	
Power Consumption	Max. 24W	Max. 140W
Weight	1.6kg	1.7kg
Dimensions (W x D x H)	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm	
Enclosure	Metal	
Power over Ethernet		
PoE Standard	--	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
PoE Power Supply Type	--	End-span
PoE Power Output	--	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)
Power Pin Assignment	--	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
PoE Power Budget	--	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
Max. Number of Class 4 PDs	--	4
PoE Management	--	PD alive check Scheduled power recycling PoE schedule PoE usage monitoring
Wireless		
Standard	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac 5 GHz	
Band Mode	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	
Frequency Range - 2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.484GHz	
Frequency Range - 5GHz	America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.725~5.850GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.240GHz	
Operating Channels 2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13	
Operating Channels	America FCC:	

<b>5GHz</b>	<p>Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149, 153, 157, 161, 165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 132, 136, 140</p> <p>Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140</p> <p>5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their regulations.</p>
<b>Channel Width</b>	<p>802.11ac: 20/40/80MHz 802.11n: 20/40MHz</p>
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	<p>Transmit: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz</p> <p>*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance will vary in different environments.</p>
<b>Transmission Power</b>	<p>&lt;=20dBm (2.4G frequency band: 2.400 – 2.4835 GHz) &lt;=23dBm (5G frequency band: 5.150 – 5.350 GHz)</p>
<b>Encryption Security</b>	<p>WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator</p>
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	<p>Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering</p>
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	<p>Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense</p>
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	<p>Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP</p>
<b>Content Filtering</b>	<p>MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering</p>
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	<p>Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)</p>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	<p>IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net) GRE PPTP Server L2TP Server SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)</p>
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy



<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

#### VR-300FW-NR

<b>Product</b>	<b>VR-300FW-NR</b>
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 4 LAN ports (Ports 1 to 4)</li> <li>■ 1 WAN/LAN port (Port 5)</li> </ul>
<b>Fiber</b>	One 1000BASE-X SFP Gigabit Ethernet port (Port 6) Supports WAN port mode or LAN port mode over software configuration
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 2.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>LED Indicators</b>	<b>System:</b> PWR, Internet, SIM, 5G, 2.4G (Green) <b>Ethernet Interfaces (Port 1-5):</b> 10/100/1000 LNK/ACT (Green) <b>Fiber Interfaces (Port 6):</b> 1000 LNK/ACT (Green)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting

Power Requirements	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing	
Power Consumption / Dissipation	Max. 6.4 watts/21.82 BTU (No Loading) Max. 9.5 watts/32.39 BTU (Full loading)	
Weight	1508g	
Dimensions (W x D x H)	330 x 155 x 44 mm, 1U height	
Enclosure	Metal	
Multi Band Supports		
5G SUB6 BANDS	NSA	n1/n2/n3/n5/n7/n8/n12/n13/n14/n18/n20/n25/n28/n29/n30/n38/n40/n41/n48/n66/n70/n71/n75/n76/n77/n78/n79
	SA	n1/n2/n3/n5/n7/n8/n12/n13/n14/n18/n20/n25/n28/n29/n30/n38/n40/n41/n48/n66/n70/n71/n75/n76/n77/n78/n79
LTE BANDS	FDD	B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B7/B8/B12/B13/B14/B17/B18/B19/B20/B25/B26/B28/B29/ B30/B32/B66/B71
	TDD	B34/B38/B39/B40/B41/B42/B43/B48
	LAA	B46
UMTS BANDS	FDD	B1/B2/B8/B4/B5/B19 MAX DL SPEED: DL3.4Gbps; UL 550 Mbps GNSS: GPS/ GLONASS/ BDS/ Galileo/ QZSS
	TDD	MAX DL SPEED DL 2.4 Gbps; UL 900 Mbps
WCDMA	B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B8	
GNSS	GPS L1+L5 dual bands/GLONASS/BeiDou/Galileo/QZSS	
Data Transmission Throughput	2.4Gbps (DL)/500Mbps (UL) for NR 1Gbps (DL)/200Mbps (UL) for LTE 42Mbps (DL)/5.76Mbps (UL) for HSPA+	
Wireless		
Standard	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz	
Band Mode	2.4G & 5G concurrent mode	
Frequency Range	2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.472GHz
	5GHz	5.15GHz ~5.875GHz
Operating Channels	2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list will vary in different countries according to their regulations.
Channel Width	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz	
Data Transmission Rates	Transmit: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz	

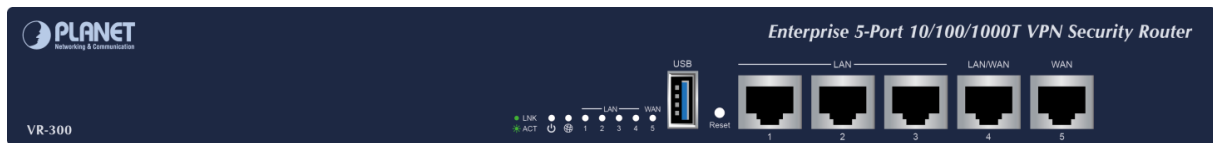
	*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance will vary in different environments.
<b>Transmission Power</b>	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps 11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7,HT40 11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11a/n: 19.5dBm+/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7, HT40 11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8 11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) Blocks DoS/DDoS attack
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net)

	GRE PPTP Server L2TP Server SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 108Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System status/service Statistics Connection status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

## Chapter 2. Hardware Introduction

### 2.1 Physical Descriptions

#### Front View



VR-300



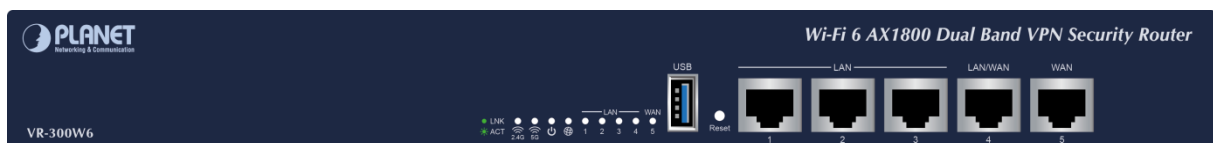
VR-300F



VR-300W5



VR-300W6A



VR-300W6

#### ■ LAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps PoE Port (Ports 1 to 4)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		<b>Blinks:</b>	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

■ WAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 Port (Ports 4 to 5)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights.	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		Blinks:	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

LED	Color	Function
PWR	Green	Lights up when the power is on.
Internet	Green	Lights up when the router connects to internet successfully.
2.4G	Green	Lights up when 2.4G Wi-Fi service is enabled.
5G	Green	Lights up when 5G Wi-Fi service is enabled.



VR-300P



VR-300FP



VR-300PW5



VR-300PW6A



VR-300PW6

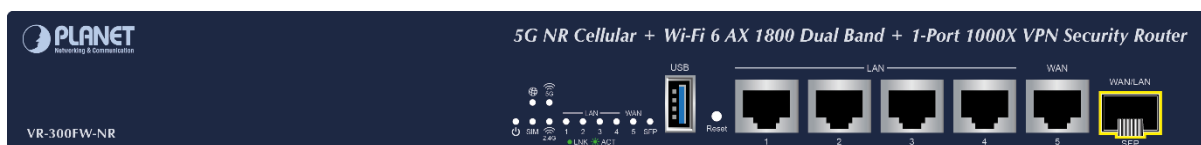
### ■ LAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps PoE Port (Ports 1 to 4)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		<b>Blinks:</b>	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.
PoE	Amber	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is providing 48V~56VDC in-line power
		<b>Off:</b>	To indicate the connected device is not a PoE powered device (PD)

### ■ WAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 Port (Ports 4 and 5)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights.	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		Blinks:	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

LED		
PWR	Green	Lights up when the power is on.
Internet	Green	Lights up when the router connects to internet successfully.
Ports 1-5	Green	“Steady on” indicates the port is connected to other network device. “Blinks” to indicate there is traffic on the port.
PoE Ports 1-4	Amber	Lights up when the port is providing 48V~56VDC in-line power
2.4G	Green	Lights up when 2.4G Wi-Fi service is enabled
5G	Green	Lights up when 5G Wi-Fi service is enabled



VR-300FW-NR

### ■ System

LED	Color	Function
PWR	Green	Lights up when the power is on.
Internet	Green	Lights up when the router connects to internet successfully.
SIM	Green	Indicates SIM is connecting successfully
5G	Green	Lights up when 5G Wi-Fi service is enabled
2.4G	Green	Lights up when 2.4G Wi-Fi service is enabled

■ LAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 Port (Ports 1 to 5)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps, 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		Blink	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

■ 1000BASE-X SFP Port (Port 6)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps and successfully established
		Blinks	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

**Rear View**



VR-300



VR-300W5 and VR-300W6A



VR-300W6



VR-300P

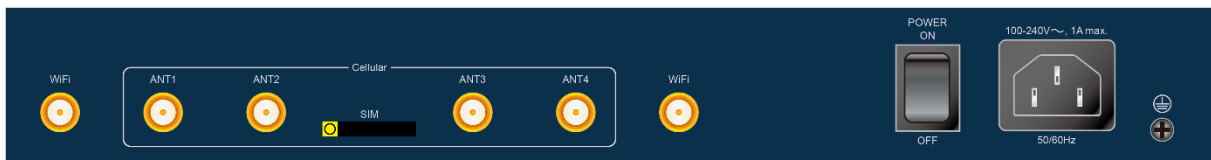




VR-300PW5 and VR-300PW6A



VR-300PW6



VR-300FW-NR

#### Interface

##### AC Power Receptacle

For compatibility with electrical outlet standard in most areas of the world, the device's power supply automatically adjusts to line power in the range of 100-240V AC and 50/60Hz.

Plug the female end of the power cord firmly into the receptacle on the rear panel of the device and the other end into an electrical outlet, and the power will be ready.

## 2.2 Hardware Installation

To install the VR-300 Series on desktop, simply follow the following steps:

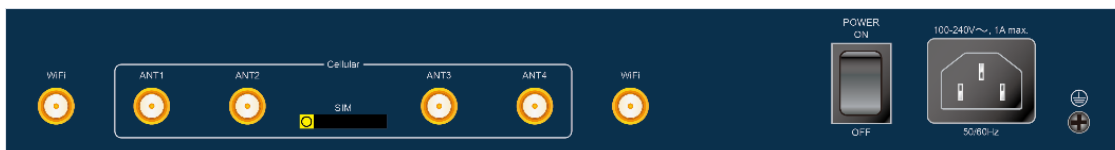
### 2.2.1 Wireless Antennas Installation

**Step 1:** For wireless models, fasten the 2.4G/5G antennas to the 2.4G/5G antenna connectors. And you can bend the antennas to fit your actual needs.

VR-300W/VR-300PW Series Rear View:



VR-300FW-NR Rear View:



**Step 2:** Place the VPN Router on desktop.

**Step 3:** Keep enough ventilation space between the VPN Router and the surrounding objects.



When choosing a location, please keep in mind the environmental restrictions should be under the specifications of the VPN router.

**Step 4:** Connect your VPN Router to hub / switch.

- A. Connect one end of a standard network cable to the LAN port (port 1) on the front panel of the VPN router.
- B. Connect the other end of the cable to the hub / switch.



The UTP Category 5e/6 network cabling with RJ45 tips is recommended.

**Step 5:** Connect your VPN Router to internet.

- A. Connect one end of a standard network cable to the WAN port (port 5) on the front panel of the VPN router.
- B. Connect the other end of the cable to the xDSL/x PON modem/ONU LAN port or an upper layer port to outer network layer.



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If there is only one line connected to the outer network in your network environment, it is suggested that you use WAN port (port 5).

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**Step 6:** Connect the included power cord to an AC 100-240V wall outlet. When the VPN router receives power, the Power LED should remain solid Green.

## 2.2.2 SIM Card Installation

### For VR-300FW-NR only

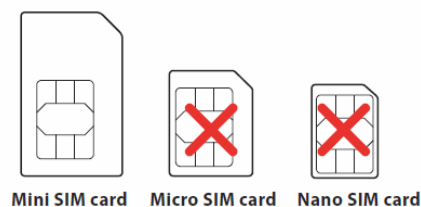
A. Insert an ejector pin into the yellow button next to the tray to loosen the tray.



B. Pull out the tray gently from the tray slot. Place the SIM card on the tray with the gold-colored contacts facing upwards.

C. Insert the tray back into the tray slot.

- **A mini SIM card with 5G NR and 4G LTE subscription**



## 2.2.3 5G NR Antenna Installation

**For VR-300FW-NR only**

**Step 1:** Connect 5G NR antennas to the 5G NR antenna extender.



## Chapter 3. Preparation

Before getting into the device's web UI, user has to check the network setting and configure PC's IP address.

### 3.1 Requirements

User is able to confirm the following items before configuration:

1. Please confirm the network is working properly; it is strongly suggested to test your network connection by connecting your computer directly to ISP.
2. Suggested operating systems: Windows 7/8/10/11, macOS 10.12 or later, Linux Kernel 2.6.18 or later, or other modern operating system are compatible with TCP/IP Protocols.
3. Recommended web browsers: Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge or Mozilla Firefox.

## 3.2 Setting TCP/IP on your PC

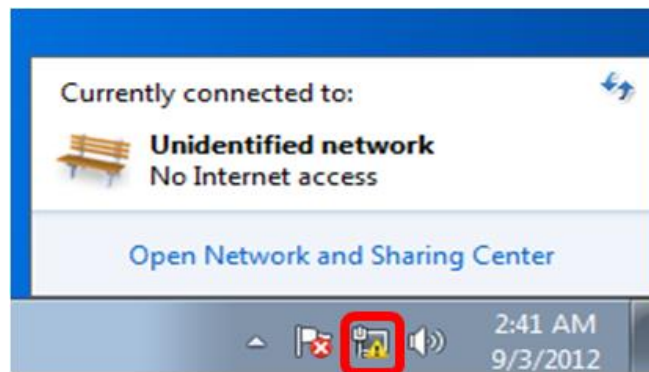
The default IP address of the VPN router is 192.168.1.1, and the DHCP Server is on. Please set the IP address of the connected PC as DHCP client, and the PC will get IP address automatically from the VPN router.

Please refer to the following to set the IP address of the connected PC.

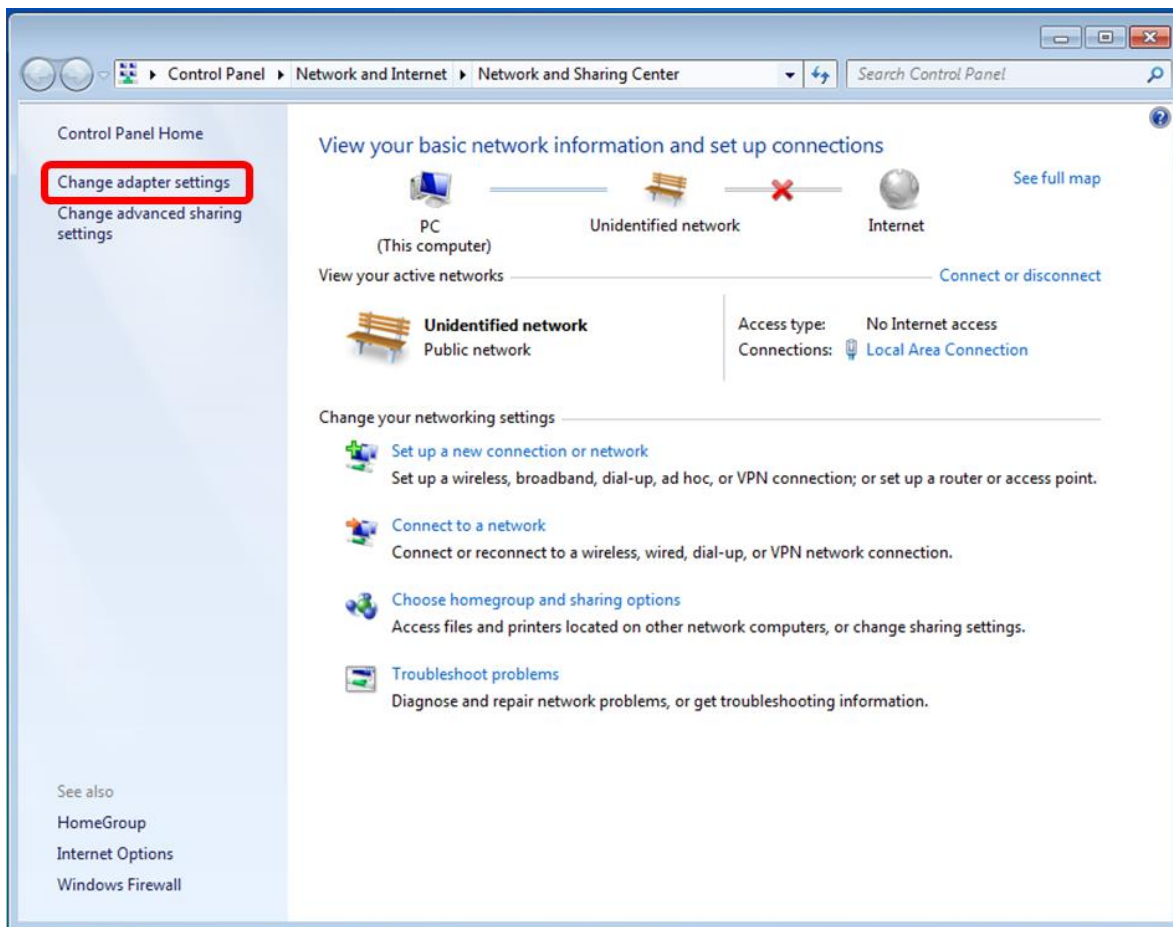
### Windows 7/8

**If you are using Windows 7/8, please refer to the following:**

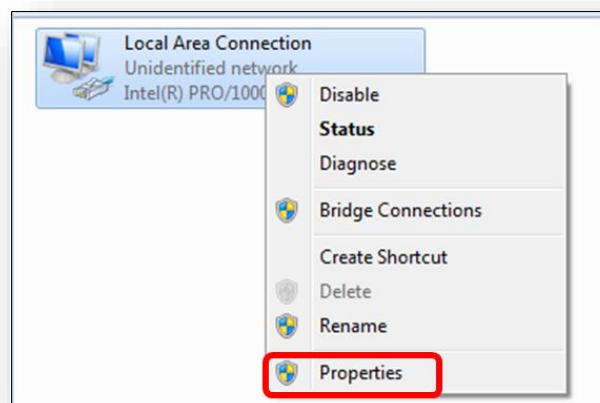
1. Click on the network icon from the right side of the taskbar and then click on "Open Network and Sharing Center".



2. Click **"Change adapter settings"**.

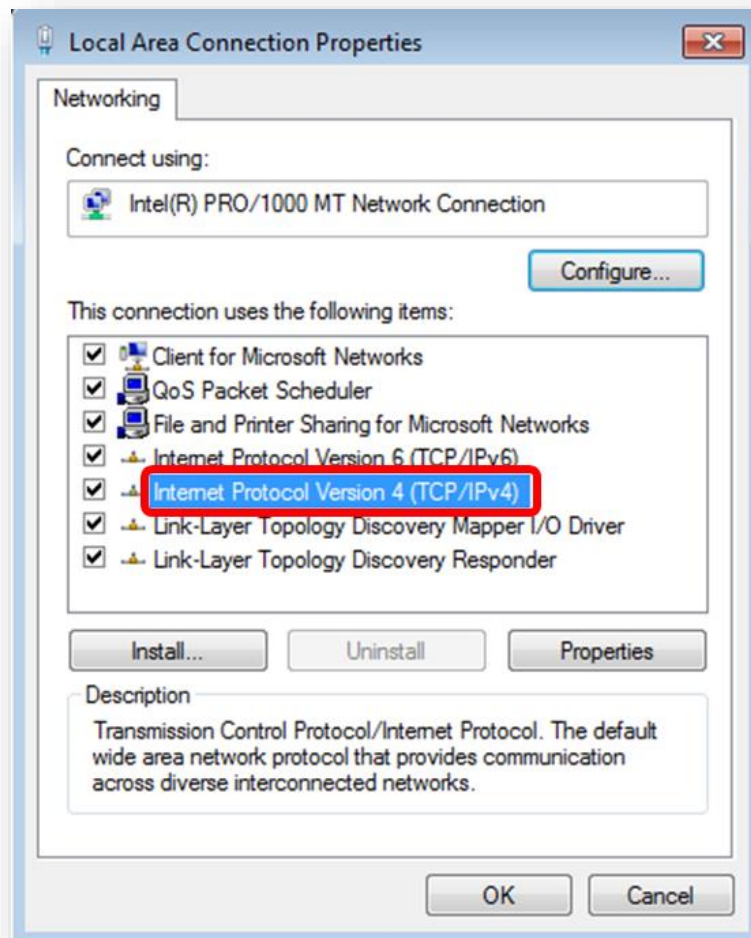


3. Right-click on the Local Area Connection and select Properties.

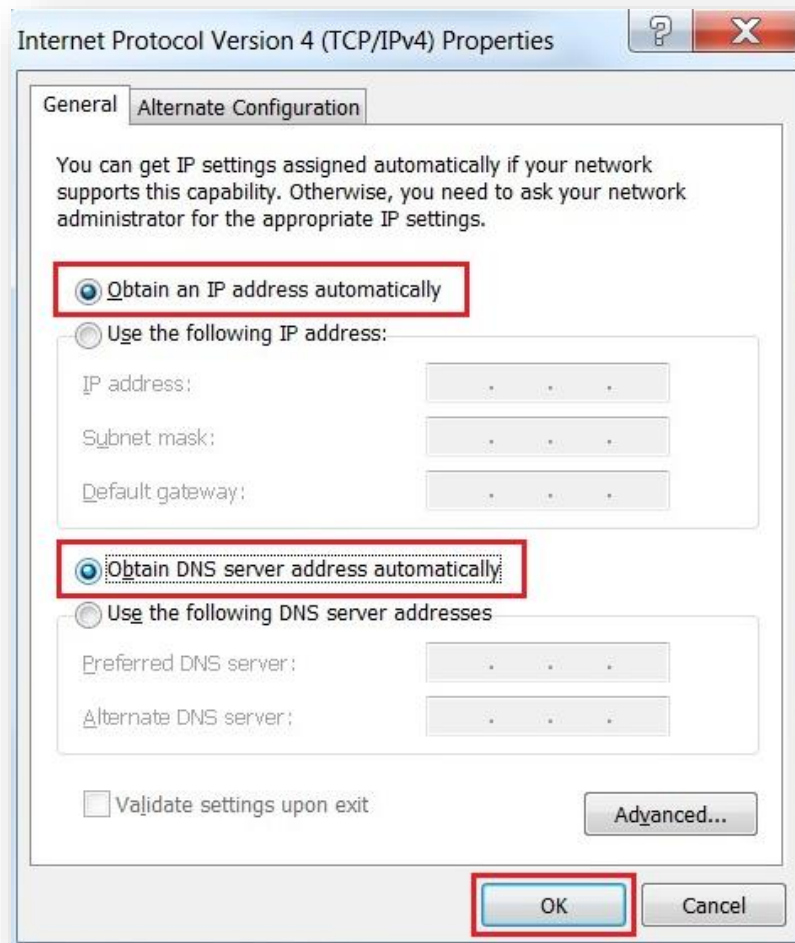




4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties or directly double-click on Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).



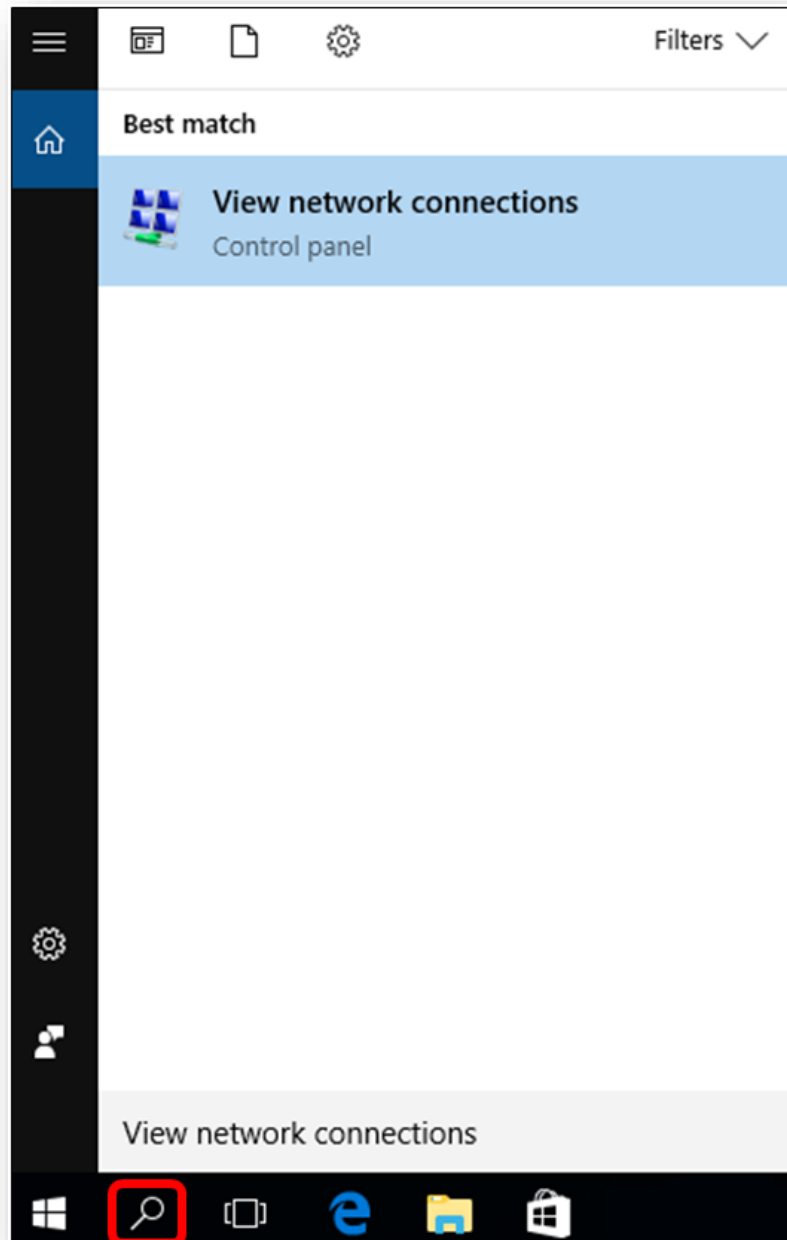
5. Select **"Use the following IP address"** and **"Obtain DNS server address automatically"**, and then click the **"OK"** button.



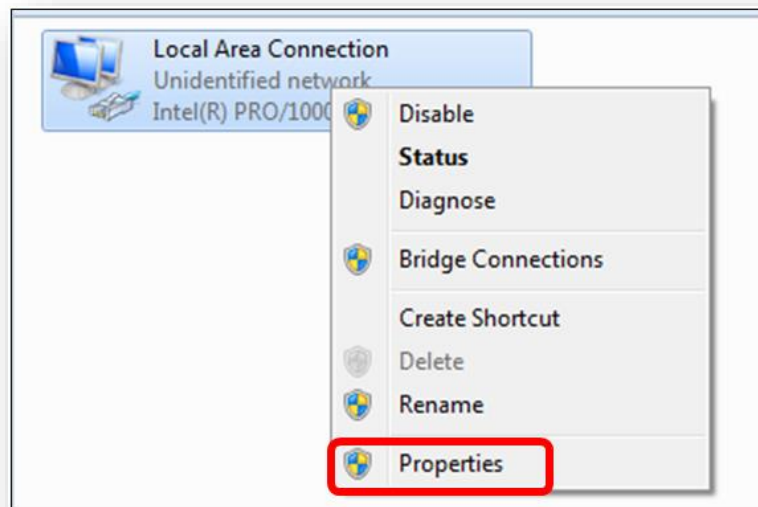
## Windows 10

If you are using Windows 10, please refer to the following:

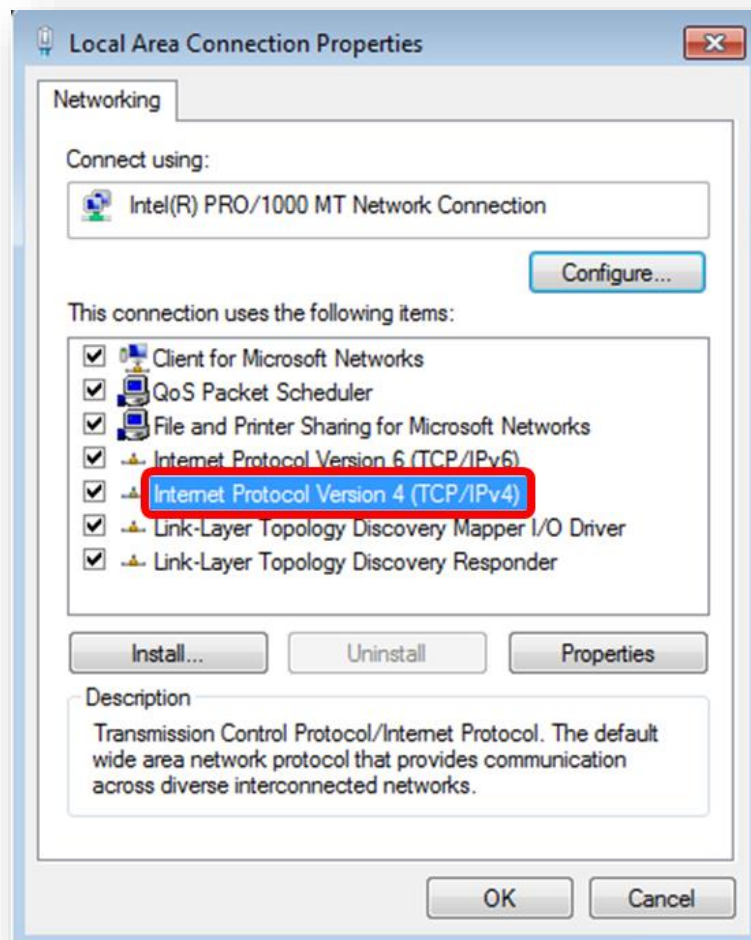
1. In the search box on the taskbar, type “View network connections”, and then select View network connections at the top of the list.



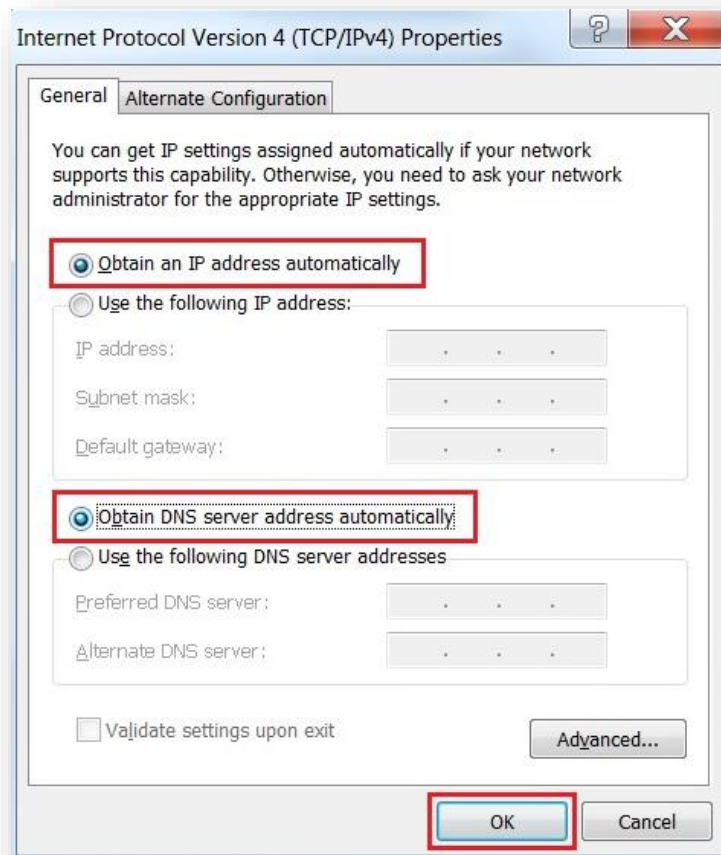
2. Right-click on the Local Area Connection and select Properties.



3. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties or directly double-click on Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).



4. Select **"Use the following IP address"** and **"Obtain DNS server address automatically"**, and then click the **"OK"** button.



### 3.3 Planet Smart Discovery Utility

For easily listing the router in your Ethernet environment, the search tool -- Planet Smart Discovery Utility -- is an ideal solution.

The following installation instructions are to guide you to running the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

1. Download the Planet Smart Discovery Utility in administrator PC.
2. Run this utility as the following screen appears.

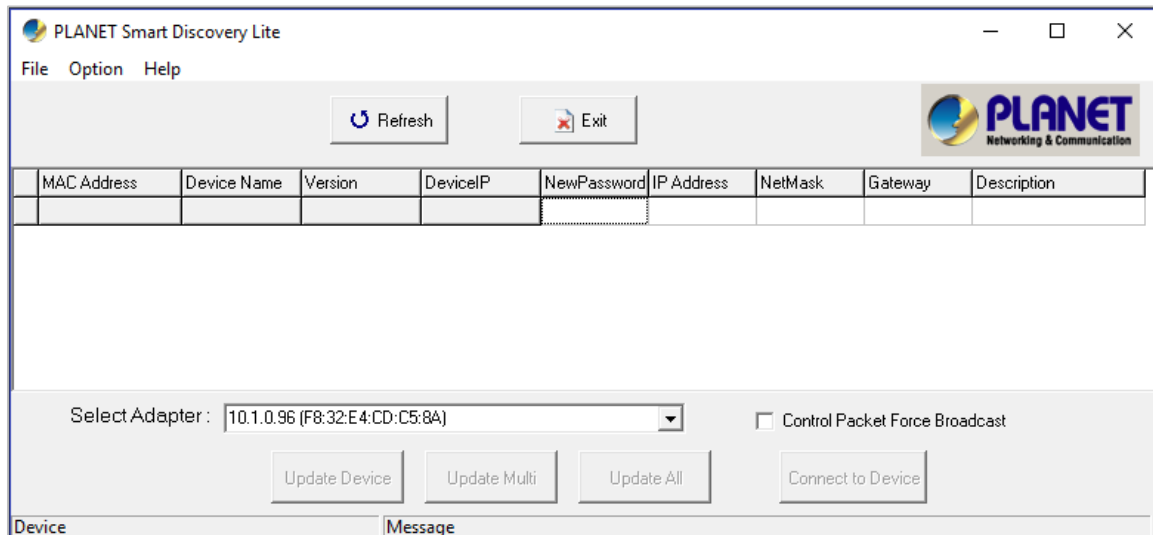


Figure 3-1-6: Planet Smart Discovery Utility Screen



If there are two LAN cards or above in the same administrator PC, choose a different LAN card by using the “**Select Adapter**” tool.

3. Press the “**Refresh**” button for the currently connected devices in the discovery list as the screen shows below:

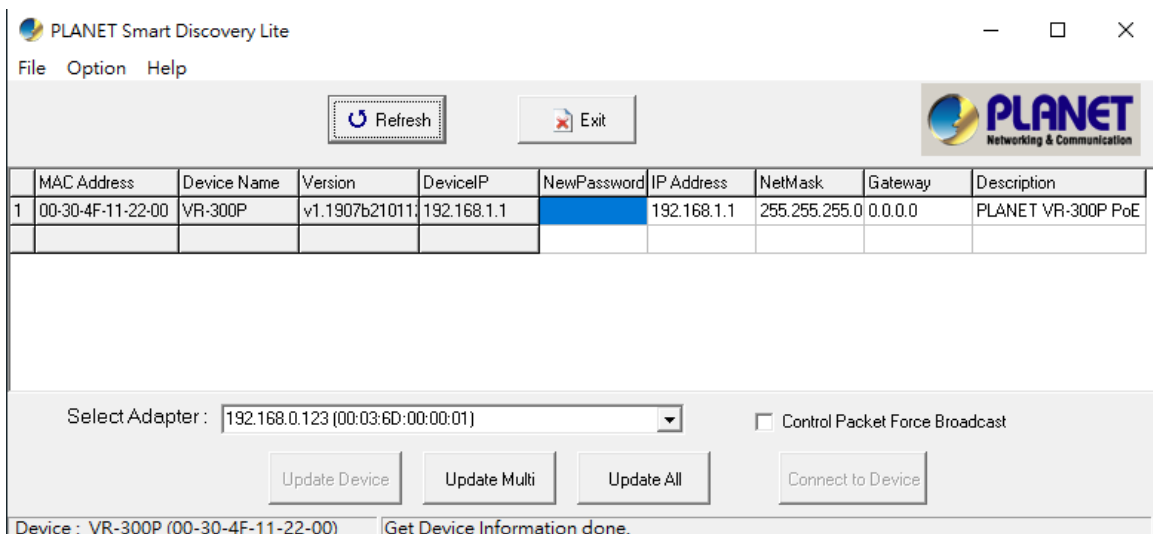


Figure 3-1-7: Planet Smart Discovery Utility Screen

1. This utility shows all necessary information from the devices, such as MAC address, device name, firmware version, and device IP subnet address. It can also assign new password, IP subnet address and description to the devices.
2. After setup is completed, press the “**Update Device**”, “**Update Multi**” or “**Update All**” button to take effect. The functions of the 3 buttons above are shown below:
  - **Update Device**: use current setting on one single device.
  - **Update Multi**: use current setting on choose multi-devices.
  - **Update All**: use current setting on whole devices in the list.The same functions mentioned above also can be found in “**Option**” tools bar.
3. To click the “**Control Packet Force Broadcast**” function, it allows you to assign a new setting value to the device under a different IP subnet address.
4. Press the “**Connect to Device**” button and the Web login screen appears.

Press the “**Exit**” button to shut down the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

## Chapter 4. Web-based Management

This chapter provides setup details of the device's Web-based Interface.

### 4.1 Introduction

The device can be configured with your Web browser. Before configuring, please make sure your PC is under the same IP segment with the device.

### 4.2 Logging in to the VPN Router

Refer to the steps below to configure the VPN router:

- Step 1.** Connect the IT administrator's PC and VPN router's LAN port (port 1) to the same hub / switch, and then launch a browser to link the management interface address which is set to **https://192.168.1.1** by default.



The DHCP server of the VPN router is enabled. Therefore, the LAN PC will get IP from the VPN router. If user needs to set IP address of LAN PC manually, please set the IP address within the range between 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.254 inclusively, and assigned the subnet mask of 255.255.255.0.

**Step 2.**

- A. The browser prompts you for the login credentials. (Both are **“admin”** by default.)



The following steps is based on the firmware version before **August of 2024**.

Default IP address: **192.168.1.1**

Default user name: **admin**

Default password: **admin**

Default SSID (2.4G): **PLANET\_2.4G** (Wireless model only)

Default SSID (5G): **PLANET\_5G** (Wireless model only)





The SSIDs are designed for wireless models: VR-300W5, VR-300PW5, VR-300W6A, VR-300PW6A, VR-300W6, VR-300PW6, VR-300FW-NR

B. The browser prompts you for the login credentials.



The following step is based on the firmware version of **August of 2024** or after.

Default IP address: 192.168.1.1

Default user name: admin

Default password: **cg + the last 6 characters of the MAC ID in lowercase**

Default 2.4GHz SSID: PLANET\_2.4G (Wireless model only)

Default 5GHz SSID: PLANET\_5G (Wireless model only)

When Login dialog box appears, please enter the default user name and password. Refer to Figure 4.2-1 to determine your initial login password. Default IP address is 192.168.1.1, default username is admin and default password is cg + the last 6 characters of the MAC ID in lowercase.

Find the MAC ID on your device label. The default password is "cg" followed by the last six lowercase characters of the MAC ID.



MAC ID: A8F7E0XXXXXX  
Default Password: cgxxxxxx  
("x" means the last 6 digits of the MAC address.  
All characters should be in lowercase.)

Figure 4.2-1: MAC ID Label



Administrators are strongly suggested to change the default admin and password to ensure system security.

## 4.3 Main Web Page

After a successful login, the main web page appears. The web main page displays the web panel, main menu, function menu, and the main information in the center.







Figure 4-: Main Web Page

### ■ Web Panel

The web panel displays an image of the device's ports as shown in Figure 4-2.



Figure 4-2: Web Panel

Object	Icon	Function
PoE Consumption		To indicate the PoE consumption.
LAN		To indicate the LAN with the RJ45 plug-in.
		To indicate the PoE is in use. (VR-300P only)
		To indicate network data is sending or receiving

## ■ Main Menu

The main menu displays the product name, function menu, and main information in the center. Via the Web management, the administrator can set up the device by selecting the functions listed in the function menu and button as shown in [Figures 4-3 and 4-4](#).





**Figure 4-3:** Function Menu

Object	Description
<b>System</b>	Provides system information of the router.
<b>Network</b>	Provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router.
<b>Cellular</b>	Provides cellular configuration of the router (VR-300FW-NR Only).
<b>Security</b>	Provides firewall and security configuration of the router.
<b>VPN</b>	Provides VPN configuration of the router.
<b>AP Control</b>	Provides AP Control configuration of the router.
<b>PoE</b>	Provides PoE Management configuration of industrial wall-mount Gigabit router (VR-300P only).
<b>Wireless</b>	Provides wireless configuration of the router.
<b>Maintenance</b>	Provides firmware upgrade and setting of the file restore/backup configuration of the router.



**Figure 4-4:** Function Button

Object	Description
	Click the " <b>Refresh button</b> " to refresh the current web page.
	Click the " <b>Logout button</b> " to log out the web UI of the router.

## 4.4 System

Use the System menu items to display and configure basic administrative details of the router. The System menu shown in [Figure 4-5](#) provides the following features to configure and monitor system.



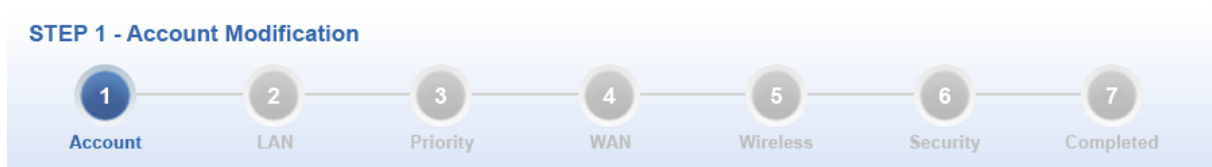
**Figure 4-5:** System Menu

Object	Description
<b>Wizard</b>	The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily and quickly.
<b>Dashboard</b>	The overview of system information includes connection, port, and system status.
<b>System Status</b>	Display the status of the system, device information, LAN and WAN.
<b>System Service</b>	Display the status of the system, secured service and server service
<b>Statistics</b>	Display statistics information of network traffic of LAN and WAN.

<b>Connection Status</b>	Display the DHCP client table and the ARP table
<b>SFP Module Information</b>	Display the physical or operational status of an SFP module via the SFP Module Information page (VR-300F and VR-300FP only)
<b>High Availability</b>	Enable/Disable High Availability on routers
<b>RADIUS</b>	Enable/Disable RADIUS on routers
<b>Captive Portal</b>	Enable/Disable Captive Portal on routers
<b>SNMP</b>	Display SNMP system information
<b>NMS</b>	Enable/Disable NMS on routers
<b>Remote Syslog</b>	Enable Captive Portal on routers
<b>Event Log</b>	Display Event Log information

## 4.4.1 Setup Wizard

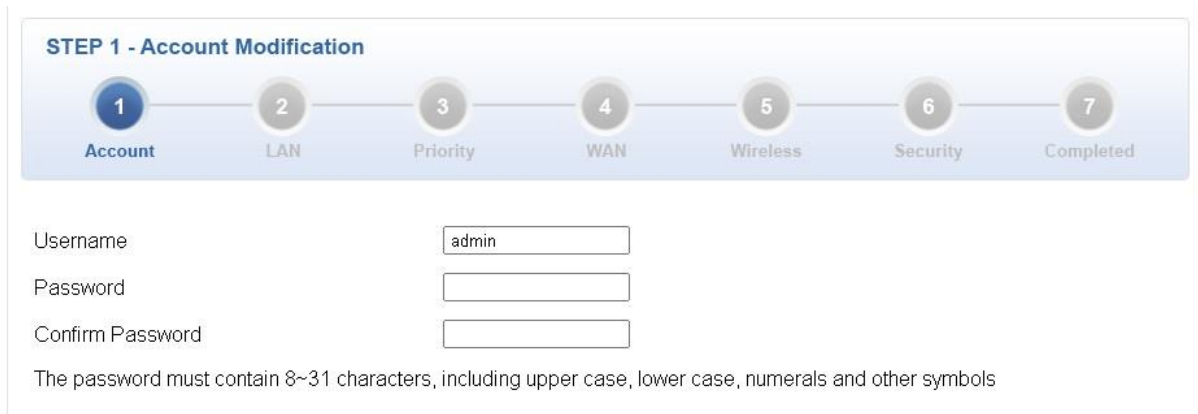
The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily and quickly. There are different procedures in different operation modes. According to the operation mode you switch to, please follow the instructions below to configure the router via **Setup Wizard** as shown in [Figure 4-6](#).



**Figure 4-6:** Setup Wizard

### Step 1: Account Modification

Set up the Username and Password for the Account Modification



**STEP 1 - Account Modification**

1 Account 2 LAN 3 Priority 4 WAN 5 Wireless 6 Security 7 Completed

Username

Password

Confirm Password

The password must contain 8~31 characters, including upper case, lower case, numerals and other symbols

### Step 2: LAN Interface

Set up the IP Address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface as shown in [Figure 4-7](#).



**STEP 2 - Network Interface LAN**

1 Account 2 LAN 3 Priority 4 WAN 5 Wireless 6 Security 7 Completed

IP Address

Netmask

DHCP Server ☒

Start IP Address

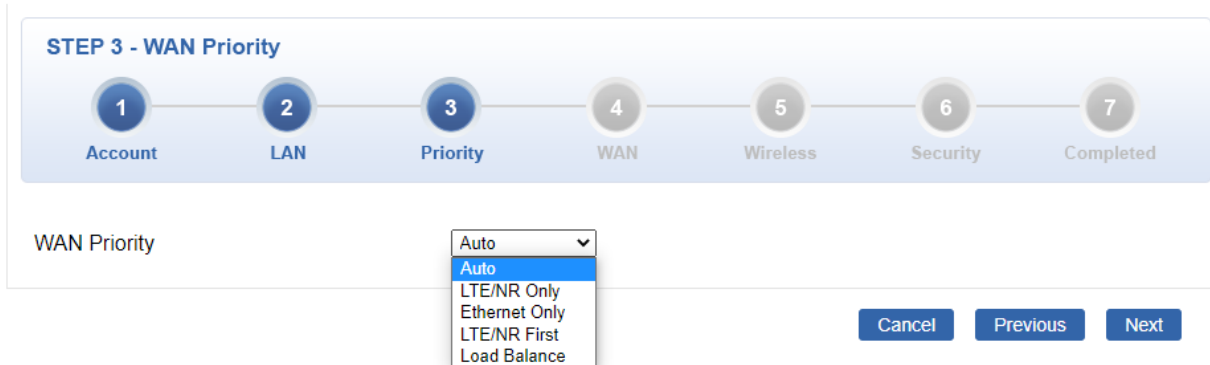
Maximum DHCP Users

**Figure 4-7:** Setup Wizard – LAN Configuration

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address of your router. The default is 192.168.1.1.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
<b>DHCP Server</b>	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled. If user needs to disable the function, please uncheck the box.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100. Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
<b>Maximum DHCP Users</b>	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, which means the router will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
<b>Next</b>	Press this button to the next step.
<b>Cancel</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

### Step 3: Priority Interface (VR-300FW-NR Only)

The cellular VPN Security Router supports two access modes on the WAN side shown below:

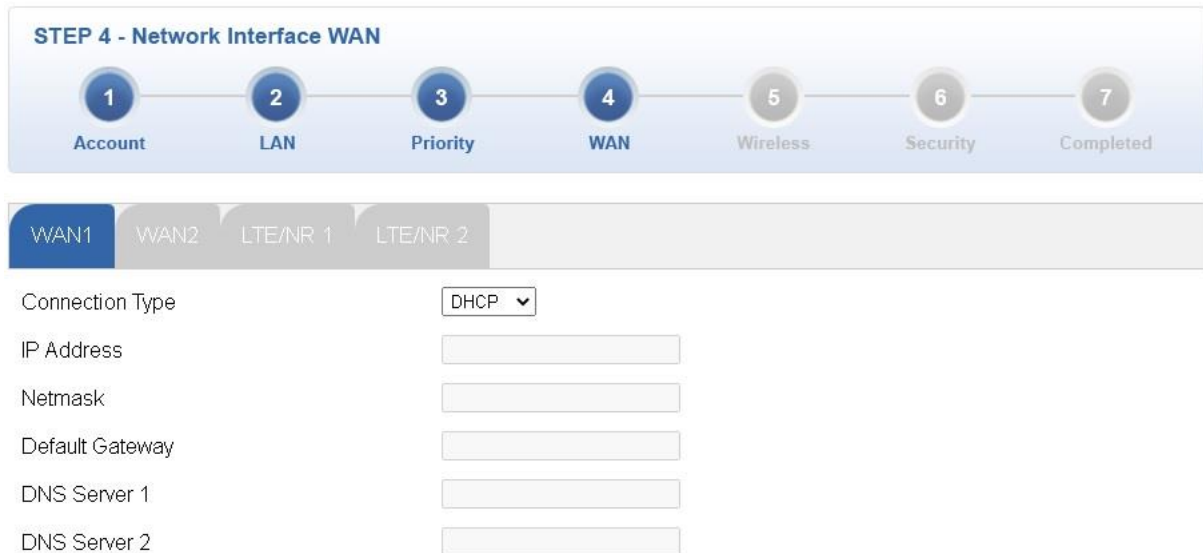


**Figure:** Setup Priority Configuration

Object	Description
<b>WAN Priority</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Auto: WAN Ethernet is first priority and second priority is NR/LTE. The default is Auto.</li> <li>■ LTE/NR Only: The priority is only LTE/NR</li> <li>■ ETH Only: The priority is only Ethernet.</li> <li>■ LTE/NR First: LTE/NR is first priority and second priority is Ethernet</li> </ul>

## Step 4: WAN Interface

The router supports two access modes on the WAN side shown in [Figure 4-8](#)



**STEP 4 - Network Interface WAN**

1 Account 2 LAN 3 Priority 4 WAN 5 Wireless 6 Security 7 Completed

WAN1 WAN2 LTE/NR 1 LTE/NR 2

Connection Type

IP Address

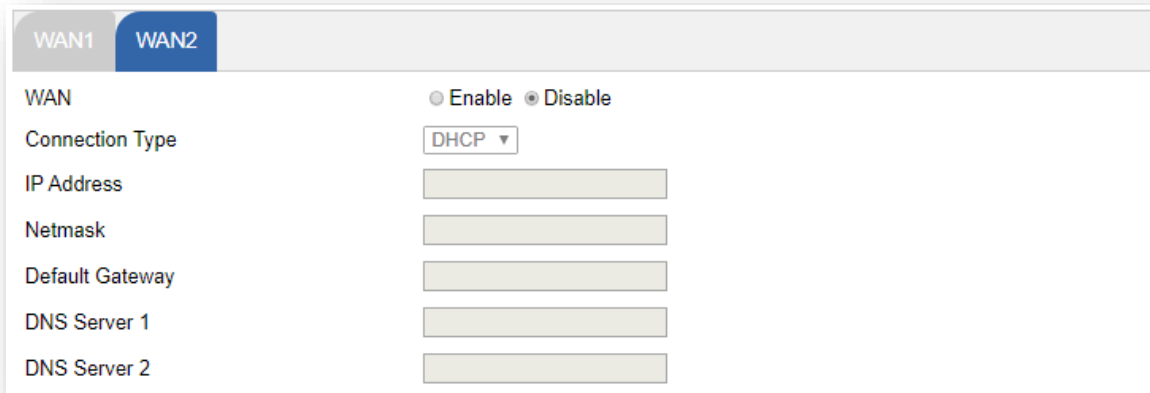
Netmask

Default Gateway

DNS Server 1

DNS Server 2

**Figure 4-8:** Setup Wizard – WAN 1 Configuration



WAN1 WAN2

WAN ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Connection Type

IP Address

Netmask

Default Gateway

DNS Server 1

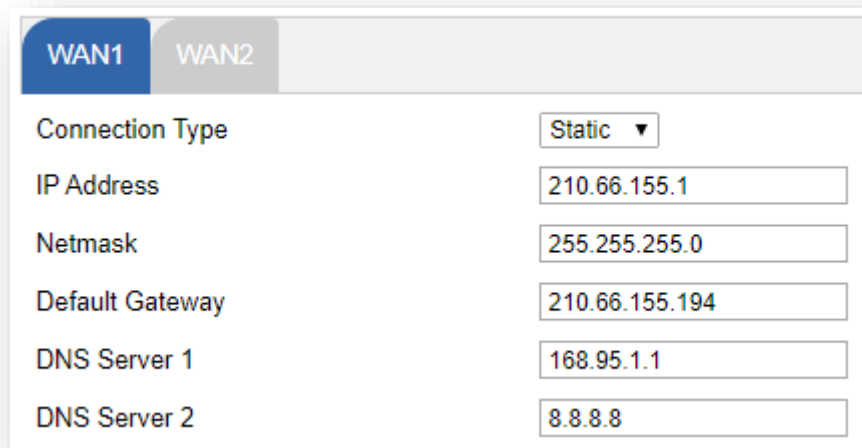
DNS Server 2

**Figure 4-9:** Setup Wizard – WAN 2 Configurations



## Mode 1 -- Static IP

Select **Static IP Address** if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter the **IP Address**, **Netmask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS Server** provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-10](#).



WAN1		WAN2	
Connection Type	Static ▼		
IP Address	210.66.155.1		
Netmask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	210.66.155.194		
DNS Server 1	168.95.1.1		
DNS Server 2	8.8.8.8		

**Figure 4-10:** WAN Interface Setup – Static IP Setup

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
<b>Netmask</b>	Enter the Netmask assigned by your ISP.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
<b>DNS Server</b>	The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.
<b>Next</b>	Press this button for the next step.
<b>Previous</b>	Press this button for the previous step.
<b>Cancel</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

## Mode 2 -- DHCP Client

Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-11](#).

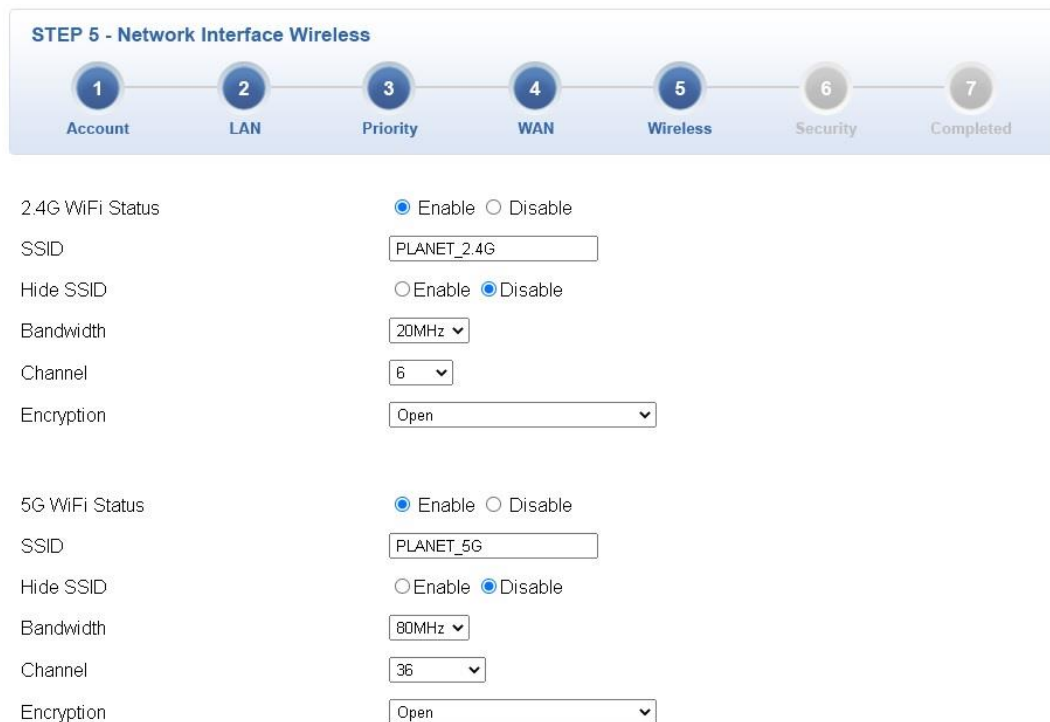


The image shows a web-based configuration interface for the WAN1 interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'WAN1' and 'WAN2'. Below the tabs, the 'Connection Type' is set to 'DHCP'. There are input fields for 'IP Address', 'Netmask', 'Default Gateway', 'DNS Server 1', and 'DNS Server 2', all of which are currently empty.

**Figure 4-11:** WAN Interface Setup – DHCP Setup

## Step 5: Wireless Setting

Set up the Wireless Settings as shown [below](#)



The image shows a 'STEP 5 - Network Interface Wireless' setup wizard. It features a progress bar with seven steps: 1. Account, 2. LAN, 3. Priority, 4. WAN, 5. Wireless (current step), 6. Security, and 7. Completed. Below the progress bar, there are two sections for wireless settings: 2.4G WiFi and 5G WiFi. Each section has a 'Status' (Enable/Disable), 'SSID', 'Hide SSID', 'Bandwidth', 'Channel', and 'Encryption' settings. The 2.4G WiFi settings are: Status (Enable), SSID (PLANET\_2.4G), Hide SSID (Disable), Bandwidth (20MHz), Channel (6), and Encryption (Open). The 5G WiFi settings are: Status (Enable), SSID (PLANET\_5G), Hide SSID (Disable), Bandwidth (80MHz), Channel (36), and Encryption (Open).

**Figure:** Setup Wizard – Security Setting

Object	Description
2.4G Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 2.4G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 2.4G SSID is "PLANET_2.4G".
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 2.4GHz is channel 6.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function

Object	Description
5G Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 5G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 5G SSID is "PLANET_5G".
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz" or "80MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 5GHz is channel 36.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function

## Step 6: Security Setting

Set up the Security Settings as shown in [below](#).



- |                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| SPI Firewall      | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable |
| Block SYN Flood   | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable |
| Block ICMP Flood  | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| Block WAN Ping    | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| Remote Management | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |

**Figure :** Setup Wizard – Security Setting

Object	Description
<b>SPI Firewall</b>	<p>The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network resources.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block SYN Flood</b>	<p>SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block ICMP Flood</b>	<p>ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Block WAN Ping</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Remote Management</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the web server access of the cellular gateway from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>

## Step 7: Setup Completed

The page will show the summary of LAN, WAN and Security settings as shown [below](#).

STEP 7 - Setup Completed

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

Account

LAN

Priority

WAN

Wireless

Security

Completed

LAN

Enable: Static IP: 192.168.1.1 / 255.255.255.0

WAN

Priority: Auto

WAN1

Enable: DHCP

WAN2

Enable: OFF

LTE/NR 1

Enable: ON

LTE/NR 2

Enable: ON

2.4G WiFi

Enable: ON

SSID: PLANET\_2.4G

Bandwidth: 20MHz

Channel: 6

Encryption: Open

Hide SSID: Disable

5G WiFi

Enable: ON

SSID: PLANET\_5G

Bandwidth: 80MHz

Channel: 36

Encryption: Open

Hide SSID: Disable

Security Settings

SPI Firewall: ON

Block SYN Flood: ON

Block ICMP Flood: OFF

Block WAN Ping: OFF

Remote Management: ON

Previous

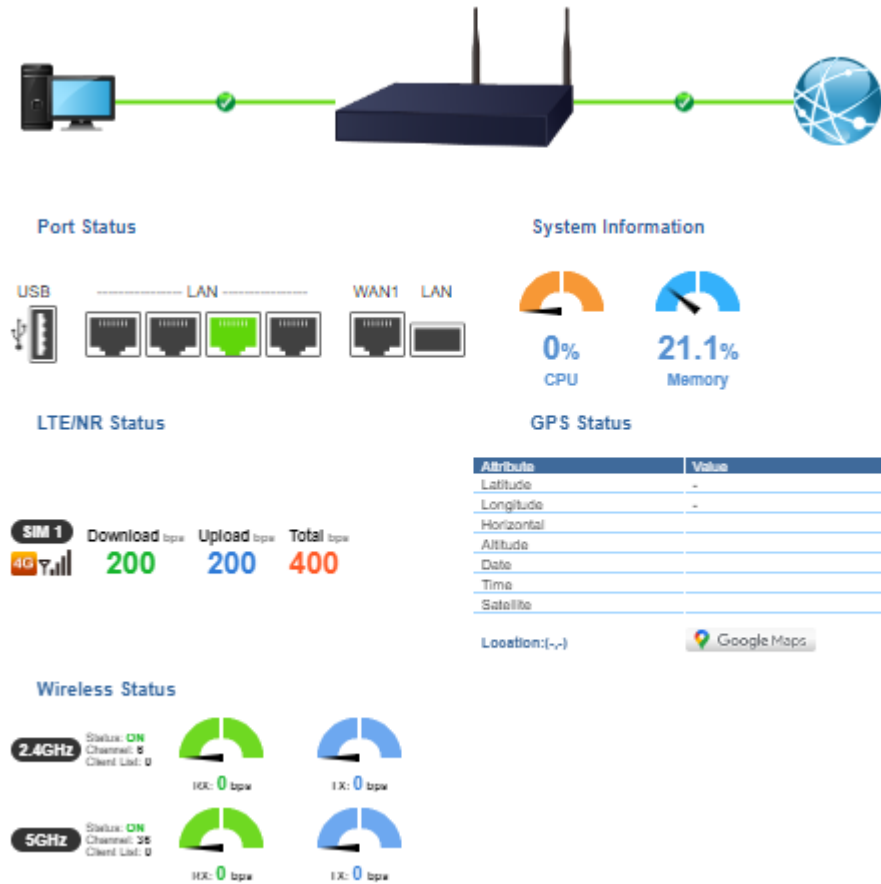
Finish

**Figure : Setup Wizard – Setup Completed**

Object	Description
<b>Finish</b>	Press this button to save and apply changes.
<b>Previous</b>	Press this button for the previous step.

## 4.4.2 Dashboard

The dashboard provides an overview of system information including connection, port, and system status as shown in [Figure 4-14](#).







**Figure 4-14:** Dashboard



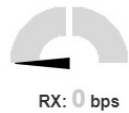
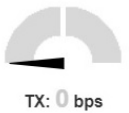
### WAN/LAN Connection Status

Object	Description
	The status means WAN is connected to Internet and LAN is connected.
	The status means WAN is disconnected to Internet and LAN is connected.
	The status means WAN is connected to Internet and LAN is disconnected.

## Port Status

Object	Description
	Ethernet port is in use.
	Ethernet port is not in use.
	USB port is in use.
	USB port is not in use.




## Wireless Status

Object	Description
 	Wireless is in use.
 	Wireless is not in use.

## System Information

Object	Description
CPU	Display the CPU loading
Memory	Display the memory usage
PoE Budget	Display the PoE Budget usage (PoE model only)

## LTE/NR Status

Object	Description
SIM	SIM signal <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■  5G signal</li> <li>■  4G signal</li> <li>■  3G signal</li> </ul>
Download	Download data rate of SIM
Upload	Upload data rate of SIM
Total	Total data rate of SIM



### 4.4.3 System Status

This page displays system information as shown in [Figure 4-15](#).

Device Information	
Model Name	VR-300FW-NR
Firmware Version	v1.2102b220930
Region	ETSI
Current Time	2022-12-01 Thursday 21:50:32
Running Time	0 day, 05:29:32

WAN1	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:30:56
Connection Type	DHCP
Display Name	WAN1
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	

LAN	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:30:55
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Service	Enable
DHCP Start IP Address	192.168.1.100
DHCP End IP Address	192.168.1.200
Max DHCP Clients	101

**2.4GHz WiFi**

Status	ON
SSID	PLANET_2.4G
Channel	6
Encryption	Open
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:30:5B

**5GHz WiFi**

Status	ON
SSID	PLANET_5G
Channel	36
Encryption	Open
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:30:5C

**LTE/NR 1**

Activated SIM	SIM1
SIM Status	Ready
Operator	Far EasTone
IP Address	10.130.5.22
Netmask	255.255.255.252
Default Gateway	10.130.5.21
Running Time	05:28:48
Roaming	No

**Figure 4-15: Status**

#### 4.4.4 System Service

This page displays system service information as shown below.

Server Service			
#	Action	Service	Status
1	✓ Enabled	DHCP Service	DHCP Table: 1
2	✗ Disabled	DDNS Service	Not enabled
3	✓ Enabled	WAN Priority	Auto
4	✓ Enabled	SIM Priority	Auto SIM1
5	✗ Disabled	LTE/NR Roaming	--
6	✗ Disabled	Quality of Service	
7	✗ Disabled	High Availability	
8	✗ Disabled	RADIUS Service	
9	✗ Disabled	Captive Portal	
10	✓ Enabled	2.4GHz WiFi	SSID: PLANET_2.4G
11	✓ Enabled	5GHz WiFi	SSID: PLANET_5G

Secured Server Service			
#	Action	Service	Status
1	✓ Enabled	Cybersecurity	TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, TLS 1.3
2	✓ Enabled	SPI Firewall	
3	✗ Disabled	MAC Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32
4	✗ Disabled	IP Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32
5	✗ Disabled	Web Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32
6	✗ Disabled	IPSec VPN Server	( Active / Maximum Tunnels ) 0 / 32
7	✗ Disabled	GRE	( Active / Maximum Tunnels ) 0 / 5
8	✗ Disabled	PPTP	( Active / Maximum Tunnels ) 0 / 91
9	✗ Disabled	SSL VPN	( Active / Maximum Tunnels ) 0 / 100
10	✗ Disabled	L2TP	( Active Tunnels ) 0

**Figure: System Service**

## 4.4.5 Statistics

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in [Figure 4-16](#).

WAN1	
Sent Packets	223
Sent Bytes	198984
Received Packets	2008
Received Bytes	385555

LAN	
Sent Packets	7
Sent Bytes	746
Received Packets	221
Received Bytes	15363

**Figure 4-16:** Statistics

## 4.4.6 Connection Status

The page shows the DHCP Table and ARP Table. The status is shown in [Figure 4-17](#).

DHCP Table			
Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiration Time

ARP Table		
IP Address	MAC Address	ARP Type
8.8.8.8	00:00:00:00:00:00	unknow
208.67.222.222	00:00:00:00:00:00	unknow
8.8.8.8	00:00:00:00:00:00	unknow
208.67.222.222	00:00:00:00:00:00	unknow
192.168.1.18	00:00:00:00:00:00	unknow
192.168.1.69	00:30:11:11:11:12	dynamic
192.168.1.69	00:30:11:11:11:12	dynamic

**Figure 4-17:** Connection Status

## 4.4.7 SFP Module Information

This page shows the operational status, such as the transceiver type, speed, wavelength, optical output power, optical input power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage in real time. The SFP Module Information page is shown in [Figure 4-18](#).

SFP Module Information								
Type	Speed	Wave Length(nm)	Distance(m)	Temperature(C)	Voltage(V)	Current(mA)	Tx power(dBm)	Rx power(dBm)
1000Base-LX	1000-Base	1310	10000	39.0588	3.3112	18.9760	-6.3451	-36.9897

**Figure 4-18:** SFP Module Information

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Type</b></li> </ul>	Display the type of current SFP module; the possible types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 1000BASE-SX</li> <li>■ 1000BASE-LX</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Speed</b></li> </ul>	Display the speed of current SFP module; the speed value or description is obtained from the SFP module. Different vendors' SFP modules might show different speed information.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Wave Length (nm)</b></li> </ul>	Display the wavelength of current SFP module; the wavelength value is obtained from the SFP module. Use this column to check if the wavelength values of two nodes match while the fiber connection fails.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Distance (m)</b></li> </ul>	Display the support distance of current SFP module; the distance value is obtained from the SFP module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Temperature (C)</b> – SFP DDM Module Only</li> </ul>	Display the temperature of current SFP DDM module; the temperature value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Voltage (V)</b> – SFP DDM Module Only</li> </ul>	Display the voltage of current SFP DDM module; the voltage value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Current (mA)</b> – SFP DDM Module Only</li> </ul>	Display the ampere of current SFP DDM module; the ampere value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>TX power (dBm)</b> – SFP DDM Module Only</li> </ul>	Display the TX power of current SFP DDM module; the TX power value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>RX power (dBm)</b> – SFP DDM Module Only</li> </ul>	Display the RX power of current SFP DDM module; the RX power value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.

## 4.4.8 High Availability

High Availability (HA) is a system redundancy where two routers of VR-300 series can be set up in a master/slave configuration. The master router provides the Internet connection but, in case hardware or WAN connectivity fails, the slave (backup) router automatically will take over Internet connection. It provides redundant hardware and software that make the system available despite failures. The page shows the High Availability configuration. The High Availability page is shown in [Figure 4-19](#).

High Availability Configuration

High Availability

☒ Enable
 ☐ Disable

Username

Password

Mode

Master ▼


Virtual IP address

Virtual IP Mask

Interface

LAN ▼

Connected Status

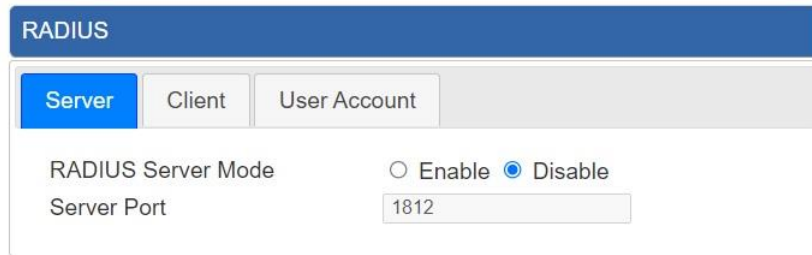


**Figure 4-19:** High Availability

Object	Description
<b>High Availability</b>	Disable or enable the High Availability function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Username</b>	Create the username for the HA.
<b>Password</b>	Create the password for the HA .
<b>Mode</b>	Choose Master or Slave role
<b>Virtual IP address</b>	Assign an IP address as a virtual IP.
<b>Virtual mask</b>	Assign a mask address as a virtual mask.
<b>Interface</b>	Use interface
<b>Connection Status</b>	Display the HA status

## 4.4.9 RADIUS

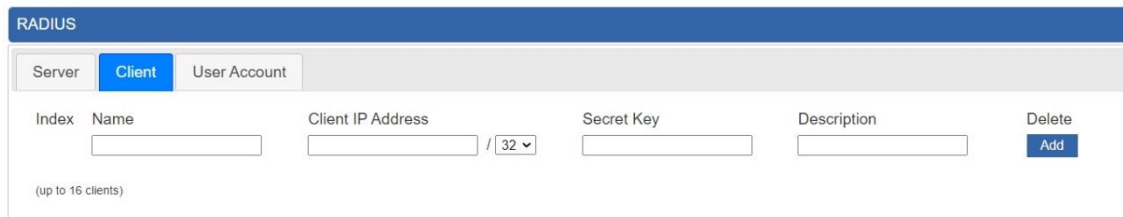
Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting. The RADIUS server page is shown in [Figure 4-20](#).



**Figure 4-20: RADIUS Server**

Object	Description
<b>RADIUS</b>	Disable or enable the RADIUS function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Server Port</b>	UDP port number for authentication

The RADIUS client page is shown in [Figure 4-21](#).



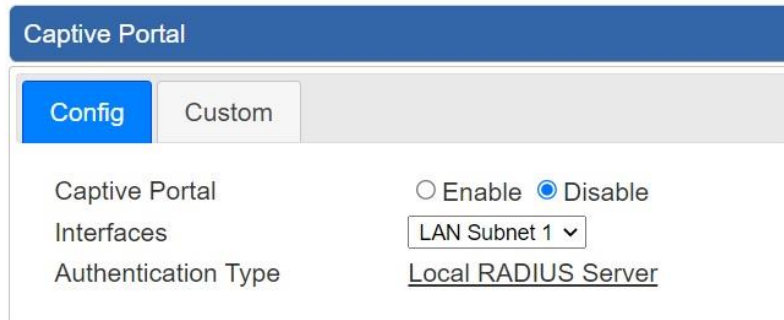
**Figure 4-21: RADIUS Client**

Object	Description
<b>Name</b>	Describe client's name
<b>Client IP address</b>	Describe client's IP address
<b>Secret Key</b>	The RADIUS server and client share a secret key that is used to authenticate the messages sent between server and client.
<b>Description</b>	Describe client's information



## 4.4.10 Captive Portal

Captive portal service gives the ability to organize a public (or guest) Wi-Fi zone with user authorization. A captive portal is the authorization page that forcibly redirects users who connect to the public network before accessing the Internet. The Captive portal page is shown in [Figure 4-22](#).



The image shows a web-based configuration interface for the Captive Portal. It has a blue header bar with the text 'Captive Portal'. Below the header, there are two tabs: 'Config' (active) and 'Custom'. The main configuration area contains three settings: 'Captive Portal' with radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable' (selected), 'Interfaces' with a dropdown menu showing 'LAN Subnet 1', and 'Authentication Type' with a text input field containing 'Local RADIUS Server'.

**Figure 4-22:** Captive portal

Object	Description
<b>Captive portal</b>	Disable or enable the Captive portal function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Interface</b>	Choose subnet interface <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ LAN Subnet 1</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 2</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 3</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 4</li> </ul>
<b>Authentication Type</b>	Support local RADIUS server

## 4.4.11 SNMP

This page provides SNMP setting of the router as shown in [Figure 4-23](#).

**SNMP**

SNMP

SNMP Versions

Read Community

Write Community

Engine ID

SNMP v3 Security Level

SNMP v3 User Name

SNMP v3 Auth Protocol

SNMP v3 Auth Password

SNMP v3 Privacy Protocol

SNMP v3 Privacy Password

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

SNMP v1,v2c ▼

public

private

AuthPriv ▼

MD5 ▼

DES ▼

**System Identification**

System Name

System Location

System Contact

VR-300P

sales@planet.com.tw

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

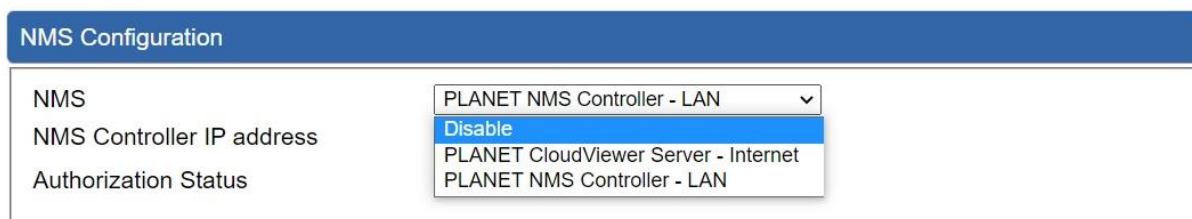
**Figure 4-23: SNMP**

Object	Description
<b>Enable SNMP</b>	Disable or enable the SNMP function. The default configuration is enabled.
<b>Read/Write Community</b>	Allows entering characters for SNMP Read/Write Community of the router.
<b>System Name</b>	Allows entering characters for system name of the router.
<b>System Location</b>	Allows entering characters for system location of the router.
<b>System Contact</b>	Allows entering characters for system contact of the router.
<b>Apply Settings</b>	Press this button to save and apply changes.
<b>Cancel Changes</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

## 4.4.12 NMS

The VR-300 series can support both NMS controller and CloudViewer Server for remote management. PLANET's NMS Controller is a Network Management System that can monitor all kinds of deployed network devices, such as managed switches, media converters, routers, smart APs, VoIP phones, IP cameras, etc., compliant with the SNMP Protocol, ONVIF Protocol and PLANET Smart Discovery utility. The CloudViewer is a free networking service just for PLANET products. This service provides simplified network monitoring and real-time network status. Working with PLANET CloudViewer app, user can easily check network status, device information, port and PoE status from Internet. Other services are not included.

NMS Configuration screen is shown in Figure 4-24.



The screenshot shows the 'NMS Configuration' page. It has a blue header bar with the title 'NMS Configuration'. Below it, there are three labels: 'NMS', 'NMS Controller IP address', and 'Authorization Status'. The 'NMS Controller IP address' label is next to a dropdown menu that is currently open, showing four options: 'PLANET NMS Controller - LAN' (selected), 'Disable', 'PLANET CloudViewer Server - Internet', and 'PLANET NMS Controller - LAN'.

Figure 4-24 NMS Configuration Page

The NMS Controller – LAN Configuration screen is shown in Figure 4-25.



The screenshot shows the 'NMS Configuration' page with the 'NMS Controller IP address' dropdown set to 'PLANET NMS Controller - LAN'. The 'Authorization Status' is shown as 'Unauthorized' with a key icon. At the bottom of the page, there are three buttons: 'Apply Settings', 'Cancel Changes', and 'Unbind'.

Figure 4-25 NMS Controller – LAN Configuration Page

Object	Description
• <b>NMS Controller IP address</b>	The IP address of NMS Controller
• <b>Authorization Status</b>	Indicates the authorization status of the switch to NMS Controller

The CloudViewer Server – Internet screens in Figure 4-26 appear.

NMS Configuration	
NMS	PLANET CloudViewer Server - Internet ▾
Email	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Connection Status	Not enabled

**Figure 4-26** CloudViewer Server – Internet Configuration Page

Object	Description
• <b>Email</b>	The email registered on CloudViewer Server
• <b>Password</b>	The password of your CloudViewer account
• <b>Connection Status</b>	Indicates the status of connecting CloudViewer Server

### 4.4.13 Remote Syslog

This page provides remote syslog setting as shown below.

Remote Syslog

Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Syslog Server	<input type="text"/>
Port Destination	<input type="text"/> (1~65535)

**Figure :** Connection Status

Object	Description
• <b>Enable</b>	Controls whether remote syslog is enabled
• <b>Syslog Server IP</b>	Indicates the IPv4 host address of syslog server
• <b>Port Destination</b>	Configure port for remote syslog

## 4.4.14 Event Log

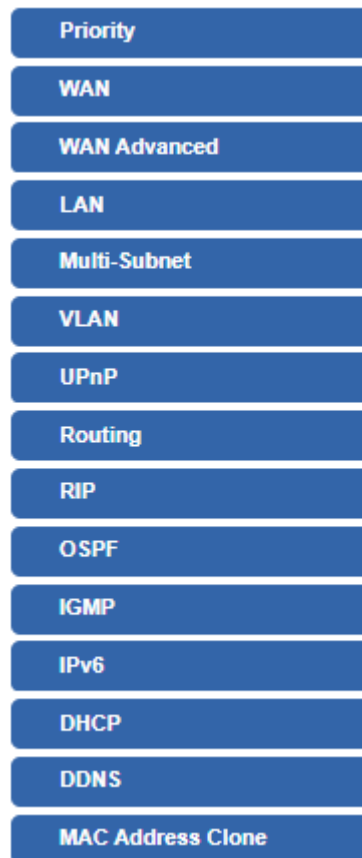
This page provides Event Log as shown below.

Event Log			
1			
No.	Date Time	Uptime	Message
1	2022-12-01 16:21:07	0d 00:00:08	Wireless configure change
2	2022-12-01 16:21:07	0d 00:00:08	Network configure change
3	2022-11-30 18:36:28	0d 00:12:57	Web configure change
4	2022-11-30 18:36:16	0d 00:12:45	RADIUS configure change
5	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	LTE/NR configure change
6	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Network configure change
7	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Wireless configure change
8	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Firewall configure change
9	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Network configure change
10	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	DHCP configure change
11	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Network configure change
12	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	Network configure change
13	2022-11-30 18:36:14	0d 00:12:43	System configure change
14	2022-11-30 18:23:50	0d 00:00:19	UPnP configure change
15	2022-11-30 18:23:47	0d 00:00:16	Wireless configure change
16	2022-11-30 18:23:47	0d 00:00:16	Network configure change
17	2022-11-30 18:23:46	0d 00:00:16	Web configure change

Clear All Event Logs

## 4.5 Network

The Network function provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router as shown in [Figure 4-27](#).



**Figure 4-27:** Network Menu

Object	Description
<b>Priority</b>	Allows setting WAN Priority interface.
<b>WAN</b>	Allows setting WAN interface.
<b>WAN Advanced</b>	Allows setting WAN Advanced settings.
<b>LAN</b>	Allows setting LAN interface.
<b>Multi-Subnet</b>	Allows setting Multi-Subnet1 ~ Subnet4 interface.
<b>VLAN</b>	Disable or enable the VLAN function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>UPnP</b>	Disable or enable the UPnP function. The default configuration is disabled.

<b>Routing</b>	Allows setting Route.
<b>RIP</b>	Disable or enable the RIP function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>OSPF</b>	Disable or enable the OSPF function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>IGMP</b>	Disable or enable the IGMP function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>IPv6</b>	Allows setting IPv6 WAN interface.
<b>DHCP</b>	Allows setting DHCP Server.
<b>DDNS</b>	Allows setting DDNS and PLANET DDNS.
<b>MAC Address Clone</b>	Allows setting WAN MAC Address Clone.



## 4.5.1 Priority

This page provides WAN priority setting as shown below.

Priority

WAN Priority

Auto

SD WAN Priority

No.	Group Name	Path	Services	Active	Action
<div> <div>Add SD WAN</div> <div>Apply Settings</div> <div>Cancel Changes</div> </div>					

Figure: Priority

Object	Description
<b>WAN Priority</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Auto: WAN Ethernet is first priority and second priority is NR/LTE. The default is auto.</li> <li>■ LTE/NR Only: The priority is only LTE/NR</li> <li>■ ETH Only: The priority is only Ethernet.</li> <li>■ LTE/NR First: LTE/NR is first priority and second priority is Ethernet</li> </ul>

Object	Description
<b>Active</b>	■ Enable / Disable the Active
<b>Group Name</b>	■ Setting the Group Name.
<b>Path</b>	■ Setting the SD-WAN To / To SD-WAN
<b>Service Port or Group</b>	■ Setting the Service Port or Group Border Gateway Protocol

## 4.5.2 WAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of the router as shown in [Figure 4-28](#). Here you may select the access method by clicking the item value of WAN access type.

**WAN1 Configuration**

Interface	Port 5 - LAN/WAN ▼
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	DHCP ▼
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	


**WAN2 Configuration**

WAN	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Interface	Port 6 - SFP
Display Name	WAN2
Connection Type	DHCP ▼
IP Address	
Netmask	
Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	

**Apply Settings** **Cancel Changes**

**Figure 4-28: WAN**

Object	Description	
<b>WAN Access Type</b>	Please select the corresponding WAN Access Type for the Internet, and fill out the correct parameters from your local ISP in the fields which appear below.	
	<b>Static</b>	<p>Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided to you by your ISP.</p> <p>Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.</p> <p><b>Netmask</b> Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.</p> <p><b>Gateway</b> Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.</p> <p><b>DNS Server</b> The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.</p>
	<b>DHCP</b>	Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP.



WAN IP, whether obtained automatically or specified manually, should NOT be on the same IP net segment as the LAN IP; otherwise, the router will not work properly. In case of emergency, press the hardware-based "Reset" button.

### 4.5.3 WAN Advanced

This page is used to configure the advanced parameters for Internet area network which connects to the WAN port of your router as shown in [Figure 4-29](#). Here you may change the setting for Load Balance Weight, Detect Interval, Detect Link Up Threshold, etc.

**WAN1**

Load Balance Weight	3	▼	
External Connection Detection	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
Detect Interval	5		Seconds
Detect Link Up Threshold	8		Time(s)
Detect Link Down Threshold	3		Time(s)
Custom Detect Host 1	<input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>		
Custom Detect Host 2	<input type="text" value="208.67.222.222"/>		

**WAN2**

Load Balance Weight	2	▼	
External Connection Detection	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
Detect Interval	5		Seconds
Detect Link Up Threshold	8		Time(s)
Detect Link Down Threshold	3		Time(s)
Custom Detect Host 1	<input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>		
Custom Detect Host 2	<input type="text" value="208.67.222.222"/>		

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-29: LAN Setup**

Object	Description
<b>Load Balance Weight</b>	Load Balance Weight allows you to set a relative weight (from 1 - 10) for each WAN port.
<b>External Connection Detection</b>	Enable to detect the status of WAN connection.
<b>Detect Interval</b>	Set the detect interval as you need. The recommended value is 5 (default).
<b>Detect Link Up Threshold</b>	Set the times for detecting link up. The recommended value is 8 (default).
<b>Detect Link Down Threshold</b>	Set the times for detecting link down. The recommended value is 3 (default).
<b>Custom Detect Host</b>	The host is used to check whether the internet connection is alive or not.

## 4.5.4 LAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your router as shown in [Figure 4-30](#). Here you may change the settings for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

**LAN Configuration**

IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>
Netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>

**Figure 4-30: LAN Setup**

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	The LAN IP address of the router and default is <b>192.168.1.1</b> .
<b>Net Mask</b>	Default is <b>255.255.255.0</b> .

## 4.5.5 Multi-Subnet

### Multi-Subnet Configuration

Name	Network	DHCP Server
LAN Subnet 1	IP Address	V
	Netmask	
LAN Subnet 2	IP Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Netmask	
LAN Subnet 3	IP Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Netmask	
LAN Subnet 4	IP Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Netmask	

[Apply Settings](#)[Cancel Changes](#)

## 4.5.6 VLAN

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.

**VLAN Configuration**

VLAN

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

WAN Port

UNTAG ▾

WAN VLAN ID

2

**VLAN Table**

Name	Subnet	VLAN ID	LAN Port 1	LAN Port 2	LAN Port 3	LAN Port 4	Action
Management Group	LAN Subnet 1 (192.168.1.1)		UNTAG ▾	UNTAG ▾	UNTAG ▾	UNTAG ▾	

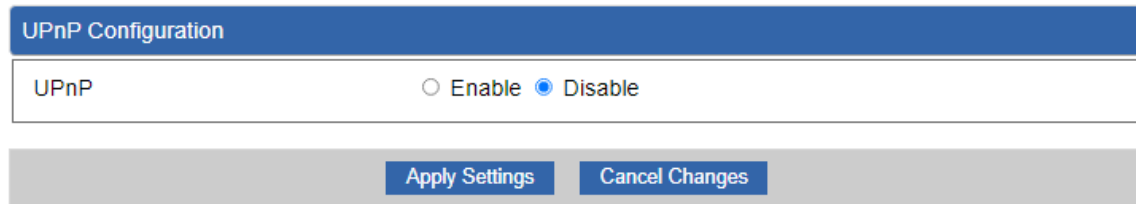
**VLAN Table Configuration**

Name	Subnet	VLAN ID	LAN Port 1	LAN Port 2	LAN Port 3	LAN Port 4	
<input type="text"/>	Switch VLAN ▾	<input type="text"/>	OFF ▾	OFF ▾	OFF ▾	OFF ▾	<input type="button" value="Add"/>

**Figure:** VLAN Configuration

## 4.5.7 UPnP

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.



The image shows a web-based configuration interface for UPnP. It features a blue header bar with the text "UPnP Configuration". Below this is a white box containing the label "UPnP" and two radio buttons: "Enable" (unselected) and "Disable" (selected). At the bottom of the interface, there is a grey bar with two blue buttons: "Apply Settings" and "Cancel Changes".

Figure: VLAN Configuration



## 4.5.8 Routing

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown in [Figures 4-31 and 32](#).

Routing config list							
Number	Type	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Comment	Action

Current Routing table in the system				
Number	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface
1	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.0.180	LOCAL
2	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.18	WAN1
3	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.19	WAN2
4	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN
5	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN1
6	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN2

Add Route

**Figure 4-31: Routing table**

Add a routing rule

Type	Host ▼
Destination	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	255.255.255.255 /32 ▼
Gateway	<input type="text"/>
Interface	LAN ▼
Comment	<input type="text"/>

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-32: Routing setup**

Routing tables contain a list of IP addresses. Each IP address identifies a remote router (or other network gateway) that the local router is configured to recognize. For each IP address, the routing table additionally stores a network mask and other data specify the destination IP address ranges that remote device will accept.

Object	Description
<b>Type</b>	There are two types: Host and Net. When the Net type is selected, user does not need to input the Gateway.
<b>Destination</b>	The network or host IP address desired to access.
<b>Net Mask</b>	The subnet mask of destination IP.

Object	Description
<b>Gateway</b>	The gateway is the router or host's IP address to which packet was sent. It must be the same network segment with the WAN or LAN port.
<b>Interface</b>	Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transmit out of the router when this route is used.
<b>Comment</b>	Enter any words for recognition.

## 4.5.9 RIP

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.

RIP Configuration	
Dynamic Route	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
RIP Versions	<div>RIP 2 ▾</div>

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure:** OSPF Configuration table

## 4.5.10 OSPF

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.

**OSPF Configuration**

OSPF

Router ID

Area ID

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

0

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure:** Routing table

## 4.5.11 IGMP

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.

**IGMP Configuration**

IGMP Proxy	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
IGMP Versions	Auto ▼

**Apply Settings** **Cancel Changes**

**Figure:** Routing table

## 4.5.12 IPv6

This page is used to configure parameter for IPv6 internet network which connects to WAN port of the router as shown in [Figure 4-33](#). It allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's WAN. In this setting you may change WAN connection type and other settings.

IPv6 - WAN1

Connection Type

DHCP ▾

IPv6 Address

Subnet Prefix Length

64

Default Gateway

IPv6 DNS Server 1

IPv6 DNS Server 2

IPv6 - WAN2

Connection Type

DHCP ▾

IPv6 Address

Subnet Prefix Length

64

Default Gateway

IPv6 DNS Server 1

IPv6 DNS Server 2

IPv6 - LAN

Type

☒ Delegate Prefix from WAN
 ☐ Static

Static Address

Subnet Prefix Length

64

DHCPv6

Address Assign

☒ Stateless
 ☐ Stateful
 ☐ Passthrough
 ☐ Disable

**Figure 4-33:** IPv6 WAN setup

Object	Description
<b>Connection Type</b>	Select IPv6 WAN type either by using DHCP or Static.
<b>IPv6 Address</b>	Enter the WAN IPv6 address.
<b>Subnet Prefix Length</b>	Enter the subnet prefix length.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the default gateway of the WAN port.

### 4.5.13 DHCP

The DHCP service allows you to control the IP address configuration of all your network devices. When a client (host or other device such as networked printer, etc.) joins your network it will automatically get a valid IP address from a range of addresses and other settings from the DHCP service. The client must be configured to use DHCP; this is something called "automatic network configuration" and is often the default setting. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-34](#).

DHCP Server

DHCP Service

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Start IP Address

192.168.1.

Maximum DHCP Users

Set DNS

☒ Automatically ☐ Manually

Primary DNS Server

Secondary DNS Server

WINS

Lease Time

minutes

Domain Name

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-34: DHCP**

Object	Description
<b>DHCP Service</b>	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled, meaning the router will assign IP addresses to the DHCP clients automatically. If user needs to disable the function, please set it as disable.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100. Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
<b>Maximum DHCP Users</b>	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, meaning the router will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
<b>Set DNS</b>	By default, it is set as Automatically, and the DNS server is the router's LAN IP address. If user needs to use specific DNS server, please set it as Manually, and then input a specific DNS server.
<b>Primary/Secondary DNS Server</b>	Input a specific DNS server.



Object	Description
<b>WINS</b>	Input a WINS server if needed.
<b>Lease Time</b>	Set the time for using one assigned IP. After the lease time, the DHCP client will need to get new IP addresses from the router. Default is 1440 minutes.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Input a domain name for the router. Default is Planet.

## 4.5.14 DDNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as **PLANET DDNS** (<https://www.planetddns.com>) and set up the domain name of your choice.

PLANET DDNS website provides a free DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) service for PLANET devices. Whether the IP address used on your PLANET device supporting DDNS service is fixed or dynamic, you can easily connect the devices anywhere on the Internet with a meaningful or easy-to-remember name you gave. PLANET DDNS provides two types of DDNS services. One is **PLANET DDNS** and the other is **PLANET Easy DDNS** as shown in [Figure 4-35](#).

### PLANET DDNS

For example, you've just installed a PLANET IP camera with dynamic IP like 210.66.155.93 in the network. You can name this device as "Mycam1" and register a domain as Mycam1.planetddns.com at PLANET DDNS (<https://www.planetddns.com>). Thus, you don't need to memorize the exact IP address but just the URL link: Mycam1.planetddns.com.

### PLANET Easy DDNS

PLANET Easy DDNS is an easy way to help user to get your Domain Name with just one click. You can just log in to the Web Management Interface of your devices, say, your router, and check the DDNS menu and just enable it. You don't need to go to <https://www.planetddns.com> to apply for a new account. Once you enabled the Easy DDNS, your PLANET Network Device will use the format PLxxxxxx where xxxxxx is the last 6 characters of your MAC address that can be found on the Web page or bottom label of the device. (For example, if the router's MAC address is A8-F7-E0-81-96-C9, it will be converted into pt8196c9.planetddns.com)

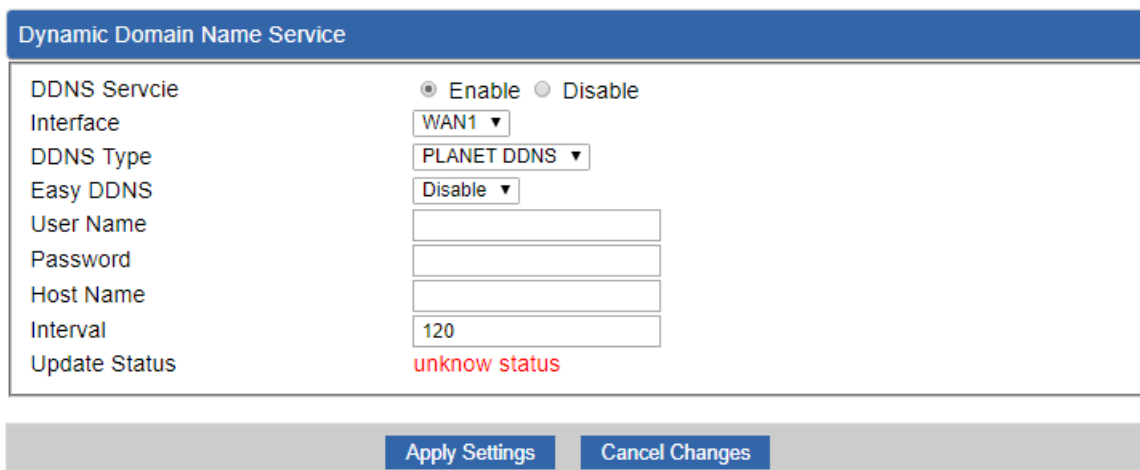


Figure 4-35: PLANET DDNS

Object	Description
<b>DDNS Service</b>	By default, the DDNS service is disabled. If user needs to enable the function, please set it as enable.
<b>Interface</b>	User is able to select the interface for DDNS service. By default, the interface is WAN 1.
<b>DDNS Type</b>	There are three options: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PLANET DDNS: Activate PLANET DDNS service.</li> <li>2. DynDNS: Activate DynDNS service.</li> <li>3. NOIP: Activate NOIP service.</li> </ol> <p>Note that please first register with the DDNS service and set up the domain name of your choice to begin using it.</p>
<b>Easy DDNS</b>	When the PLANET DDNS service is activated, user is able to select to enable or disable Easy DDNS. When this function is enabled, DDNS hostname will appear automatically. User doesn't have to go to <a href="https://www.planetddns.com">https://www.planetddns.com</a> to apply for a new account.
<b>User Name</b>	The user name is used to log into DDNS service.
<b>Password</b>	The password is used to log into DDNS service.
<b>Host Name</b>	The host name is registered with your DDNS provider.
<b>Interval</b>	Set the update interval of the DDNS function.
<b>Update Status</b>	Show the connection status of the DDNS function.

## 4.5.15 MAC Address Clone

Clone or change the MAC address of the WAN interface. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-36](#).

MAC Address Clone - WAN1

Clone WAN MAC

☐ Enable
 ☒ Disable

MAC Address

MAC Address Clone - WAN2

Clone WAN MAC

☐ Enable
 ☒ Disable

MAC Address

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-36:** MAC Address Clone

Object	Description
<b>Clone WAN MAC</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Input a MAC Address, such as A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.

## 4.6 Cellular

The Cellular menu provides LTE/NR related functions as shown in [Figure 4-6-1](#). Please refer to the following sections for the details.



**Figure 4-6-1:** Cellular menu

Object	Description
<b>LTE/NR Configuration</b>	Allows setting LTE/NR configuration.
<b>LTE/NR Advanced</b>	Allows setting SIM configuration.
<b>LTE/NR Status</b>	Display the status of cellular.
<b>LTE/NR Statistics</b>	Display the statistics of cellular.
<b>GPS</b>	Display the location of cellular gateway.
<b>SMS</b>	Allows setting SMS configuration for alarm notification.

## 4.6.1 LTE/NR Configuration

This page provides LTE/NR configuration as shown in [Figure 4-6-2](#).

LTE/NR Configuration

LTE/NR Config	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>	
MTU	<input type="text" value="1500"/>	min: 700; max: 1500

**Figure 4-6-2:** LTE/NR configuration

Object	Description
LTE/NR Config	<p>Indicates what kind of LTE will be used. Possible modes are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Auto</b>: Automatically connect the possible band.</li> <li>■ <b>4G&amp;5G Only</b>: Connect to 4G or 5G network only.</li> <li>■ <b>5G Only</b>: Connect to 5G network only.</li> <li>■ <b>4G Only</b>: Connect to 4G network only.</li> <li>■ <b>3G Only</b>: Connect to 3G network only.</li> <li>■ <b>2G Only</b>: Connect to 2G network only.</li> </ul>
MTU	Maximum transfer unit; default is <b>1500</b> .

## 4.6.2 LTE/NR Advanced

This page provides LTE/NR advanced configuration as shown in [Figure 4-6-3](#).

LTE/NR Advanced

Current SIM Card

SIM 1 Disconnect

Disable Roaming ☒ Yes ☐ No

Used SIM ☒ Dual SIM ☐ SIM1 ☐ SIM2

SIM Priority ☒ Auto ☐ SIM1 ☐ SIM2

Roaming Switch ☐ Switch to another SIM when roaming is detected

Connect Retry Number  (1~100)\*60 seconds

☐ Reboot when LTE/NR the only connection which has continuous link down for  times (3~15)

SIM1

SIM2

SIM PIN

Confirmed SIM PIN

APN

Username

Password

Confirmed Password

Auth

**Figure 4-6-3:** LTE/NR advanced

Object	Description
<b>Current SIM Card</b>	Display which SIM slot is using.
<b>Disable Roaming</b>	<div>■ <b>Disable:</b> SIM gets connection even it is in roaming state.</div> <div>■ <b>Enable:</b> SIM would not get connection when in roaming state.</div>
<b>Used SIM</b>	Configure which SIM card or dual SIM cards is used.
<b>SIM Priority</b>	Configure priority of SIM card
<b>Roaming Switch</b>	Switch to another SIM when roaming is detected. System will switch to SIM slot when current SIM is in roaming state and the other SIM slot is in READY state.

Object	Description
<b>SIM PIN</b>	Configure PIN code to unlock SIM PIN.
<b>Confirmed SIM PIN</b>	Confirm PIN code.
<b>APN</b>	APN can be input by user or the system..
<b>Username</b>	The username can be input by user or the system.
<b>Password</b>	The password can be input by user or the system.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Fill in your changed password.
<b>Auth</b>	Configure authentication ■ <b>None</b> ■ <b>PAP</b> ■ <b>CHAP</b>



### 4.6.3 LTE/NR Status

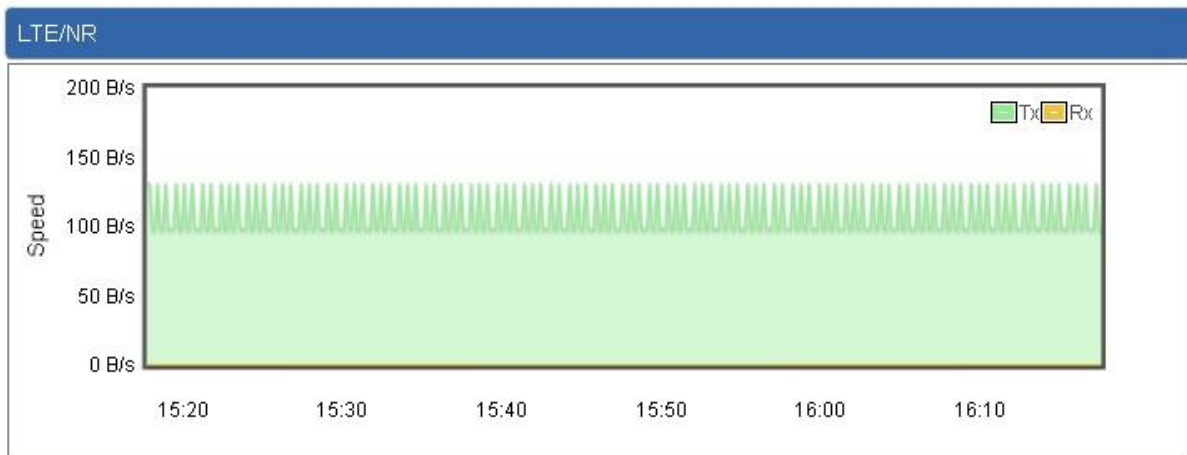
This page displays LTE/NR status as shown in [Figure 4-6-4](#).

LTE/NR Status		
SIM Card	SIM1	SIM2
SIM Status	Ready	Not Inserted
Operator	Far EasTone	
IMEI	864284040201845	
IMSI	466011900610669	
Phone Number		
Band	EUTRAN-BAND7	
EARFCN	3250	
PLMN	46601	
IP Address		
Netmask		
Default Gateway		
Running Time	2 days, 07:24:07	
Roaming	No	

**Figure 4-6-4:** LTE/NR status

## 4.6.4 LTE/NR Statistics

This page displays LTE/NR status as shown in [Figure 4-6-5](#).



**Figure 4-6-5: LTE/NR statistics**

## 4.6.5 GPS

This page displays GPS status as shown in [Figure 4-6-6](#).



**Figure 4-6-6:** GPS

## 4.6.6 SMS

This page provides SMS configuration as shown in [Figure 4-6-7](#).

SMS Configuration

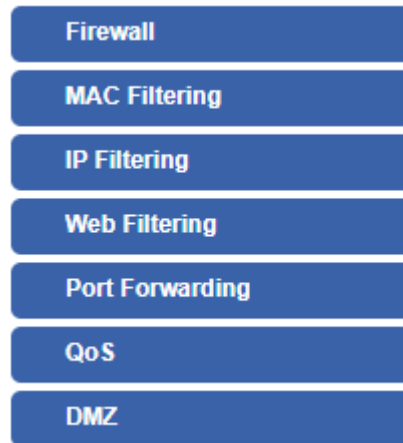
Name	<input type="text"/>
Phone	<input type="text"/>
Email	<input type="text"/>

**Figure 4-6-7: SMS**

Object	Description
<b>Name</b>	Configure user's name
<b>Phone</b>	Configure user's phone number
<b>Email</b>	Configure user's email

## 4.7 Security

The Security menu provides Firewall, Access Filtering and other functions as shown in [Figure 4-37](#). Please refer to the following sections for the details.



**Figure 4-37:** Security menu

Object	Description
<b>Firewall</b>	Allows setting DoS (Denial of Service) protection as enable.
<b>MAC Filtering</b>	Allows setting MAC Filtering.
<b>IP Filtering</b>	Allows setting IP Filtering.
<b>Web Filtering</b>	Allows setting Web Filtering.
<b>Port Forwarding</b>	Allows setting Port Forwarding.
<b>QoS</b>	Allows setting QoS.
<b>DMZ</b>	Allows setting DMZ.

## 4.7.1 Firewall

A "Denial-of-Service" (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service. The router can prevent specific DoS attacks as shown in [Figure 4-38](#).

Firewall Protection

SPI Firewall

☒ Enable
 ☐ Disable

**DDos**

Block SYN Flood	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	30	Packets/Second
Block FIN Flood	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	30	Packets/Second
Block UDP Flood	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	30	Packets/Second
Block ICMP Flood	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	5	Packets/Second
IP TearDrop	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		
PingOfDeath	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		

**System Security**

Block WAN Ping	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		
Remote Management	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		

Apply Settings

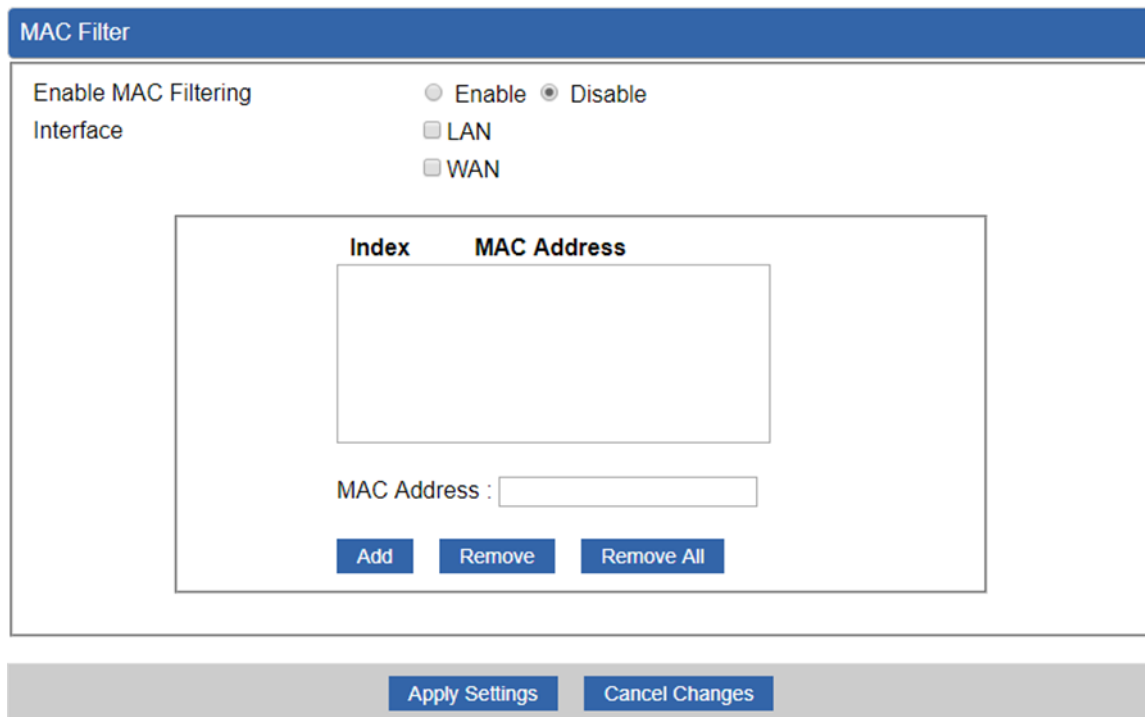
Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-38:** Firewall

Object	Description
<b>SPI Firewall</b>	<p>The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network resources.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block SYN Flood</b>	<p>SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block FIN Flood</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, when the number of the current FIN packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function immediately.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Block UDP Flood</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, when the number of the current UDP-FLOOD packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function immediately.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Block ICMP Flood</b>	<p>ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>IP TearDrop</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, the router will block Teardrop attack that is targeting on TCP/IP fragmentation reassembly codes.</p>
<b>Ping Of Death</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, the router will block Ping of Death attack that aims to disrupt a targeted machine by sending a packet larger than the maximum allowable size causing the target machine to freeze or crash.</p>
<b>Block WAN Ping</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Remote Management</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>

## 4.7.2 MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network or Internet through the router. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network as shown in [Figure 4-39](#).



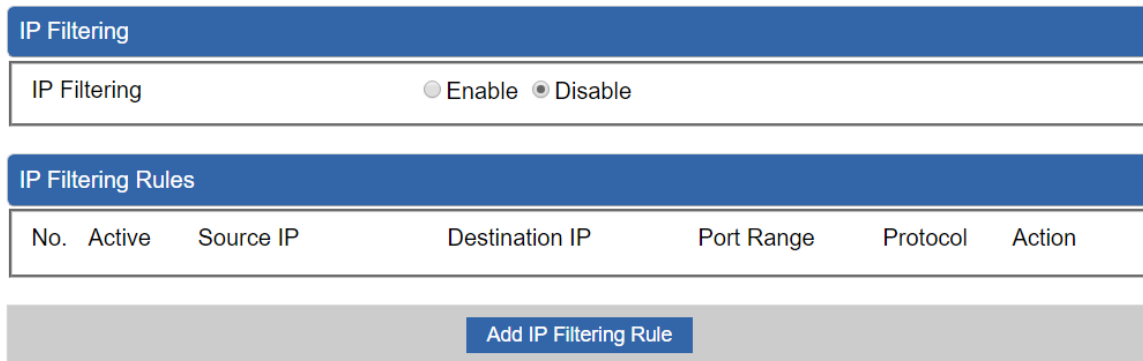
**Figure 4-39: MAC Filtering**

Object	Description
<b>Enable MAC Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable. When the function is enabled, the router will block traffic of the MAC address on the list.
<b>Interface</b>	Select the function works on LAN, WAN or both. If you want to block a LAN device's MAC address, please select LAN, vice versa.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Input a MAC address you want to control, such as A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.
<b>Add</b>	When you input a MAC address, please click the "Add" button to add it into the list.
<b>Remove</b>	If you want to remove a MAC address from the list, please click on the MAC address, and then click the "Remove" button to remove it.
<b>Remove All</b>	If you want to remove all MAC addresses from the list, please click the "Remove All" button to remove all.



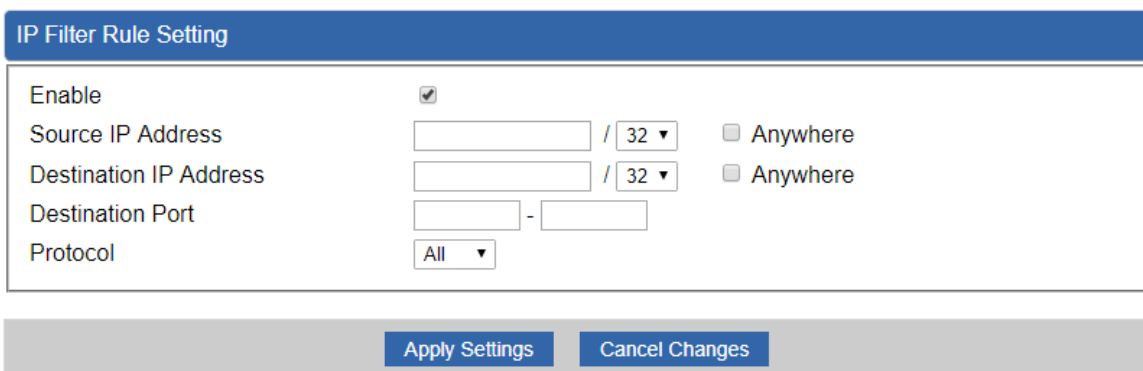
### 4.7.3 IP Filtering

IP Filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the public IP address on internet as shown in [Figure 4-40](#). To begin blocking access to an IP address, enable IP Filtering and enter the IP address of the web site you wish to block.



**Figure 4-40: IP Filtering**

Object	Description
<b>IP Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add IP Filtering Rule</b>	Go to the Add Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.



**Figure 4-41: IP Filter Rule Setting**

Object	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Set the rule as enable or disable.
<b>Source IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of LAN user (such as PC or laptop) which you want to control.
<b>Anywhere (of source IP Address)</b>	Check the box if you want to control all LAN users.

Object	Description
<b>Destination IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of web site which you want to block.
<b>Anywhere (of destination IP Address)</b>	Check the box if you want to control all web sites, meaning the LAN user can't visit any web site.
<b>Destination Port</b>	Input the port of destination IP Address which you want to block. Leave it as blank if you want to block all ports of the web site.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or all). If you are unsure, please leave it to all the default protocols.

## 4.7.4 Web Filtering

Web filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet as shown in [Figure 4-42](#). Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below.

Web Filtering

Web Filtering
☐ Enable
☒ Disable

Web Filtering Rules

No.	Rule Enable	Filter Keyword	Filter Type	Action
<div>Add Web Filtering Rule</div>				

**Figure 4-42: Web Filtering**

Object	Description
<b>Web Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add Web Filtering Rule</b>	Go to the Add Web Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.

Web Filter Settings

Status

Filter Keyword

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-43: Web Filtering Rule Setting**

Object	Description
<b>Status</b>	Set the rule as enable or disable.
<b>Filter Keyword</b>	Input the URL address that you want to filter, such as www.yahoo.com.

## 4.7.5 Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall as shown in [Figure 4-44](#). These settings are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Router's NAT firewall.

Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding
☐ Enable
☒ Disable

Port Forwarding Rules

No.	Rule Name	External Interface	Protocol	External Port Range	Internal IP	Internal Port Range	Delete
<div>Add Port Forwarding Rule</div>							

**Figure 4-44:** Port Forwarding

Object	Description
<b>Port Forwarding</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add Port Forwarding Rule</b>	Go to the Add Port Forwarding Rule page to add a new rule.

Port Forwarding

Rule Name

Protocol

Both ▼

External Service Port
 ~

Virtual Server IP Address

Internal Service Port
 ~

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-45:** Port Forwarding Rule Setting

Object	Description
<b>Rule Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or both). If you are unsure, please leave it to both the default protocols.
<b>External Service Port</b>	Enter the external ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by

Object	Description
	the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.
<b>Virtual Server IP Address</b>	Enter the local IP address.
<b>Internal Service Port</b>	Enter local ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP Services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.

## 4.7.6 QoS

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown below.

### QoS - WAN1

Quality of Service ☐ Enable ☒ Disable  
 Upstream  Kbps  
 Downstream  Kbps

### QoS - WAN2

Quality of Service ☐ Enable ☒ Disable  
 Upstream  Kbps  
 Downstream  Kbps

### Upstream Bandwidth

Priority	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value	
Premium	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Express	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Standard	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Bulks	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps

### Downstream Bandwidth

Priority	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value	
Premium	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Express	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Standard	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps
Bulks	<input type="text" value="100"/> %	WAN1 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps	WAN2 <input type="text" value="0"/> Kbps

### Service Priority

Protocol	Description	Priority	Action
<input type="text" value="AOL(TCP:5190)"/> ▼	AOL Instant Messenger protocol	<input type="text" value="Premium"/> ▼	<input type="button" value="Add"/>

### Network Priority

Source Network	Protocol	Destination Port Range	Priority	Action
<input type="text" value=""/> / <input type="text" value=""/>	<input type="text" value="ALL"/> ▼	<input type="text" value=""/> -- <input type="text" value=""/>	<input type="text" value="Premium"/> ▼	<input type="button" value="Add"/>

## 4.7.7 DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network as shown in [Figure 4-46](#). Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

DMZ - WAN1

DMZ ☐ Enable ☒ Disable  
DMZ IP Address

DMZ - WAN2

DMZ ☐ Enable ☒ Disable  
DMZ IP Address

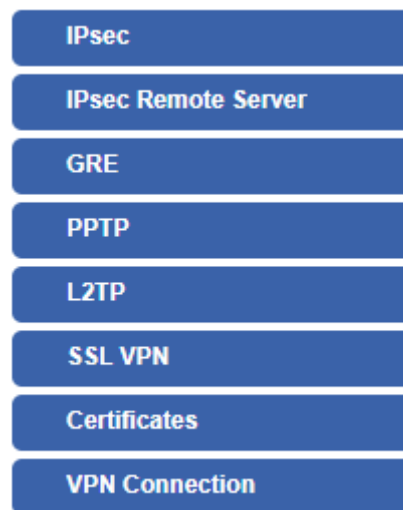
**Figure 4-46: DMZ**

Object	Description
<b>DMZ</b>	Set the function as enable or disable. If the DMZ function is enabled, it means that you set up DMZ at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially Internet/online game can have two way connections.
<b>DMZ IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN which will receive all the packets originally going to the WAN port/Public IP address above.

## 4.8 VPN

To obtain a private and secure network link, the router is capable of establishing VPN connections. When used in combination with remote client authentication, it links the business' remote sites and users, conveniently providing the enterprise with an encrypted network communication method. By allowing the enterprise to utilize the Internet as a means of transferring data across the network, it forms one of the most effective and secure options for enterprises to adopt in comparison to other methods.

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system as [Figure 4-47](#) is shown below:



**Figure 4-47:** VPN Menu

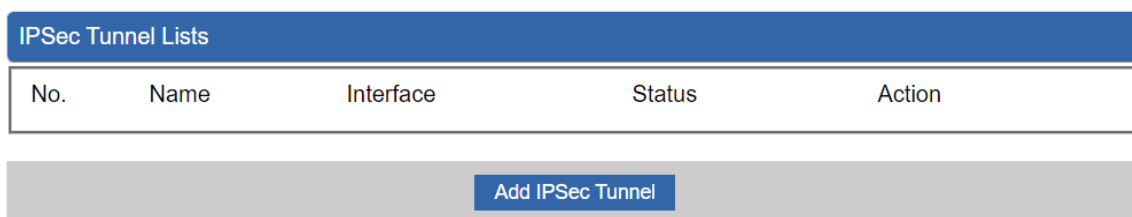
Object	Description
<b>IPsec</b>	Allows setting IPsec function.
<b>IPsec Remote Server</b>	Disable or enable the IPsec Remote Server function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>GRE</b>	Allows setting GRE function.
<b>PPTP</b>	Allows setting PPTP function.
<b>L2TP</b>	Allows setting L2TP function.
<b>SSL VPN</b>	Allows setting SSL VPN function.
<b>Certificates</b>	Download System CA Certificate
<b>VPN Connection</b>	Allows checking VPN Connection Status.



## 4.8.1 IPsec

**IPsec** (IP Security) is a generic standardized VPN solution. IPsec must be implemented in the IP stack which is part of the kernel. Since IPsec is a standardized protocol, it is compatible with most vendors that implement IPsec. It allows users to have an encrypted network session by standard **IKE** (Internet Key Exchange). We strongly encourage you to use IPsec only if you need to because of interoperability purposes. When IPsec lifetime is specified, the device can randomly refresh and identify forged IKE's during the IPsec lifetime.

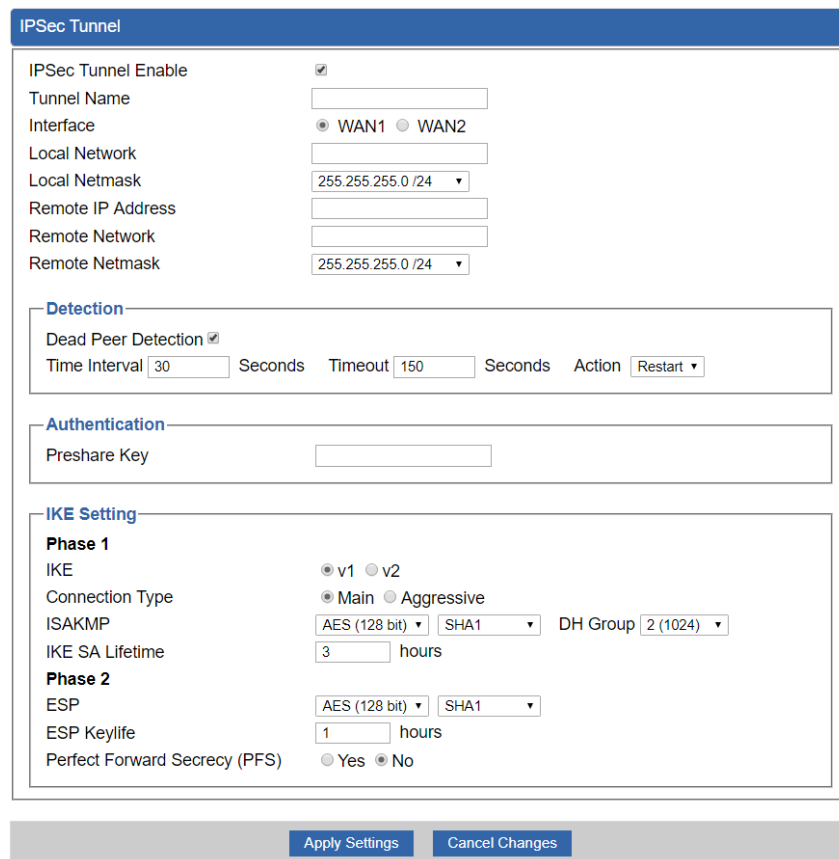
This page allows you to modify the user name and passwords as shown in [Figure 4-48](#).



The interface shows a table titled "IPsec Tunnel Lists" with columns: No., Name, Interface, Status, and Action. Below the table is a button labeled "Add IPsec Tunnel".

**Figure 4-48: IPsec**

Object	Description
Add IPsec Tunnel	Go to the Add IPsec Tunnel page to add a new tunnel.



The "IPsec Tunnel" configuration page includes the following sections:

- IPsec Tunnel Enable:** A checkbox that is checked.
- Tunnel Name:** A text input field.
- Interface:** Radio buttons for WAN1 (selected) and WAN2.
- Local Network:** A text input field.
- Local Netmask:** A dropdown menu showing 255.255.255.0 /24.
- Remote IP Address:** A text input field.
- Remote Network:** A text input field.
- Remote Netmask:** A dropdown menu showing 255.255.255.0 /24.
- Detection:**
  - Dead Peer Detection: A checkbox that is checked.
  - Time Interval: 30 Seconds.
  - Timeout: 150 Seconds.
  - Action: Restart (dropdown).
- Authentication:**
  - Preshare Key: A text input field.
- IKE Setting:**
  - Phase 1:**
    - IKE: Radio buttons for v1 (selected) and v2.
    - Connection Type: Radio buttons for Main (selected) and Aggressive.
    - ISAKMP: AES (128 bit) (dropdown) and SHA1 (dropdown).
    - DH Group: 2 (1024) (dropdown).
    - IKE SA Lifetime: 3 hours.
  - Phase 2:**
    - ESP: AES (128 bit) (dropdown) and SHA1 (dropdown).
    - ESP Keylife: 1 hours.
    - Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS): Radio buttons for Yes and No (selected).

At the bottom are buttons for "Apply Settings" and "Cancel Changes".

**Figure 4-49: IPsec Tunnel**

Object	Description
<b>IPSec Tunnel Enable</b>	Check the box to enable the function.
<b>Tunnel Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Interface</b>	<p>This is only available for host-to-host connections and it specifies to which interface the host is connecting.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. WAN 1.</li> <li>2. WAN 2.</li> </ol>
<b>Local Network</b>	The local subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "192.168.1.0".
<b>Local Netmask</b>	The netmask of this router.
<b>Remote IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the remote host. For instance, "210.66.1.10".
<b>Remote Network</b>	The remote subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "210.66.1.0".
<b>Remote Netmask</b>	The netmask of the remote host.
<b>Dead Peer Detection</b>	<p>Set up the detection time of <b>DPD</b> (Dead Peer Detection).</p> <p>By default, the DPD detection's gap is 30 seconds; if is over 150 seconds, the line is broken.</p> <p>When VPN detects an opposite party's reaction time, the function will take one of the actions: "Hold" means the system will retain IPSec SA. "Clear" means the tunnel is clear and waits for the new sessions. "Restart" will delete the IPSec SA and reset VPN tunnel.</p>
<b>Preshare Key</b>	Enter a pass phrase to be used to authenticate the other side of the tunnel. Should be the same as the remote host.
<b>IKE</b>	Select the IKE (Internet Key Exchange) version.
<b>Connection Type</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Main.</li> <li>2. Aggressive.</li> </ol>
<b>ISAKMP</b>	<p>It provides the way to create the SA between two PCs. The SA can access the encoding between two PCs, and the IT administrator can assign to which key size or Preshare Key and algorithm to use. The SA comes in many connection ways.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>AES</b>: if a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key is used, AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. <b>3DES</b>: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> </ol>

	<p>3. <b>SHA1:</b> The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</p> <p>4. <b>SHA2:</b> Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen</p> <p>5. <b>MD5 Algorithm:</b> MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</p> <p>6. <b>DH Group:</b> Either 1, 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, or 18 can be chosen.</p>
<b>IKE SA Lifetime</b>	You can specify how long IKE packets are valid.
<b>ESP</b>	<p>It offers AES, 3 DES, SHA 1, SHA2, and MD5.</p> <p>1. <b>AES:</b> If a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key is used, AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</p> <p>2. <b>3DES:</b> Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</p> <p>3. <b>SHA1:</b> The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</p> <p>4. <b>SHA2:</b> Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</p> <p>5. <b>MD5 Algorithm:</b> MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</p>
<b>ESP Keylife</b>	You can specify how long ESP packets are valid.
<b>Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.

## 4.8.2 GRE

This section assists you in setting the GRE Tunnel as shown in [Figure 4-50](#).

GRE Tunnel

GRE Tunnel ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

GRE Tunnel Lists

No.	Name	Enable	Through	Peer WAN IP Addr	Peer Subnet	Peer Tunnel IP	Local Tunnel IP	Local Netmask	Action
<div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; text-align: center; padding: 5px; margin: 10px auto; width: 150px;">Add GRE Tunnel</div>									

**Figure 4-50: GRE**

Object	Description
<b>GRE Tunnel</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add GRE Tunnel</b>	Go to the Add GRE Tunnel page to add a new tunnel.

GRE Tunnel

Status	<div>Disable ▾</div>
Name	<div>Tunnel name</div>
Through	<div>LAN ▾</div>
Peer Wan IP Address	<div>Remote IP Address</div>
Peer Subnet Mask	<div>10.10.10.0/24</div>
Peer Tunnel IP Address	<div>10.10.10.2</div>
Local Tunnel IP Address	<div>10.10.10.1</div>
Local Subnet Mask	<div>255.255.255.255 /32 ▾</div>

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-51: GRE Tunnel**

Object	Description
<b>Active</b>	Check the box to enable the function.
<b>Tunnel Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Through</b>	This is only available for host-to-host connections and specifies to which interface the host is connecting.

	1. LAN.  2. WAN 1.  3. WAN 2.
<b>Peer WAN IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the remote host. For instance, "210.66.1.10".
<b>Peer Netmask</b>	The remote subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "210.66.1.0/24".
<b>Peer Tunnel IP Address</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of remote host.
<b>Local Tunnel IP Address</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of remote host.
<b>Local Netmask</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of the router.

### 4.8.3 PPTP Server

Use the IP address and the scope option needs to match the far end of the PPTP server; its goal is to use the PPTP channel technology, and establish Site-to-Site VPN where the channel can have equally good results from different methods with IPSec. The PPTP server is shown in [Figure 4-52](#).

PPTP Server

PPTP Server

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Broadcast

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Force MPPE Encryption

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

CHAP

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

MSCHAP

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

MSCHAP v2

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

DNS1

DNS2

WINS1

WINS2

Server IP Address

Clients IP Address Start

Clients IP Address End

	User	Password
1	<input type="text" value="test"/>	<input type="text" value="test"/>
2	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
3	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
4	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
5	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-52:** PPTP server

Object	Description
<b>PPTP Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Broadcast</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Force MPPE Encryption</b>	Set the encryption as enable or disable.
<b>CHAP</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.
<b>MSCHAP</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.

<b>MSCHAP v2</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.
<b>DNS</b>	When the PPTP client connects to the PPTP server, it will assign the DNS server IP address to client.
<b>WINS</b>	When the PPTP client connects to the PPTP server, it will assign the WINS server IP address to client.
<b>Server IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the PPTP Server. For instance, "192.168.10.1".
<b>Clients IP Address (Start/End)</b>	When the VPN connection is established, the VPN client will get IP address from the VPN Server. Please set the range of IP Address. For instance, the start IP address is "192.168.10.10", and the end IP address is "192.168.10.100".
<b>User and Password</b>	Create the username and password for the VPN client.

## 4.8.4 L2TP Server

This section assists you in setting the L2TP Server as shown in [Figure 4-53](#).

L2TP Server

L2TP Server

Server IP Address

Clients IP Address Start

Clients IP Address End

With IPsec

Preshare Key

☐ Enable ☒ Disable




☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Users

	User	Password
1	<input type="text" value="test"/>	<input type="text" value="test"/>
2	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
3	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
4	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
5	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>

IPsec

**Phase 1**

Connection Type ☒ Main ☐ Aggressive

ISAKMP

IKE SA Lifetime  hours

**Phase 2**

ESP

ESP Keylife  hours

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-53: L2TP Server**

Object	Description
<b>L2TP Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Server IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the L2TP Server. For instance, "192.168.50.1".
<b>Clients IP Address (Start/End)</b>	When the VPN connection is established, the VPN client will get IP address from the VPN Server. Please set the range of IP Address. For instance, the start IP address is "192.168.50.100", and the end IP address is "192.168.50.200".
<b>With IPsec</b>	Set the function as enable to make the L2TP work with IPsec encryption.



Object	Description
<b>Preshare Key</b>	Enter a pass phrase.
<b>User and Password</b>	Create the username and password for the VPN client.
<b>Connection Type</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Main.</li> <li>2. Aggressive.</li> </ol>
<b>ISAKMP</b>	<p>It provides the way to create the SA between two PCs. The SA can access the encoding between two PCs, and the IT administrator can assign to which key size or Preshare Key and algorithm to use. The SA comes in many connection ways.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. AES: If a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key is used, AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. 3DES: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> <li>3. SHA1: The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</li> <li>4. SHA2: Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</li> <li>5. MD5 Algorithm: MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</li> <li>6. DH Group: Either 1, 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, or 18 can be chosen.</li> </ol>
<b>IKE SA Lifetime</b>	You can specify how long IKE packets are valid.
<b>ESP</b>	<p>It offers AES, 3 DES, SHA 1, SHA2, and MD5.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. AES: If a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key is used, AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. 3DES: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> <li>3. SHA1: The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</li> <li>4. SHA2: Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</li> <li>5. MD5 Algorithm: MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</li> </ol>
<b>ESP Keylife</b>	You can specify how long ESP packets are valid.

## 4.8.5 SSL VPN

This section assists you in setting the SSL Server as shown in [Figure 4-54](#).

SSL Server

SSL VPN Server

Port

Tunnel Protocol

Virtual Network Device

Interface

VPN Network

Network Mask

Encryption Cipher

Hash Algorithm

Export client.ovpn

☐ Enable
 ☒ Disable

1194

UDP ▾

TUN ▾

LAN ▾

192.168.1.1

192.168.20.0

255.255.255.0

AES-128 CBC ▾

SHA1 ▾

Export

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-54:** SSL Server

Object	Description
<b>SSL VPN Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Port</b>	Set a port for the SSL Service. Default port is 1194.
<b>Tunnel Protocol</b>	Set the protocol as TCP or UDP.
<b>Virtual Network Device</b>	Set the Virtual Network Device as TUN or TAP.
<b>Interface</b>	User is able to select the interface for SSL service usage.
<b>VPN Network</b>	The VPN subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "192.168.20.0".
<b>Network Mask</b>	The netmask of the VPN.
<b>Encryption Cipher</b>	There are four encryption types: None, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC or AES-256 CBC.
<b>Hash Algorithm</b>	There are five types of Hash Algorithm: None, SHA1, SHA1, SHA512 or MD5.
<b>Export client.ovpn</b>	Export a configuration for the SSL client. User is able to upload it to VPN client (such as Open VPN software).

## 4.8.6 VPN Connection

This page shows the VPN connection status as shown in [Figure 4-55](#).

VPN Connection Status						
<div> <div>IPsec</div> <div>GRE</div> <div>PPTP</div> <div>L2TP</div> <div>SSL VPN</div> </div>						
Type	Connected Time	Local IP	Remote IP	Local Subnet	Remote Subnet	

**Figure 4-55:** VPN Connection Status

Object	Description
<b>VPN Connection Status</b>	Click the IPsec/GRE/.../SSL VPN bookmark to check the current connection status.

## 4.9 AP Control

The AP Control menu provides the following features for managing the system as [Figure 4-56](#) is shown below:



**Figure 4-56:** AP Control Menu

Object	Description
<b>Preference</b>	Edit region, RO community, RW community
<b>AP Search</b>	Search APs in the same domain
<b>AP Management</b>	Config APs IP Address, Subnet Mask, SSID and Radio Profiles
<b>AP Group Management</b>	Grouping same model AP
<b>SSID Profile</b>	Setup SSID Profile
<b>Radio 2.4G Profile</b>	Setup Radio 2.4G Profiles
<b>Radio 5G Profile</b>	Setup Radio 5G Profiles
<b>Statistics AP Status</b>	Show the status of managed APs
<b>Statistics Active Clients</b>	Show the status of active clients
<b>Map It</b>	Edit the map of AP location and coverage
<b>Upload Map</b>	Search APs in the same domain

## 4.9.1 Preference

On this page, you can choose the device region of FCC or ETSI. Then edit RO community and RW community for public or private use. Select Apply or Reset.

### AP Preference

Region	<input type="text" value="FCC"/>
RO Community	<input type="text" value="public"/>
RW Community	<input type="text" value="private"/>

Note: Device of FCC and device of ETIS cannot be shown at the same time.

## 4.9.2 AP Search

On this page, you can add new APs to your AP Control System.

Follow the steps:

Step 1. Press the Search button to discover PLANET devices.

Step 2. Wait for a while and then choose which AP you want to add to.

Step 3. Press the Apply button to finish addition.

AP Search

Step1 →


← Step3

Num.	MAC Address	Device Type	Model No.	Version	Device IP	Device Description	
1	a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	Wireless	WDAP-C7200E	WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005	192.168.0.101		<input type="checkbox"/>
2	a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	Wireless	WNAP-C3220E	WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453	192.168.0.102		<input type="checkbox"/>

Step2 →

Note: When using AP Search, The APs IP Address must be the same as WS-Series Switch IP domain.

## 4.9.3 AP Management





On this page, you can manage your APs, including checking AP online status, configuring AP (IP address, Mask, SSID and Radio profile), rebooting AP, firmware update, and deleting AP in the AP Control system.

### Status






AP Management Apply Filter by Context 10 (10.64)

Online Offline Disable

	Status	AP Group	MAC Address	Device Type	Model No.	Version	IP Address	Device Description	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>		a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	Wireless	WDAP-C7200E	WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005	192.168.0.101		    
<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>		a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	Wireless	WNAP-C3220E	WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453	192.168.0.102		    

Object	Description
	Connection status: online, offline, Wi-Fi disabled
	In progress: action in progress
	Finished/Successful: action finished and successful.
	Failed: action failed.

### Action

Object	Description
	Setting: edit setting and allocate profile to AP
	Link: link to the AP's web page
	Firmware Update: Upgrade AP's firmware
	Reboot: Reboot the AP
	Delete: Delete the AP from the control list LED Control: Control the AP's LED.



Mouse-click in a sequential order: LED blink-> LED off-> LED on

**Note:**

1. To configure multiple APs one at a time, select multiple APs and then choose one of the action icons on the top of the page. The "Link" action is not allowed for multiple APs.
2. When setting up of AP is done, you need to press the Apply button to complete the setup.



## 4.9.4 AP Group Management

On the AP Group Management page, you can create AP group and control one or more AP groups.

AP Group Management

	Num.	Group Name	Group Description	Action				
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	GroupTest1	test					
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	GroupTest2	test					

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new group: Click it to add an AP group
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected AP group

AP Group Config

AP Group Configured		Group Member Setting	
Model No.	WAP-200N	Current AP Group Members	Available Managed APs
AP Group Name			
AP Group Description			
		<< Add	
		Remove >>	

	2.4G Profile	5G Profile
SSID 1	Disable	Disable
SSID 2	Disable	Disable
SSID 3	Disable	Disable
SSID 4	Disable	Disable
Radio Profile	Disable	Disable

Create Group:

1. Select AP Model No. you want to Add
2. Type AP Group Name and AP Group Description.
3. Select AP you want to add in group member setting area and press the Add button.
4. Select AP Group SSID profile and Radio Profile.
5. Press the Apply button to finish the job..

Note:

To do profile provisioning to multiple AP groups one at a time, select multiple AP groups, and then click the "Apply" button.

The "Link" action is not allowed for multiple APs or AP group.

## 4.9.5 SSID Profile

On the SSID profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Filter by Profile Name  10 (10.8)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Num	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	WNAP-C3220E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Configuration Apply Back Reset

Radio Profile Configuration

Model No.

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode

Channel Bandwidth

Channel

MCS

Tx Power

Client Limit ☒  (1 to 64)

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

## 4.9.6 Radio 2.4G Profile

On the Radio profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile.

Radio Profile 2.4GHz

	Num.	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	WNAP-C3220E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Configuration

Apply Back Reset

Radio Profile Configuration

Model No. WAP-200N

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode 11b/g/n mixed mode

Channel Bandwidth 20MHz

Channel Auto

MCS Auto

Tx Power Auto

Client Limit ☒ 64 (1 to 64)

Note:

1. Strongly suggest you to keep the values as default except the fields like Channel, Network Mode, Channel Bandwidth, Tx Power, IAPP, and Tx/Rx to prevent any unexpected error or impact on the performance.
2. WMM Capable is not allowed to be disabled.





## 4.9.7 Radio 5G Profile

On the Radio profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile.

Radio Profile 5GHz

	Num.	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_5G	11n/ac mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	 

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

Radio Profile 5GHz Configuration

Apply Back Reset

Radio Profile Configuration

Model No.

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode

Channel Bandwidth

Channel

Client Limit ☒ 64 (1 to 64)

Note:

1. Strongly suggest you to keep the values as default except the fields like Channel, Network Mode, Channel Bandwidth, Tx Power, IAPP, and Tx/Rx to prevent any unexpected error or impact on the performance.
2. WMM Capable is not allowed to be disabled.

## 4.9.8 Statistics AP Status

On this page, you can observe the current configuration of all managed APs.

Statistic > Managed APs Filter by Context  10 (10..64) 

Online Offline Disable

Num	Status	MAC Address	IP Address	Model No.	Name	Firmware	AP Group	2.4GHz SSID Profile	5GHz SSID Profile	2.4GHz Radio Profile	5GHz Radio Profile
1		a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	192.168.0.102	WDAP-C7200E		WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005					
2		a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	192.168.0.101	WNAP-C3220E		WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453			N/A		N/A

Filter: You can filter the AP list by entering the keyword in the field next to the magnifier icon. The keyword should be in any context that belongs to the fields of this page.

## 4.9.9 Statistics Active Clients

On this page, you can observe the statuses of all associated clients including traffic statistics, transmission speed and RSSI signal strength.

Statistic > Active Clients

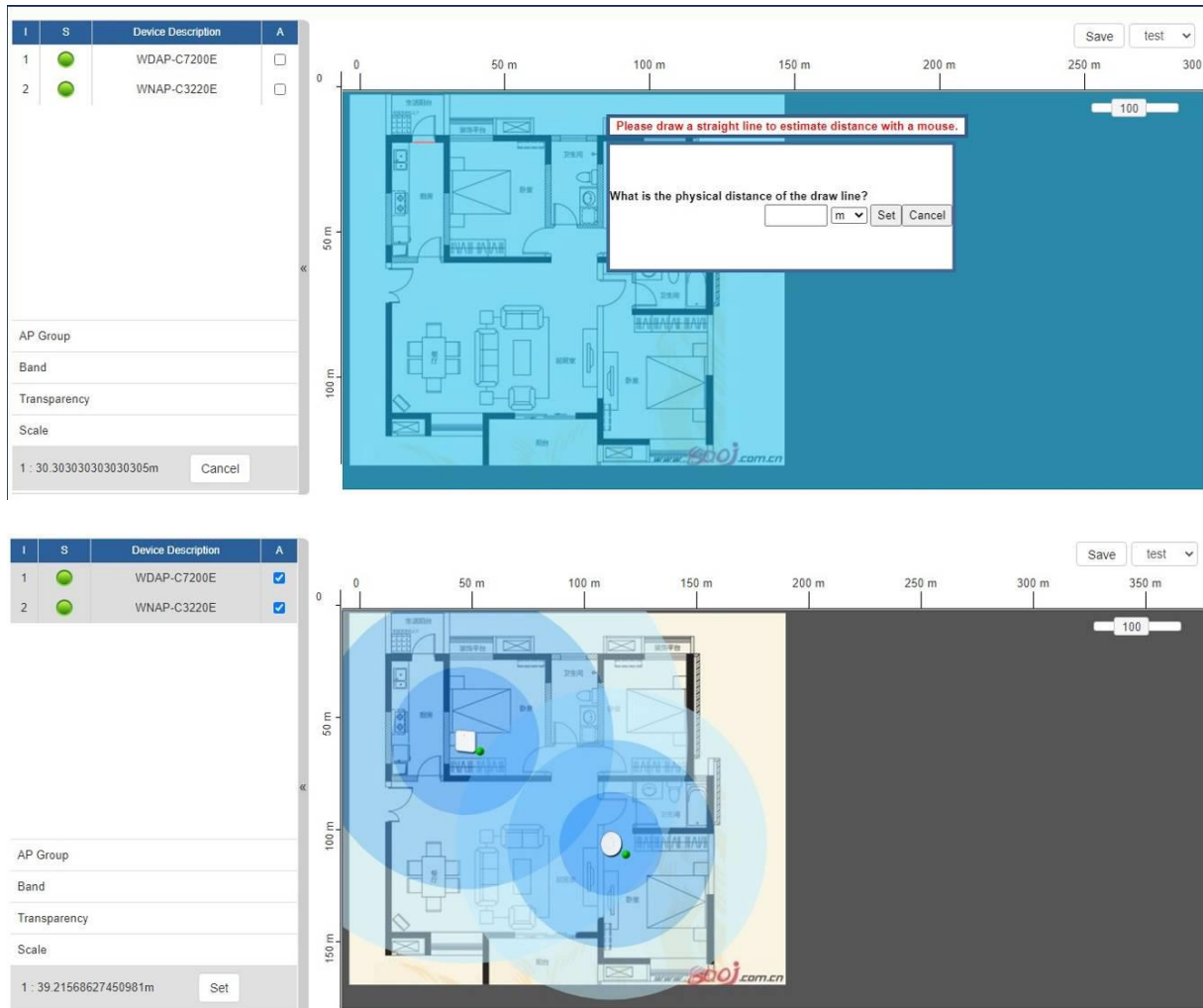
Filter by MAC, IP, SSID, Band   

Num	Client MAC Address	AP MAC Address	AP SSID	Band	Tx (KB)	Rx (KB)	Speed (Mbps)	RSSI (dBm)
1	00:00:00:00:00:00	a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	SSIDtest_2.4G	2.4GHz	0	0	0	0

Filter: You can filter the search result by entering the keywords in the field next to the magnifier icon.  
The keywords include MAC Address, IP Address, SSID and Band.

## 4.9.10 Map It

On this page you can add managed APs to the actual position against the floor map. This is convenient to user to view and adjust the actual deployment by reference to its real transmission power and channel allocation.



The interface consists of a left sidebar and a main map area. The sidebar contains a table of managed APs and configuration options.

I	S	Device Description	A
1		WDAP-C7200E	<input type="checkbox"/>
2		WNAP-C3220E	<input type="checkbox"/>

Below the table are fields for AP Group, Band, Transparency, and Scale. The Scale field shows '1 : 30.303030303030305m' and a 'Cancel' button.

The main map area shows a floor plan with a scale bar from 0 to 300 m. A dialog box is displayed over the map with the text: 'Please draw a straight line to estimate distance with a mouse.' and 'What is the physical distance of the draw line?' with a text input field, 'm' dropdown, and 'Set' and 'Cancel' buttons.


The bottom screenshot shows the same floor plan with two APs placed. The AP 'WDAP-C7200E' is at the top left, and 'WNAP-C3220E' is at the bottom center. Their coverage areas are shown as blue circles. The Scale field now shows '1 : 39.21568627450981m' and a 'Set' button.

1. Click "Scale" to start to reset the map scale.
2. Press the set button to draw a line on the map. Fill its physical distance in the blank and press Set or Cancel. For example, in the graph below, set the door width to 0.8 m

Note: You need to upload map image first before managed APs can be placed in their the actual position.

## 4.9.11 Upload Map

On this page, the system allows you to upload your floor map to the system.

Upload Map 

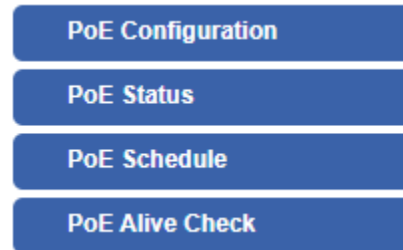
Map	
Upload File	<input type="button" value="選擇檔案"/> 未選擇任何檔案
New Description	<input type="text"/>
File Size	Bytes

Note: The system allows user to upload up to 10 floor maps.



## 4.10 Power over Ethernet

The PoE menu provides the following features for managing the system.



Object	Description
<b>PoE Configuration</b>	Allows to centralize management of PoE power for PDs.
<b>PoE Status</b>	Displays the current PoE usage.
<b>PoE Schedule</b>	Allows centralizing management of PoE power for providing schedule.
<b>PD Alive Check</b>	Allows centralizing management of PoE power for checking PDs alive.

## 4.10.1 PoE Configuration

This section allows the user to inspect and configure the current PoE configuration setting.

PoE Configuration

System PoE Admin Mode Enable ▾

Power Supply 51 V

Power Limit Mode Consumption

0 / 120 W

Port	Description	PoE Function	Schedule	Power Mode	Priority	Device Class	Current Used [mA]	Powered Used [W]
All		<All> ▾	<All> ▾	AT/AF	<All> ▾			
1		Enable ▾	None ▾	AT/AF	High ▾	--	0	0
2		Enable ▾	None ▾	AT/AF	High ▾	--	0	0
3		Enable ▾	None ▾	AT/AF	High ▾	--	0	0
4		Enable ▾	None ▾	AT/AF	High ▾	--	0	0
Total							0	0

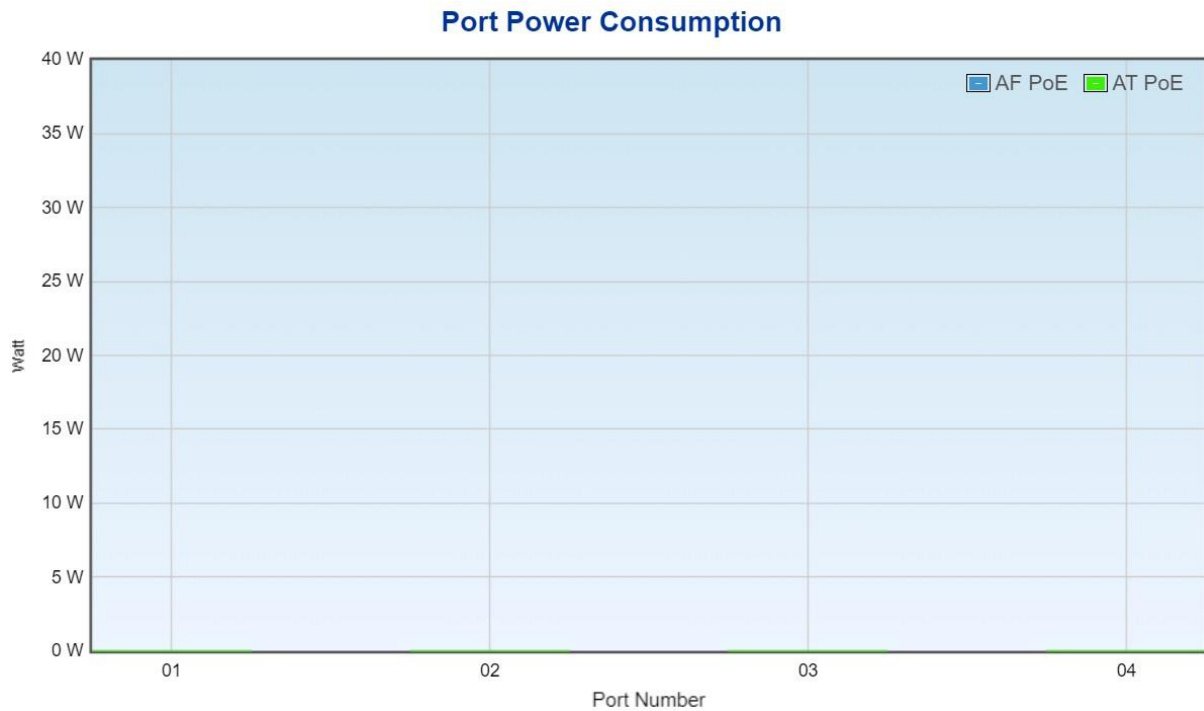
Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

Object	Description
• <b>System PoE Admin Mode</b>	Allows user to enable or disable PoE function. It will cause all of PoE ports to supply or not to supply power.
• <b>PoE Function</b>	There are three modes for PoE mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Enable</b>: enable PoE function..</li> <li>■ <b>Disable</b>: disable PoE function.</li> <li>■ <b>Schedule</b>: enable PoE function in schedule mode.</li> </ul>
• <b>Schedule</b>	Indicates the scheduled profile mode. Possible profiles are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Profile1</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile2</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile3</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile4</b></li> </ul>
• <b>Priority</b>	<p>The Priority represents PoE ports priority. There are three levels of power priority named <b>Low</b>, <b>High</b> and <b>Critical</b>.</p> <p>The priority is used in case the total power consumption is over the total power budget. In this case, the port with the lowest priority will be turned off, and power for the port of higher priority will be offered.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Device Class</b></li> </ul>	<p>Displays the class of the PD attached to the port, as established by the classification process. Class 0 is the default for PDs. The PD is powered based on PoE Class level if the system is working in Classification mode. The PD will return to Class 0 to 4 in accordance with the maximum power</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Current Used [mA]</b></li> </ul>	<p>The <b>Power Used</b> shows how much current the PD currently is using.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Powered Used [W]</b></li> </ul>	<p>The <b>Power Used</b> shows how much power the PD currently is using.</p>

## 4.10.2 PoE Status

This section provides per port PoE status.



### 4.10.3 PoE Schedule

This page allows the user to define PoE schedule and scheduled power recycling.

Please press the **Add New Rule** button to start setting PoE Schedule function. You have to set PoE schedule to profile and then go back to PoE Port Configuration, and select “**Schedule**” mode from per port “**PoE Mode**” option to enable you to indicate which schedule profile could be applied to the PoE port.

PoE Schedule

Profile Profile 1 ▾

Week Day	Start Hour	Start Min	End Hour	End Min	Reboot Enable	Reboot Only	Reboot Hour	Reboot Min	Delete
Sun ▾	00 ▾	00 ▾	23 ▾	59 ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	00 ▾	00 ▾	<span style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 2px 5px;">Add</span>

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

PoE Schedule
 PoE Reboot

Sat																									
Fri																									
Thu																									
Wed																									
Tue																									
Mon																									
Sun																									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Profile</b></li> </ul>	Set the schedule profile mode. Possible profiles are:  <b>Profile1</b>  <b>Profile2</b>  <b>Profile3</b>  <b>Profile4</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Week Day</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set week day for defining PoE function by enabling it on the day.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Start Hour</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what hour PoE function does by enabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Start Min</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what minute PoE function does by enabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>End Hour</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what hour PoE function does by disabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>End Min</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what minute PoE function does by disabling it.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Enable</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to enable or disable the whole PoE port reboot by PoE reboot schedule. Please note that if you want PoE schedule and PoE reboot schedule to work at the same time, please use this function, and don't use <b>Reboot Only</b> function. This function offers administrator to reboot PoE device at an indicated time if administrator has this kind of requirement.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Only</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to reboot PoE function by PoE reboot schedule. Please note that if administrator enables this function, PoE schedule will not set time to profile. This function is just for PoE port to reset at an indicated time.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Hour</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to set what hour PoE reboots. This function is only for PoE reboot schedule.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Min</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to set what minute PoE reboots. This function is only for PoE reboot schedule.</p>

## 4.10.4 PD Alive Check

The VPN Router can be configured to monitor connected PD's status in real-time via ping action. Once the PD stops working and without response, the PoE Switch is going to restart PoE port power, and bring the PD back to work. It will greatly enhance the reliability and reduces administrator management burden.

PoE Alive Configuration

Port	Mode	Remote PD IP Address	Interval Time(10~300s)	Retry Count(1~5)	Action	Reboot Time (30~180s)
All	<All> ▾			<All> ▾	<All> ▾	
1	Disable ▾	192.168.1.10	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
2	Disable ▾	192.168.1.11	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
3	Disable ▾	192.168.1.12	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
4	Disable ▾	192.168.1.13	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30

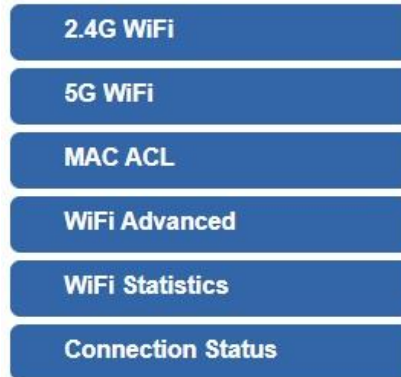
Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Mode</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to enable or disable per port PD Alive Check function. By default, all ports are disabled.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Remote PD IP Address</b></li> </ul>	This column allows user to set PoE device IP address for system making ping to the PoE device. Please note that the PD's IP address must be set to the same network segment with the PoE Switch.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Interval Time (10~300s)</b></li> </ul>	This column allows user to set how long system should issue a ping request to PD for detecting whether PD is alive or dead. Interval time range is from 10 seconds to 300 seconds.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Retry Count (1~5)</b></li> </ul>	<p>This column allows user to set the number of times system retries ping to PD.</p> <p>For example, if we set count 2, it means that if system retries ping to the PD and the PD doesn't response continuously, the PoE port will be reset.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Action</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to set which action will be applied if the PD is without any response. The PoE Switch Series offers the following 3 actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>PD Reboot:</b> It means system will reset the PoE port that is connected to the PD.</li> <li>■ <b>PD Reboot &amp; Alarm:</b> It means system will reset the PoE port and issue an alarm message via Syslog.</li> <li>■ <b>Alarm:</b> It means system will issue an alarm message via</li> </ul>

	Syslog.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Time (30~180s)</b></li> </ul>	<p>This column allows user to set the PoE device rebooting time as there are so many kinds of PoE devices on the market and they have a different rebooting time.</p> <p>The PD Alive-check is not a defining standard, so the PoE device on the market doesn't report reboot done information to the PoE Switch. Thus, user has to make sure how long the PD will take to finish booting, and then set the time value to this column.</p> <p>System is going to check the PD again according to the reboot time. If you are not sure of the precise booting time, we suggest you set it longer.</p>



## 4.11 Wireless

The Wireless menu provides the following features for managing the system



Object	Description
2.4G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 2.4G Wi-Fi.
5G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 5G Wi-Fi.
MAC ACL	Allow to configure MAC ACL.
Wi-Fi Advanced	Allow to configure advanced setting of Wi-Fi.
Wi-Fi Statistics	Display the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.
Connection Status	Display the connection status.

## 4.11.1 2.4G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 2.4G Wi-Fi.

2.4G WiFi Configuration

Basic

Virtual AP1

Virtual AP2

Virtual AP3

Wireless Status

Wireless Name (SSID)

Hide SSID

Bandwidth

Channel

Encryption

WiFi Multimedia

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 2.4G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 2.4G SSID is "PLANET_2.4G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 2.4GHz is channel 6.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function

## 4.11.2 5G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 5G Wi-Fi.

5G WiFi Configuration

Basic

Virtual AP1

Virtual AP2

Virtual AP3

Wireless Status

Wireless Name (SSID)

Hide SSID

Bandwidth

Channel

Encryption

WiFi Multimedia

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

PLANET\_5G

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

80MHz

36

Open

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 5G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 5G SSID is "PLANET_5G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz" or "80MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 5GHz is channel 36.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
WiFi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function


### 4.11.3 MAC ACL

This page allows the user to define MAC ACL.

MAC ACL

MAC ACL
☐ Enable ☒ Disable

MAC ACL Rules

Index	Active	Device Name	MAC Address	Action
		<input type="text" value="abc"/>	<input type="text" value="00:30:4F:00:00:01"/>	<div style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px;">Add</div> <div style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block;">Scan</div>

Object	Description
Active	Allows the devices to pass in the rule
Device Name	Set an allowed device name
MAC Address	Set an allowed device MAC address
Add	Press the “ <b>Add</b> ” button to add end-device that is scanned from wireless network and mark them
Scan	Connect to client list

## 4.11.4 Wi-Fi Advanced

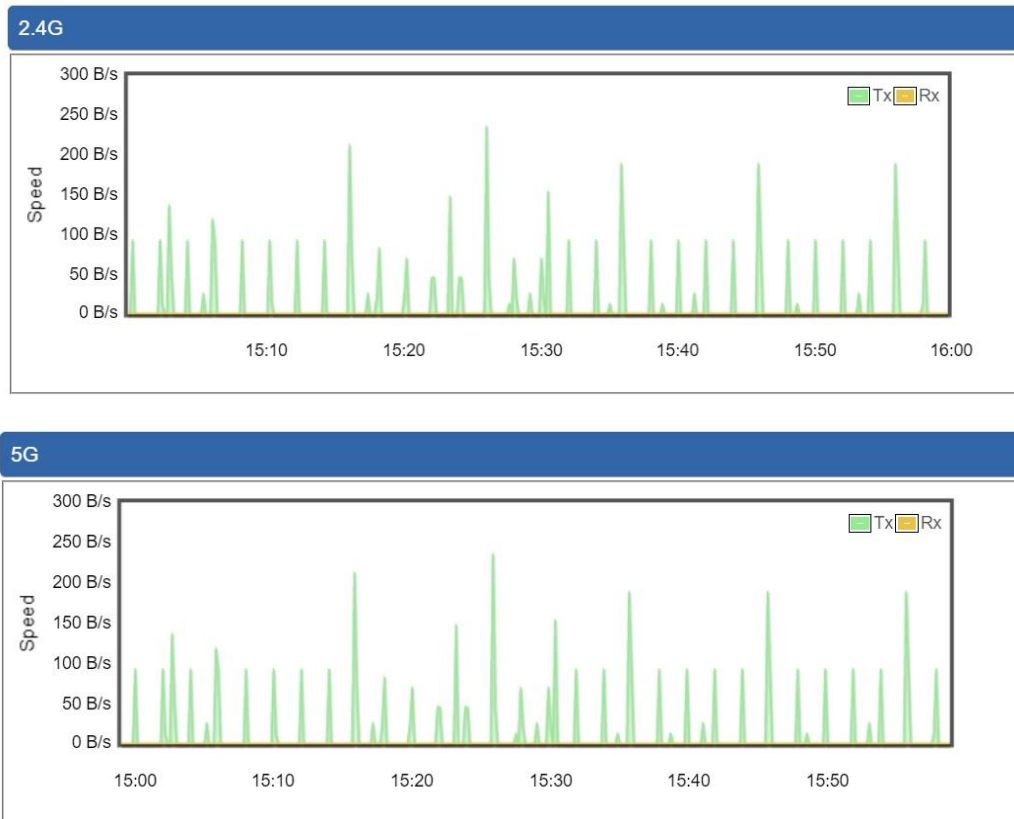
This page allows the user to define advanced setting of Wi-Fi.

WiFi Advanced	
2.4G Mode	11 AX ▼
5G Mode	11 AX ▼
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	32 (Range 1~64)
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	32 (Range 1~64)
2.4G Coverage Threshold	-90 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
5G Coverage Threshold	-90 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
2.4G TX Power	Max(100%) ▼
5G TX Power	Max(100%) ▼

Object	Description
2.4G Mode	11AC: Select 802.11B/G or 802.11N/G 11AX: Select 802.11B/G or 802.11N/G or 802.11AX
5G Mode	11AC: Select 802.11A or 802.11AN or 802.11AC 11AX: Select 802.11A or 802.11AN or 802.11AC or 802.11AX
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 64
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 64
2.4G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session. The default is -90dBm
5G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session. The default is -90dBm
2.4G TX Power	The range of transmit power is <b>Max (100%)</b> , <b>Efficient (75%)</b> , <b>Enhanced (50%)</b> , <b>Standard (25%)</b> or <b>Min (15%)</b> . In case of shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network, input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power
5G TX Power	The range of transmit power is <b>Max (100%)</b> , <b>Efficient (75%)</b> , <b>Enhanced (50%)</b> , <b>Standard (25%)</b> or <b>Min (15%)</b> . In case of shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network, input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power

## 4.11.5 Wi-Fi Statistics

This page shows the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.



## 4.11.6 Connection Status

This page shows the host names and MAC address of all the clients in your network

Client List				
No.	Name	MAC Address	Signal	Connected Time

Object	Description
Name	Display the host name of connected clients.
MAC Address	Display the MAC address of connected clients.
Signal	Display the connected signal of connected clients.
Connected Time	Display the connected time of connected clients.

## 4.12 Maintenance

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system



Object	Description
<b>Administrator</b>	Allows changing the login username and password.
<b>Date &amp; Time</b>	Allows setting Date & Time function.
<b>Save/Restore Configuration</b>	Export the router's configuration to local or USB sticker. Restore the router's configuration from local or USB sticker.
<b>Firmware Upgrade</b>	Upgrade the firmware from local or USB storage.
<b>Reboot / Reset</b>	Reboot or reset the system.
<b>Auto Reboot</b>	Allows setting auto-reboot schedule.
<b>Diagnostics</b>	Allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP.



### 4.12.1 Administrator

To ensure the router's security is secure, you will be asked for your password when you access the router's Web-based utility. The default user name and password are "**admin**". This page will allow you to modify the user name and passwords.

**Account Password**

Username	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>

Object	Description
Username	Input a new username.
Password	Input a new password.
Confirm Password	Input password again.

## 4.12.2 Date and Time

This section assists you in setting the system time of the router. You are able to either select to set the time and date manually or automatically obtain the GMT time from Internet as shown in [Figure 4-49](#).

Date and Time

Current Time

Year  Month  Day  Hour  Minute  Second

Copy Computer Time

Time Zone Select

(GMT+08:00)Taipei

NTP Client Update

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

NTP Server

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

Object	Description
<b>Current Time</b>	Show the current time. User is able to set time and date manually.
<b>Time Zone Select</b>	Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will set its time based on your selection.
<b>NTP Client Update</b>	Once this function is enabled, router will automatically update current time from NTP server.
<b>NTP Server</b>	User may use the default NTP sever or input NTP server manually.

### 4.12.3 Saving/Restoring Configuration

This page shows the status of the configuration. You may save the setting file to either USB storage or PC and load the setting file from USB storage or PC as [Figure 4-50](#) is shown below:

**Save/Restore Configuration**

Configuration Export

Configuration Import

No file chosen

**USB Backup/Upload Configuration**

USB HDD:

Not Detected

Backup Settings to USB HDD:

Load Settings from USB HDD:

Configuration disabled

\*Please format the HDD as FAT32 on a Windows PC before using it for backup\*

#### ■ Save Setting to PC

Object	Description
Configuration Export	Press the <input type="button" value="Export"/> button to save setting file to PC.
Configuration Import	Press the <input type="button" value="Choose File"/> button to select the setting file, and then press the <input type="button" value="Import"/> button to upload setting file from PC.

#### ■ Save Setting to USB Storage

Object	Description
USB Storage	The status of USB storage.
Backup Settings to USB Storage	Press the <input type="button" value="Save"/> button to save setting file to USB storage.
Load Settings from USB Storage	Press the <input type="button" value="Upload"/> button to upload setting file from USB storage.
Unmount	Before removing the USB storage from the router, please press the <input type="button" value="Unmount"/> button first.

## 4.12.4 Upgrading Firmware

This page provides the firmware upgrade of the route.

**Firmware Upgrade**

Select File  No file chosen

Object	Description
<b>Choose File</b>	Press the button to select the firmware.
<b>Upgrade</b>	Press the button to upgrade firmware to system.

## 4.12.5 Reboot / Reset

This page enables the device to be rebooted from a remote location. Once the Reboot button is pressed, users have to re-log in the Web interface as [Figure 4-52](#) is shown below:

Reboot / Reset

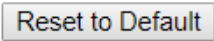
Reboot Button

Reboot

Reset Button

Reset to Default

☐ I'd like to keep the network profiles.  
Keep your current network profiles and reset all other configuration to factory defaults.

Object	Description
<b>Reboot</b>	Press the button to reboot system.
<b>Reset</b>	Press the button to restore all settings to factory default settings.
<b>I'd like to keep the network profiles.</b>	Check the box and then press the  button to keep the current network profiles and reset all other configurations to factory defaults.

## 4.12.6 Diagnostics

The page allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP connectivity issues. After you press “Ping”, ICMP packets are transmitted, and the sequence number and roundtrip time are displayed upon reception of a reply. The page refreshes automatically until responses to all packets are received, or until a timeout occurs.

Ping Test

Interface

Any ▼

Target Host

Numbers of Packets

Ping

Object	Description
Interface	Select an interface of the router.
Target Host	The destination IP Address or domain.
Number of Packets	Set the number of packets that will be transmitted; the maximum is 100.
Ping	The time of ping.



Be sure the target IP address is within the same network subnet of the router, or you have to set up the correct gateway IP address.

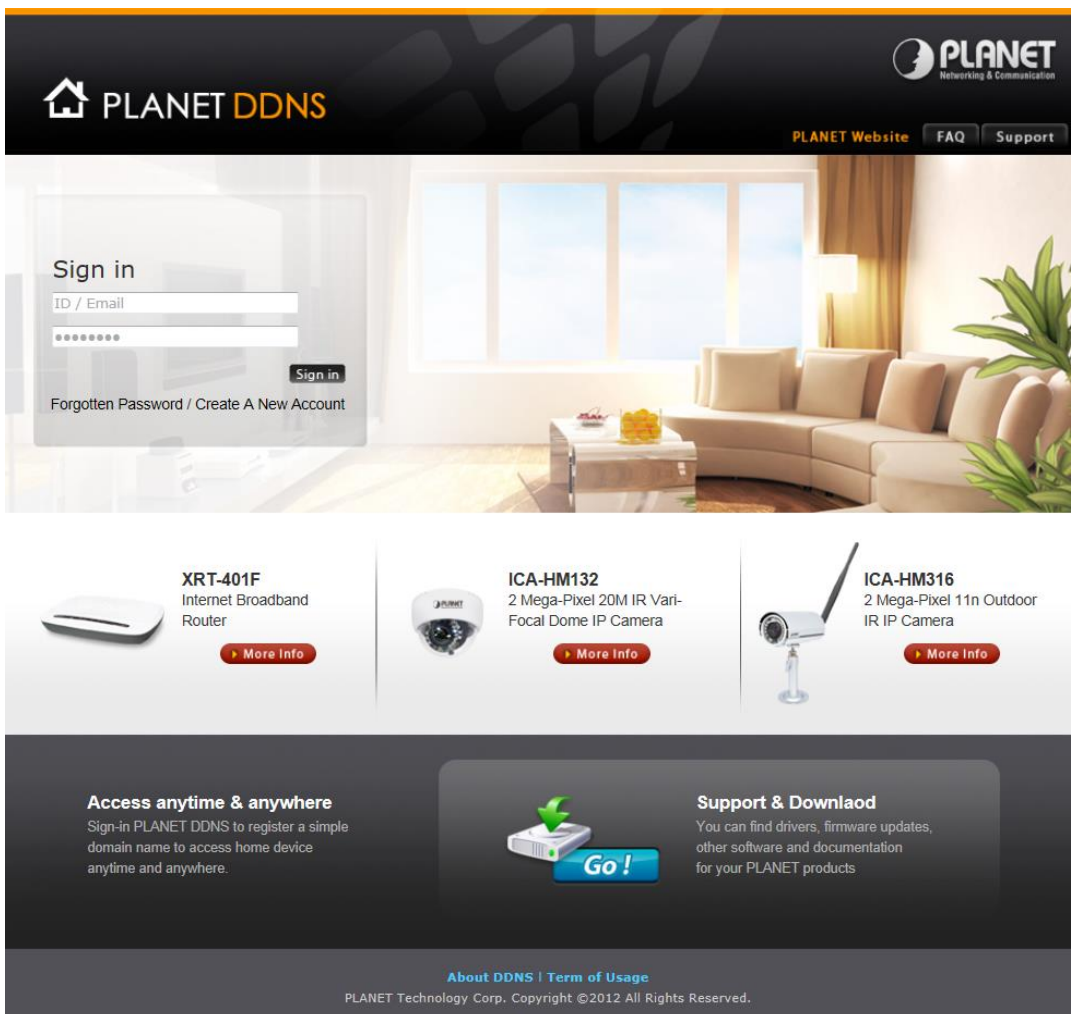
## Appendix A: DDNS Application

### Configuring PLANET DDNS steps:

Step 1: Visit DDNS provider's web site and register an account if you do not have one yet. For example, register an account at <https://planetddns.com>

Step 2: Enable DDNS option through accessing web page of the device.

Step 3: Input all DDNS settings.



The screenshot shows the PLANET DDNS website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the PLANET logo, the text "PLANET DDNS", and links for "PLANET Website", "FAQ", and "Support". Below the navigation bar is a large banner image of a modern living room. On the left side of the banner, there is a "Sign in" form with fields for "ID / Email" and a password field, a "Sign in" button, and links for "Forgotten Password" and "Create A New Account". Below the banner, there are three product cards: "XRT-401F Internet Broadband Router", "ICA-HM132 2 Mega-Pixel 20M IR Vari-Focal Dome IP Camera", and "ICA-HM316 2 Mega-Pixel 11n Outdoor IR IP Camera". Each card has a "More Info" button. At the bottom, there is a dark grey footer section with three columns: "Access anytime & anywhere" with a description of the service, a "Go!" button with a green arrow icon, and "Support & Download" with a description of the support resources. The footer also includes links for "About DDNS" and "Term of Usage", and a copyright notice: "PLANET Technology Corp. Copyright ©2012 All Rights Reserved."